

Energy Profiling

Patrick May

College of Wooster 04/24/2023

● Overview

- - Increasing demand for *energy efficient* software
 - Abstraction makes it difficult to understand energy efficiency
 - Faster does not ***always*** mean more energy efficient

GOAL: understand energy usage throughout runtime

● Energy Measurement

- - External
 - Multimeter
 - Sit between power source and device
 - Internal
 - Software API
 - Access readings of hardware sensors
 - Limitations
 - architecture, manufacturer
 - OS, containment

- Profiling

- Statistical

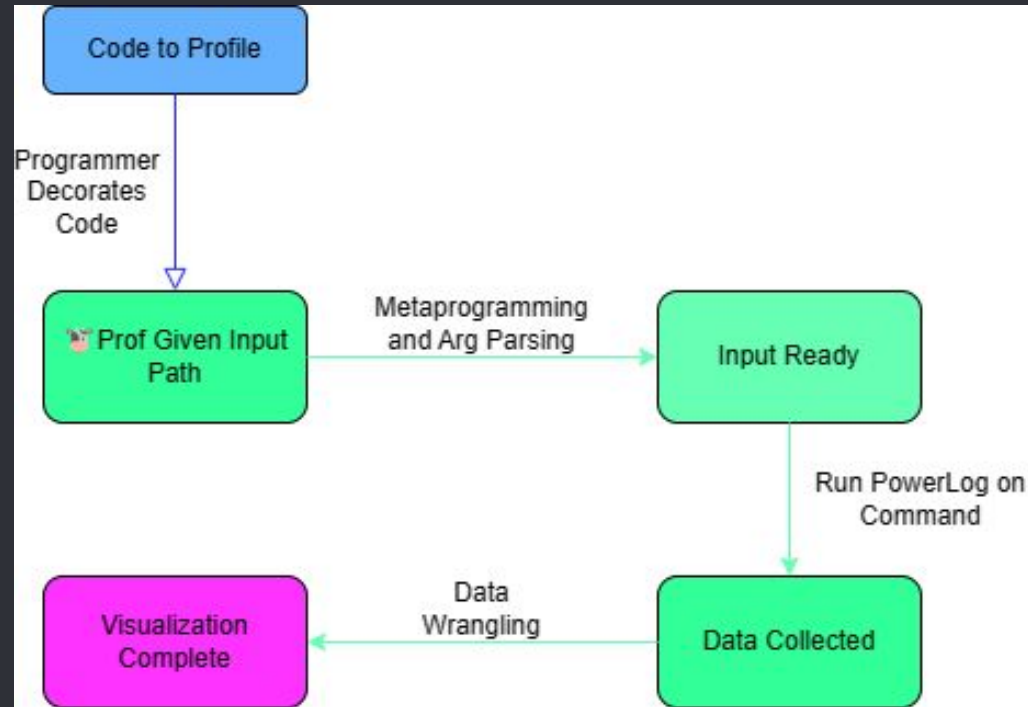
- outside target
- sampling, interrupts
- only an approximation

Instrumental

```
fn func_to_profile(*args, **kwargs){  
    // "instrumental" code that takes and log metrics  
    datafile.log(timestamp,  
        measure1(),  
        measure2(),  
        measure3(),  
    )  
    // pre-existing code of function here  
    ...  
}
```

