# Class 09: Structural Bioinformatics 1

### Patrick Tran

### What is in the PDB anyway?

The main database of biomolecular structures is called the PDB and is avaliable at www.rcsb.org

Let's begin by seeing what is in this database.

```
pdbstats <- read.csv("PDB.csv", row.names=1)
head(pdbstats)</pre>
```

	X.ray	EM	NMR	Multiple.methods	Neutron	Other
Protein (only)	152,809	9,421		191	72	32
Protein/Oligosaccharide	9,008	1,654	32	7	1	0
Protein/NA	8,061	2,944	281	6	0	0
Nucleic acid (only)	2,602	77	1,433	12	2	1
Other	163	9	31	0	0	0
Oligosaccharide (only)	11	0	6	1	0	4
	Total					
Protein (only)	174,642					
Protein/Oligosaccharide	10,702					
Protein/NA	11,292					
Nucleic acid (only)	4,127					
Other	203					
Oligosaccharide (only)	22					

Q1: What percentage of structures in the PDB are solved by X-Ray and Electron Microscopy.

```
#Deal with the comma making making these non numeric...
n.xray <- sum(as.numeric(gsub(",","",pdbstats$X.ray)))
n.em<- sum(as.numeric(gsub(",","",pdbstats$EM)))
n.total <- sum(as.numeric(gsub(",","",pdbstats$Total)))</pre>
```

```
p.xray <- (n.xray/n.total)*100
p.em <- (n.em/n.total)*100

# and to 2 s.f
round(p.xray, 2)

[1] 85.9

round(p.em, 2)</pre>
```

There are  $1.72654 \times 10^5$  protein structures (85.9%) and  $1.4105 \times 10^4$  (7.02%) EM structures in the current PDB database.

Q2: What proportion of structures in the PDB are protein?

```
as.numeric(gsub(",","",pdbstats$Total))/n.total
```

- [1] 0.8689175473 0.0532469600 0.0561824587 0.0205335642 0.0010100105
- [6] 0.0001094593

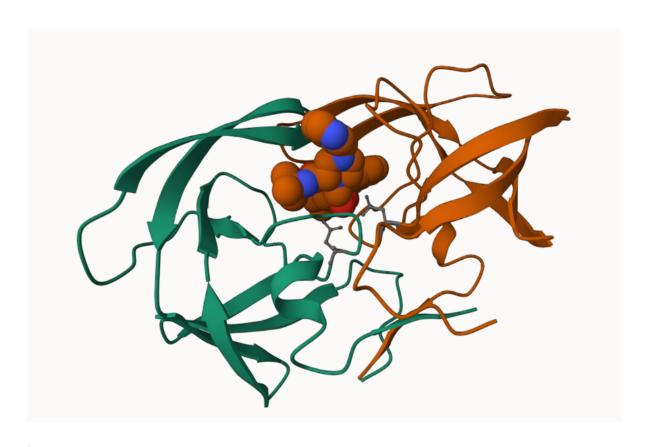
[1] 7.02

Q3: Type HIV in the PDB website search box on the home page and determine how many HIV-1 protease structures are in the current PDB?

It is not straightforward to find all HIV-1 protease structures using plain text searching on the database.

A wee pic of HIV-1 Protease from Molstar

```
knitr::include_graphics("1HSG (2).png")
```



# or use `![An image I like whilst learning how to break Molstar](1HSG (2).png)`

Q4: Water molecules normally have 3 atoms. Why do we see just one atom per water molecule in this structure?

We are currently looking at a resolution of 2.00 Å. We only see the oxygen atom. The 2 hydrogen atoms are too small to see.

Q5: There is a critical "conserved" water molecule in the binding site. Can you identify this water molecule? What residue number does this water molecule have?

**HOH 307** 

### Working with structure data in R

We will use the bio3d package for this:

```
library(bio3d)
pdb <- read.pdb("1hsg")</pre>
```

```
Note: Accessing on-line PDB file
  pdb
       read.pdb(file = "1hsg")
  Total Models#: 1
    Total Atoms#: 1686, XYZs#: 5058 Chains#: 2 (values: A B)
    Protein Atoms#: 1514 (residues/Calpha atoms#: 198)
    Nucleic acid Atoms#: 0 (residues/phosphate atoms#: 0)
    Non-protein/nucleic Atoms#: 172 (residues: 128)
    Non-protein/nucleic resid values: [ HOH (127), MK1 (1) ]
  Protein sequence:
     PQITLWQRPLVTIKIGGQLKEALLDTGADDTVLEEMSLPGRWKPKMIGGIGGFIKVRQYD
     QILIEICGHKAIGTVLVGPTPVNIIGRNLLTQIGCTLNFPQITLWQRPLVTIKIGGQLKE
     {\tt ALLDTGADDTVLEEMSLPGRWKPKMIGGIGGFIKVRQYDQILIEICGHKAIGTVLVGPTP}
     VNIIGRNLLTQIGCTLNF
+ attr: atom, xyz, seqres, helix, sheet,
       calpha, remark, call
  head(pdb$atom)
 type eleno elety alt resid chain resno insert
                                                                  z o
1 ATOM
                N < NA >
                         PR.O
                                           <NA> 29.361 39.686 5.862 1 38.10
          1
                                 Α
2 ATOM
          2
               CA <NA>
                         PRO
                                 Α
                                       1
                                           <NA> 30.307 38.663 5.319 1 40.62
3 ATOM
          3
               C <NA>
                         PRO
                                Α
                                      1 <NA> 29.760 38.071 4.022 1 42.64
4 ATOM
          4
                O <NA>
                         PRO
                                       1 <NA> 28.600 38.302 3.676 1 43.40
                                 Α
          5
                         PRO
                                      1 <NA> 30.508 37.541 6.342 1 37.87
5 ATOM
               CB <NA>
                                 Α
               CG <NA>
6 ATOM
          6
                         PRO
                                 Α
                                           <NA> 29.296 37.591 7.162 1 38.40
 segid elesy charge
1 <NA>
           N
               <NA>
2 <NA>
           С
               <NA>
3 <NA>
           C <NA>
4 <NA>
           O <NA>
5 <NA>
           C <NA>
```

