

In [95]:

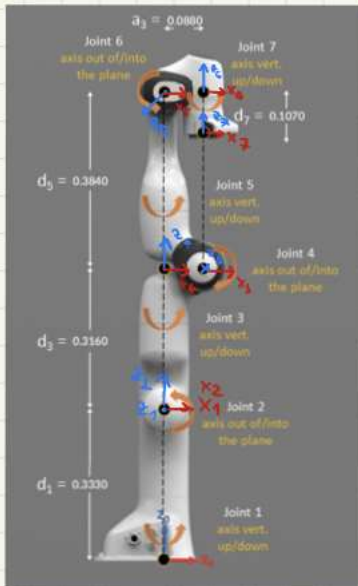
```
from sympy import*  
from IPython.display import Image, display, HTML  
from scipy import optimize  
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt  
import numpy as np  
%matplotlib qt
```

Homework 4.

In [96]:

Image("Doc.png")

Out[96]:



DH Spong

i	Q_i	d_i	a_i	α_i
1	q_1	d_1	0	90°
2	q_2	0	0	-90°
3	q_3	d_3	a_3	-90°
4	q_4	0	$-a_3$	90°
5	q_5	d_5	0	90°
6	q_6	0	a_6	-90°
7	q_7	$-d_7$	0	0

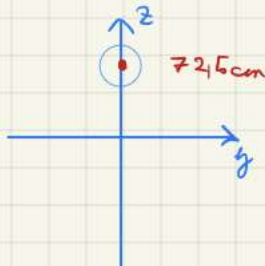
$$x_i \perp z_{i-1}$$

$$x_i \perp z_{i-1}$$

D-H parameters:

 d_i : x_i distance from x_{i-1} along z_{i-1}
 Q_i : x_i angle from x_{i-1} around z_{i-1}
 a_i : z_i distance from z_{i-1} along x_i
 α_i : z_i angle from z_{i-1} around x_i

According to the homework 4 $q_3 = 0$
and since the pen is 10cm long I include it
in the d_7 shift so:



DH Spong

i	Q_i	d_i	a_i	α_i
1	q_1	d_1	0	90°
2	q_2	0	0	-90°
3	0	d_3	a_3	-90°
4	q_4	0	$-a_3$	90°
5	q_5	d_5	0	90°
6	q_6	0	a_6	-90°
7	q_7	$-d_7$	0	0

→ the frame can stay, it just
not been used in the jacobian

circle equation:

$$y^2 + (z - 7.25)^2 = r^2 = 10^2$$

Polar coordinates:

$$y = r \cdot \cos(\theta + 90^\circ) \quad // 90^\circ \text{ shift since we start}$$

$$z = r \cdot \sin(\theta + 90^\circ) \quad \text{from the top}$$

$$x = 6.75$$

$$\theta = \frac{2\pi}{5} \cdot t \quad \text{where } t \text{ goes from } [0; 5]$$

since the pen does not rotate its $\theta, \theta, \theta = \text{constant}$

$$\text{So } \dot{X} = \begin{bmatrix} \dot{u} \\ \dot{v} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} r \sin(\theta + 90^\circ) \cdot \dot{\theta} \\ r \cos(\theta + 90^\circ) \cdot \dot{\theta} \end{bmatrix}$$

For the inverse kinematics the jacobian is
calculated by the second method

using the z_i and $\frac{\partial x_p}{\partial q_i}$

where z_i is the z -axis of each 0T_i transform

and x_p is the position of 0T_7

where i goes from 1 to 7, except 3, and $q_3 = 0$

$$J = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{\partial x_p}{\partial q_1} & \frac{\partial x_p}{\partial q_2} & \frac{\partial x_p}{\partial q_4} & \frac{\partial x_p}{\partial q_5} & \frac{\partial x_p}{\partial q_6} & \frac{\partial x_p}{\partial q_7} \\ z_1 & z_2 & z_4 & z_5 & z_6 & z_7 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\dot{q} = J^{-1}(q) \dot{X}$$

$$q_{\text{next}} = q_{\text{current}} + \dot{q} \Delta t$$

and y, z can be plotted by calculating the
transform matrix in each q iteration, ${}^0T_7(q) \rightarrow$ last column $\rightarrow y, z$

In [97]:

```
q1,q2,q3,q4,q5,q6,q7,d1,d3,d5,d7,a3=symbols('q_1 q_2 q_3 q_4 q_5 q_6 q_7 d_1 d_3 d_5 d_7 a_
```

The transformation matrixes are calculated.

