

Basic Databases – Report02

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|------------|---------------|-------|
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This task consists of 2 problems. If you cannot solve a problem, try to give at least a partial answer or partial solution. Remember to write your name, and identifier.

Problem 1

Based on the developed conceptual data model "Books" in previous lab classes:

1. Define the structure of the database (tables, constraints: PRIMARY KEY, FOREIGN KEYS, CHECK - domain constraints)
2. Introduce sample records to check the correctness of defined constraints

Solution:

1. Structure of the database:

```
CREATE TABLE Publisher(  
    NIP VARCHAR(11) CONSTRAINT pk_Publisher PRIMARY KEY,  
    "name" VARCHAR(30)  
);  
  
CREATE TABLE Author(  
    PESEL VARCHAR(15) CONSTRAINT pk_Author PRIMARY KEY,  
    firstName VARCHAR(20),  
    lastName VARCHAR(20)  
);  
  
CREATE TABLE Reader(  
    PESEL VARCHAR(15) CONSTRAINT pk_Reader PRIMARY KEY,  
    firstName VARCHAR(20),  
    lastName VARCHAR(20),  
    booksRead INT,  
    CONSTRAINT chk_booksRead CHECK(booksRead >= 0)  
);  
  
CREATE TABLE Book(  
    ISBN VARCHAR(14) CONSTRAINT pk_Book PRIMARY KEY,  
    title VARCHAR(100),  
    category VARCHAR(30),  
    rating FLOAT,  
    formats VARCHAR(50),  
    pages INT,  
    NIP VARCHAR(11) CONSTRAINT fk_Publisher REFERENCES Publisher(NIP),  
    PESEL_author VARCHAR(15) CONSTRAINT fk_Author REFERENCES Author(PESEL),
```

```

        PESEL_reader VARCHAR(15) CONSTRAINT fk_Reader REFERENCES Reader,
        CONSTRAINT chk_rating CHECK(rating >= 0 AND rating <= 6),
        CONSTRAINT chk_pages CHECK(pages > 0)
);

```

2.

```

INSERT INTO Publisher VALUES(
    5731006793,
    'Pwr Publishing'
);

```

```

INSERT INTO Publisher VALUES(
    5731006793,
    'Second Publisher'
);

```

```

INSERT INTO Publisher VALUES(
    5212319312,
    'Oxford'
);

```

Is invalid as two inputs have the same value of primary key. The error says:

Msg 2627, Level 14, State 1, Line 1
 Violation of PRIMARY KEY constraint 'pk_Publisher'. Cannot insert duplicate key in object 'dbo.Publisher'. The duplicate key value is (5731006793).
 The statement has been terminated.

I have also tried putting too big VARCHAR into table, but the error says:

Arithmetic overflow error converting numeric to data type varchar.

Publisher table obtained by query SELECT * FROM Publisher:

| NIP | name |
|------------|----------------|
| 5212319312 | Oxford |
| 5731006793 | Pwr Publishing |

In the Author table I wanted to add too long VARCHAR, using this code:

```

INSERT INTO Author VALUES(
    81323491236,
    'Janerqregrwqewerrewrqgeweqgeweq',
    'Nowak'
);

```

but an error occurred:

String or binary data would be truncated.

One took place as I set the maximum value for firstName VARCHAR to 20.

I added new entries using those queries:

```
INSERT INTO Author VALUES(  
    98023491237,  
    'Jan',  
    'Kowalski'  
);  
  
INSERT INTO Author VALUES(  
    81323491236,  
    'Piotr',  
    'Nowak'  
);  
  
INSERT INTO Author VALUES(  
    7627481221,  
    'James',  
    'Bond'  
);
```

The output for query:

```
SELECT *  
FROM Author;
```

is following:

| PESEL | firstName | lastName |
|-------------|-----------|----------|
| 7627481221 | James | Bond |
| 81323491236 | Piotr | Nowak |
| 98023491237 | Jan | Kowalski |

I wanted to add new entry into Reader table, but with incorrect booksRead amount. I check this using CHECK constraint (booksRead >= 0). Following was code and error:

```
INSERT INTO Reader VALUES(  
    4367823912,  
    'Andrzej',  
    'Kowalczyk',  
    -1  
);
```

The INSERT statement conflicted with the CHECK constraint "chk_booksRead". The conflict occurred in database "242363", table "dbo.Reader", column 'booksRead'.

