

Kalman Filter 1: recursive algorithm
(an optimal recursive data processing algorithm)

an example when there are K measurements: intuitively, we take average

$$\hat{x}_k = \frac{1}{K} (z + z_1 + \dots + z_K)$$

$$= \frac{1}{K} (z_1 + z_2 + \dots + z_{k-1}) + \frac{1}{K} z_k$$

$$= \frac{1}{K} \frac{k-1}{k-1} (z_1 + z_2 + \dots + z_{k-1}) + \frac{1}{K} z_k$$

$$= \frac{k-1}{k} \hat{x}_{k-1} + \frac{1}{k} z_k$$

$$= \hat{x}_{k-1} - \frac{1}{k} \hat{x}_{k-1} + \frac{1}{k} z_k$$

$$\Rightarrow \hat{x}_k = \hat{x}_{k-1} + \left(\frac{1}{k} \right) (z_k - \hat{x}_{k-1})$$

if $\frac{1}{k} \rightarrow 0$ $\hat{x}_k \rightarrow \hat{x}_{k-1}$
(newer data is important)
 $K \downarrow \frac{1}{k} \uparrow$ \hat{x}_k more important

Δ But $\frac{1}{k} := K_k$

$$\therefore \hat{x}_k = \hat{x}_{k-1} + K_k (z_k - \hat{x}_{k-1})$$

Δ induce extra two considerations

Est Error

$$K_k = \frac{Est_{k-1}}{Est_{k-1} + Est_{k-1}}$$

at $k=0$ if $Est_{k-1} \gg Est_{k-1}$:
 $\rightarrow K_k \rightarrow 1$
 $\rightarrow \hat{x}_k = \hat{x}_{k-1} + z_k - \hat{x}_{k-1}$
 $= z_k$

if $Est_{k-1} \ll Est_{k-1}$:
 $\rightarrow K_k \rightarrow 0$
 $\rightarrow \hat{x}_k = \hat{x}_{k-1}$

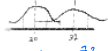
Δ KF algorithm

- calculate $K_k = \frac{Est_{k-1}}{Est_{k-1} + Est_{k-1}}$
- calculate $\hat{x}_k = \hat{x}_{k-1} + K_k (z_k - \hat{x}_{k-1})$
- update $Est_k = (1 - K_k) Est_{k-1}$

2. Data Fusion
Covariance Matrix
State Space
Observation

Δ Data Fusion

e.g. $z_1 = 20$ g $\sigma_1 = 2$ g
 $z_2 = 30$ g $\sigma_2 = 4$ g



what is \hat{z} ?
 $\hat{z} = z_1 + K(z_2 - z_1)$
 what is K ?
 optimal K occurs @ $\sigma_{\hat{z}}$ has min.

$$\sigma_{\hat{z}}^2 = Var(z_1 + K(z_2 - z_1))$$

$$= Var(z_1 + Kz_2 - Kz_1)$$

$$= Var((1-K)z_1 + Kz_2)$$

$$= (1-K)^2 Var(z_1) + K^2 Var(z_2)$$

$$= (1-K)^2 \sigma_1^2 + K^2 \sigma_2^2$$

$$\Rightarrow \text{minimize @ } \frac{d}{dK} \sigma_{\hat{z}}^2 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{d}{dK} \sigma_{\hat{z}}^2 = -2(1-K)\sigma_1^2 + 2K\sigma_2^2 = 0$$

$$= -\sigma_1^2 + K\sigma_1^2 + K\sigma_2^2 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow K(\sigma_1^2 + \sigma_2^2) = \sigma_1^2$$

$$\Rightarrow K = \frac{\sigma_1^2}{\sigma_1^2 + \sigma_2^2}$$

Δ Covariance Matrix

	x	y	z	σ_x^2	σ_y^2	σ_z^2	σ_{xy}	σ_{xz}	σ_{yz}
P1	17.1	9.4	3.3	0.9	0.4	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
P2	16.9	8.0	3.1	0.9	0.4	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
P3	17.5	7.1	2.8	0.9	0.4	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
avg	16.3	6.5	2.7	0.9	0.4	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1

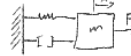
covariance matrix (cont'd)

$$P = \begin{bmatrix} \sigma_x^2 & \sigma_{xy} & \sigma_{xz} \\ \sigma_{xy} & \sigma_y^2 & \sigma_{yz} \\ \sigma_{xz} & \sigma_{yz} & \sigma_z^2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$a = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{\sigma_x^2} & \frac{1}{\sigma_y^2} & \frac{1}{\sigma_z^2} \end{bmatrix} = \frac{1}{\sigma_x^2 \sigma_y^2 \sigma_z^2} \begin{bmatrix} \sigma_y^2 \sigma_z^2 & \sigma_x^2 \sigma_z^2 & \sigma_x^2 \sigma_y^2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$P = \frac{1}{\sigma_x^2 \sigma_y^2 \sigma_z^2} a$$