- 🐮 CowProf 🐮

- Script and CLI tool to profile prepared code



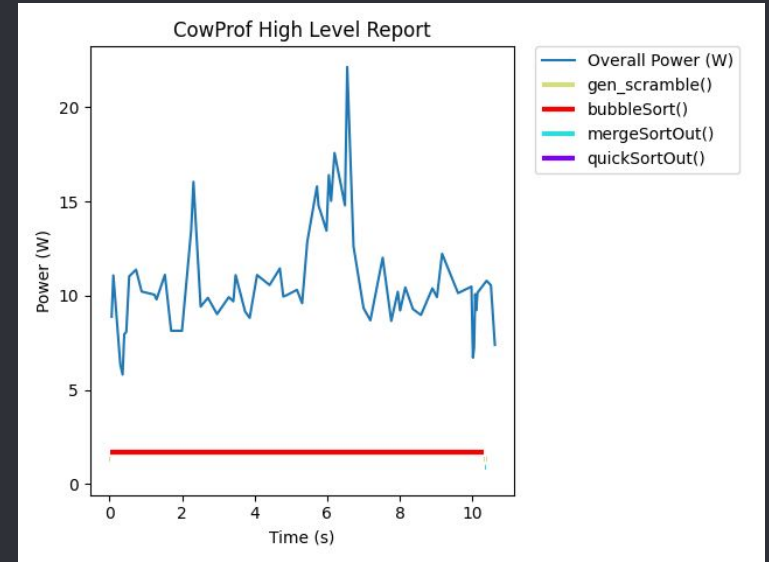
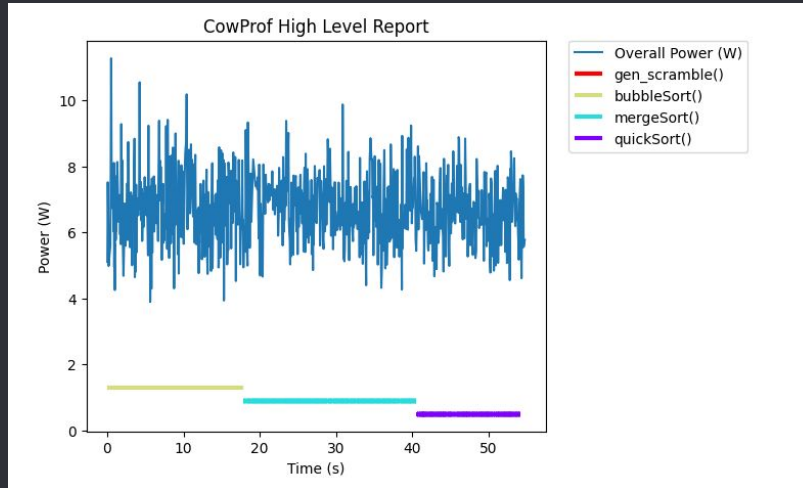
● CowProfiler Implementation

- - Higher-order functions
 - Functions that take other *functions* as their input
 - Metaprogramming
 - Using programs to write programs
 - Data Interpolation
 - Wrangled with polars



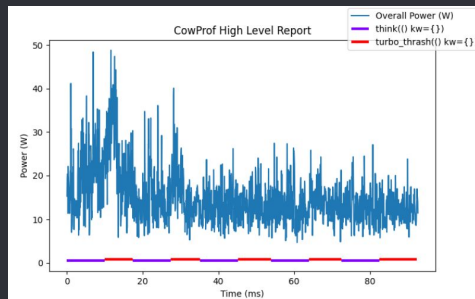
Software Demo

Experimenting w/ CowProf

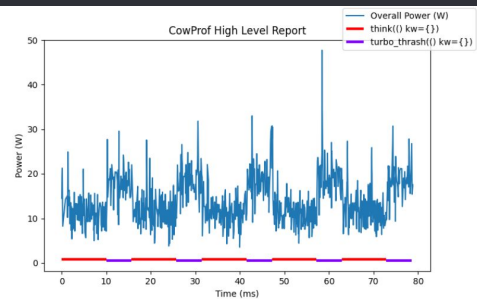


Limitations

- System Noise
- Implementation
 - Visualization prioritized over statistical rigor
 - Visualization breaks down with large number of tracing functions
- Other Concerns
 - Injective Overhead
 - Cache (L0, Branch-Predictor, etc)



(a) Background Noise



(b) Minimal Background Processing

- Next Steps

- - Extend languages, systems, architecture that CowProf works on
 - Overhead Reduction
 - Further language-internal investigations
 - *energy optimal* functions
 - multithreading power usage