

Kalman Filter recursive algorithm

(an optimal recursive data processing algorithm)

an example when there are k measurements: initially, we take average

$$\hat{x}_k = \frac{1}{k} (z_1 + z_2 + \dots + z_k)$$

$$= \frac{1}{k} (z_1 + z_2 + \dots + z_{k-1}) + \frac{1}{k} z_k$$

$$= \frac{1}{k} \sum_{i=1}^{k-1} (z_i - \hat{x}_{k-1}) + \frac{1}{k} z_k$$

$$= \hat{x}_{k-1} - \frac{1}{k} \hat{x}_{k-1} + \frac{1}{k} z_k$$

$$\Rightarrow \hat{x}_k = \hat{x}_{k-1} + \left(\frac{1}{k} \right) (z_k - \hat{x}_{k-1})$$

$k \uparrow \Rightarrow \frac{1}{k} \rightarrow 0 \Rightarrow \hat{x}_k \rightarrow \hat{x}_{k-1}$
(measurement less important)
 $k \downarrow \Rightarrow \frac{1}{k} \uparrow \Rightarrow \hat{x}_k$ more important

Δ $\hat{x}_k + \frac{1}{k} = K_k \hat{x}_k$

$$\therefore \hat{x}_k = \hat{x}_{k-1} + K_k (z_k - \hat{x}_{k-1})$$

Δ include covariance into consideration

Best: Best

$$K_k = \frac{Cov_{k-1}}{Cov_{k-1} + Cov_{z_k}}$$

Δ $\text{if } Cov_{k-1} \gg Cov_{z_k} \Rightarrow$

$\Rightarrow K_k \rightarrow 1$
 $\Rightarrow \hat{x}_k = \hat{x}_{k-1} + z_k - \hat{x}_{k-1} = z_k$

Δ $\text{if } Cov_{k-1} \ll Cov_{z_k} \Rightarrow$

$\Rightarrow K_k \rightarrow 0$
 $\Rightarrow \hat{x}_k = \hat{x}_{k-1}$

Δ KF algorithm

- calculate $K_k = \frac{Cov_{k-1}}{Cov_{k-1} + Cov_{z_k}}$
- calculate $\hat{x}_k = \hat{x}_{k-1} + K_k (z_k - \hat{x}_{k-1})$
- update $Cov_k = (I - K_k) Cov_{k-1}$

2. Data Fusion

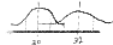
Consistent Algorithm

State Space

Observation

Delta Data Fusion

eg: $z_1 = 20$ g $\sigma_1 = 2$ g
 $z_2 = 22$ g $\sigma_2 = 4$ g



What is \hat{z} ?

$\hat{z} = z_1 + K(z_2 - z_1)$

What about K ?

optimal K occurs @ $\sigma_{\hat{z}}$ has min.

$$\sigma_{\hat{z}}^2 = Var(z_1 + K(z_2 - z_1))$$

$$= Var(z_1 + Kz_2 - Kz_1)$$

$$= Var((1-K)z_1 + Kz_2)$$

$$= (1-K)^2 Var(z_1) + K^2 Var(z_2)$$

$$= (1-K)^2 \sigma_1^2 + K^2 \sigma_2^2$$

$$\Rightarrow \text{minimize @ } \frac{d}{dK} \sigma_{\hat{z}}^2 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{d}{dK} \sigma_{\hat{z}}^2 = -2(1-K)\sigma_1^2 + 2K\sigma_2^2 = 0$$

$$= -\sigma_1^2 + K\sigma_1^2 + K\sigma_2^2 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow K(\sigma_1^2 + \sigma_2^2) = \sigma_1^2$$

$$\Rightarrow K = \frac{\sigma_1^2}{\sigma_1^2 + \sigma_2^2}$$

Delta Covariance Matrix

	x	y	z	
	weight	weight	age	
P1	17.1	9.4	33	$\sigma_{P1}^2 = \frac{1}{2} [(17.1-18.5)^2 + (9.4-10.5)^2] = 0.91$
P2	18.7	8.0	31	$\sigma_{P2}^2 = \frac{1}{2} [(18.7-18.5)^2 + (8.0-10.5)^2] = 1.05$
P3	17.5	7.1	28	$\sigma_{P3}^2 = \frac{1}{2} [(17.5-18.5)^2 + (7.1-10.5)^2] = 1.67$
avg	18.5	8.5	30.7	