I inserted three entries by this query:

```
INSERT INTO Reader VALUES(  
    4367823912,  
    'Andrzej',  
    'Kowalczyk',  
    2  
);
```

```
INSERT INTO Reader VALUES(  
    5512734912,  
    'Anna',  
    'Dąb',  
    44  
);
```

```
INSERT INTO Reader VALUES(  
    9063813991,  
    'Michael',  
    'Jordan',  
    23  
);
```

Using query:

```
SELECT *  
FROM Reader;
```

I obtained following result:

| PESEL | firstName | lastName | booksRead |
|------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| 4367823912 | Andrzej | Kowalczyk | 2 |
| 5512734912 | Anna | Dab | 44 |
| 9063813991 | Michael | Jordan | 23 |

Finally, I started to create entries into Book table. Firstly, I decided to add entry with invalid foreign key. I created that query:

```
INSERT INTO Book VALUES(  
    978-1-60309,  
    'Java - Tutorial',  
    'Computer Science',  
    4.3,  
    'PDF/TXT',  
    452,  
    5731006794,  
    7627481221,  
    9063813991  
);
```

Foreign key for NIP is invalid as it doesn't exist. Fortunately, the error occurred:

The INSERT statement conflicted with the FOREIGN KEY constraint "fk_Publisher". The conflict occurred in database "242363", table "dbo.Publisher", column 'NIP'.

Next I tried to insert data with invalid pages(CHECK constraint pages > 0) and rating(CHECK constraint rating [0.0, 6.0]). Validation system works as the errors say:

The INSERT statement conflicted with the CHECK constraint "chk_rating". The conflict occurred in database "242363", table "dbo.Book", column 'rating'.

The INSERT statement conflicted with the CHECK constraint "chk_pages". The conflict occurred in database "242363", table "dbo.Book", column 'pages'.

I obtained these results by this query:

```
INSERT INTO Book VALUES(  
    978-1-60309,  
    'Java - Tutorial',  
    'Computer Science',  
    6.3,  
    'PDF/TXT',  
    0,  
    5731006793,  
    7627481221,  
    9063813991  
);
```

I added some correct entries using following query:

```
INSERT INTO Book VALUES(  
    '978-1-60309',  
    'Java - Tutorial',  
    'Computer Science',  
    4.3,  
    'PDF/TXT',  
    427,  
    5731006793,  
    7627481221,  
    9063813991  
);
```

```
INSERT INTO Book VALUES(  
    '978-1-60308',  
    'PHP IS not that EASY',  
    'Computer Science',  
    5.1,  
    'PDF',  
    315,  
    5212319312,  
    81323491236,  
    4367823912  
);
```

```
INSERT INTO Book VALUES(  
    '978-1-60315',  
    'Beach Safari',  
    'Science Fiction',  
    4.9,  
    'PDF/Hard Cover',  
    539,  
    5731006793,  
    98023491237,  
);
```

```
5512734912  
);
```

```
INSERT INTO Book VALUES(  
    '978-1-60241',  
    'Any Empire',  
    'Adventure',  
    3.7,  
    'TXT',  
    994,  
    5212319312,  
    7627481221,  
    5512734912  
);
```

```
INSERT INTO Book VALUES(  
    '978-1-51912',  
    'Second Thoughts',  
    'Romantic',  
    4.9,  
    'PDF/TXT/Hard Cover',  
    207,  
    5212319312,  
    98023491237,  
    5512734912  
);
```

```
INSERT INTO Book VALUES(  
    '978-1-914501',  
    'Red Panda and Moon Bear',  
    'Short story',  
    5.0,  
    'Hard Cover/TXT',  
    51,  
    5731006793,  
    81323491236,  
    9063813991  
);
```