6 <NA>

C <NA>

What is the first residue 3 letter code?

```
pdb$atom$resid[1]

[1] "PRO"

aa321(pdb$atom$resid[1])

[1] "P"

Q7. How many amino acid residues are there in this pdb object?

198

Q8. Name one of the two non-protein residues?

HOH

Q9. How many protein chains are in this structure?
```

### Predicting functional motions of a single structure

Let's read a new PDB structure of Adenylate Kinase (PDB code: 6s36) and perform Normal mode analysis.

```
adk <- read.pdb("6s36")

Note: Accessing on-line PDB file
   PDB has ALT records, taking A only, rm.alt=TRUE

adk

Call: read.pdb(file = "6s36")

Total Models#: 1
   Total Atoms#: 1898, XYZs#: 5694 Chains#: 1 (values: A)</pre>
```

```
Protein Atoms#: 1654 (residues/Calpha atoms#: 214)
Nucleic acid Atoms#: 0 (residues/phosphate atoms#: 0)

Non-protein/nucleic Atoms#: 244 (residues: 244)
Non-protein/nucleic resid values: [ CL (3), HOH (238), MG (2), NA (1) ]
```

#### Protein sequence:

MRIILLGAPGAGKGTQAQFIMEKYGIPQISTGDMLRAAVKSGSELGKQAKDIMDAGKLVT DELVIALVKERIAQEDCRNGFLLDGFPRTIPQADAMKEAGINVDYVLEFDVPDELIVDKI VGRRVHAPSGRVYHVKFNPPKVEGKDDVTGEELTTRKDDQEETVRKRLVEYHQMTAPLIG YYSKEAEAGNTKYAKVDGTKPVAEVRADLEKILG

```
+ attr: atom, xyz, seqres, helix, sheet, calpha, remark, call
```

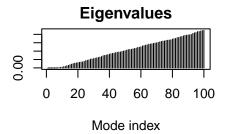
Normal mode analysis (NMA) is a structural bioinformatics method to predict protein flexibility and potential functional motions (a.k.a. conformational changes).

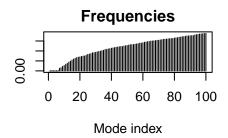
```
modes <- nma(adk)

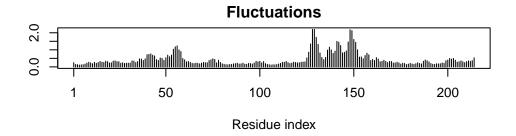
Building Hessian... Done in 0.05 seconds.

Diagonalizing Hessian... Done in 0.25 seconds.

plot(modes)
```







```
mktrj(modes, file="adk_m7.pdb")
```

## **Section 4. Comparative Structure Analysis**

Today we are continuing where we left off last day building towards compelting the loop from biomolecular strucutral data to our new analysis mehtods like PCA and clustering.

We begin with getting a single protein sequence for a protein family of interest.

```
library(bio3d)
aa <- get.seq("1ake_A")</pre>
```

Warning in get.seq("1ake\_A"): Removing existing file: seqs.fasta

Fetching... Please wait. Done.

aa

```
60
              \tt MRIILLGAPGAGKGTQAQFIMEKYGIPQISTGDMLRAAVKSGSELGKQAKDIMDAGKLVT
pdb|1AKE|A
                                                                               60
             61
                                                                               120
              DELVIALVKERIAQEDCRNGFLLDGFPRTIPQADAMKEAGINVDYVLEFDVPDELIVDRI
pdb | 1AKE | A
            121
                                                                               180
              VGRRVHAPSGRVYHVKFNPPKVEGKDDVTGEELTTRKDDQEETVRKRLVEYHQMTAPLIG
pdb | 1AKE | A
            121
                                                                               180
            181
                                                  214
              YYSKEAEAGNTKYAKVDGTKPVAEVRADLEKILG
pdb | 1AKE | A
            181
                                                  214
Call:
  read.fasta(file = outfile)
Class:
  fasta
Alignment dimensions:
  1 sequence rows; 214 position columns (214 non-gap, 0 gap)
+ attr: id, ali, call
     Q10. Which of the packages above is only found on BioConductor and not CRAN?
msa
     Q13. How many amino acids are in this sequence, i.e. how long is this sequence?
214
Now we can use this sequence as a query to BLAST search the pDB to find similar sequence
and structures.
  # Blast or hmmer search
  #b <- blast.pdb(aa)</pre>
```

