

Backstepping - general case

$\dot{\eta} = f(\eta) + g(\eta) \dot{z}$
 $\dot{z} = u$
- goal: stabilize @ origin
- $\dot{z} = u$ is smooth in η and $\dot{\eta}$ are known

Step 1
 $\dot{\eta} = f(\eta) + g(\eta) \dot{z}$
- consider \dot{z} as input
- find "smooth" desired virtual des $\dot{z} = \dot{z}^*$
 $\dot{z}^* = \dot{z}^*(\eta)$
 $\dot{z}^*(0) = 0$
s.t. $\eta = f(\eta) + g(\eta) \dot{z}^*(\eta)$ has asymptotically stable @ origin
- $V(\eta)$ Lyapunov func.
 $\dot{V}(\eta) = \frac{\partial V}{\partial \eta} f(\eta) = -W(\eta)$

Step 2
 $\dot{\eta} = f(\eta) + g(\eta) \dot{z}^*(\eta) + g(\eta) (\dot{z} - \dot{z}^*)$
 $\dot{z} = u$
s.t. $\dot{z} = \dot{z}^* + \dot{z} - \dot{z}^*$
 $\dot{z} = \dot{z}^* + \dot{z} - \dot{z}^*$
= $u - \dot{z}^*(\eta)$
let $u = \dot{z}^*(\eta) + v$
so $\dot{\eta} = f(\eta) + g(\eta) \dot{z}^*(\eta) + g(\eta) v$
 $\dot{z} = v$
s.t. η is asymp. stable

Define $V_c = V(\eta) + \frac{1}{2} z^2$
so $\dot{V}_c = \frac{\partial V}{\partial \eta} \dot{\eta} + z \dot{z}$
= $\frac{\partial V}{\partial \eta} [f(\eta) + g(\eta) \dot{z}^*(\eta) + g(\eta) v] + z v$
= $\frac{\partial V}{\partial \eta} f(\eta) + \frac{\partial V}{\partial \eta} g(\eta) \dot{z}^*(\eta) + z v$
= $-W(\eta) + z v + \frac{\partial V}{\partial \eta} g(\eta) \dot{z}^*(\eta)$
when v let $\dot{V}_c \leq 0$!
s.t. $V = -\frac{\partial V}{\partial \eta} g(\eta) \dot{z}^*(\eta) - k z$
so $\dot{V}_c \leq -W(\eta) - k z^2$

recall $u = \dot{z}^*(\eta) + v$
so $u = \dot{z}^*(\eta) + v$
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so $\dot{V}_c = -W(\eta) - k z^2$
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Backstepping - general case

recall $\dot{\eta} = f(\eta) + g(\eta) \dot{z}$
 $\dot{z} = u$
so $\dot{\eta} = f(\eta) + g(\eta) \dot{z}$
s.t. $\dot{\eta} = f(\eta) + g(\eta) \dot{z}$
find $V(\eta)$ s.t.
 $\frac{\partial V}{\partial \eta} (f(\eta) + g(\eta) \dot{z}) \leq -W(\eta)$
so $\dot{z} = \dot{z}^*(\eta)$
 $V_c = V(\eta) + \frac{1}{2} z^2$
so $u = \dot{z}^*(\eta) + \dot{z} - \dot{z}^*(\eta)$

more than 2 steps
 $\dot{\eta} = f(\eta) + g(\eta) \dot{z}_1$
 $\dot{z}_1 = \dot{z}_2$
!
 $\dot{z}_n = u$
so $\dot{\eta} = f(\eta) + g(\eta) \dot{z}_1$
 $\dot{z}_1 = \dot{z}_2$
!
 $\dot{z}_n = u$

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 $\dot{z}_1 = \dot{z}_2$
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 $\dot{z}_1 = \dot{z}_2$
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 $\dot{z}_n = u$

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 $\dot{z}_n = u$

Sliding-mode control

$x_1 = x_2$
 $\dot{x}_2 = h(x) + g(x) u$
sliding surface
 $s = x_1 + x_2 = 0$
so $\dot{s} = \dot{x}_1 + \dot{x}_2 = -x_1 + h(x) + g(x) u$
so $\dot{s} = -x_1 + h(x) + g(x) u$
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proof
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Converging Time

finite-time stability
converges within
finite time interval $\forall x_0$
finite-time stability
converges within
a time interval \forall upper bound $\forall x_0$
prescribed-time stability
uniformly pre-specified
convergence time \forall
independent to the x_0

so $u = -\beta(x) \text{sgn}(s)$
so $\dot{s} = -\beta(x) \text{sgn}(s)$
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