COMP10120 Practical Set 2: Functions, Random Numbers and Recursion

Please read the questions carefully. Name each program based on your student number, the practical set number and question number. For this set (set 2), question 1 should be named 1234567s2q1.c where your student number replaces 1234567. All questions that you are submitting can be zipped into a single file called 1234567s2.zip, where 1234567 is your student number and s2 refers to set 2. This zipped file can be submitted via Moodle for grading.

Part 1 (Functions)

- 1. Write a <u>function</u> in C that calculates the volume of an ellipsoid when presented with all the measurements needed to calculate it. You should also provide implementation to test the function. The C program should calculate the volume of 4 ellipsoids by asking the user to specify the required measurements.
- Write a <u>function</u> in C that calculates the day of the week based on a date. You should also provide implementation to test the function. For example, it should indicate that 16th April 1967 is a **Sunday**. You can test it with your birthday. The algorithm that you need to implement is Zeller's Congruence Algorithm*

*https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Zeller's_congruence

Part 2 (Random Numbers and Recursion)

- 3. Study the rules of the Thunderball lottery game from the UK National Lottery** and write a program in C that selects a <u>random</u> set of numbers for the Thunderball draw. The C program should give a different set of numbers each time.
 - ** https://www.national-lottery.co.uk/games/thunderball?icid=-:mm:-:mdg:tb:dbg:pl:co
- 4. The greatest common divisor of integers x any y is the largest integer that evenly divides both x and y. Write a recursive function *gcd* that returns the greatest common divisor of x and y. The gcd of x and y is defined as follows: If y is equal to 0, then gcd (x,y) is x; otherwise gcd (x,y) is gcd (y, x%y).

Portfolio Ideas

Conversion of binary to decimal (base-2 to base-10) numbers and back is an important
concept to understand as the binary numbering system forms the basis for all computer and
digital systems. Using <u>recursive</u> techniques, write a C program to convert a decimal to
binary. To show your understanding and reasoning of the approach, provide a
demonstration of how the conversion works in comments at the start of the program.

A sample screen would look like:

Input a decimal number: 156 Binary number 1 0 0 1 1 1 0 0