I could save and load my blast results next time so I don't need to run the search every time.

```
#saveRDS(b, file="blast_results.RDS")
```

```
b <- readRDS("blast_results.RDS")</pre>
```

A summary plot of our BLAST results

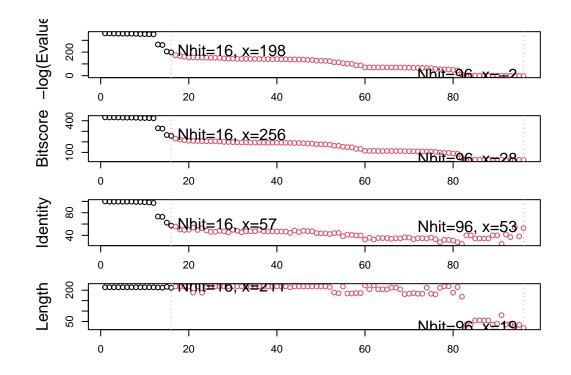
```
hits <- plot(b)
```

\* Possible cutoff values: 197 -3

Yielding Nhits: 16 96

\* Chosen cutoff value of: 197

Yielding Nhits: 16



#### hits\$pdb.id

```
[1] "1AKE_A" "4X8M_A" "6S36_A" "6RZE_A" "4X8H_A" "3HPR_A" "1E4V_A" "5EJE_A" [9] "1E4Y_A" "3X2S_A" "6HAP_A" "6HAM_A" "4K46_A" "4NP6_A" "3GMT_A" "4PZL_A"
```

```
# Download releated PDB files
files <- get.pdb(hits$pdb.id, path="pdbs", split=TRUE, gzip=TRUE)</pre>
```

Warning in get.pdb(hits\$pdb.id, path = "pdbs", split = TRUE, gzip = TRUE): pdbs/1AKE.pdb exists. Skipping download

Warning in get.pdb(hits\$pdb.id, path = "pdbs", split = TRUE, gzip = TRUE): pdbs/4X8M.pdb exists. Skipping download

Warning in get.pdb(hits\$pdb.id, path = "pdbs", split = TRUE, gzip = TRUE): pdbs/6S36.pdb exists. Skipping download

Warning in get.pdb(hits\$pdb.id, path = "pdbs", split = TRUE, gzip = TRUE): pdbs/6RZE.pdb exists. Skipping download

Warning in get.pdb(hits\$pdb.id, path = "pdbs", split = TRUE, gzip = TRUE): pdbs/4X8H.pdb exists. Skipping download

Warning in get.pdb(hits\$pdb.id, path = "pdbs", split = TRUE, gzip = TRUE): pdbs/3HPR.pdb exists. Skipping download

Warning in get.pdb(hits\$pdb.id, path = "pdbs", split = TRUE, gzip = TRUE):
pdbs/1E4V.pdb exists. Skipping download

Warning in get.pdb(hits\$pdb.id, path = "pdbs", split = TRUE, gzip = TRUE): pdbs/5EJE.pdb exists. Skipping download

Warning in get.pdb(hits\$pdb.id, path = "pdbs", split = TRUE, gzip = TRUE): pdbs/1E4Y.pdb exists. Skipping download

Warning in get.pdb(hits\$pdb.id, path = "pdbs", split = TRUE, gzip = TRUE):
pdbs/3X2S.pdb exists. Skipping download

Warning in get.pdb(hits\$pdb.id, path = "pdbs", split = TRUE, gzip = TRUE): pdbs/6HAP.pdb exists. Skipping download

Warning in get.pdb(hits\$pdb.id, path = "pdbs", split = TRUE, gzip = TRUE): pdbs/6HAM.pdb exists. Skipping download

Warning in get.pdb(hits\$pdb.id, path = "pdbs", split = TRUE, gzip = TRUE): pdbs/4K46.pdb exists. Skipping download

Warning in get.pdb(hits\$pdb.id, path = "pdbs", split = TRUE, gzip = TRUE): pdbs/4NP6.pdb exists. Skipping download

Warning in get.pdb(hits\$pdb.id, path = "pdbs", split = TRUE, gzip = TRUE): pdbs/3GMT.pdb exists. Skipping download

Warning in get.pdb(hits\$pdb.id, path = "pdbs", split = TRUE, gzip = TRUE): pdbs/4PZL.pdb exists. Skipping download