In [98]:

```
def DH_Tr_sym_UMD(theta=0, d=0, a=0, alpha=0):
    Tr_theta=Matrix([[cos(theta), -sin(theta), 0, 0],
                     [sin(theta), cos(theta), 0, 0],
                     [0, 0, 1, 0],
                     [0, 0, 0, 1]])
    Tr_d=Matrix([[1, 0, 0, 0],
                 [0, 1, 0, 0],
                 [0, 0, 1, d],
                 [0, 0, 0, 1]])
    Tr_a=Matrix([[1, 0, 0, a],
                 [0, 1, 0, 0],
                 [0, 0, 1, 0],
                 [0, 0, 0, 1]])
    Tr_alpha=Matrix([[1, 0, 0, 0],
                     [0, cos(alpha), -sin(alpha), 0],
                     [0, sin(alpha), cos(alpha), 0],
                     [0, 0, 0, 1]])

    Tr_KHALIL=Tr_theta@Tr_d@Tr_a@Tr_alpha

    return Tr_KHALIL
```

In [99]:

```
H_01=DH_Tr_sym_UMD(theta=q1, d=d1, a=0, alpha=pi/2)
H_01
```

Out[99]:

$$\begin{bmatrix} \cos(q_1) & 0 & \sin(q_1) & 0 \\ \sin(q_1) & 0 & -\cos(q_1) & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & d_1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

In [100]:

```
H_12=DH_Tr_sym_UMD(theta=q2, d=0, a=0, alpha=-pi/2)
H_02=H_01@H_12
H_12
```

Out[100]:

$$\begin{bmatrix} \cos(q_2) & 0 & -\sin(q_2) & 0 \\ \sin(q_2) & 0 & \cos(q_2) & 0 \\ 0 & -1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

In [101]:

```
H_23=DH_Tr_sym_UMD(theta=q3, d=d3 , a=a3, alpha=-pi/2)
H_03=H_01@H_12@H_23
H_23
```

Out[101]:

$$\begin{bmatrix} \cos(q_3) & 0 & -\sin(q_3) & a_3 \cos(q_3) \\ \sin(q_3) & 0 & \cos(q_3) & a_3 \sin(q_3) \\ 0 & -1 & 0 & d_3 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

In [102]:

```
H_34=DH_Tr_sym_UMD(theta=q4, d=0 , a=-a3, alpha=pi/2)
H_04=H_01@H_12@H_23@H_34
H_34
```

Out[102]:

$$\begin{bmatrix} \cos(q_4) & 0 & \sin(q_4) & -a_3 \cos(q_4) \\ \sin(q_4) & 0 & -\cos(q_4) & -a_3 \sin(q_4) \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

In [103]:

```
H_45=DH_Tr_sym_UMD(theta=q5, d=d5 , a=0, alpha=pi/2)
H_05=H_01@H_12@H_23@H_34@H_45
H_45
```

Out[103]:

$$\begin{bmatrix} \cos(q_5) & 0 & \sin(q_5) & 0 \\ \sin(q_5) & 0 & -\cos(q_5) & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & d_5 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

In [104]:

```
H_56=DH_Tr_sym_UMD(theta=q6, d=0 , a=a3, alpha=-pi/2)
H_06=H_01@H_12@H_23@H_34@H_45@H_56
H_56
```

Out[104]:

$$\begin{bmatrix} \cos(q_6) & 0 & -\sin(q_6) & a_3 \cos(q_6) \\ \sin(q_6) & 0 & \cos(q_6) & a_3 \sin(q_6) \\ 0 & -1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

In [105]:

```
H_67=DH_Tr_sym_UMD(theta=q7, d=-d7 , a=0, alpha=0)
H_07=H_06*H_67
H_67
```

Out[105]:

$$\begin{bmatrix} \cos(q_7) & -\sin(q_7) & 0 & 0 \\ \sin(q_7) & \cos(q_7) & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & -d_7 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

In [106]:

```
H_07.subs({q1:0,q2:0,q3:0,q4:pi/2,q5:0,q6:pi,q7:0})
```

Out[106]:

$$\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & -1 & a_3 + d_5 + d_7 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & 2a_3 + d_1 + d_3 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

In [107]:

```
H_07_inv=H_07 #made a copy to use it Later on
```

In [108]:

