Security Book

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1 Vulnrabilities defined by OWASP

1.1 A4: Insecure Direct Object Reference

1.1.1 Introduction

Insecure Direct Object Reference is a common vulnrability which exists in web applications. It occurs if a parameter (e.g. a GET parameter) references a object in the system.

The atacker normally has to be authorized to this system but does not have access to all data.

1.1.2 Example

A URL which looks like this: http://example.net/page.php?user=myuser provides a page which shows the user data of the logged in user. One can easily change the parameter to show the data of another user: http://example.net/page.php?user=someotheruser

1.1.3 How to prevent

Session Based

• No *Direct Object Reference* has to be sent to the client, the references can be saved on the session

• In the case references are needed, they can differ from the server side data (i.e. database) an can be remapped on the server

Authorization

• Every access is checked if the user is authorized to do that. Example: A random token can be created for each user which then is checked every time the user accesses the page

	Advantage	Disadvantage
Session Based	Only one authorization	A session uses a lot
	has to be done, access	of memory for each
	data for Database etc.	user. For applications
	is saved on the server	with a high number
	and is not accessible by	of users, a session for
	the attacker	each client is not pos-
		sible i.e. a non-session
		solution has to be im-
		plemented
Authorization	No Session is needed	Authorization is
	i.e. less memory is	needed every time
	used and more users	the user accesses data
	can access the applica-	which is more complex
	tion	to implement

Advantages