1		
 	1	0%
  ====	I	6%
  ======	I	12%
  =======	I	19%
  ===================================	I	25%
   <del></del>	ı	31%
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	' 	62%
	'	
		69%
 	ı	75%
 	I	81%
 	I	88%
		94%

```
Next we are going to align and superpose all these structures
  # Align related PDBs
  pdbs <- pdbaln(files, fit = TRUE, exefile="msa")</pre>
Reading PDB files:
pdbs/split_chain/1AKE_A.pdb
pdbs/split_chain/4X8M_A.pdb
pdbs/split_chain/6S36_A.pdb
pdbs/split_chain/6RZE_A.pdb
pdbs/split_chain/4X8H_A.pdb
pdbs/split_chain/3HPR_A.pdb
pdbs/split_chain/1E4V_A.pdb
pdbs/split_chain/5EJE_A.pdb
pdbs/split_chain/1E4Y_A.pdb
pdbs/split_chain/3X2S_A.pdb
pdbs/split_chain/6HAP_A.pdb
pdbs/split_chain/6HAM_A.pdb
pdbs/split_chain/4K46_A.pdb
pdbs/split_chain/4NP6_A.pdb
pdbs/split_chain/3GMT_A.pdb
pdbs/split_chain/4PZL_A.pdb
   PDB has ALT records, taking A only, rm.alt=TRUE
     PDB has ALT records, taking A only, rm.alt=TRUE
    PDB has ALT records, taking A only, rm.alt=TRUE
     PDB has ALT records, taking A only, rm.alt=TRUE
     PDB has ALT records, taking A only, rm.alt=TRUE
       PDB has ALT records, taking A only, rm.alt=TRUE
    PDB has ALT records, taking A only, rm.alt=TRUE
Extracting sequences
pdb/seq: 1
             name: pdbs/split_chain/1AKE_A.pdb
   PDB has ALT records, taking A only, rm.alt=TRUE
pdb/seq: 2
             name: pdbs/split_chain/4X8M_A.pdb
pdb/seq: 3
             name: pdbs/split_chain/6S36_A.pdb
   PDB has ALT records, taking A only, rm.alt=TRUE
pdb/seq: 4
             name: pdbs/split_chain/6RZE_A.pdb
```

PDB has ALT records, taking A only, rm.alt=TRUE pdb/seq: 5 name: pdbs/split\_chain/4X8H\_A.pdb pdb/seq: 6 name: pdbs/split\_chain/3HPR\_A.pdb PDB has ALT records, taking A only, rm.alt=TRUE name: pdbs/split chain/1E4V A.pdb pdb/seq: 7 pdb/seq: 8 name: pdbs/split\_chain/5EJE\_A.pdb PDB has ALT records, taking A only, rm.alt=TRUE pdb/seq: 9 name: pdbs/split\_chain/1E4Y\_A.pdb name: pdbs/split\_chain/3X2S\_A.pdb pdb/seq: 10 pdb/seq: 11 name: pdbs/split\_chain/6HAP\_A.pdb pdb/seq: 12 name: pdbs/split\_chain/6HAM\_A.pdb PDB has ALT records, taking A only, rm.alt=TRUE pdb/seq: 13 name: pdbs/split\_chain/4K46\_A.pdb PDB has ALT records, taking A only, rm.alt=TRUE pdb/seq: 14 name: pdbs/split\_chain/4NP6\_A.pdb pdb/seq: 15 name: pdbs/split\_chain/3GMT\_A.pdb pdb/seq: 16 name: pdbs/split\_chain/4PZL\_A.pdb

#### pdbs

[Truncated\_Name:1]1AKE\_A.pdb [Truncated\_Name:2]4X8M\_A.pdb [Truncated\_Name:3]6S36\_A.pdb [Truncated\_Name: 4] 6RZE\_A.pdb [Truncated\_Name:5]4X8H\_A.pdb [Truncated\_Name:6]3HPR\_A.pdb [Truncated\_Name:7]1E4V\_A.pdb [Truncated Name:8]5EJE A.pdb [Truncated\_Name:9]1E4Y\_A.pdb [Truncated Name:10]3X2S A.pdb [Truncated\_Name:11]6HAP\_A.pdb [Truncated Name: 12] 6HAM A.pdb [Truncated\_Name:13]4K46\_A.pdb [Truncated\_Name:14]4NP6\_A.pdb [Truncated\_Name:15]3GMT\_A.pdb [Truncated\_Name:16]4PZL\_A.pdb

40 ----MRIILLGAPGAGKGTQAQFIMEKYGIPQIS -----MRIILLGAPGAGKGTQAQFIMEKYGIPQIS -----MRIILLGAPGAGKGTQAQFIMEKYGIPQIS -----MRIILLGAPGAGKGTQAQFIMEKYGIPQIS ----MRIILLGAPGAGKGTQAQFIMEKYGIPQIS -----MRIILLGAPGAGKGTQAQFIMEKYGIPQIS -----MRIILLGAPVAGKGTQAQFIMEKYGIPQIS ----MRIILLGAPGAGKGTQAQFIMEKYGIPQIS ----MRIILLGALVAGKGTQAQFIMEKYGIPQIS ----MRIILLGAPGAGKGTQAQFIMEKYGIPQIS ----MRIILLGAPGAGKGTQAQFIMEKYGIPQIS ----MRIILLGAPGAGKGTQAQFIMEKYGIPQIS ----MRIILLGAPGAGKGTQAQFIMAKFGIPQIS ----NAMRIILLGAPGAGKGTQAQFIMEKFGIPQIS -----MRLILLGAPGAGKGTQANFIKEKFGIPQIS TENLYFQSNAMRIILLGAPGAGKGTQAKIIEQKYNIAHIS \*\*^\*\*\*\* \*\*\*\*\* 1 40