And by query:

```
SELECT *  
FROM Book;
```

I got this result:

| ISBN | title | category | rating | formats | pages | NIP | PESEL_author | PESEL_reader |
|--------------|-------------------------|------------------|--------|--------------------|-------|------------|--------------|--------------|
| 978-1-51912 | Second Thoughts | Romantic | 4.9 | PDF/TXT/Hard Cover | 207 | 5212319312 | 98023491237 | 5512734912 |
| 978-1-60241 | Any Empire | Adventure | 3.7 | TXT | 994 | 5212319312 | 7627481221 | 5512734912 |
| 978-1-60308 | PHP IS not that EASY | Computer Science | 5.1 | PDF | 315 | 5212319312 | 81323491236 | 4367823912 |
| 978-1-60309 | Java - Tutorial | Computer Science | 4.3 | PDF/TXT | 427 | 5731006793 | 7627481221 | 9063813991 |
| 978-1-60315 | Beach Safari | Science Fiction | 4.9 | PDF/Hard Cover | 539 | 5731006793 | 98023491237 | 5512734912 |
| 978-1-914501 | Red Panda and Moon Bear | Short story | 5 | Hard Cover/TXT | 51 | 5731006793 | 81323491236 | 9063813991 |

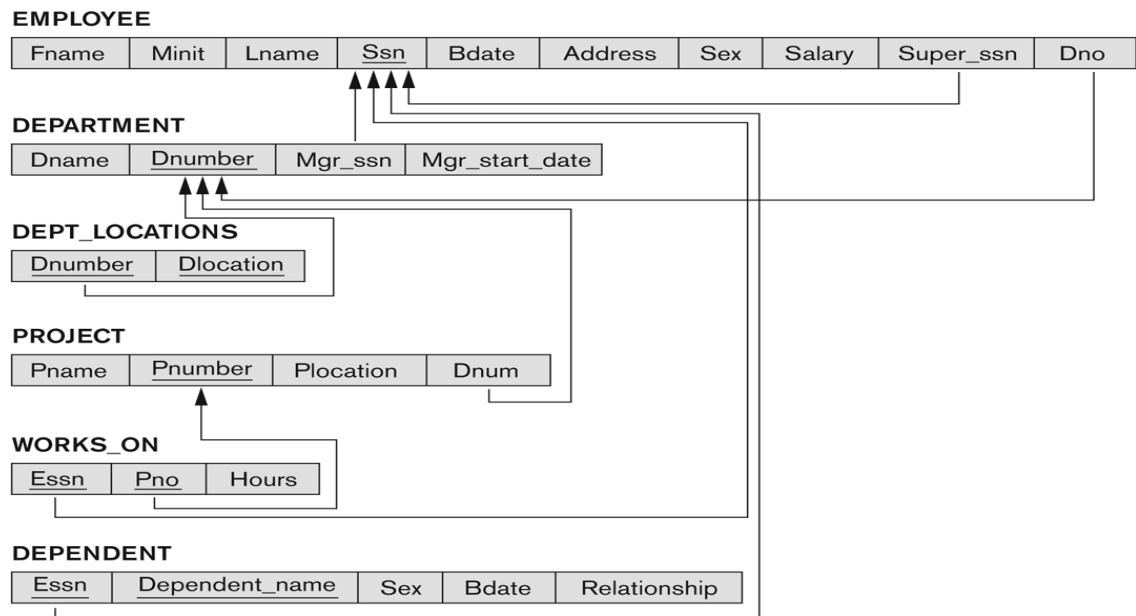
Each book has its publisher, author, reader(s) and its unique primary key, which is ISBN.

Problem 2

1. Define conceptual data model based on the following relational database schema (Company relational data model) using UML
2. Implement the Company relational database in MS SQL 2017

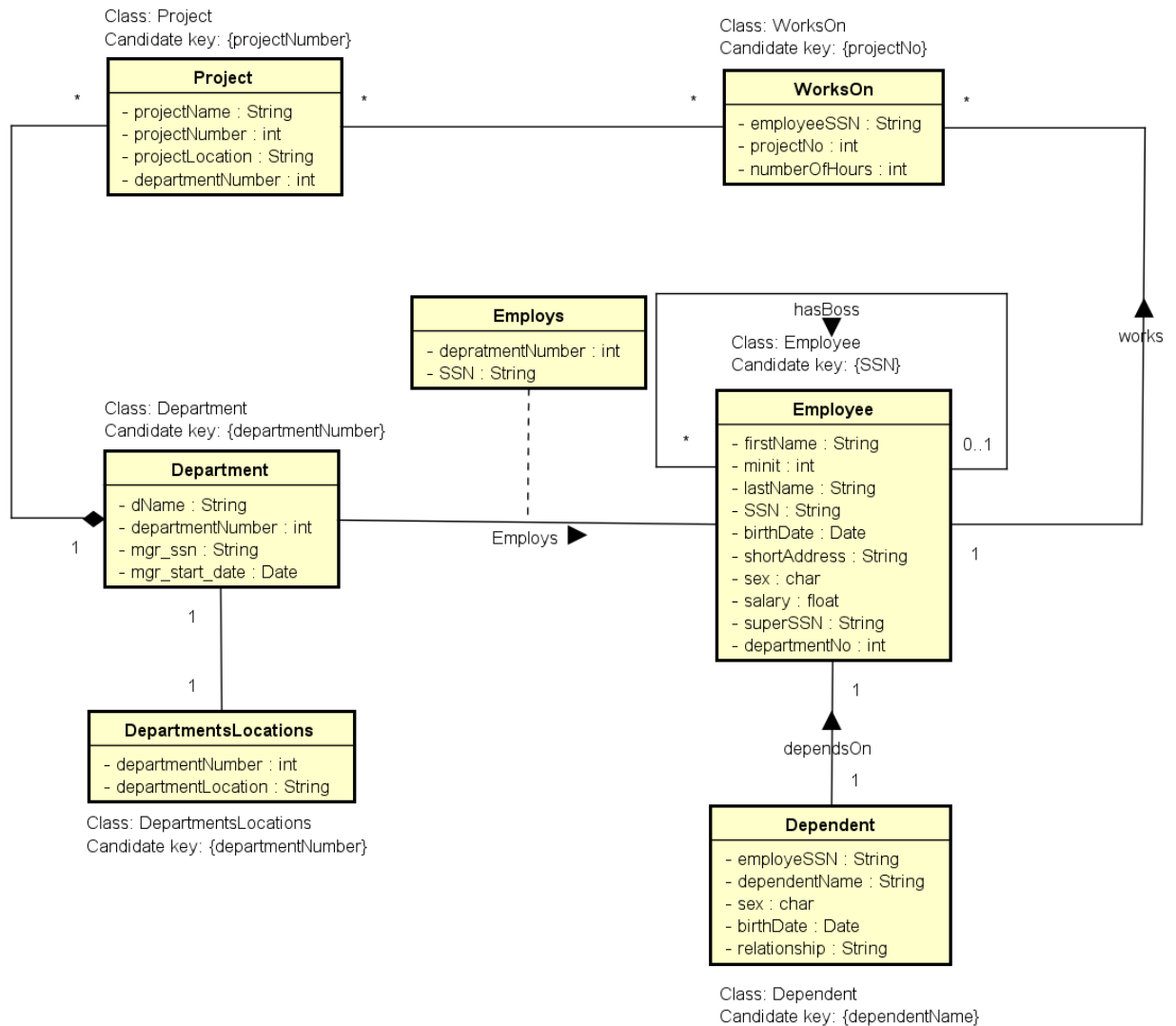
Figure 5.7

Referential integrity constraints displayed on the COMPANY relational database schema.



