DSL TUTORIAL 2

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TITLE: Bubble Sort and Insertion Sort

Part A:

Game Development:

write a game development program that implements the Bubble Sort algorithm. The program will simulate a simple game where the player can input a set of numbers, and the numbers will be sorted using Bubble Sort to simulate a "level-up" scenario where the player's scores are sorted in ascending order.

CODE Part A:

```
#include<iostream>
using namespace std;
int main(){
      int player[10],n,temp;
      cout<<"Enter the scores:"<<endl;</pre>
      cin>>n;
      cout<<"the scores for player are:"<<endl;</pre>
      for(int i=0;i<n;i++) {</pre>
            cin>>player[i];
      }
      for(int i=0;i<n;i++) {</pre>
             for(int j=0;j<n-i-1;j++){</pre>
                   if(player[j]>player[j+1]){
                         temp=player[j];
                         player[j]=player[j+1];
                         player[j+1]=temp;
```

```
}
}
cout<<"the sorted scores of player are:"<<endl;
for(int i=0;i<n;i++) {
    cout<<player[i]<<"\t";
}
return 0;
}</pre>
```

OUTPUT PART A:

```
Enter the scores:
10
the scores for player are:
10
6
7
12
3
5
10
13
2
45
the sorted scores of player are:
2 3 5 6 7 10 10 12 13 45

(program exited with code: 0)
Press return to continue
```

Part B:

Organizing Cards in a Hand:

Application: When playing card games, players often use an approach similar to insertion sort to organize their cards. They pick one card at a time and insert it into the correct position in their hand, maintaining a sorted sequence. Write a program that demonstrates how to organize (sort) cards in a hand using insertion sort

CODE Part B:

```
#include<iostream>
using namespace std;
int main(){
      int cards[10],n,i,j;
      int key;
      cout<<"enter the number of cards:"<<endl;</pre>
      cin>>n;
      cout<<"enter the card numbers to sort:"<<endl;</pre>
      for(int i=0;i<n;i++) {</pre>
             cin>>cards[i];
             }
for(int i=1;i<n;i++) {</pre>
            key=cards[i];
             j=i-1;
            while(j>=0 && cards[j]>key){
                   cards[j+1]=cards[j];
                   j=j-1;
            cards[j+1]=key;
             }
      cout<<"the sorted cards are:"<<endl;</pre>
      for(int i=0;i<n;i++) {</pre>
           cout<<cards[i];</pre>
           cout<<endl;
      }
```

OUTPUT PART B:

```
Fig. Terminal Q = - - ×

6
4
9
1
10
7
11
the sorted cards are:
1
2
4
4
6
6
7
8
9
10
11

(program exited with code: 0)
Press return to continue
```