H_07

Out[108]:

$$\begin{aligned} & ((((-\sin(q_1)\sin(q_3) + \cos(q_1)\cos(q_2)\cos(q_3))\cos(q_4) + \sin(q_2)\sin(q_4)\cos(q_1) \\ & \quad (q_5))\cos(q_6) + ((-\sin(q_1)\sin(q_3) + \cos(q_1)\cos(q_2)\cos(q_3))\sin(q_6) \\ & + (-((- \sin(q_1)\sin(q_3) + \cos(q_1)\cos(q_2)\cos(q_3))\cos(q_4) + \sin(q_2)\sin(q_4)\cos(q_1)) \\ & \quad (q_7)) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & ((((\sin(q_1)\cos(q_2)\cos(q_3) + \sin(q_3)\cos(q_1))\cos(q_4) + \sin(q_1)\sin(q_2)\sin(q_4) \\ & \quad (q_5))\cos(q_6) + ((\sin(q_1)\cos(q_2)\cos(q_3) + \sin(q_3)\cos(q_1))\sin(q_6) \\ & + (-((\sin(q_1)\cos(q_2)\cos(q_3) + \sin(q_3)\cos(q_1))\cos(q_4) + \sin(q_1)\sin(q_2)\sin(q_4) \\ & \quad (q_5))\sin(q_7)) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & ((((\sin(q_2)\cos(q_3)\cos(q_4) - \sin(q_4)\cos(q_2))\cos(q_5) - \sin(q_2)\sin(q_3)\sin(q_5))\cos(q_6) \\ & \quad (q_7) + (-((\sin(q_2)\cos(q_3)\cos(q_4) - \sin(q_4)\cos(q_2))\sin(q_6) \\ & \quad (q_7) + ((\sin(q_2)\cos(q_3)\cos(q_4) - \sin(q_4)\cos(q_2))\sin(q_6) \\ & \quad (q_7)) \end{aligned}$$

0

Generating X_p

In [109]:

```
X_p=(H_07.col(-1))
X_p
```

Out[109]:

$$\begin{aligned}
& a_3 (((-\sin(q_1) \sin(q_3) + \cos(q_1) \cos(q_2) \cos(q_3)) \cos(q_4) + \sin(q_2) \sin(q_4) \cos(q_1)) \cos(q_5)) \cos(q_6) + a_3 ((-\sin(q_1) \sin(q_3) + \cos(q_1) \cos(q_2) \cos(q_3)) \sin(q_5)) \sin(q_6) + ((-\sin(q_1) \sin(q_3) + \cos(q_1) \cos(q_2) \cos(q_3)) \sin(q_5)) \sin(q_6) \\
& - a_3 (-\sin(q_1) \sin(q_3) + \cos(q_1) \cos(q_2) \cos(q_3)) \cos(q_4) - a_3 \sin(q_1) \sin(q_3) - a_3 \sin(q_2) \sin(q_4) \cos(q_1) + d_3 \sin(q_2) \cos(q_1) + d_5 ((-\sin(q_1) \sin(q_3) + \cos(q_1) \cos(q_2) \cos(q_3)) \cos(q_4) + \sin(q_2) \sin(q_4) \cos(q_1)) \cos(q_5)) \sin(q_6) + ((-\sin(q_1) \sin(q_3) + \cos(q_1) \cos(q_2) \cos(q_3)) \sin(q_5)) \sin(q_6) \\
& a_3 (((\sin(q_1) \cos(q_2) \cos(q_3) + \sin(q_3) \cos(q_1)) \cos(q_4) + \sin(q_1) \sin(q_2) \sin(q_4)) \cos(q_5)) \cos(q_6) + a_3 ((\sin(q_1) \cos(q_2) \cos(q_3) + \sin(q_3) \cos(q_1)) \sin(q_5)) \sin(q_6) + ((\sin(q_1) \cos(q_2) \cos(q_3) + \sin(q_3) \cos(q_1)) \sin(q_5)) \sin(q_6) \\
& - a_3 (\sin(q_1) \cos(q_2) \cos(q_3) + \sin(q_3) \cos(q_1)) \cos(q_4) - a_3 \sin(q_1) \sin(q_2) \sin(q_4) + a_3 \sin(q_1) \sin(q_2) \sin(q_4) + d_5 ((\sin(q_1) \cos(q_2) \cos(q_3) + \sin(q_3) \cos(q_1)) \cos(q_4) + \sin(q_1) \sin(q_2) \sin(q_4)) \cos(q_5)) \sin(q_6) + ((\sin(q_1) \cos(q_2) \cos(q_3) + \sin(q_3) \cos(q_1)) \sin(q_5)) \sin(q_6) \\
& - (((\sin(q_1) \cos(q_2) \cos(q_3) + \sin(q_3) \cos(q_1)) \cos(q_4) + \sin(q_1) \sin(q_2) \sin(q_4)) \cos(q_5)) \sin(q_6) + ((\sin(q_1) \cos(q_2) \cos(q_3) + \sin(q_3) \cos(q_1)) \sin(q_5)) \sin(q_6) + ((\sin(q_1) \cos(q_2) \cos(q_3) + \sin(q_3) \cos(q_1)) \sin(q_5)) \sin(q_6) \\
& a_3 ((\sin(q_2) \cos(q_3) \cos(q_4) - \sin(q_4) \cos(q_2)) \cos(q_5) - \sin(q_2) \sin(q_3) \sin(q_5)) \cos(q_6) - a_3 \sin(q_2) \cos(q_3) \cos(q_4) + a_3 \sin(q_2) \cos(q_3) + a_3 \sin(q_4) \cos(q_2) + d_1 + d_3 \\
& - d_7 (-((\sin(q_2) \cos(q_3) \cos(q_4) - \sin(q_4) \cos(q_2)) \cos(q_5) - \sin(q_2) \sin(q_3) \sin(q_5)) \cos(q_6)) \\
& 1
\end{aligned}$$

In [110]:

```
X_p.row_del(-1)
```


In [111]:

X_p

Out[111]:

$$\begin{aligned}
& a_3 (((-\sin(q_1) \sin(q_3) + \cos(q_1) \cos(q_2) \cos(q_3)) \cos(q_4) + \sin(q_2) \sin(q_4) \cos(q_1)) \cos(q_5)) \cos(q_6) + a_3 ((-\sin(q_1) \sin(q_3) + \cos(q_1) \cos(q_2) \cos(q_3)) \sin(q_5)) \cos(q_6) \\
& - a_3 (-\sin(q_1) \sin(q_3) + \cos(q_1) \cos(q_2) \cos(q_3)) \cos(q_4) - a_3 \sin(q_1) \sin(q_3) - a_3 \sin(q_2) \sin(q_4) \cos(q_1)) \cos(q_5) \\
& - d_3 \sin(q_2) \cos(q_1) + d_5 ((-\sin(q_1) \sin(q_3) + \cos(q_1) \cos(q_2) \cos(q_3)) \cos(q_4) + \sin(q_2) \sin(q_4) \cos(q_1)) \cos(q_5)) \\
& - d_7 ((-\sin(q_1) \sin(q_3) + \cos(q_1) \cos(q_2) \cos(q_3)) \cos(q_4) + \sin(q_2) \sin(q_4) \cos(q_1)) \cos(q_5)) \sin(q_6) + ((-\sin(q_1) \sin(q_3) + \cos(q_1) \cos(q_2) \cos(q_3)) \sin(q_5)) \sin(q_6) \\
& a_3 (((\sin(q_1) \cos(q_2) \cos(q_3) + \sin(q_3) \cos(q_1)) \cos(q_4) + \sin(q_1) \sin(q_2) \sin(q_4)) \cos(q_5)) \cos(q_6) + a_3 ((\sin(q_1) \cos(q_2) \cos(q_3) + \sin(q_3) \cos(q_1)) \sin(q_5)) \cos(q_6) \\
& - a_3 (\sin(q_1) \cos(q_2) \cos(q_3) + \sin(q_3) \cos(q_1)) \cos(q_4) - a_3 \sin(q_1) \sin(q_2) \sin(q_4) + a_3 \sin(q_1) \sin(q_2) \sin(q_4) + a_3 \sin(q_1) \sin(q_2) \sin(q_4) \\
& (q_1) \sin(q_2) + d_5 ((\sin(q_1) \cos(q_2) \cos(q_3) + \sin(q_3) \cos(q_1)) \sin(q_5)) \cos(q_6) - d_7 ((\sin(q_1) \cos(q_2) \cos(q_3) + \sin(q_3) \cos(q_1)) \sin(q_5)) \cos(q_6) \\
& - (((\sin(q_1) \cos(q_2) \cos(q_3) + \sin(q_3) \cos(q_1)) \cos(q_4) + \sin(q_1) \sin(q_2) \sin(q_4)) \cos(q_5)) \sin(q_6) + ((\sin(q_1) \cos(q_2) \cos(q_3) + \sin(q_3) \cos(q_1)) \sin(q_5)) \sin(q_6) \\
& a_3 ((\sin(q_2) \cos(q_3) \cos(q_4) - \sin(q_4) \cos(q_2)) \cos(q_5) - \sin(q_2) \sin(q_3) \sin(q_5)) \cos(q_6) - a_3 \sin(q_2) \cos(q_3) \cos(q_4) + a_3 \sin(q_2) \cos(q_3) + a_3 \sin(q_4) \cos(q_2) + d_1 + d_3 \\
& - d_7 (-((\sin(q_2) \cos(q_3) \cos(q_4) - \sin(q_4) \cos(q_2)) \cos(q_5) - \sin(q_2) \sin(q_3) \sin(q_5)) \cos(q_6))
\end{aligned}$$