Covariance matrix (cont'd)

$$P = \begin{bmatrix} \sigma_{x_1}^2 & \sigma_{x_1 x_2} & \sigma_{x_1 x_3} \\ \sigma_{x_2 x_1} & \sigma_{x_2}^2 & \sigma_{x_2 x_3} \\ \sigma_{x_3 x_1} & \sigma_{x_3 x_2} & \sigma_{x_3}^2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$a = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{\sigma_{x_1}^2} & \frac{1}{\sigma_{x_2}^2} & \frac{1}{\sigma_{x_3}^2} \end{bmatrix} = \frac{1}{\sigma^2} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_1 & y_1 & z_1 \\ x_2 & y_2 & z_2 \\ x_3 & y_3 & z_3 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$P = \frac{1}{\sigma^2} a^T a$$

State Space Representation



$$m\ddot{x} + b\dot{x} + kx = F = u$$

dynamics

$$\begin{bmatrix} \dot{x}_1 \\ \dot{x}_2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ -\frac{k}{m} & -\frac{b}{m} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ \frac{1}{m} \end{bmatrix} u$$

dynamics 1st order input

$$\dot{x} = \frac{1}{m} (F - B\dot{x} - Kx)$$

measurements

$$z_1 = x_1$$

$$z_2 = \dot{x}_1$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} \dot{x}_1 \\ \dot{x}_2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ -\frac{k}{m} & -\frac{b}{m} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ \frac{1}{m} \end{bmatrix} u$$

$$\dot{x}_1 = A x_1 + B u$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} \dot{x}_1 \\ \dot{x}_2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\dot{x} = H x$$

$$x_k = A x_{k-1} + B u_k + w_k$$

$$z_k = H x_k + v_k$$

$$\therefore \text{How to get } \hat{x}_k$$

KF math

$$x_k = A x_{k-1} + B u_k + w_k$$

$$z_k = H x_k + v_k$$

$$p(w) \sim (0, \sigma)$$

$$q = E[x | w]$$

$$E \left[\begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} w_1 \\ w_2 \end{bmatrix} \right] = \begin{bmatrix} E[x_1^2] & E[x_1 w_1] \\ E[x_2 w_1] & E[w_1^2] \end{bmatrix}$$

$$VAR = E[x^2] - E[x]^2$$

$$\therefore E[x^2] = VAR + E[x]^2$$

$$\therefore \begin{bmatrix} E[x_1^2] & E[x_1 w_1] \\ E[x_2 w_1] & E[w_1^2] \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \sigma_{x_1}^2 & \sigma_{x_1 w_1} \\ \sigma_{x_2 w_1} & \sigma_{w_1}^2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\Delta P(V) \sim (0, R)$$

$$\Delta \text{Patriot}$$

$$\hat{x}_k = A \hat{x}_{k-1} + B u_k$$

$$z_k = H x_k \Rightarrow \hat{x}_{k-1} = H^{-1} z_k$$

$$\Delta \text{Patriot}$$

$$\hat{x}_k = \hat{x}_{k-1} + G(H^{-1} z_k - \hat{x}_{k-1})$$

$$G = K H$$

$$\Rightarrow \hat{x}_k = \hat{x}_{k-1} + K(z_k - H \hat{x}_{k-1})$$

$$\Delta \text{include } K_k$$

$$\text{get } K_k \text{ s.t. } \hat{x}_k \rightarrow x_k$$

$$\Delta \text{best } e_k = x_k - \hat{x}_k$$

$$P(e_k) \sim (0, P)$$

$$P = E[e e^T] = \begin{bmatrix} \sigma_{e_1}^2 & \sigma_{e_1 e_2} \\ \sigma_{e_2 e_1} & \sigma_{e_2}^2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\Delta \text{derive: minimize } \tau(P) = \sigma_{e_1}^2 + \sigma_{e_2}^2$$

$$P = E[e e^T]$$

$$= E[(x_k - \hat{x}_k)(x_k - \hat{x}_k)^T]$$

$$x_k - \hat{x}_k = x_k - (\hat{x}_{k-1} + K(z_k - H \hat{x}_{k-1}))$$

$$= x_k - \hat{x}_{k-1} - K(z_k - H \hat{x}_{k-1})$$

$$= x_k - \hat{x}_{k-1} - K(H x_k - H \hat{x}_{k-1})$$

$$= (I - K H) x_k + K H \hat{x}_{k-1} - K v_k$$

$$= E[(I - K H) x_k (I - K H) x_k^T + K H \hat{x}_{k-1} K H \hat{x}_{k-1}^T - 2 K H \hat{x}_{k-1} K v_k]$$

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