

Functions

- function is a group of related statements that performs a particular task
- types of functions
 - predefined or inbuilt functions
 - userdefined function
- Syntax for functions: `def functionname(parameters):`

`statements()`
 - `def` keyword means start the function header
 - function(based on user define it)
 - parameters(arguments) through which we pass values to function(option)
 - `:` is end of the function

```
In [1]: # pre-defined functions or inbuilt functions  
# 1.abs() abs is indicated as absolute values to convert negative value to positive  
a=-10  
abs(a)
```

Out[1]: 10

```
In [2]: a=19  
abs(a)
```

Out[2]: 19

```
In [3]: # bin() return binary version of specified integer  
bin(10)  
# 10 = 1010
```

Out[3]: '0b1010'

```
In [4]: bin(16) # 10000
```

Out[4]: '0b10000'

```
In [5]: # chr() returns character that represents the specific unicode  
chr(98)
```

Out[5]: 'b'

```
In [6]: chr(97)
```

Out[6]: 'a'

```
In [7]: chr(100)
```

Out[7]: 'd'

```
In [5]: ord('a')
```

```
Out[5]: 97
```

```
In [15]: # ord() # return char to ascii values  
ord('8')
```

```
Out[15]: 57
```

```
In [20]: ord('A')
```

```
Out[20]: 65
```

```
In [21]: chr(65)
```

```
Out[21]: 'A'
```

```
In [6]: # compile() return specifiedsource an object ready to be execute  
# in compile we have 3 modes to prepresent 1. aval, 2. single, 3.exec  
a=compile('print(123)', 'JNTUACEA', 'single')  
exec(a)
```

```
123
```

```
In [33]: # complex() returns complex number by specified realnumber and imaginary number  
complex(3,7)
```

```
Out[33]: (3+7j)
```

```
In [35]: str  
# dir() return a Listout the specified objects properties and methods in director  
dir(list)
```

```
Out[35]: ['__add__',  
          '__class__',  
          '__contains__',  
          '__delattr__',  
          '__delitem__',  
          '__dir__',  
          '__doc__',  
          '__eq__',  
          '__format__',  
          '__ge__',  
          '__getattr__',  
          '__getitem__',  
          '__gt__',  
          '__hash__',  
          '__iadd__',  
          '__imul__',  
          '__init__',  
          '__init_subclass__',  
          '__iter__',  
          ,
```

```
In [38]: # str() return strings  
str(10)
```

Out[38]: '10'

```
In [39]: # int()  
int('10')
```

Out[39]: 10

```
In [40]: float(10)
```

Out[40]: 10.0

```
In [7]: a='jntuacea-ece'  
len(a) # reads length of characters in string
```

Out[7]: 12

```
In [43]: a=['a',12,'cd']  
len(a)
```

Out[43]: 3

```
In [44]: a=[1,2,3,4,56]  
max(a) # max is a boolean function find the max value
```

Out[44]: 56

```
In [45]: min(a)
```

Out[45]: 1

```
In [47]: # Boolean functions and data types in python  
#list()  
#dict()  
#set()  
#tuple()  
list((1,2,3,4,5))
```

Out[47]: [1, 2, 3, 4, 5]

```
In [48]: dict(name='venkatesh',id=123,address='gunutr') # dict - dictionary contains un ordered
```

Out[48]: {'name': 'venkatesh', 'id': 123, 'address': 'gunutr'}

```
In [51]: tuple((1,2,3,45)) # collections of items like string or character enclosed by pair of parentheses
```

Out[51]: (1, 2, 3, 45)

In [52]: `set((1,2,3,4,3))` # *collection of unordered unique items enclosed by flower braces*

Out[52]: {1, 2, 3, 4}

In []: