Conditional Statements Day 6 – PH 365

Review – Tracking Errors

Some common errors and fixes:

Indentation Error – always indent after a loop statement

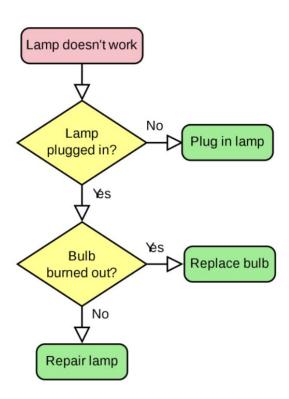
Syntax Error, missing ':' – always use a colon after loop statement

Type Error, object not callable – use square brackets for lists, not parentheses

Name Error, name is not defined

- Check your spelling
- Run all your code cells

Conditional statements are like flowcharts



Conditional statements in computers

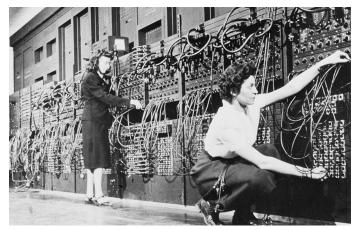
Conditional statements were theorized for programs and implemented in computers alongside loops

Conditional statements use conditions

While loops also use conditions:

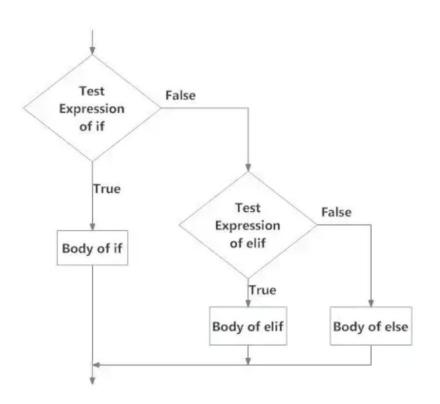
Anything that evaluates to **True** or **False**





Structure and syntax of conditional statements

if expression1:
 body of if
elif expression2:
 body of elif
else:
 body of else



Structure and syntax of conditional statements

Key features:

- colons and indentations
- if/elif/else structure
- Boolean expressions
- body of each conditional statement

Change variable values to achieve different outcomes

```
scale = 0
if scale == 10:
    print("All of this is easy-peasy to me.'
elif scale == 8 or scale == 9:
    print("This code is a little unfamiliar,
elif scale >= 5 and scale <= 7:
    print("I feel pretty good about True/Fal
elif scale in [2, 3, 4]:
    print("I feel okay about flowcharts, but
elif scale == 1:
    print("Oh no, what am I getting myself i
else:
    print("Not a valid input. Use numbers 1-
```

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