

# swarms.agents

## ## 1. Introduction

`AbstractAgent` is an abstract class that serves as a foundation for implementing AI agents. An agent is an entity that can communicate with other agents and perform actions. The `AbstractAgent` class allows for customization in the implementation of the `receive` method, enabling different agents to define unique actions for receiving and processing messages.

`AbstractAgent` provides capabilities for managing tools and accessing memory, and has methods for running, chatting, and stepping through communication with other agents.

## ## 2. Class Definition

```
```python
```

```
class AbstractAgent:
```

```
    """An abstract class for AI agent.
```

```
    An agent can communicate with other agents and perform actions.
```

```
    Different agents can differ in what actions they perform in the `receive` method.
```

```
    Agents are full and completed:
```

```
    Agents = llm + tools + memory
```

```
    """
```

```
def __init__(self, name: str):
```

```
    """
```

```
    Args:
```

```
        name (str): name of the agent.
```

```
    """
```

```
    self._name = name
```

```
@property
```

```
def name(self):
```

```
    """Get the name of the agent."""
```

```
    return self._name
```

```
def tools(self, tools):
```

```
    """init tools"""
```

```
def memory(self, memory_store):
```

```
    """init memory"""
```

```
def reset(self):
```

```
    """(Abstract method) Reset the agent."""
```

```
def run(self, task: str):
```

```
    """Run the agent once"""
```

```
def _arun(self, task: str):
```

```
    """Run Async run"""
```

```

def chat(self, messages: List[Dict]):
    """Chat with the agent"""

def _achat(self, messages: List[Dict]):
    """Asynchronous Chat"""

def step(self, message: str):
    """Step through the agent"""

def _astep(self, message: str):
    """Asynchronous step"""
...

```

### ## 3. Functionality and Usage

The ``AbstractAgent`` class represents a generic AI agent and provides a set of methods to interact with it.

To create an instance of an agent, the ``name`` of the agent should be specified.

#### ### Core Methods

##### #### 1. ``reset``

The ``reset`` method allows the agent to be reset to its initial state.

```
```python
agent.reset()
```
```

#### #### 2. `run`

The `run` method allows the agent to perform a specific task.

```
```python
agent.run("some_task")
```
```

#### #### 3. `chat`

The `chat` method enables communication with the agent through a series of messages.

```
```python
messages = [{"id": 1, "text": "Hello, agent!"}, {"id": 2, "text": "How are you?"}]
agent.chat(messages)
```
```

#### #### 4. `step`

The `step` method allows the agent to process a single message.

```
```python
agent.step("Hello, agent!")
```
```

### ### Asynchronous Methods

The class also provides asynchronous variants of the core methods.

### ### Additional Functionality

Additional functionalities for agent initialization and management of tools and memory are also provided.

```
```python
agent.tools(some_tools)
agent.memory(some_memory_store)
```
```

## ## 4. Additional Information and Tips

When implementing a new agent using the `AbstractAgent` class, ensure that the `receive` method is overridden to define the specific behavior of the agent upon receiving messages.

## ## 5. References and Resources

For further exploration and understanding of AI agents and agent communication, refer to the

relevant literature and research on this topic.