

TUTORIAL 2

Suggested order: Complete part 1 before completing part 2

Part 1

This practical will be based around Defining and Implementing Classes.

In this practice exercise you should create two files in your Java folder. One file should be called `BankAccount.java`, available for download in this week's moodle section. Make sure that after you have this file in your Java folder and compile it using `javac`. As long as you have this `BankAccount` class in your Java folder (and you have compiled it using `javac`), you can use the `BankAccount` class in any other programs you write stored in the same folder.

The second file you should write yourself. This file should be called `FixedStartingBalanceBankAccount.java`. This file should contain a class of the same name as the file with a main method (as in your other java programs). In this main method you should create a `BankAccount` object in a variable called `myFirstAccount`, with an initial balance of 5000.

After creating the object `myFirstAccount` of class `BankAccount`, you should use the `withdraw` method to withdraw 200 from that object. You should then use a `JOptionPane` `MessageDialog` to display the balance in `myFirstAccount` after that withdrawal, with a message like this:

`myFirstAccount` contains : XXX

where the XXX represents the current balance of the bank account. See "Lecture 5: Communication with `JOptionPan`s" for details.

When you have written and saved your program, you should compile it and run it using the command prompt as in practical 1 (look at part 2 of that practical for details on compiling and running programs). Make sure your program compiles and runs correctly; if any errors are produced by your program, fix them, save the file again, and recompile.

Part 2

In this practical exercise you should write a file called `OptionalStartingBalanceBankAccount.java`. This file should contain a class of that name with a main method (as in your other java programs). In this main method you should read a `String` from the user (using a `JOptionPane` `showInputDialog` method), and convert that `String` to a `double` (as in last week's exercise). You should then create a `BankAccount` object in a variable called `myTestAccount`, with an initial balance equal to the `double` amount read from the user.

After creating that `BankAccount` object, you should obtain another `String` from the user, convert it to a `double`, and use the `withdraw` method to withdraw that amount from the `BankAccount` `myTestAccount`. You should then use a `JOptionPane` `MessageDialog` to display the balance in the `BankAccount` after that withdrawal, with a message like this:

After that withdrawal, `myTestAccount` contains : XXX

where the XXX represents the current balance of the bank account. See "Lecture 5: Communication with `JOptionPan`s" for details.

you should give suitable instructions to the user in your `showInputDialog` messages (things like "Enter initial balance", "Enter amount to withdraw", and so on).

When you have written and saved your program, you should compile it and run it using the command prompt as in practical 1 (look at part 2 of that practical for details on compiling and running programs). Make sure your program compiles and runs correctly; if any errors are produced by your program, fix them, save the file again, and recompile.