

planimetry

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1 Planimetry

1.1 Aufgabe 66

$\frac{b}{\sin(90^\circ)} = \frac{h}{\sin(\alpha)} = \frac{\frac{b}{3}}{\sin(\beta)}$
 $\alpha = \sin^{-1}(\sqrt{b^2 - \frac{b^2}{3}})$
 $\frac{b}{\sin(90-\alpha)} = \frac{a}{\sin(\alpha)}$
 $a = \sin^{-1}(\sqrt{b^2 - \frac{b^2}{3}}) * \frac{b}{\sin(90-(\sin^{-1}(\sqrt{b^2 - \frac{b^2}{3}}))}$
 $a = \sin^{-1}(\alpha) * \frac{b}{\sin(90-\sin^{-1}(\alpha))}$

1.2 Aufgabe 71

$\frac{AC}{\sin(90^\circ)} = \frac{t}{\sin(30^\circ)} = 2t$ also $\frac{AC}{1} = 2t$ also $AC = 2t$
 $\frac{2t}{\sin(30^\circ)} = \frac{r}{\sin(60^\circ)} = 4t$ also $\frac{r}{0.866025404} = 4t$ also $r = 0.866025405 * 4t$ also $r = 3.464101615t$

1.3 Aufgabe 95

$$s = \sqrt{40cm^2} = 6.32455532$$

$$r = \sqrt{s^2 + \frac{s^2}{2}} = 7.071067812$$