Canculating the velocity part of the Jacobian, by differentiating X_p , you can see the components by order in the matrix.

In [112]:

```
J_v = X_p.diff(q1).row_join(X_p.diff(q2)).row_join(X_p.diff(q4)).row_join(X_p.diff(q5)).row
```


In [126]:

```
M=M.subs({q3:0})
M
```

Out[126]:

$$\begin{aligned}
& -20.7(-(-\sin(q_1)\sin(q_2)\sin(q_4) - \sin(q_1)\cos(q_2)\cos(q_4))\cos(q_6) \\
& + 8.8((-\sin(q_1)\sin(q_2)\sin(q_4) - \sin(q_1)\cos(q_2)\cos(q_4))\cos(q_6) \\
& + 8.8(\sin(q_1)\sin(q_2)\cos(q_4) - \sin(q_1)\sin(q_4)\cos(q_2))\sin(q_6) - 20.7(\sin(q_1)\sin(q_2)\sin(q_4) \\
& + 38.4\sin(q_1)\sin(q_2)\cos(q_4) + 31.6\sin(q_1)\sin(q_2) - 38.4\sin(q_1)\cos(q_2) \\
& - 20.7(-(\sin(q_2)\sin(q_4)\cos(q_1) + \cos(q_1)\cos(q_2)\cos(q_4))\cos(q_6) \\
& + 8.8((\sin(q_2)\sin(q_4)\cos(q_1) + \cos(q_1)\cos(q_2)\cos(q_4))\cos(q_6) \\
& + 8.8(-\sin(q_2)\cos(q_1)\cos(q_4) + \sin(q_4)\cos(q_1)\cos(q_2))\sin(q_6) - 20.7(-\sin(q_2)\sin(q_4)\cos(q_1) \\
& - 8.8\sin(q_2)\sin(q_4)\cos(q_1) - 38.4\sin(q_2)\cos(q_1)\cos(q_4) - 31.6\sin(q_2)\cos(q_1) + 31.6\cos(q_1)\cos(q_2) \\
& 0 \\
& \sin(q_1) \\
& -\cos(q_1) \\
& 0
\end{aligned}$$

Inserting the distances and the fixed joint, the pen's length is added to the d_7 into M

In [118]:

```
M=M.subs({d1:33.3,d3:31.6,d5:38.4,a3:8.8,d7:20.7})
K=M #Making a copy just in case
```

In [119]:

K

Out[119]:

