

```
from typing import Union, Dict, List, Tuple, Any
```

```
def any_to_str(data: Union[str, Dict, List, Tuple, Any]) -> str:
```

```
    """Convert any input data type to a nicely formatted string.
```

This function handles conversion of various Python data types into a clean string representation.

It recursively processes nested data structures and handles None values gracefully.

Args:

data: Input data of any type to convert to string. Can be:

- Dictionary
- List/Tuple
- String
- None
- Any other type that can be converted via str()

Returns:

str: A formatted string representation of the input data.

- Dictionaries are formatted as "key: value" pairs separated by commas
- Lists/tuples are comma-separated
- None returns empty string
- Other types are converted using str()

Examples:

```
>>> any_to_str({'a': 1, 'b': 2})
```

```
'a: 1, b: 2'
```

```
>>> any_to_str([1, 2, 3])
```

```
'1, 2, 3'
```

```
>>> any_to_str(None)
```

```
"
```

```
"""
```

```
try:
```

```
    if isinstance(data, dict):
```

```
        # Format dictionary with newlines and indentation
```

```
        items = []
```

```
        for k, v in data.items():
```

```
            value = any_to_str(v)
```

```
            items.append(f"{k}: {value}")
```

```
        return "\n".join(items)
```

```
    elif isinstance(data, (list, tuple)):
```

```
        # Format sequences with brackets and proper spacing
```

```
        items = [any_to_str(x) for x in data]
```

```
        if len(items) == 0:
```

```
            return "[]" if isinstance(data, list) else "()"
```

```
        return (
```

```
            f"[{', '.join(items)}]"
```

```
            if isinstance(data, list)
```

```
            else f"({', '.join(items)})"
```

```
        )
```

elif data is None:

return "None"

else:

# Handle strings and other types

if isinstance(data, str):

return f"{data}"

return str(data)

except Exception as e:

return f"Error converting data: {str(e)}"

# def main():

# # Example 1: Dictionary

# print("Dictionary:")

# print(

# any\_to\_str(

# {

# "name": "John",

# "age": 30,

# "hobbies": ["reading", "hiking"],

# }

# )

# )

```
# print("\nNested Dictionary:")

# print(
#     any_to_str(
#         {
#             "user": {
#                 "id": 123,
#                 "details": {"city": "New York", "active": True},
#             },
#             "data": [1, 2, 3],
#         }
#     )
# )
```

```
# print("\nList and Tuple:")

# print(any_to_str([1, "text", None, (1, 2)]))

# print(any_to_str((True, False, None)))
```

```
# print("\nEmpty Collections:")

# print(any_to_str([]))

# print(any_to_str({}))
```

```
# if __name__ == "__main__":

#     main()
```