Shell Cheat Sheet

Patrick Bucher

2017/05/18

Contents

Communica	_
Files and Directories	2
File Attributes	2
Searching Files	2
File Transfer	2
Text	3
Processes	3
Math	3
Date and Time	4
Networking	4
Miscellaneous	4
Documentation	4
Shell Scripting	5
Archives	5
Printing	5
Encoding, Deconding, Checksums	5
Scripting Languages	6
Spelling	6
Building, Debugging	6
Document Preparation	6
System Administration	6
User Administration	7
Text Editors	7
Shell Programming	7
Output Redirection	7
	_
Variables	7

Commands

Files and Directories

- cd: change the working directory
 - cd: change to home directory
 - cd ...: change to parent directory
 - cd /home/joe: change to directory using a absolute path
 - cd docs/letters: change to directory using a relative path
- cp: copy files and directories
- dd: convert and copy a file
- du: estimate file space usage
- 1n: make links between files
- ls: list directory contents
 - 1s -1 or 11: long version
- mkdir: make directories
- mv: move (rename) files
- pwd: print name of current/working directory
- rm: remove files or directories
 - rm -r [directory]: delete a directory recursively
- touch: change file timestamps

File Attributes

- basename: strip directory and suffix from filenames
- cleanname: clean a path name
- chmod: change file mode bits
- chown: change file owner and group
- file: determine file type
- fsize: print file information
- mtime: print file information

Searching Files

- find
- locate
- updatedb

File Transfer

• ftp

- rsync
- scp
- sftp

Text

- cat: concatenate files and print on the standard output
- cut: remove sections from each line of files
- fmt: simple optimal text formatter
- fold: wrap each input line to fit in specified width
- diff: compare files line by line
- freq: print histogram of character frequencies
- grep: print lines matching a pattern
- head: output the first part of files
- join: join lines of two files on a common field
- look: display lines beginning with a given string
- read: copies one line from a file to standard output
- sed: stream editor for filtering and transforming text
- sort: sort lines of text files
- split: split a file into pieces
- strings: print the strings of printable characters in files
- tail: output the last part of files
- tee: read from standard input and write to standard output and files
- tr: translate or delete characters
- wc: print newline, word, and byte counts for each file
- uniq: report or omit repeated lines

Processes

- bg: run jobs in the background
- kill: terminate a process
- killall: terminate a process by name
- nice: run a program with modified scheduling priority
- nohup: run a command immune to hangups, with output to a non-tty
- ps: report a snapshot of the current processes
- top: display Linux processes (interactive)

Math

- bc: an arbitrary precision calculator language (interactive)
- dc: reverse-polish desk calculator (interactive)

- factor: factor numbers
- hoc: interactive floating point language
- primes: list prime numbers
- rand: generate pseudo-random bytes

Date and Time

- cal: display a calendar
- date: print or set the system date and time

Networking

- ip: show/manipulate routing, devices, policy routing and tunnels
- ping: send ICMP ECHO_REQUEST to network hosts

Miscellaneous

- acpi: show battery status and other ACPI information
- ascii: interpret ASCII characters
- chroot
- curl
- cmp: compare two files byte by byte
- dmesq
- eval
- expr
- hexdump: display file contents in hexadecimal, decimal, octal, or ascii
- halt
- history:
- lspci
- pwgen: generate pronounceable passwords
- rsync:
- shutdown
- scp
- unicode: interpret unicode characters
- wget
- xrandr
- yes

Documentation

• apropos: search the manual page names and descriptions

- man: an interface to the on-line reference manuals
- type: write a description of command type
- whatis: display one-line manual page descriptions

Shell Scripting

- alias: define or display aliases
- break: exit from for, while, or until loop
- echo: display a line of text
- export: set the export attribute for variables
- getflags: command-line parsing for shell scripts
- printf: format and print data
- sleep: delay for a specified amount of time
- test: check file types and compare values
- xargs: build and execute command lines from standard input

Archives

- ar: create, modify, and extract from archives
- tar
- zip
- unrar
- unzip

Printing

- lpadmin
- cancel: cancel jobs
- lpr: print files

Encoding, Deconding, Checksums

- base32: base32 encode/decode data and print to standard output
- base64: base64 encode/decode data and print to standard output
- shalsum
- sha256sum
- sha512sum
- shasum
- sum

Scripting Languages

- awk: pattern-directed scanning and processing language
- perl: the Perl language interpreter
- python: an interpreted, interactive, object-oriented programming language
- sh: shell, the standard command language interpreter

Spelling

- aspell
- hunspell

Building, Debugging

- gcc: GNU project C and C++ compiler
- gdb: the GNU Debugger
- make: GNU make utility to maintain groups of programs
- mk: maintain (make) related files
- strip: discard symbols from object files
- valgrind:
- yacc: parser generator

Document Preparation

• troff: the troff processor of the groff text formatting system

System Administration

- df: report file system disk space usage
- fdisk: manipulate disk partition table
- fschk
- mkfs: build a Linux filesystem
- mount
- su: run a command with substitute user and group ID
- sudo: execute a command as another user
- systemctl: control the systemd system and service manager
- uname

User Administration

- groupadd: create a new group
- groupdel: delete a group
- groupmems: administer members of a users's primary group
- groupmod: modify a group definition on the system
- groups: display current group names
- id: print real and effective user and group IDs
- passwd: change user password
- useradd: create a new user or update default new user information
- userdel: delete a user account and related files
- usermod: modify a user account
- users: print the user names of users currently logged in

Text Editors

- ed: line-oriented text editor
- emacs: GNU project Emacs editor
- vi: screen oriented (visual) display editor based on ex
- vim: Vi IMproved, a programmers text editor
 - vim -p [files]: open multiple files in tabs

Shell Programming

Output Redirection

```
wc -l * | sort -n -r
wc -l >std-out 2>std.err
```

Variables

• \$IFS: internal field seperator