$$\begin{aligned}
& -20.7(-(-\sin(q_1)\sin(q_2)\sin(q_4) - \sin(q_1)\cos(q_2)\cos(q_4))\cos(q_5) + \sin(q_1)\sin(q_2)\sin(q_4) + \sin(q_1)\cos(q_2)\cos(q_4))\cos(q_5) - \sin(q_1)\sin(q_2)\cos(q_4) \\
& + 8.8(\sin(q_1)\sin(q_2)\cos(q_4) - \sin(q_1)\sin(q_4)\cos(q_2))\sin(q_6) - 20.7(\sin(q_1)\sin(q_2)\cos(q_4) \cdot \\
& (q_1)\sin(q_2)\sin(q_4) + 38.4\sin(q_1)\sin(q_2)\cos(q_4) + 31.6\sin(q_1)\sin(q_2) - 38.4\sin(q_1)\sin(q_4)\cos(q_1)\cos(q_2) \\
& -20.7(-(\sin(q_2)\sin(q_4)\cos(q_1) + \cos(q_1)\cos(q_2)\cos(q_4))\cos(q_5) + \sin(q_2)\sin(q_4)\cos(q_1) + \cos(q_1)\cos(q_2)\cos(q_4))\cos(q_5) - \sin(q_2)\sin(q_4)\cos(q_1) \\
& + 8.8(-\sin(q_2)\cos(q_1)\cos(q_4) + \sin(q_4)\cos(q_1)\cos(q_2))\sin(q_6) - 20.7(-\sin(q_2)\cos(q_1)\cos(q_4) + \sin(q_4)\cos(q_1)\cos(q_2))\sin(q_6) \\
& - 8.8\sin(q_2)\sin(q_4)\cos(q_1) - 38.4\sin(q_2)\cos(q_1)\cos(q_4) - 31.6\sin(q_2)\cos(q_1) + 38.4\sin(q_4)\cos(q_1)\cos(q_2) \\
& + 8.8\cos(q_1)\cos(q_2) \\
& 0
\end{aligned}$$

Inserting the distances and the fixed joint, the pen's length is added to the d_7 into T_{07}

In [120]:

```
H_07_inv=H_07_inv.subs({d1:33.3,d3:31.6,d5:38.4,a3:8.8,d7:20.7,q3:0})
H_07_inv
```

Out[120]:

$$\begin{aligned}
& (((\sin(q_2)\sin(q_4)\cos(q_1) + \cos(q_1)\cos(q_2)\cos(q_4))\cos(q_5) - \sin(q_1)\sin(q_5))\cos(q_6) \\
& (q_7) + (-\sin(q_2)\sin(q_4)\cos(q_1) + \cos(q_1)\cos(q_2)\cos(q_4))\cos(q_5) - \sin(q_1)\sin(q_5))\cos(q_6) \\
& (((\sin(q_1)\sin(q_2)\sin(q_4) + \sin(q_1)\cos(q_2)\cos(q_4))\cos(q_5) + \sin(q_5)\cos(q_1))\cos(q_6) \\
& (q_7) + (-\sin(q_1)\sin(q_2)\sin(q_4) + \sin(q_1)\cos(q_2)\cos(q_4))\cos(q_5) + \sin(q_5)\cos(q_1))\cos(q_6) \\
& ((\sin(q_2)\sin(q_4) + \cos(q_2)\cos(q_4))\sin(q_6) + (\sin(q_2)\cos(q_4) - \sin(q_2)\cos(q_4) - \sin(q_4)\cos(q_4))\sin(q_6) \\
& - (\sin(q_2)\cos(q_4) - \sin(q_4)\cos(q_4))\sin(q_6) \\
& 0
\end{aligned}$$

Running a loop to calculate to do the inverse kinematics, first calculate the velocity vector, from that using the inverse Jacobian we get \dot{q} , by numerical integration we get q and using the transformation matrix we calculate the Y , Z coordinates in each iteration. The loop runs almost for couple of minutes due to the small timestep, but the circle is nice.

In [121]:

```

## 2D plot essentials
#
#plt.ylim(60,90)
#plt.xlim(-15,15)
#plt.rcParams['figure.figsize'] = [10, 10]
#plt.axis([-15, 15, 60, 90])
#

#Initializing the start values, and making some matrices to reduce the computation time in
theta_dot=2*pi/5
t=0
V=Matrix([[0],[0],[0],[0],[0],[0]])
Q=Matrix([[0.0],[0.0],[pi/2],[0.0],[pi],[0.0]])
i=0
r=10
x=[]
y=[]
z=[]
Plot=Matrix([[0],[0],[0],[0]])
A=H_07_inv.col(-1)
while(i<=5):

    V[1]=(-r*sin(pi/2+theta_dot*i)*theta_dot).evalf()
    V[2]=(r*cos(pi/2+theta_dot*i)*theta_dot).evalf()
    #print(Plot[2])
    #Plot=(H_07_inv.col(-1)).subs({q1:Q[0],q2:Q[1],q4:Q[2],q5:Q[3],q6:Q[4],q7:Q[5]}).evalf()
    K=M.subs({q1:Q[0],q2:Q[1],q4:Q[2],q5:Q[3],q6:Q[4],q7:Q[5]}).evalf()
    Q_dot=K.inv().evalf()*V
    Q=Q+0.01*Q_dot
    #Q[0]=Q[0]+0.25*Q_dot[0]
    #Q[1]=Q[1]+0.25*Q_dot[1]
    #Q[2]=Q[2]+0.25*Q_dot[2]
    #Q[3]=Q[3]+0.25*Q_dot[3]
    #Q[4]=Q[4]+0.25*Q_dot[4]
    #Q[5]=Q[5]+0.25*Q_dot[5]
    Plot=(A.subs({q1:Q[0],q2:Q[1],q4:Q[2],q5:Q[3],q6:Q[4],q7:Q[5]})).evalf()
    x.append(Plot[0])
    y.append(Plot[1])
    z.append(Plot[2])
    ## 2D plot essentials
    #print(Plot[2])
    #plt.plot(Plot[0],Plot[1], Plot[2], color='green', linestyle='solid', linewidth = 3,
    #         marker='o')
    #

    i=i+0.01

