- · Term project:
  - project proposal
  - term project report
  - online offline project presentation
- vector  $X = [X_1, X_2, \dots, X_n]^T = \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ \vdots \\ x_n \end{bmatrix}$
- Matrix X XERMXN

$$X = \begin{bmatrix} x_{11} & x_{12} & \cdots & x_{1}n \\ x_{21} & x_{22} & \cdots & \vdots \\ \vdots & \vdots & \ddots & \vdots \\ x_{1} & x_{1} & x_{1} & \cdots & x_{mn} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} x_{1}^{T} \\ x_{2}^{T} \\ \vdots \\ x_{n}^{T} \end{bmatrix} \in \mathbb{R}^{m \times n}$$

(Xi column')

- Xii
- matrix product - Tenson >2

Cij = Z Arik Bk.j element - wise product

C = A B B 5

- Inverse A-1/A = I - norm vector norm LP  $\|\mathbf{x}\|_{\mathbf{p}} = \left( \geq |\mathbf{x}_i|^{\mathbf{p}} \right)$ 

eg. P=1  $||\mathbf{x}||_1 = 2||\mathbf{x}_i||$ 11×1/2 = J=×:2 11×160 = max 1×1

not IIXII. = refer to # of rolled e.g. non zero dement worsed e.g. non zero dement 11×110 = 3

> cg. 2 dineusion vector 1, norm: 1 11×11, = 1

FACT  $||x||_{\infty} \leq ||x||_{2} \leq ||x||_{1} \leq \sqrt{n} ||x||_{2} \leq n||x||_{\infty}$  $||x||_{\infty} = \max |x| = \max |x|^2 = ||x||^2 = ||x||_2$ 

· Matrix Norm La norm matrix 11 All, Ducon(A) ( Snobenius morum)

· vector inner product

$$\langle x,y \rangle = ||x||_2 ||y||_1 c \ll \theta$$

18 11416 =1 \( \times \forall > = 11\times 112 \cos\tau \) \( \text{projection on y space} \)

· Holder's inequality | < x , y > | < | | x || p | | y || 2 = + + + + + + = |

eg p=2, 9=2 P=1, 2=00

· Linear combination Ax

Linear dependence, span

orthogonal forthousemed: all chain vector are in inver-predict = 0" relations:

· othogonal: × Tj=0  $|| \times ||_2 = || \cdot ||_2 = |$ othogond: ATA = I

AT = A-1

11Allp = SWD IIAXIIP

· remark:

harm will

used for

be Enguerthy

regularization

· eigenvalue de composition

Q QT are arthogonal 1 is diagonal of trubbes (Square matrix)

· quadratic form:  $x^TAx = x^TQ\Lambda Q^Tx$ = (@Tx) T/(@TX)  $= \sum_{i=1}^{n} \lambda_i \left( \mathcal{C}_i^{\mathsf{T}} \times \right)^2 \leq \lambda_i \sum_{i=1}^{n} \left( \mathcal{C}_i^{\mathsf{T}} \times \right)^2$ Computational approach: QR = 2: ||x||\_2^2

· Positive definite

bounded L by x& llxll2 YX XTAX >0 SPD Y×, ×TA X ≥D

guadratic form W PD or SPD:  $0 \le \times TA \times \le \lambda : || \times 1||_2^2$ 

Lo helpful sometimes

• SVD Leingular vector de composition) don't hu to be square metrix

A = UDVT > [: ] diagnal uu7= I

VVT= I

## · Derivative

- chan rule
$$f(x) = h(f(x))$$

$$\frac{df}{dx} = \frac{dt}{dy} \frac{dy}{dx}$$

$$- (x) \in \mathbb{R}^{1}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} \times \in \mathbb{R}^{n} \\ \underset{\partial X}{\partial f(X)} = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{\partial d}{\partial x_{1}} \\ \frac{\partial d}{\partial x_{2}} \end{bmatrix} \\ \vdots \\ \frac{\partial d}{\partial x_{n}} \\ \end{array}$$

$$-f(x) \in \mathbb{R}^{nx}$$

$$\times \in \mathbb{R}^{1}$$

$$\frac{\partial f(x)}{\partial x} = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{\partial f(x)}{\partial x} & \frac{\partial f(x)}{\partial x} & \frac{\partial f(x)}{\partial x} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$df = \sum_{i=1}^{n} \frac{\partial f}{\partial x_i} dx_i$$

eg 
$$S = a^{T \times} b$$
  

$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial x} = ?$$

$$df = (da^{T}) \times b + a^{T}(dx)b + a^{T} \times (db)$$

$$df = +r(df)$$

$$df = a^{T}Ux)$$

$$dt = a^{T}b(x)b$$

$$= tr(a^{T}(dx)b)$$

$$= tr(b^{T}(dx))$$

$$= tr(ab^{T})^{T}dx$$

$$dt = ab^{T}$$

## · Probability

- soundarn positivité

  DECRETE: PMF (meas-direction)

  PDF (designation)

   many innel probability

   conditional probability

  designations

A (thA)

- independence
- expectation variance covariance
- different kinda dismilation Bayes Rules