80

41

[Truncated\_Name:1]1AKE\_A.pdb [Truncated\_Name:2]4X8M\_A.pdb [Truncated\_Name:3]6S36\_A.pdb [Truncated\_Name:4]6RZE\_A.pdb [Truncated Name:5]4X8H A.pdb [Truncated Name: 6] 3HPR A.pdb [Truncated Name:7]1E4V A.pdb [Truncated\_Name:8]5EJE\_A.pdb [Truncated Name:9]1E4Y A.pdb [Truncated\_Name:10]3X2S\_A.pdb [Truncated\_Name:11]6HAP\_A.pdb [Truncated\_Name: 12] 6HAM\_A.pdb [Truncated\_Name:13]4K46\_A.pdb [Truncated\_Name:14]4NP6\_A.pdb [Truncated\_Name:15]3GMT\_A.pdb [Truncated\_Name:16]4PZL\_A.pdb

TGDMLRAAVKSGSELGKQAKDIMDAGKLVTDELVIALVKE TGDMLRAAVKSGSELGKQAKDIMDAGKLVTDELVIALVKE TGDMLRAAVKSGSELGKQAKDIMDAGKLVTDELVIALVKE TGDMLRAAVKSGSELGKQAKDIMDAGKLVTDELVIALVKE TGDMLRAAVKSGSELGKQAKDIMDAGKLVTDELVIALVKE TGDMLRAAVKSGSELGKQAKDIMDAGKLVTDELVIALVKE TGDMLRAAVKSGSELGKQAKDIMDAGKLVTDELVIALVKE TGDMLRAAVKSGSELGKQAKDIMDACKLVTDELVIALVKE TGDMLRAAVKSGSELGKQAKDIMDAGKLVTDELVIALVKE TGDMLRAAVKSGSELGKQAKDIMDCGKLVTDELVIALVKE TGDMLRAAVKSGSELGKQAKDIMDAGKLVTDELVIALVRE TGDMLRAAIKSGSELGKQAKDIMDAGKLVTDEIIIALVKE TGDMLRAAIKAGTELGKQAKSVIDAGQLVSDDIILGLVKE TGDMLRAAIKAGTELGKQAKAVIDAGQLVSDDIILGLIKE TGDMLRAAVKAGTPLGVEAKTYMDEGKLVPDSLIIGLVKE TGDMIRETIKSGSALGQELKKVLDAGELVSDEFIIKIVKD

120

[Truncated Name:1]1AKE A.pdb [Truncated Name:2]4X8M A.pdb [Truncated\_Name:3]6S36\_A.pdb [Truncated\_Name:4]6RZE\_A.pdb [Truncated\_Name:5]4X8H\_A.pdb [Truncated\_Name:6]3HPR\_A.pdb [Truncated\_Name:7]1E4V\_A.pdb [Truncated\_Name:8]5EJE\_A.pdb [Truncated\_Name:9]1E4Y\_A.pdb [Truncated\_Name:10]3X2S\_A.pdb [Truncated\_Name:11]6HAP\_A.pdb [Truncated\_Name: 12] 6HAM\_A.pdb [Truncated\_Name:13]4K46\_A.pdb [Truncated\_Name:14]4NP6\_A.pdb [Truncated Name:15]3GMT A.pdb [Truncated Name:16]4PZL A.pdb 81

RIAQEDCRNGFLLDGFPRTIPQADAMKEAGINVDYVLEFD RIAQEDCRNGFLLDGFPRTIPQADAMKEAGINVDYVLEFD RIAQEDCRNGFLLDGFPRTIPQADAMKEAGINVDYVLEFD RIAQEDCRNGFLLDGFPRTIPQADAMKEAGINVDYVLEFD RIAQEDCRNGFLLDGFPRTIPQADAMKEAGINVDYVLEFD RIAQEDCRNGFLLDGFPRTIPQADAMKEAGINVDYVLEFD RIAQEDCRNGFLLDGFPRTIPQADAMKEAGINVDYVLEFD RIAQEDCRNGFLLDGFPRTIPQADAMKEAGINVDYVLEFD RIAQEDCRNGFLLDGFPRTIPQADAMKEAGINVDYVLEFD RIAQEDSRNGFLLDGFPRTIPQADAMKEAGINVDYVLEFD RICQEDSRNGFLLDGFPRTIPQADAMKEAGINVDYVLEFD  ${\tt RICQEDSRNGFLLDGFPRTIPQADAMKEAGINVDYVLEFD}$ RIAQDDCAKGFLLDGFPRTIPQADGLKEVGVVVDYVIEFD RIAQADCEKGFLLDGFPRTIPQADGLKEMGINVDYVIEFD RLKEADCANGYLFDGFPRTIAQADAMKEAGVAIDYVLEID RISKNDCNNGFLLDGVPRTIPQAQELDKLGVNIDYIVEVD

