An introduction to Docker, WIP

chroot on steroids

Patrick Schiffler 25th June, 2019

Chapter 1: Let us spread a new

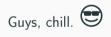
technology.

Motivation

Virtual Machines are old fashioned and complete garbage.



Motivation



Motivation

In reality, we need technologies which fit better into the cloud concept.

Chapter 2: The answer is

Containers

Characteristics I

What does docker.com say about containers? Containers are ...

- flexible
- lightweight
- interchangeable
- portable
- scalable
- stackable

Characteristics II

But people always say: Containers are stateless and that's a problem!

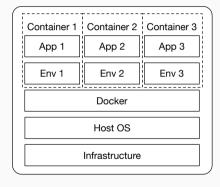
...the f**k?

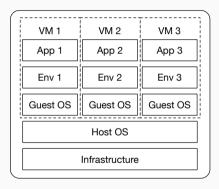
Characteristics III

Container are primary stateless, and that gives us:

- Reliability
- Reproducibility (science loves it)
- ...(probably a lot more)

Container vs. VM





Chapter 3: Sounds good, any

volunteers?

Docker

Docker I

- Started in 2013
- Implementation of container execution
- Client/Server
- written in Go

Docker II

Commands

- docker run
- docker images
- docker build
- docker exec
- docker info / docker inspect
- docker logs
- docker ps
- . . .

$\mathsf{Dockerfile} \to \mathsf{Image} \to \mathsf{Container} \; \mathsf{I}$

- Dockerfile: Blueprint for image
 - \rightarrow Image build from Dockerfile
- Image: template for container
 - \rightarrow Container is instance of image \rightarrow A running Image

$\mathsf{Dockerfile} \to \mathsf{Image} \to \mathsf{Container} \; \mathsf{II}$

Directives

- FROM
- MAINTAINER (deprecated appereantly)
- RUN
- COPY
- CMD
- ENTRYPOINT
- ...

Images

Encapsulate the...

- application
- runtime environment
- all installable data to run an application

Images are...

- prebuilt or custom
- stored locally or in a registry
- tagged
- build up in layers

Docker Hub

- hub.docker.com
- Default registry
- Free to use (open repos)

Docker container

- Running Image
- Executes command/entrypoint
- Dies automatically

Chapter 4: Let's see it in action

Monitoring approach(ish)

- \bullet Sharing the host kernel \to Processes visible in host system
- Processes in container run as root (by default)
- $\bullet \ \, \mathsf{Dockerfile} \to \mathsf{USER}$

Disadvantages, from my personal pov

- We still need to learn a new technology
- No cross-platform (don't even think about qemu)
- \bullet Open-source (yes, sorry) \to You never know where it's leading to

Outlook

Orchestration

- Docker swarm
- Kubernetes
- Google Cloud
- AWS
- Azure

Thanks for your attention!

Wow



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Questions?