```

3D plot

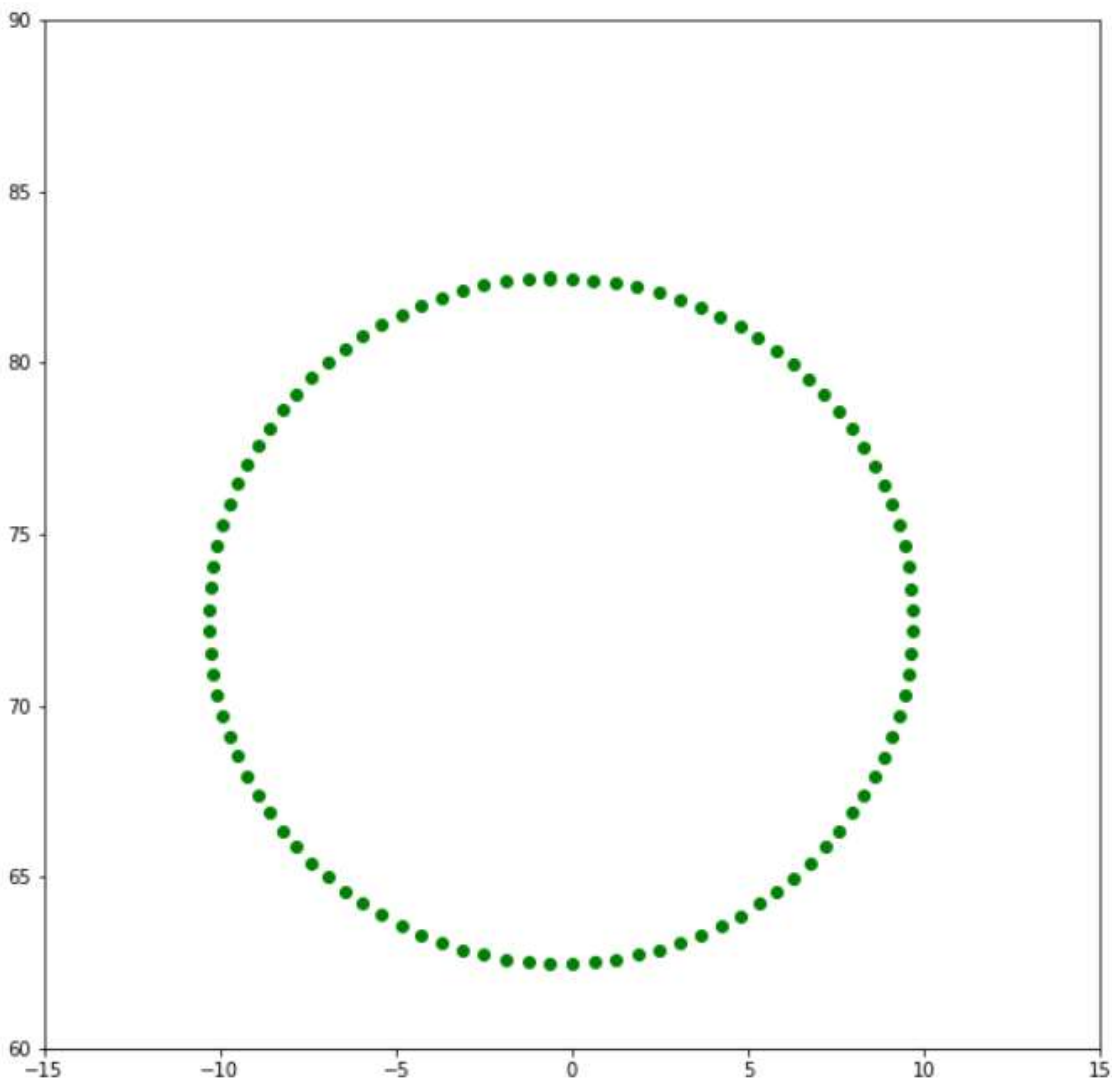
In [125]:

```
ax = plt.axes(projection='3d')
ax.set_aspect('equal', 'box')
ax.axes.set_xlim3d(left=40, right=80)
ax.axes.set_ylim3d(bottom=-20, top=20)
ax.axes.set_zlim3d(bottom=55, top=85)
ax.scatter3D(x, y, z, color='green');
```

