import inspect
import json
import logging
import os
from datetime import datetime
from typing import Any, Dict, Set
from uuid import UUID
logger = logging.getLogger(name)
class SafeLoaderUtils:
11111
Utility class for safely loading and saving object states while automatically
detecting and preserving class instances and complex objects.
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@staticmethod
def is_class_instance(obj: Any) -> bool:
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Detect if an object is a class instance (excluding built-in types).
Args:
obj: Object to check
Returns:

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if obj is None:
     return False
  # Get the type of the object
  obj_type = type(obj)
  # Check if it's a class instance but not a built-in type
  return (
     hasattr(obj, "__dict__")
     and not isinstance(obj, type)
     and obj_type.__module__ != "builtins"
  )
@staticmethod
def is_safe_type(value: Any) -> bool:
  111111
  Check if a value is of a safe, serializable type.
  Args:
     value: Value to check
  Returns:
     bool: True if the value is safe to serialize
  ....
```

bool: True if object is a class instance

```
# Basic safe types
safe_types = (
  type(None),
  bool,
  int,
  float,
  str,
  datetime,
  UUID,
)
if isinstance(value, safe_types):
  return True
# Check containers
if isinstance(value, (list, tuple)):
  return all(
     SafeLoaderUtils.is_safe_type(item) for item in value
  )
if isinstance(value, dict):
  return all(
     isinstance(k, str) and SafeLoaderUtils.is_safe_type(v)
     for k, v in value.items()
  )
```

```
try:
     json.dumps(value)
     return True
  except (TypeError, OverflowError, ValueError):
     return False
@staticmethod
def get_class_attributes(obj: Any) -> Set[str]:
  11 11 11
  Get all attributes of a class, including inherited ones.
  Args:
     obj: Object to inspect
  Returns:
     Set[str]: Set of attribute names
  111111
  attributes = set()
  # Get all attributes from class and parent classes
  for cls in inspect.getmro(type(obj)):
     attributes.update(cls.__dict__.keys())
  # Add instance attributes
  attributes.update(obj.__dict__.keys())
```

# Check for common serializable types

## return attributes

```
@staticmethod
def create_state_dict(obj: Any) -> Dict[str, Any]:
  Create a dictionary of safe values from an object's state.
  Args:
     obj: Object to create state dict from
  Returns:
     Dict[str, Any]: Dictionary of safe values
  111111
  state_dict = {}
  for attr_name in SafeLoaderUtils.get_class_attributes(obj):
     # Skip private attributes
     if attr_name.startswith("_"):
       continue
     try:
       value = getattr(obj, attr_name, None)
       if SafeLoaderUtils.is_safe_type(value):
          state_dict[attr_name] = value
     except Exception as e:
```

```
logger.debug(f"Skipped attribute {attr_name}: {e}")
  return state_dict
@staticmethod
def preserve_instances(obj: Any) -> Dict[str, Any]:
  11 11 11
  Automatically detect and preserve all class instances in an object.
  Args:
     obj: Object to preserve instances from
  Returns:
     Dict[str, Any]: Dictionary of preserved instances
  preserved = {}
  for attr_name in SafeLoaderUtils.get_class_attributes(obj):
     if attr_name.startswith("_"):
       continue
     try:
       value = getattr(obj, attr_name, None)
       if SafeLoaderUtils.is_class_instance(value):
          preserved[attr_name] = value
     except Exception as e:
```

```
logger.debug(f"Could not preserve {attr_name}: {e}")
```

return preserved

```
class SafeStateManager:
  11 11 11
  Manages saving and loading object states while automatically handling
  class instances and complex objects.
  ....
  @staticmethod
  def save_state(obj: Any, file_path: str) -> None:
     11 11 11
     Save an object's state to a file, automatically handling complex objects.
     Args:
       obj: Object to save state from
       file_path: Path to save state to
     11 11 11
     try:
       # Create state dict with only safe values
       state_dict = SafeLoaderUtils.create_state_dict(obj)
       # Ensure directory exists
       os.makedirs(os.path.dirname(file_path), exist_ok=True)
```

```
# Save to file
     with open(file_path, "w") as f:
        json.dump(state_dict, f, indent=4, default=str)
     logger.info(f"Successfully saved state to: {file_path}")
  except Exception as e:
     logger.error(f"Error saving state: {e}")
     raise
@staticmethod
def load_state(obj: Any, file_path: str) -> None:
  11 11 11
  Load state into an object while preserving class instances.
  Args:
     obj: Object to load state into
     file_path: Path to load state from
  ....
  try:
     # Verify file exists
     if not os.path.exists(file_path):
        raise FileNotFoundError(
          f"State file not found: {file_path}"
       )
```

```
# Preserve existing instances
  preserved = SafeLoaderUtils.preserve_instances(obj)
  # Load state
  with open(file_path, "r") as f:
    state_dict = json.load(f)
  # Set safe values
  for key, value in state_dict.items():
    if (
       not key.startswith("_")
       and key not in preserved
       and SafeLoaderUtils.is_safe_type(value)
    ):
       setattr(obj, key, value)
  # Restore preserved instances
  for key, value in preserved.items():
    setattr(obj, key, value)
  logger.info(
    f"Successfully loaded state from: {file_path}"
  )
except Exception as e:
```

```
## Example decorator for easy integration
# def safe_state_methods(cls: Type) -> Type:
    11 11 11
#
    Class decorator to add safe state loading/saving methods to a class.
#
    Args:
#
#
       cls: Class to decorate
    Returns:
#
#
       Type: Decorated class
#
    def save(self, file_path: str) -> None:
#
#
       SafeStateManager.save_state(self, file_path)
    def load(self, file_path: str) -> None:
#
       SafeStateManager.load_state(self, file_path)
#
#
    cls.save = save
#
    cls.load = load
#
    return cls
```

logger.error(f"Error loading state: {e}")

raise