Solution:

Database schema in UML:



Structure of the database:

```

CREATE TABLE Department(
    departmentNumber INT CONSTRAINT pk_Department PRIMARY KEY,
    dName VARCHAR(40),
    mgr_start_date DATE,
    CONSTRAINT chk_departmentNumber CHECK(departmentNumber >= 0)
);

CREATE TABLE DepartmentsLocations(
    departmentLocation VARCHAR(40),
    departmentNo INT CONSTRAINT fk_Department REFERENCES Department
);

```

```

CREATE TABLE Project(
    projectNumber INT CONSTRAINT pk_Project PRIMARY KEY,
    projectName VARCHAR(40),
    projectLocation VARCHAR(30),
    departmentNumber INT CONSTRAINT fk_projectDepartment REFERENCES Department,
    CONSTRAINT chk_projectNumber CHECK(projectNumber >= 0)
);

CREATE TABLE Employee(
    SSN VARCHAR(20) CONSTRAINT pk_Employee PRIMARY KEY,
    firstName VARCHAR(25),
    minit INT,
    lastName VARCHAR(25),
    birthDate DATE,
    shortAddress VARCHAR(30),
    sex CHAR,
    salary FLOAT,
    superSSN VARCHAR(20) CONSTRAINT fk_Employee REFERENCES Employee,
    CONSTRAINT chk_salary CHECK(salary >= 0)
);

CREATE TABLE Employs(
    mgr_SSN VARCHAR(20) CONSTRAINT fk_employsEmployee REFERENCES Employee,
    departmentNo INT CONSTRAINT fk_employsDepartment REFERENCES Department
);

CREATE TABLE Dependent(
    dependentName VARCHAR(20) CONSTRAINT pk_Dependent PRIMARY KEY,
    sex CHAR,
    birthDate DATE,
    relationship VARCHAR(15),
    employeeSSN VARCHAR(20) CONSTRAINT fk_dependentEmployee REFERENCES Employee
);

CREATE TABLE WorksOn(
    numberOfHours INT,
    projectNo INT CONSTRAINT fk_Project REFERENCES Project,
    employeeSSN VARCHAR(20) CONSTRAINT fk_wokrsOnEmployee REFERENCES Employee,
    CONSTRAINT chk_numberOfHours CHECK(numberOfHours >= 0)
);

```

I inserted data using those queries:

```

INSERT INTO Employee VALUES(
    '123456789',
    'Jan',
    5,
    'Kowalski',
    '1974-10-09',
    'Wroclaw',
    'M',
    2400.50,
    NULL
);

```

```
INSERT INTO Employee VALUES(  
    '987654321',  
    'Piotr',  
    3,  
    'Nowak',  
    '1993-03-15',  
    'Warszawa',  
    'M',  
    1000.30,  
    '123456789'  
);
```

```
INSERT INTO Employee VALUES(  
    '513924591',  
    'Anna',  
    3,  
    'Kowalczyk',  
    '1996-02-15',  
    'Gdansk',  
    'F',  
    1350.30,  
    '123456789'  
);
```

```
INSERT INTO Employee VALUES(  
    '894023817',  
    'John',  
    7,  
    'Newman',  
    '1956-07-15',  
    'London',  
    'M',  
    3450.30,  
    NULL  
);
```

```
INSERT INTO Department VALUES(  
    2,  
    'Wydział Budowniczey',  
    '1953-12-18'  
);
```

```
INSERT INTO Department VALUES(  
    1,  
    'Wydział Architektury',  
    '1976-03-19'  
);
```

```
INSERT INTO Employs VALUES(  
    '123456789',  
    2  
);
```

```
INSERT INTO Employs VALUES(  
    '987654321',  
    2  
);
```

```

INSERT INTO Employs VALUES(
    '513924591',
    2
);

INSERT INTO Employs VALUES(
    '894023817',
    1
);

INSERT INTO Project VALUES(
    1,
    'Budowa mostu',
    'Wroclaw',
    2
);

INSERT INTO Project VALUES(
    2,
    'Szkic palacu',
    'Czestochowa',
    1
);

INSERT INTO WorksOn VALUES(
    32,
    2,
    '123456789'
);

INSERT INTO WorksOn VALUES(
    48,
    2,
    '987654321'
);

INSERT INTO WorksOn VALUES(
    42,
    2,
    '513924591'
);

INSERT INTO WorksOn VALUES(
    16,
    1,
    '894023817'
);

INSERT INTO DepartmentsLocations VALUES(
    'Wroclaw',
    1
);

INSERT INTO DepartmentsLocations VALUES(
    'Legnica',
    2
);