121 . . . . 160

[Truncated\_Name:1]1AKE\_A.pdb [Truncated\_Name:2]4X8M\_A.pdb [Truncated\_Name:3]6S36\_A.pdb VPDELIVDRIVGRRVHAPSGRVYHVKFNPPKVEGKDDVTG VPDELIVDRIVGRRVHAPSGRVYHVKFNPPKVEGKDDVTG VPDELIVDKIVGRRVHAPSGRVYHVKFNPPKVEGKDDVTG [Truncated\_Name: 4] 6RZE\_A.pdb VPDELIVDAIVGRRVHAPSGRVYHVKFNPPKVEGKDDVTG [Truncated\_Name:5]4X8H\_A.pdb VPDELIVDRIVGRRVHAPSGRVYHVKFNPPKVEGKDDVTG [Truncated\_Name:6]3HPR\_A.pdb VPDELIVDRIVGRRVHAPSGRVYHVKFNPPKVEGKDDGTG [Truncated\_Name:7]1E4V\_A.pdb VPDELIVDRIVGRRVHAPSGRVYHVKFNPPKVEGKDDVTG [Truncated Name:8]5EJE A.pdb VPDELIVDRIVGRRVHAPSGRVYHVKFNPPKVEGKDDVTG [Truncated Name:9]1E4Y A.pdb VPDELIVDRIVGRRVHAPSGRVYHVKFNPPKVEGKDDVTG [Truncated Name:10]3X2S A.pdb VPDELIVDRIVGRRVHAPSGRVYHVKFNPPKVEGKDDVTG [Truncated\_Name:11]6HAP\_A.pdb **VPDELIVDRIVGRRVHAPSGRVYHVKFNPPKVEGKDDVTG** [Truncated Name: 12] 6HAM A.pdb VPDELIVDRIVGRRVHAPSGRVYHVKFNPPKVEGKDDVTG [Truncated\_Name:13]4K46\_A.pdb VADSVIVERMAGRRAHLASGRTYHNVYNPPKVEGKDDVTG [Truncated\_Name:14]4NP6\_A.pdb VADDVIVERMAGRRAHLPSGRTYHVVYNPPKVEGKDDVTG [Truncated\_Name:15]3GMT\_A.pdb VPFSEIIERMSGRRTHPASGRTYHVKFNPPKVEGKDDVTG [Truncated\_Name:16]4PZL\_A.pdb VADNLLIERITGRRIHPASGRTYHTKFNPPKVADKDDVTG 121 160 161 200 [Truncated\_Name:1]1AKE\_A.pdb EELTTRKDDQEETVRKRLVEYHQMTAPLIGYYSKEAEAGN [Truncated\_Name:2]4X8M\_A.pdb EELTTRKDDQEETVRKRLVEWHQMTAPLIGYYSKEAEAGN [Truncated Name:3]6S36 A.pdb EELTTRKDDQEETVRKRLVEYHQMTAPLIGYYSKEAEAGN [Truncated Name: 4] 6RZE A.pdb EELTTRKDDQEETVRKRLVEYHQMTAPLIGYYSKEAEAGN [Truncated Name:5]4X8H A.pdb EELTTRKDDQEETVRKRLVEYHQMTAALIGYYSKEAEAGN [Truncated\_Name:6]3HPR\_A.pdb EELTTRKDDQEETVRKRLVEYHQMTAPLIGYYSKEAEAGN [Truncated Name:7]1E4V A.pdb EELTTRKDDQEETVRKRLVEYHQMTAPLIGYYSKEAEAGN [Truncated\_Name:8]5EJE\_A.pdb EELTTRKDDQEECVRKRLVEYHQMTAPLIGYYSKEAEAGN [Truncated\_Name:9]1E4Y\_A.pdb EELTTRKDDQEETVRKRLVEYHQMTAPLIGYYSKEAEAGN [Truncated\_Name:10]3X2S\_A.pdb EELTTRKDDQEETVRKRLCEYHQMTAPLIGYYSKEAEAGN [Truncated\_Name:11]6HAP\_A.pdb EELTTRKDDQEETVRKRLVEYHQMTAPLIGYYSKEAEAGN [Truncated\_Name: 12] 6HAM\_A.pdb EELTTRKDDQEETVRKRLVEYHQMTAPLIGYYSKEAEAGN [Truncated\_Name:13]4K46\_A.pdb EDLVIREDDKEETVLARLGVYHNQTAPLIAYYGKEAEAGN [Truncated\_Name:14]4NP6\_A.pdb EDLVIREDDKEETVRARLNVYHTQTAPLIEYYGKEAAAGK [Truncated\_Name:15]3GMT\_A.pdb EPLVQRDDDKEETVKKRLDVYEAQTKPLITYYGDWARRGA [Truncated\_Name:16]4PZL\_A.pdb EPLITRTDDNEDTVKQRLSVYHAQTAKLIDFYRNFSSTNT \* \*\* \*^ \* \*\* 161 200 201 227 [Truncated Name:1]1AKE A.pdb T--KYAKVDGTKPVAEVRADLEKILG-[Truncated\_Name:2]4X8M\_A.pdb T--KYAKVDGTKPVAEVRADLEKILG-[Truncated\_Name:3]6S36\_A.pdb T--KYAKVDGTKPVAEVRADLEKILG-

