## Lecture 12 - Taylor - Wiles prines, II

S=(p, S, N, O, SDv)ves), TCS, p>2,
p:(p, s, N, O, SDv)ves), TCS, p>2,
p:(p, s, s) GL2 (IF)

is site.

P(GF(x)) is abs inved

Pread P=p(GF(x)) is enormous (s) adequate) if nec) E1. [ has no quotint of ords p

E2 [4°(17, ado) = 17'(17, ado) = 0

E3. For any simple [F[T] - submed W of ado,

] XE [7 st. W # O and T has distinct signals. Prop S as above one [= [(G=12)] is encornous.

Let q=hsi, T (aclo = (1)). Then the any N ≥ 1,

We can then a set of Taylor - Wilso primes QN of level N (i.s. qv = 1 mod p for all vG QN) site. 1 1 QN 1 = q. 2 H1 (cd° p(1)) = O\_

Proof: Fix  $N \ge 1$ . Assuming we have TW primes  $Q' = \{V, -, V_{j-1}\}$  of  $\{v, V\}$  with  $\{1 \le j \le q \text{ own}\}$  and  $\{1 \le$ 

Ws show how to find a The prim vo of Isvol N sik
1 Sa'usu;3,7 (od p(1)) = 9-j
Fix O \ [D] \ [H] + [D] \ [OJ o = (1)) with & a coget
rep the cohen closs [2]. It suffres to sha a soly many TW prims V&S of F sile  (a) q = 1 med p <sup>N</sup> (b) To (Frobr) has disfinct signals  (c) IF.[2] The Hill FW/FN, col of (11)
(b) To (Froby) has disfinct signals (c) [F.[2] = +1 (FV/FV, od = (1))
If y sals fire (c) and (b), the  H'(F, /F, od 5(4) = od 5/(Frob1) ad p  [D] = of Frob.
and RH3 is 1-di metr (b), so W8 car replace (c) with
(c') rps, ()2) (Frah,) \$ (Frah,-1) od o
By Chebotern, it suffices to show $\exists 0 \in G_{BS} \leq 1$ .  (a) $\sigma \in G_{BS} = 0$ (b) $\sigma \in G_{BS} = 0$ (c) $\sigma \in G_{BS} = 0$ (d) $\sigma \in G_{BS} = 0$ (e) $\sigma \in G_{BS} = 0$ (f) $\sigma \in G_{BS} = 0$ (g) $\sigma \in G$
Let L/F(Lp) be the ext out by P/GF/Lp)
( Cap)

L(ZpN) z: LN Nots by E1 of oncomens =) LN NFN = Fig. Li=L

F(hp) =: F

Closin: H(LN/F, od p(4) = 0

F(hp) =: F

By inflation-restriction, ve horp 0 > 17 (FN (F) (od o (1)) ) > H(Lu/F, od p(4))  $H^{\circ}(\Gamma, \sigma J^{\circ}) \rightarrow H^{\circ}(L_{N}(F_{N}, \sigma J^{\circ}) = (11)$ D by 52 H'(F, od P)

The cloin follows.

So by int-res,

It (Fs/Ln) od P (I)

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O # 195 ([2]) & H'(Fs/Ln) ed P (I)

Gal(Ln/F)

O # 195 ([2]) & H'(Fs/Ln) ed P (I) = Henn (Gal(Fs/LN), colo) Let W be a newzone pend subsept of the IF-spen
of 2(Gal(Fs/LN)) = ad 5.

By E3, ve can find of G Gal(LN/FN) s.t.

W & # O and p (Da) has distinct eigenvals.

So if 12 (02) \$ (00-1) colo, We take 0=0. and
Now assume $L(G_a) \in G_a - 1$ and $G_a$ Cery it here, we can assume that $G(G_a) = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & \beta & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$ $G(G_a) = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & \beta & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$
Cenj it nec, we can asson that
5(C) = (XO) X+B,
COB COB
So (G-1) od G = { ( & o) }, which has no now so
D(G)-inveriat vactors.
=> 2(Ga (Fs/LN)) \$\psi (\mathreal) ad \bar{\bar{\bar{\bar{\bar{\bar{\bar{
$\Rightarrow 2(G_{\alpha} (F_{s}/L_{N})) \neq (G_{\alpha}-1) \circ J^{\alpha} = 2(G_{\alpha} (F_{s}/L_{N})) \neq (G_{\alpha}-1) \circ J^{\alpha} = 2(G_{\alpha} (F_{s}/L_{N})) \leq 1 + 2(G_{\alpha}) \neq (G_{\alpha}-1) \circ J^{\alpha} = 2(G_{\alpha} (F_{s}/L_{N})) \leq 1 + 2(G_{\alpha}$
labe U = 71/0. The
$\mathcal{O} \in \mathcal{G}_{FN} \text{ and } \mathcal{O} \mathcal{O} = \mathcal{O} \mathcal{O}_{\mathcal{O}}$
Crel
)2(O) - 2(TV) = 12(C) + 2(T)
$=$ $\chi(G_{a}) + \chi(T)$
E(0-1)01= \$ (0-1)01=
=> 2 (p) \$ (o-1) ad p = (o-1) ad p.
This cardudes the proof.
It was the cossure that by the VES are nice,
If we further assure that Dy ter ves are nice, i. a. a.s. Cosses I ad 2 from lost time, we get
C 1 . G 1 4 1/31 A . L G A
Cer 7 930 St. V 10=1, 11 503 13 0 381 UN C)
Cer Z g 2 G st. H N 2 1, then is a st On of TW primes of love N and a surjection R7-loc [x1-1, xg] -50 R5
1 X2 LX2-1 X94 - 50 Kg
Where

(a) Casr 1 (7=0, Rs =0), y=q (b) Cass 2 (125/p3, e.g. T=5) dim RT, loc + y = 9+4171
(b) Cass 2 (T > {v/p3, e.g. T=5)
dim 127060 + 9 = 9 + 4171
1 T 1 11 1
A layler-Wilss dailan LY, 30, SveG ) is a sot of of
A Taylor-Wilss datum (Q, 30, 3veg) is a sot Q of TW prims and a chorce Xv of eignvalue of p (Fight) for each ve Q.
10 QOEN VEY,
We saw prov that if
We saw prov that if  Curv: GF,5 -> GL2 (RSG)
is the moused type So-det, the for any VEB
$O_{\text{F}_{\text{v}}} \cong \chi_{\text{v,1}} \otimes \chi_{\text{v,2}}$
An a a A A I x a 6 x = P x A A A
with Mr, o Art From ord gnotist So of Or/mr)
12 V Max p-power of or quotism.
Charce of ergral or of D(Fider) determines on
ordsorry of Xv,1, Xv,2 by Xv,1 (Frabr) = Ox.
Thus a TW data
=> O-alg map OLAGI > Re by JEDV > Xv, (5)
and the swij
Chesce of eigral $X_{v}$ of $O(FJohn)$ distanments on ordering of $X_{v,1}, X_{v,2}$ by $X_{v,1}(FJohn) = OX_{v}$ .  Thus a The clatm  => O-alg map $O[A_{G}] \rightarrow R_{G}$ by $J \in A_{v} \mapsto X_{v,1}(J)$ and the swo $R_{G} \rightarrow R_{G}$
has hornel OTO = any ideal of O[AQ], Do NOON