```

```

INSERT INTO [dbo].[Dependent] VALUES(
    'Dependent One',
    'F',
    '1998-09-10',
    'Single',
    '123456789'
);

INSERT INTO [dbo].[Dependent] VALUES(
    'Dependent Two',
    'M',
    '1974-10-15',
    'Married',
    '987654321'
);

INSERT INTO [dbo].[Dependent] VALUES(
    'Dependent Three',
    'F',
    '2001-03-15',
    'Married',
    '513924591'
);

INSERT INTO [dbo].[Dependent] VALUES(
    'Dependent Four',
    'F',
    '1974-03-23',
    'Single',
    '894023817'
);

```

By query:

```

SELECT *
FROM Employee;

```

I obtained those results:

| SSN | firstName | mini | lastName | birthDate | shortAddress | sex | salary | superSSN |
|-----------|-----------|------|-----------|------------|--------------|-----|--------|-----------|
| 123456789 | Jan | 5 | Kowalski | 1974-10-09 | Wroclaw | M | 2400.5 | NULL |
| 513924591 | Anna | 3 | Kowalczyk | 1996-02-15 | Gdansk | F | 1350.3 | 123456789 |
| 894023817 | John | 7 | Newman | 1956-07-15 | London | M | 3450.3 | NULL |
| 987654321 | Piotr | 3 | Nowak | 1993-03-15 | Warszawa | M | 1000.3 | 123456789 |

If the value in superSSN field is NULL that means that this is the boss.

Now, I will check Department table. I select it using query:

```
SELECT *  
FROM Department;
```

That is the result:

| departmentNumber | dName | mgr_start_date |
|------------------|----------------------|----------------|
| 1 | Wydział Architektury | 1976-03-19 |
| 2 | Wydział Budowniczy | 1953-12-18 |

In addition, let me check Employs table as it is important in that database. I use that query:

```
SELECT *  
FROM Employs;
```

I receive that output:

| mgr_SSN | departmentNo |
|-----------|--------------|
| 123456789 | 2 |
| 987654321 | 2 |
| 513924591 | 2 |
| 894023817 | 1 |

That is what I wanted to get.

Conclusions

Before creating database in DBMS, we should make UML schema. Creating UML diagram makes things easier as we can see the concept of a database. In first task, I have checked CHECK constraints and some other protections. Sometimes, we will need an additional table to hold foreign keys, as in the second task where I created 'Employes' association class which holds foreign keys for Department and Employee. I also added some similar CHECK constraints in this task. After inserting data, I have shown some final results which appeared as intended.

Please do not forget about the conclusions being a summary of considered problems and proposed solutions!

Remarks:

1. Students' reports (as one package) should be sent by the leader of the group via e-mail before the next lab
2. The rule of naming student's file report is defined below

| | |
|---|---|
| Name of the file: Rep01-StudId-Last name.pdf | Example: Rep01-1951355-Turan.pdf |
|---|---|