[Truncated\_Name:3]6S36\_A.pdb [Truncated\_Name:4]6RZE\_A.pdb [Truncated\_Name:5]4X8H\_A.pdb [Truncated\_Name:6]3HPR\_A.pdb

T--KYAKVDGTKPVAEVRADLEKILG-

T--KYAKVDGTKPVAEVRADLEKILG-

T--KYAKVDGTKPVAEVRADLEKILG-

```
[Truncated_Name:7]1E4V_A.pdb
                                T--KYAKVDGTKPVAEVRADLEKILG-
[Truncated_Name:8]5EJE_A.pdb
                                T--KYAKVDGTKPVAEVRADLEKILG-
[Truncated_Name:9]1E4Y_A.pdb
                                T--KYAKVDGTKPVAEVRADLEKILG-
[Truncated_Name:10]3X2S_A.pdb
                                T--KYAKVDGTKPVAEVRADLEKILG-
[Truncated Name:11]6HAP A.pdb
                                T--KYAKVDGTKPVCEVRADLEKILG-
[Truncated_Name: 12] 6HAM_A.pdb
                                T--KYAKVDGTKPVCEVRADLEKILG-
[Truncated Name: 13] 4K46 A.pdb
                                T--QYLKFDGTKAVAEVSAELEKALA-
[Truncated_Name:14]4NP6_A.pdb
                                T--QYLKFDGTKQVSEVSADIAKALA-
[Truncated_Name:15]3GMT_A.pdb
                                E-----YRKISG-
[Truncated_Name:16]4PZL_A.pdb
                                KIPKYIKINGDQAVEKVSQDIFDQLNK
                              201
                                                          227
Call:
  pdbaln(files = files, fit = TRUE, exefile = "msa")
Class:
 pdbs, fasta
Alignment dimensions:
  16 sequence rows; 227 position columns (204 non-gap, 23 gap)
+ attr: xyz, resno, b, chain, id, ali, resid, sse, call
  pdbs$xyz
   Total Frames#: 16
   Total XYZs#:
                  681, (Atoms#: 227)
    [1] NA NA NA <...> 15.818 46.771 47.7 [10896]
+ attr: Matrix DIM = 16 x 681
Some annotation of the PDBs we have collected
  # Vector containing PDB codes for figure axis
  ids <- basename.pdb(pdbs$id)</pre>
  # Draw schematic alignment
```

```
#plot(pdbs, labels=ids)
```

And collect annotation for each entry

```
anno <- pdb.annotate(ids)
unique(anno$source)</pre>
```

- [1] "Escherichia coli"
- [2] "Escherichia coli K-12"
- [3] "Escherichia coli 0139:H28 str. E24377A"
- [4] "Escherichia coli str. K-12 substr. MDS42"
- [5] "Photobacterium profundum"
- [6] "Vibrio cholerae O1 biovar El Tor str. N16961"
- [7] "Burkholderia pseudomallei 1710b"
- [8] "Francisella tularensis subsp. tularensis SCHU S4"

### head(anno)

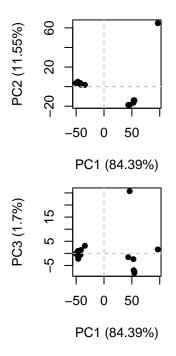
	structureId	${\tt chainId}$	macromo	leculeType	chainLe	ength	${\tt experimentalTechnique}$
1AKE_A	1AKE	A		Protein		214	X-ray
4X8M_A	4X8M	A		Protein		214	X-ray
6S36_A	6S36	A		Protein		214	X-ray
6RZE_A	6RZE	A		Protein		214	X-ray
4X8H_A	4X8H	A		Protein		214	X-ray
3HPR_A	3HPR	Α		Protein		214	X-ray
	resolution	sco	pDomain			pfam	ligandId
1AKE_A	2.00	Adenylate	kinase	Adenylate	kinase	(ADK)	AP5
4X8M_A	2.60		<na></na>	Adenylate	kinase	(ADK)	<na></na>
6S36_A	1.60		<na></na>	Adenylate	kinase	(ADK)	CL (3),NA,MG (2)
6RZE_A	1.69		<na></na>	Adenylate	kinase	(ADK)	NA (3),CL (2)
4X8H_A	2.50		<na></na>	Adenylate	kinase	(ADK)	<na></na>
3HPR_A	2.00		<na></na>	Adenylate	kinase	(ADK)	AP5
				lig	gandName	)	source
1AKE_A		BIS(ADE	NOSINE)	-5'-PENTAPI	HOSPHATE	[	Escherichia coli
4X8M_A					<na></na>	•	Escherichia coli
6S36_A	CHLORIDE IO	N (3),SOD	OIUM ION	,MAGNESIUM	ION (2)		Escherichia coli
6RZE_A		SODIUM	I ION (3	),CHLORIDE	ION (2)		Escherichia coli
4X8H_A					<na></na>	•	Escherichia coli
3HPR_A		BIS(ADE	NOSINE)	-5'-PENTAPI	HOSPHATE	E Esch	erichia coli K-12

