

```
import torch

import torch.nn as nn

from loguru import logger

from zeta import SSM # Ensure SSM is correctly imported

import torch.nn.functional as F
```

```
class HierarchicalMamba(nn.Module):
```

```
    """
    Hierarchical Mamba model composed of multiple Mamba2 blocks in a hierarchical structure.
    Each layer processes the input at different scales by progressively reducing the sequence length.
```

Args:

d_model (int): Dimensionality of the input and output features.

num_layers (int): Number of Mamba2 blocks to stack hierarchically.

d_state (int): Dimensionality of the expanded state.

dt_rank (int): Rank of the discrete-time state-space model (SSM).

dim_inner (int): Inner dimension used for state-space expansion.

```
    """
```

```
def __init__(
    self,
    d_model: int,
    num_layers: int,
    dt_rank: int = 1,
    d_state: int = 64,
```

```
d_conv: int = 4,
```

```
expand: int = 2,
```

```
dim_inner: int = None,
```

```
) -> None:
```

```
    super(HierarchicalMamba, self).__init__()
```

```
    self.num_layers = num_layers
```

```
    self.d_model = d_model
```

```
    # Default to d_model if dim_inner is None
```

```
    if dim_inner is None:
```

```
        dim_inner = d_model
```

```
    # Create a list of SSM layers
```

```
    self.layers = nn.ModuleList(  
        [  
            SSM(  
                in_features=d_model,  
                dt_rank=dt_rank,  
                dim_inner=dim_inner,  
                d_state=d_state,  
            )  
            for _ in range(num_layers)  
        ]  
    )
```

```

logger.info(
    "HierarchicalMamba initialized with {} layers, d_model={}, d_state={}, dt_rank={},
dim_inner={}",
    num_layers,
    d_model,
    d_state,
    dt_rank,
    dim_inner,
)

```

```

def forward(self, x: torch.Tensor) -> torch.Tensor:

```

```

    """

```

Forward pass through the Hierarchical Mamba model.

Args:

x (torch.Tensor): Input tensor of shape (batch_size, seq_length, d_model).

Returns:

torch.Tensor: Output tensor of shape (batch_size, seq_length // 2^num_layers, d_model).

```

    """

```

```

logger.debug("HierarchicalMamba input shape: {}", x.shape)

```

```

for i, layer in enumerate(self.layers):

```

```

    x = layer(x)

```

```

    logger.debug("After SSM layer {}, shape: {}", i, x.shape)

```

```

if i < self.num_layers - 1:

    # Downsample the sequence length by a factor of 2 for hierarchical processing

    x = F.avg_pool1d(

        x.transpose(1, 2), kernel_size=2

    ).transpose(1, 2)

    logger.debug(

        "Downsampled shape after layer {}: {}".format(i, x.shape)

    )

```

```

logger.debug(

    "HierarchicalMamba final output shape: {}".format(x.shape)

)

return x

```

```

def initialize_hierarchical_mamba(

```

```

    d_model: int,

    num_layers: int,

    d_state: int = 64,

    dt_rank: int = 1,

    dim_inner: int = None,

```

```

) -> HierarchicalMamba:

```

```

    """

```

Utility function to initialize a Hierarchical Mamba model with logging.

Args:

d_model (int): Dimensionality of the input/output features.

num_layers (int): Number of hierarchical layers.

d_state (int, optional): Dimensionality of the expanded state (default=64).

dt_rank (int, optional): Rank of the discrete-time state-space model (default=1).

dim_inner (int, optional): Inner dimensionality for state-space (default=None).

Returns:

HierarchicalMamba: The initialized Hierarchical Mamba model.

"""

logger.info(

"Initializing Hierarchical Mamba model with d_model={}, num_layers={}, d_state={}, dt_rank={},

dim_inner={},

d_model,

num_layers,

d_state,

dt_rank,

dim_inner,

)

model = HierarchicalMamba(

d_model,

num_layers,

dt_rank=dt_rank,

d_state=d_state,

dim_inner=dim_inner,

).to("cpu")

```

logger.success(
    "Hierarchical Mamba model initialized successfully."
)

return model


# Example usage

if __name__ == "__main__":
    dim: int = 128 # Example model dimension
    num_layers: int = 3 # Number of hierarchical layers

    model = initialize_hierarchical_mamba(
        d_model=dim,
        num_layers=num_layers,
        d_state=64,
        dt_rank=1,
        dim_inner=64, # Adjust inner dimension if necessary
    )

    # Sample input (batch_size, sequence_length, d_model)
    x = torch.randn(16, 100, dim).to("cpu")
    y = model(x)

    logger.info("Input shape: {}", x.shape)
    logger.info("Output shape: {}", y.shape)

```