### 1. Enumerate sentence

Create a function that prints words within a sentence along with their index in front of the word itself.

For example if we give the function the argument "This is a sentence" it should print

```
1 This
2 is
3 a
4 sentence
```

#### In [2]:

```
def enumWords(sentence):
    #Complete this method.
    words = sentence.split(" ")
    for each in words:
        print(words.index(each) + 1, each)
enumWords("This is a sentence")
```

```
1 This
2 is
3 a
4 sentence
```

## 2. Fibonacci

Create a function fibonacci () which takes an integer num as an input and returns the first num fibonacci numbers.

Eg.

Input: 8

Output: [1, 1, 2, 3, 5, 8, 13, 21]

Hint: You might want to recall fibonacci numbers

#### In [3]:

```
def fibonacci(num):
   #Complete this method.
   result = []
   for n in range(num):
      if (n < 2):
          result.append(1)
      else:
          new num = result[n-1] + result[n-2]
          result.append(new num)
# Please don't edit this code
newList = fibonacci(10)
if newList == [1, 1, 2, 3, 5, 8, 13, 21, 34, 55]:
   print("Success!")
else:
   print("Error! Your function returned")
   print(newList)
```

## 3. Guessing game 2

Ask the user to input a number and then have the program guess it. After each guess, the user must input whether it was too high, too low or the correct number. In the end, the program must always guess the users number and it must print out the number of guesses it needed.

```
In [6]:
```

```
import random
num = input()
guess = random.randint(0,100)
attempts = 0
while True:
   print("My guess is", guess)
    answer = input("Is the number too low, too high or equal?")
    if answer == "=":
        break
    elif answer == ">":
        guess = guess - 1
        attempts = attempts + 1
    elif answer == "<":</pre>
        guess = guess + 1
        attempts = attempts + 1
    else:
        print("Wrong input charecter")
```

```
10
My guess is 17
Is the number too low, too high or equal?>
My quess is 16
Is the number too low, too high or equal?>
My quess is 15
Is the number too low, too high or equal?>
My quess is 14
Is the number too low, too high or equal?>
My guess is 13
Is the number too low, too high or equal?>
My guess is 12
Is the number too low, too high or equal?>
My guess is 11
Is the number too low, too high or equal?>
My guess is 10
Is the number too low, too high or equal?=
```

## 4. Find word

Create a function that searches for a word within a provided lists of words. Inputs to the function should be a list of words and a word to search for

The function should return True if the word is contained within the list and False otherwise.

```
In [7]:
```

```
fruits = ["banana", "orange", "grapefruit", "lime", "lemon"]

def findWord(wordList, word):
    #Complete this method.
    for each in wordList:
        if word == each:
            return True
```

Success!

## 5. Powers of 2

Use a while loop to find the largest power of 2 which is less than 30 million.

```
In [8]:

n = 0
while 2 ** (n + 1) < 30000000:
    n = n + 1

print(2 ** n)

16777216</pre>
```

# 6. Making a better school

This exercise is on defining classes. This topic is covered in the optional notebook python-intro-3-extra-classes.

Below is a copy of the School, Student and Exam classes, together with a copy of the code needed to populate an object of that class with students and exam results. Edit the School class to add in the following functions:

- .resits() : this should return the list of exams that each student should resit if they get a "F" or "U" grade.
- .prizeStudent(): this should return the name of the student who scored the highest average percent across all of the exams.
- .reviseCourse(threshold) : this should return the name of the exam that gets the lowest average score across all students, if the average score is below threshold.

Use these functions to find out which students need to resit which exams, which student should be awarded the annual school prize, and which courses should be revised as the average mark is less than 50%.

```
In [9]:
```

```
class School:
    def __init__(self):
        self._students = {}
        self._exams = []

    def addStudent(self, name):
        self._students[name] = Student(name)

    def addExam(self, exam, max_score):
        self._exams.append(exam)

        for key in self._students.keys():
            self._students[key].addExam(exam, Exam(max_score))

    def addResult(self, name, exam, score):
        self._students[name].addResult(exam, score)

    def grades(self):
        grades = {}
```

```
for name in self._students.keys():
            grades[name] = self._students[name].grades()
        return grades
# NOTE: This is not a class method
def addResults(school, exam, results):
   for student in results.keys():
        school.addResult(student, exam, results[student])
class Student:
    def init (self, name):
        self. exams = {}
        self. name = name
    def addExam(self, name, exam):
        self. exams[name] = exam
    def addResult(self, name, score):
        self. exams[name].setResult(score)
    def result(self, exam):
        return self._exams[exam].percent()
    def grade(self, exam):
        return self. exams[exam].grade()
    def grades(self):
        g = \{ \}
        for exam in self. exams.keys():
            g[exam] = self.grade(exam)
        return g
class Exam:
        __init__(self, max score=100):
        self. max score = max score
        self._actual_score = 0
    def percent(self):
        return 100.0 * self._actual_score / self._max_score
    def setResult(self, score):
        if score < 0:</pre>
            self. actual score = 0
        elif score > self. max score:
            self. actual score = self. max score
        else:
            self. actual score = score
    def grade(self):
        if self. actual score == 0:
            return "U"
        elif self.percent() > 70.0:
            return "A"
        elif self.percent() > 60.0:
            return "B"
        elif self.percent() > 50.0:
            return "C"
        else:
           return "F"
# NOTE: This si not a class method
def addResults(school, exam, results):
    for student in results.keys():
        school.addResult(student, exam, results[student])
```

```
In [10]:
```

```
school = School()
```