

Template Week 6 – Networking

Student number: 568670

Assignment 6.1: Working from home

Screenshot installation openssh-server:

Screenshot successful SSH command execution:

Screenshot successful execution SCP command:

Screenshot remmina:

Assignment 6.2: IP addresses websites

Relevant screenshots nslookup command:

Screenshot website visit via IP address:

Assignment 6.3: subnetting

How many IP addresses are in this network configuration 192.168.110.128/25?

What is the usable IP range to hand out to the connected computers?

Check your two previous answers with this calculator:

<https://www.calculator.net/ip-subnet-calculator.html>

Explain the above calculation in your own words.

Assignment 6.4: HTML

Screenshot IP address Ubuntu VM:

Screenshot of Site directory contents:

Screenshot python3 webserver command:

Screenshot web browser visits your site

Bonus point assignment – week 6

Remember that bitwise java application you've made in week 2? Expand that application so that you can also calculate a network segment as explained in the PowerPoint slides of week 6. Use the bitwise & AND operator. You need to be able to input two Strings. An IP address and a subnet.

IP: 192.168.1.100 and subnet: 255.255.255.224 for /27

Example: 192.168.1.100/27

Calculate the network segment

IP Address: 11000000.10101000.00000001.01100100

Subnet Mask: 11111111.11111111.11111111.11100000

Network Addr: 11000000.10101000.00000001.01100000

This gives 192.168.1.96 in decimal as the network address.

For a /27 subnet, each segment (or subnet) has 32 IP addresses (2^5).

The range of this network segment is from 192.168.1.96 to 192.168.1.127.

Paste source code here, with a screenshot of a working application.

```
Application.java x
1  import nl.saxion.app.SaxionApp;
2
3  public class Application implements Runnable {
4
5      public static void main(String[] args) {
6          SaxionApp.start(new Application(), width: 800, height: 800);
7      }
8
9      public void run() {
10         SaxionApp.println( text: "Welcome! Please choose one of the options below:");
11
12         boolean exit = false;
13
14         while (!exit) {
15             // Display the menu options
16             SaxionApp.println( text: "\nMenu:");
17             SaxionApp.println( text: "1. Check if the number is odd");
18             SaxionApp.println( text: "2. Check if the number is a power of 2");
19             SaxionApp.println( text: "3. Calculate the two's complement of the number");
20             SaxionApp.println( text: "4. Calculate network segment");
21             SaxionApp.println( text: "5. Exit");
22             int choice = SaxionApp.readInt( alternativeErrorMessage: "Choose an option:");
23
24             // Process the user's choice
25             switch (choice) {
26                 case 1 -> checkOdd();
27                 case 2 -> checkPowerOfTwo();
28                 case 3 -> calculateTwosComplement();
29                 case 4 -> calculateNetworkSegment();
30                 case 5 -> {
31                     SaxionApp.println( text: "Exiting the program...");
32                     exit = true;
33                 }
34                 default -> SaxionApp.println( text: "Invalid option. Please try again.");
35             }
36         }
37     }
38 }
```

```
66 private void calculateNetworkSegment() { 1 usage
67     SaxionApp.println( text: "Please provide the IP address and subnet mask");
68
69     SaxionApp.print("Enter the IP address: ");
70     String ipAddress = SaxionApp.readString();
71     SaxionApp.print("Enter the subnet mask: ");
72     String subnetMask = SaxionApp.readString();
73
74     try {
75         int[] ipParts = parseIpAddress(ipAddress);
76         int[] maskParts = parseIpAddress(subnetMask);
77
78         int[] networkAddress = new int[4];
79         for (int i = 0; i < 4; i++) {
80             networkAddress[i] = ipParts[i] & maskParts[i];
81         }
82
83         SaxionApp.println( text: "\nResults:");
84         SaxionApp.println( text: "IP Address: " + ipAddress + " (" + toBinaryString(ipParts) + ")");
85         SaxionApp.println( text: "Subnet Mask: " + subnetMask + " (" + toBinaryString(maskParts) + ")");
86         SaxionApp.println( text: "Network Address: " + toDecimalString(networkAddress) + " (" + toBinaryString(networkAddress) + ")");
87     } catch (IllegalArgumentException e) {
88         SaxionApp.println( text: "Error: " + e.getMessage());
89     }
90 }
```

```

92 @ private int[] parseIpAddress(String ipAddress) throws IllegalArgumentException { 2 usages
93     String[] parts = ipAddress.split( regex: "\\.");
94     if (parts.length != 4) {
95         throw new IllegalArgumentException("Invalid IP address format.");
96     }
97
98     int[] result = new int[4];
99     for (int i = 0; i < 4; i++) {
100         int part = Integer.parseInt(parts[i]);
101         if (part < 0 || part > 255) {
102             throw new IllegalArgumentException("Each part of the IP address must be between 0 and 255.");
103         }
104         result[i] = part;
105     }
106     return result;
107 }
108

```

```

109 @ private String toBinaryString(int[] addressParts) { 3 usages
110     StringBuilder binaryString = new StringBuilder();
111     for (int part : addressParts) {
112         binaryString.append(String.format("%8s", Integer.toBinaryString(part)).replace( oldChar: ' ', newChar: '0')).append(".");
113     }
114     return binaryString.substring(0, binaryString.length() - 1);
115 }
116
117 @ private String toDecimalString(int[] addressParts) { 1 usage
118     StringBuilder decimalString = new StringBuilder();
119     for (int part : addressParts) {
120         decimalString.append(part).append(".");
121     }
122     return decimalString.substring(0, decimalString.length() - 1);
123 }
124 }

```

```
Saxion Drawingboard

Welcome! Please choose one of the options below:

Menu:
1. Check if the number is odd
2. Check if the number is a power of 2
3. Calculate the two's complement of the number
4. Calculate network segment
5. Exit
4
Please provide the IP address and subnet mask
Enter the IP address: 4.4.4
Enter the subnet mask: 4.4.4
Error: Invalid IP address format.

Menu:
1. Check if the number is odd
2. Check if the number is a power of 2
3. Calculate the two's complement of the number
4. Calculate network segment
5. Exit
4
Please provide the IP address and subnet mask
Enter the IP address: 192.168.10.2
Enter the subnet mask: 255.255.255.10

Results:
IP Address: 192.168.10.2 (11000000.10101000.00001010.00000010)
Subnet Mask: 255.255.255.10 (11111111.11111111.11111111.00001010)
Network Address: 192.168.10.2 (11000000.10101000.00001010.00000010)

Menu:
1. Check if the number is odd
2. Check if the number is a power of 2
3. Calculate the two's complement of the number
4. Calculate network segment
5. Exit
█
```

Ready? Save this file and export it as a pdf file with the name: [week6.pdf](#)