```
IEKF_ for _ ALAN_ RPE_ on _ Monifold
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     △ Jacobian for a pinhale model
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          during burdle argustment
                   given a dynamic & measurement model:
                                       X K+1 = f(XK, UK, WK)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       a pinhole model:
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      Si ui = KTP: ~ 3D ports
                                             YK = h(Xk, Vk)
                    a dynamic model remark: Note that all states are in the non-inertial Grane
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           depth Invinsiz SE(3)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        a recall objective:
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            u:- + KTP
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           _ intermediate variable
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         △ let P' \ PCD in comera frame
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              P' = (TP)_{1:3} = [x', \gamma', z']^T
                                                                                                                                                          F = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{\partial h}{\partial P} & \frac{\partial P_k}{\partial P} & \frac{\partial P_k}{\partial V} \\ \frac{\partial h}{\partial P} & \frac{\partial h_k}{\partial R} & \frac{\partial h_k}{\partial V} \\ \frac{\partial h_k}{\partial P} & \frac{\partial h_k}{\partial R} & \frac{\partial h_k}{\partial V} \\ \frac{\partial V_k}{\partial P} & \frac{\partial h_k}{\partial R} & \frac{\partial V_k}{\partial V} \end{bmatrix} \cdots \frac{\partial V_k}{\partial R}
                                  => SU = KP'
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  = \lim_{\theta \to 0} \frac{(R \oplus \theta) \cdot \vartheta - R \cdot \vartheta}{\theta} \cdot t
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 = 1 m (R Exp(0)) 9- R 9
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 = Pim (A.(I+Bx)).9-R.9
                            △ measurement model
                              4 / km = h ( xxm) let (P.R)= 3
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   = Am Adx.9 · t
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    e = u - 3 \text{ Kir}
\frac{\partial e}{\partial \delta \hat{i}} = \frac{e \cdot 8\hat{i} \oplus \hat{i} - e \cdot (\hat{i})}{8\hat{i}} = \frac{\partial e}{\partial \hat{i}} \frac{\partial P'}{\partial \delta \hat{i}}
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  = \lim_{\theta \to \infty} \frac{-R \int_X \theta}{\theta} \cdot \tau
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                =-R9xt (JR)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    e = \begin{cases} u - fx \frac{X'}{z'} + cx \\ v - fy \frac{Y'}{z'} + cy \end{cases}
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            = lim (+ @A) · g - Rg · t
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              = & (Exp(0). A) g - Rg . t
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 342
3X1
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  ∂e₂
∂X'
                                                                                                                                                                    o = \frac{-6\eta}{4!} \cdot \frac{6\eta Y'}{2'^2} = 6\eta + \frac{6\eta Y'^2}{2'^2} = \frac{-6\eta X'Y'}{2'^2}
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           Lie drugs J = \frac{\text{pd}(X)}{\text{p}(X)} = \frac{\text{pd}(X)}{\text{T+o}} \quad \frac{f(X \oplus T) \oplus f(X)}{\text{T}} \in \mathbb{R}^{\text{term}}
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        T= DX = Type T = EN LOGICE (X) = 9 (X EXP(T)) ]

= Low Logice (X) = 9 (X EXP(T)) ]

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                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           O' E R2×3
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         = lim exp(81/) exp(21/) p - exp(31/) p
                                 Iterated Extended Kalman Filter
                             Aprediction same as EKF
                                                                                                                                                                                                                               in our case, we have additional parani,
                                                                                                                                                                                                                               thus residual slightly different
                           △ correction different:
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 - embedd Q, R into one sesided furin
                                           · after receive Run-1
                                           · Xx = Xxxx & Steat loop
                                           • H_k^i = \frac{\partial h(x)}{\partial x} |_{x = \hat{x}_k^i}
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   [ - wy wx 0 ]
                                            • Ki = PRIK- Hik ( Hik PRIK- HET + RE)
                                             · ni = Ki(3k - h(xi))
                                             . X' = X' + 1k
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  = ] \ \( \Delta x = -[3]^]^\] \( \forall (\times) \)
                                               · break when 11-Tille < €
                     Summary for ALAN-RPE
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & \Xi' & -\Upsilon' \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & -\Xi' & 0 & X' \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & \Upsilon' & -\Upsilon' & 0 \end{bmatrix}
                                       . Such Productions

\hat{f}_{\text{inj}} = f_{\text{in}} \otimes X \\
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\hat{f}_{\text{inj}} = f_{\text{in}} \otimes f_{\text{inj}} (x_{\text{inj}}, f_{\text{inj}})

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The sum of th
                                  .. for Correction (IEKF)
                                     \rightarrow \hat{\chi}_{k} = \hat{\chi}_{k}^{-}
                                     \rightarrow \mathfrak{R} := \inf
\rightarrow i := 0
                                    -public 2 > 6
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      [Ruz][Run]
                                            · n=[annan]=[aloga][con/2-3ky/p]
H'xe -H'xe
                                          • \alpha = \frac{1}{\text{tr}(R)} , \beta = \frac{1}{\text{tr}(R)}
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 $\hat{\mathbf{y}}_{i+1}^{\mathbf{k}} = \hat{\mathbf{y}}_{i}^{\mathbf{k}} \mathbf{\Theta} \mathbf{\nabla} \mathbf{x}$ $\hat{\mathbf{y}}_{i+1}^{\mathbf{k}} = \hat{\mathbf{y}}_{i}^{\mathbf{k}} \mathbf{\Theta} \mathbf{\nabla} \mathbf{x}$