Δ State Space Representation



$\dot{x} = Ax + Bu = F = u$

discrete

$$\begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} u$$

discrete \rightarrow \rightarrow \rightarrow

$$\dot{x}_1 = x_2$$

$$\dot{x}_2 = \frac{1}{m} (F - B\dot{x}_1 - Kx)$$

measurements

$$z = x_1$$

$$\dot{z} = \dot{x}_1 = x_2$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} \dot{x}_1 \\ \dot{x}_2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ \frac{1}{m} & -\frac{K}{m} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ \frac{1}{m} \end{bmatrix} u$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} \dot{z}_1 \\ \dot{z}_2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} z_1 \\ z_2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\hat{z} = H \hat{x}$$

$$x_k = Ax_{k-1} + Bu_k + w_k$$

$$z_k = Hx_k + v_k$$

\therefore How to get \hat{x}_k

KF month

$$x_k = Ax_{k-1} + Bu_k + w_k$$

$$z_k = Hx_k + v_k$$

Δ $P(k) \sim (0, Q)$

$$Q = E[w w^T]$$

$$= E \begin{bmatrix} [w_1] [w_1]^T & [w_1] [w_2]^T \\ [w_2] [w_1]^T & [w_2] [w_2]^T \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} E[w_1^2] & E[w_1 w_2] \\ E[w_2 w_1] & E[w_2^2] \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} \sigma_{w_1}^2 & \sigma_{w_1 w_2} \\ \sigma_{w_2 w_1} & \sigma_{w_2}^2 \end{bmatrix}$$

Δ $P(k) \sim (0, R)$

Δ Prediction

$$\hat{x}_k^- = A \hat{x}_{k-1} + B u_k$$

Δ Residual

$$z_k = H \hat{x}_k^- + v_k$$

$$\hat{x}_k = \hat{x}_k^- + G(H^T \hat{x}_k^- - z_k)$$

$$G = K_k H$$

$$\Rightarrow \hat{x}_k = \hat{x}_k^- + K_k (z_k - H \hat{x}_k^-)$$

Δ Inlet K_k

get K_k s.t. $\hat{x}_k \rightarrow x_k$

But $e_k = x_k - \hat{x}_k$

$$P(k) \sim (0, P)$$

$$P = E[e e^T] = \begin{bmatrix} \sigma_{e_1}^2 & \sigma_{e_1 e_2} \\ \sigma_{e_2 e_1} & \sigma_{e_2}^2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$P = E[e e^T]$$

$$= E[(x_k - \hat{x}_k)(x_k - \hat{x}_k)^T]$$

$$x_k - \hat{x}_k = x_k - (\hat{x}_k^- + K_k (z_k - H \hat{x}_k^-))$$

$$= x_k - \hat{x}_k^- - K_k z_k + K_k H \hat{x}_k^-$$

$$= x_k - \hat{x}_k^- - K_k H x_k + K_k H \hat{x}_k^- + K_k V_k$$

$$= (x_k - \hat{x}_k^-) - K_k H (x_k - \hat{x}_k^-) - K_k V_k$$

$$= (I - K_k H)(x_k - \hat{x}_k^-) - K_k V_k$$

$$= E[(I - K_k H)(x_k - \hat{x}_k^-)(x_k - \hat{x}_k^-)^T]$$

$$= E[(I - K_k H) E[(x_k - \hat{x}_k^-)(x_k - \hat{x}_k^-)^T] (I - K_k H)^T]$$

$$= (I - K_k H) P (I - K_k H)^T$$

$$= (I - K_k H) P (I - K_k H)^T + K_k E[V_k V_k^T] K_k^T$$

$$= (I - K_k H) P (I - K_k H)^T + K_k R K_k^T$$

$$\Rightarrow P_k = P_k^- - K_k H P_k^- + K_k H P_k^- K_k^T + K_k R K_k^T$$

$$\Rightarrow P_k = P_k^- - 2 K_k H P_k^- + K_k H P_k^- K_k^T + K_k R K_k^T$$

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$$\Rightarrow P_k = P_k^- - 2 K_k H P_k^- + K_k H P_k^- K_k^T + K_k R K_k^T$$

$$\Rightarrow P_k = P_k^- - 2 K_k H P_k^- + K_k H P_k^- K_k^T + K_k R K_k^T$$

$$= \frac{d(P_k)}{dK_k} = 0 - 2(H^T P_k^-)^T = -2 K_k H P_k^- H^T + 2 K_k R = 0$$

$$\therefore K_k = P_k^- H^T (H P_k^- H^T + R)^{-1}$$

Δ Prediction/Posterior: Error Covariance Matrix

Parallel

$$x_k = Ax_{k-1} + Bu_k + w_k$$

$$z_k = Hx_k + v_k$$

$$\hat{x}_k^- = A \hat{x}_{k-1} + B u_k$$

$$\hat{x}_k = \hat{x}_k^- + K_k (z_k - H \hat{x}_k^-)$$

$$K_k = P_k^- H^T (H P_k^- H^T + R)^{-1}$$

$$P_k^- := E[e_k^- e_k^{-T}]$$

$$\Rightarrow e_k^- = x_k - \hat{x}_k^-$$

$$= Ax_{k-1} + B u_{k-1} - A \hat{x}_{k-1} - B u_{k-1}$$

$$= A(x_{k-1} - \hat{x}_{k-1}) + B u_{k-1}$$

$$= A e_{k-1} + B u_{k-1}$$

$$\therefore P_k^- = E[(A e_{k-1} + B u_{k-1})(A e_{k-1} + B u_{k-1})^T]$$

$$= E[A e_{k-1} e_{k-1}^T A^T + B u_{k-1} u_{k-1}^T B^T + A e_{k-1} e_{k-1}^T B^T + B u_{k-1} u_{k-1}^T A^T]$$

$$= A P_{k-1} A^T + B P_{k-1} B^T + A P_{k-1} B^T + B P_{k-1} A^T$$

$$= A P_{k-1} A^T + B P_{k-1} B^T + A P_{k-1} B^T + B P_{k-1} A^T$$

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