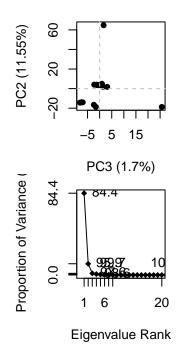
```
1AKE A STRUCTURE OF THE COMPLEX BETWEEN ADENYLATE KINASE FROM ESCHERICHIA COLI AND THE INHIB
4X8M_A
6S36_A
6RZE_A
4X8H A
3HPR_A
                                                     citation rObserved rFree
1AKE_A
                      Muller, C.W., et al. J Mol Biol (1992)
                                                                 0.1960
4X8M A
                     Kovermann, M., et al. Nat Commun (2015)
                                                                 0.2491 0.3089
6S36_A
                       Rogne, P., et al. Biochemistry (2019)
                                                                 0.1632 0.2356
6RZE_A
                       Rogne, P., et al. Biochemistry (2019)
                                                                 0.1865 0.2350
4X8H_A
                     Kovermann, M., et al. Nat Commun (2015)
                                                                 0.1961 0.2895
3HPR_A Schrank, T.P., et al. Proc Natl Acad Sci U S A (2009)
                                                                 0.2100 0.2432
        rWork spaceGroup
1AKE_A 0.1960 P 21 2 21
4X8M_A 0.2463
                 C 1 2 1
6S36_A 0.1594
                 C 1 2 1
6RZE_A 0.1819
                 C 1 2 1
4X8H_A 0.1914
                 C 1 2 1
3HPR_A 0.2062 P 21 21 2
```

## **Principal Component Analysis**

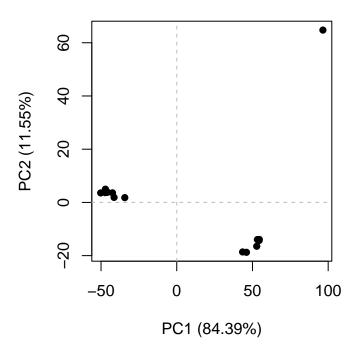
Time for PCA. We will use not the prcomp() function from base R but the pca() function from the bio3d package as this one is designed to work nicely with biomolecular data.

```
pc.xray <- pca(pdbs)
plot(pc.xray)</pre>
```





We can now focus in on PC1 vs PC2



Lets cluster our structures

```
rd <- rmsd(pdbs)
```

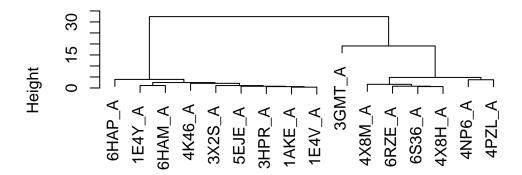
Warning in rmsd(pdbs): No indices provided, using the 204 non NA positions

```
# Structure-based clustering
hc.rd <- hclust(dist(rmsd(pdbs)))</pre>
```

Warning in rmsd(pdbs): No indices provided, using the 204 non NA positions

```
grps.rd <- cutree(hc.rd, k=3)
plot(hc.rd)</pre>
```

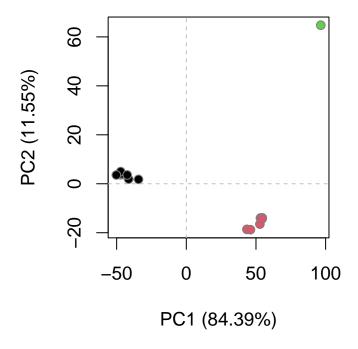
# **Cluster Dendrogram**



dist(rmsd(pdbs))
hclust (\*, "complete")

And now my PC plot colored by clustering group

```
grps.rd <- cutree(hc.rd, k=3)
plot(pc.xray, 1:2, col="grey50", bg=grps.rd, pch=21, cex=1)</pre>
```



To visualize the major structural variations in the ensemble the function mktrj() can be used to generate a trajectory PDB file by interpolating along a give PC (eigenvector):

```
# Visualize first principal component
mktrj(pc.xray, pc=1, file="pc_1.pdb")
```

We can now open this trajectory file in Molstar to view a wee movie of the major differences (i.e. displacement of atoms) in the structure set as we move along PC1.

```
theme(legend.position = "none")
p
```