In [123]:

```
Image("2d_circle.png")
```

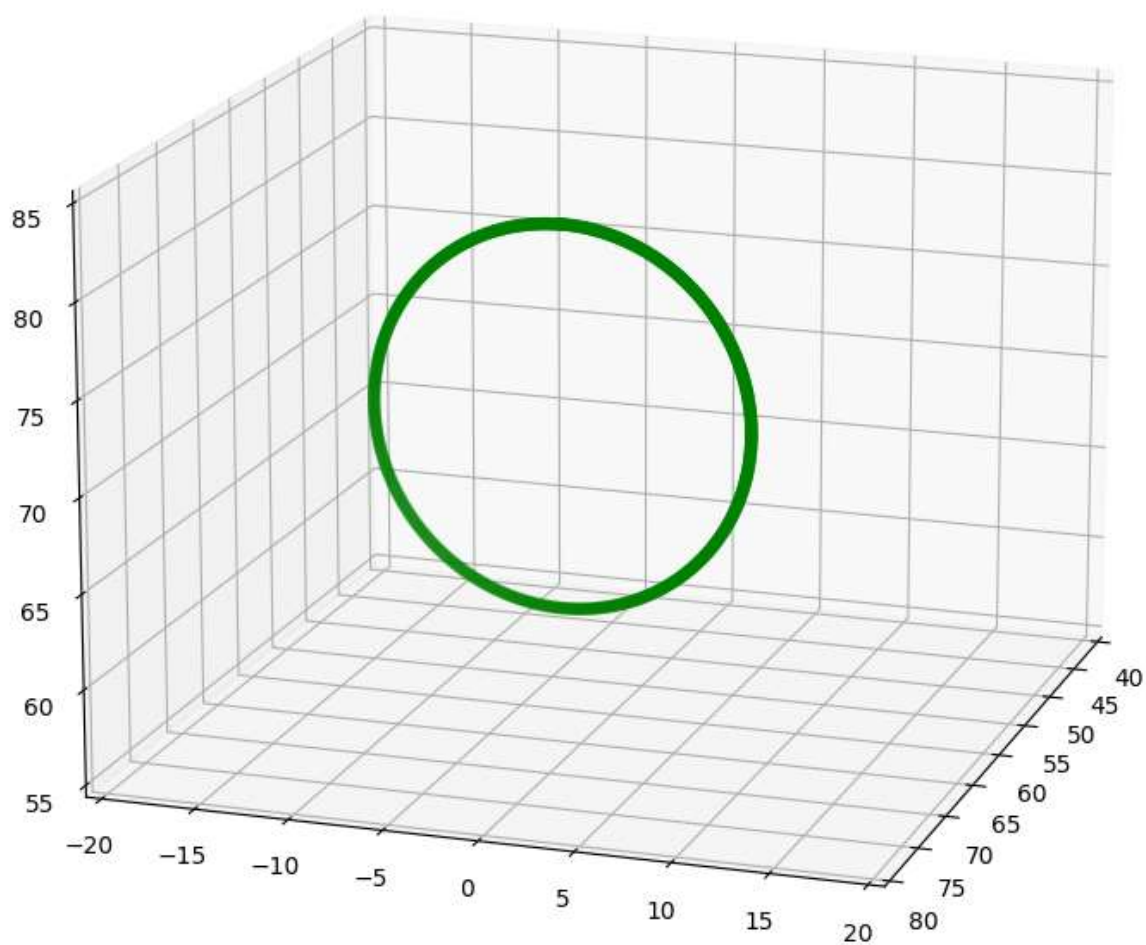
Out[123]:



In [124]:

```
Image("3d_circle.png")
```

Out[124]:



In []: