

# Big Data Analytics

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Lecture 12: Data Analysis with Pivot Table

# Pivot Table

- **Pivot Table**: Data table that summarizes of more extensive tables
- The summaries may include
  - Sum
  - Average
  - Other stats

# Pivot Table Example

## Singapore Residents by Sex – June – Annual / data.gov.sg

Year	Type	Residents
1957	Total Residents	1445929
1957	Total Male Residents	762760
1957	Total Female Residents	683169
1958	Total Residents	1518800
1958	Total Male Residents	797600
1958	Total Female Residents	721200
1959	Total Residents	1587200
1959	Total Male Residents	830800
1959	Total Female Residents	756400
1960	Total Residents	1646400
1960	Total Male Residents	859600
1960	Total Female Residents	786800

# Questions

- How many residents does Singapore have in 1957?
- How many male and female does Singapore have in 1958?
- How many residents does Singapore have between 1957 – 1960?
- Compare male and female residents from 1957 – 1960.

# Pivoting Data

- Such questions are very difficult and time-consuming for human
- Fortunately, virtually all spreadsheet software have pivoting features
- Software that is specialized in multi-dimensional data (**Data Cube**) analysis called **Business Intelligence**

# Pivot Table in Excel

- Download the following file:  
<https://data.gov.sg/dataset/resident-population-by-ethnicity-gender-and-age-group>
- There are two files with and without age groups
- Open the one **with** age group in Excel

	A	B	C	D
1	year	level_1	level_2	value
2	1957	Total Residents	0 - 4 Years	264727
3	1957	Total Residents	5 - 9 Years	218097
4	1957	Total Residents	10 - 14 Years	136280
5	1957	Total Residents	15 - 19 Years	135679
6	1957	Total Residents	20 - 24 Years	119266
7	1957	Total Residents	25 - 29 Years	111726
8	1957	Total Residents	30 - 34 Years	89925

- You will see that the data are **stacked**
- See following page for more detail on **transpose** and **stack data**
- <https://www.extendoffice.com/documents/excel/4235-excel-transpose-and-stack.html>

# Pivot Table in Excel

- Change the column names
  - level\_1 -> Ethnic Group
  - level\_2 -> Age Group
  - values -> Residents

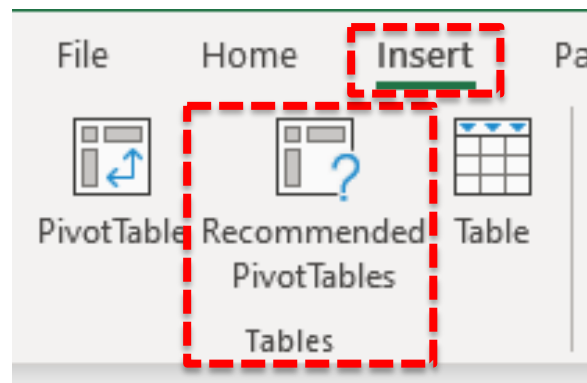
	A	B	C	D
1	Year	Ethnic Group	Age Group	Residents
2	1957	Total Residents	0 - 4 Years	264727
3	1957	Total Residents	5 - 9 Years	218097
4	1957	Total Residents	10 - 14 Years	136280
5	1957	Total Residents	15 - 19 Years	135679
6	1957	Total Residents	20 - 24 Years	119266
7	1957	Total Residents	25 - 29 Years	111726

# Pivot Table in Excel

- Select all columns

	A	B	C	D	
1	Year	Ethnic Group	Age Group	Residents	
2	1957	Total Residents	0 - 4 Years	264727	
3	1957	Total Residents	5 - 9 Years	218097	
4	1957	Total Residents	10 - 14 Years	136280	
5	1957	Total Residents	15 - 19 Years	135679	
6	1957	Total Residents	20 - 24 Years	119266	

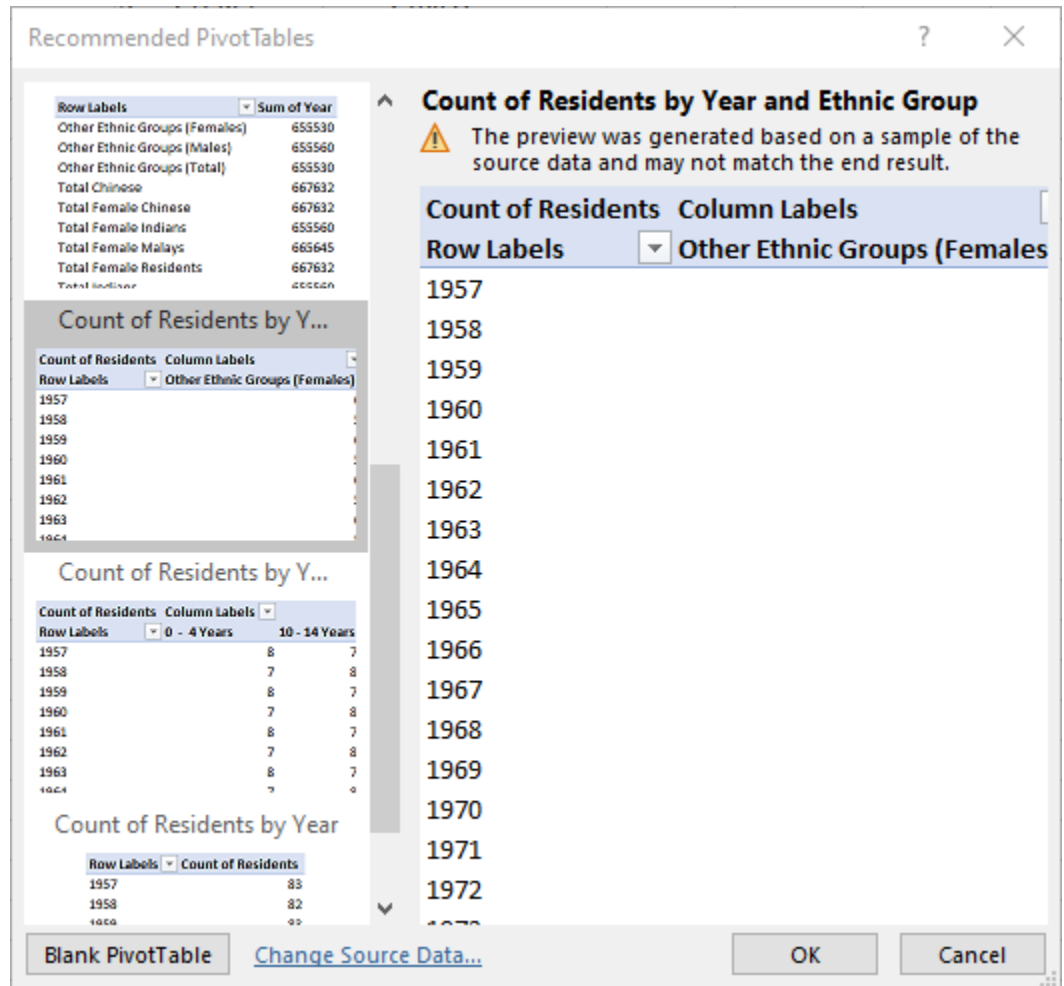
- And go to menu **Insert** and select **Recommended PivotTables**





# Pivot Table in Excel

- Excel will ask for preferred pivot table
- We want to start from **Year**, so we can select **Count of Residents by Year and Ethnic Group**



# (Confusing) Pivot Table!

The screenshot displays the Microsoft Excel interface with a PivotTable and the PivotTable Fields task pane. The PivotTable is located in the range A3:G25 and is titled 'Count of Residents'. The task pane on the right shows the 'PivotTable Fields' task pane with the following settings:

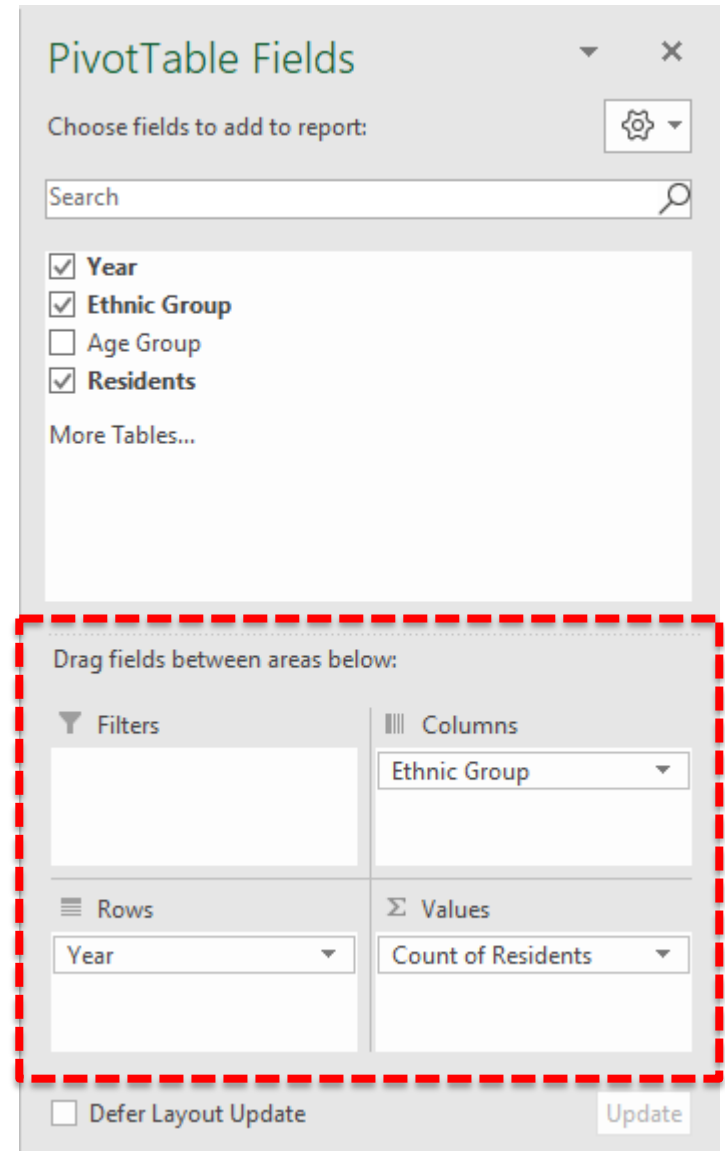
- Choose fields to add to report:** Year, Ethnic Group, Age Group, Residents.
- Filters:** (Empty)
- Columns:** Ethnic Group
- Rows:** Year
- Values:** Count of Residents

The PivotTable data is as follows:

Count of Residents	Column Labels						
Row Labels	Other Ethnic Groups (Females)	Other Ethnic Groups (Males)	Other Ethnic Groups (Total)	Total Chinese	Total Female Chinese	Total Female Indian	
1957	22	22	22	22	22	22	
1958	22	22	22	22	22	22	
1959	22	22	22	22	22	22	
1960	22	22	22	22	22	22	
1961	22	22	22	22	22	22	
1962	22	22	22	22	22	22	
1963	22	22	22	22	22	22	
1964	22	22	22	22	22	22	
1965	22	22	22	22	22	22	
1966	22	22	22	22	22	22	
1967	22	22	22	22	22	22	
1968	22	22	22	22	22	22	
1969	22	22	22	22	22	22	
1970	22	22	22	22	22	22	
1971	22	22	22	22	22	22	
1972	22	22	22	22	22	22	
1973	22	22	22	22	22	22	
1974	22	22	22	22	22	22	
1975	22	22	22	22	22	22	
1976	22	22	22	22	22	22	
1977	22	22	22	22	22	22	
1978	22	22	22	22	22	22	
1979	22	22	22	22	22	22	
1980	22	22	22	22	22	22	
1981	22	22	22	22	22	22	
1982	22	22	22	22	22	22	
1983	22	22	22	22	22	22	
1984	22	22	22	22	22	22	
1985	22	22	22	22	22	22	
1986	22	22	22	22	22	22	
1987	22	22	22	22	22	22	

# Select what to see

- In our data, the info that we want to know is the **Number of Residents**
- Other fields are only attributes
  - They only specify the constraints or **groups** of data
- Thus, we have to tell Excel which field is the **value** and which are **data groups**



# Select what to see

- Drag **Year** and **Ethnic Group** to **Rows**
- Drag **Count of Residents** to **Values**
- Note that the data are now group by **Year** and **Ethnic Group**

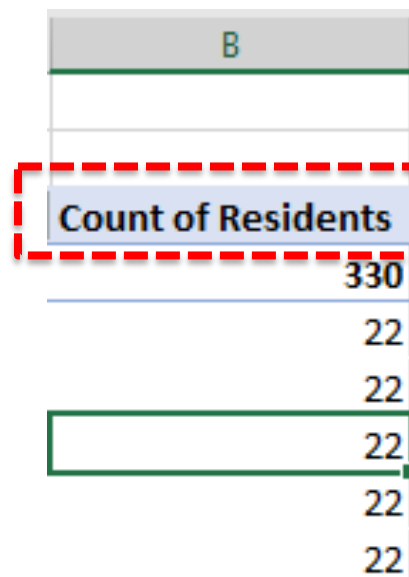
Drag fields between areas below:

Filters	Columns
<div> <div>Rows</div> <div> <div>Year</div> <div>Ethnic Group</div> </div> </div>	<div> <div>Values</div> <div>Count of Residents</div> </div>

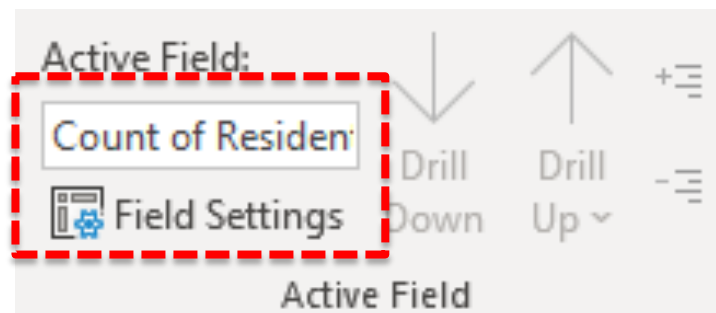
Row Labels	Count of Residents
<b>1957</b>	<b>330</b>
Other Ethnic Groups (Females)	22
Other Ethnic Groups (Males)	22
Other Ethnic Groups (Total)	22
Total Chinese	22
Total Female Chinese	22
Total Female Indians	22
Total Female Malays	22
Total Female Residents	22
Total Indians	22
Total Malays	22
Total Male Chinese	22
Total Male Indians	22
Total Male Malays	22
Total Male Residents	22
Total Residents	22
<b>1958</b>	<b>330</b>
Other Ethnic Groups (Females)	22
Other Ethnic Groups (Males)	22
Other Ethnic Groups (Total)	22
Total Chinese	22
Total Female Chinese	22
Total Female Indians	22

# Change the Type of Data Fields

- The **Values** is not the sum of **Residents**, but the counts
- Let's change to sum by
  - Select any row in Count of Residents column (Col B)
  - Make sure Active Field is the same
  - Click Field Settings

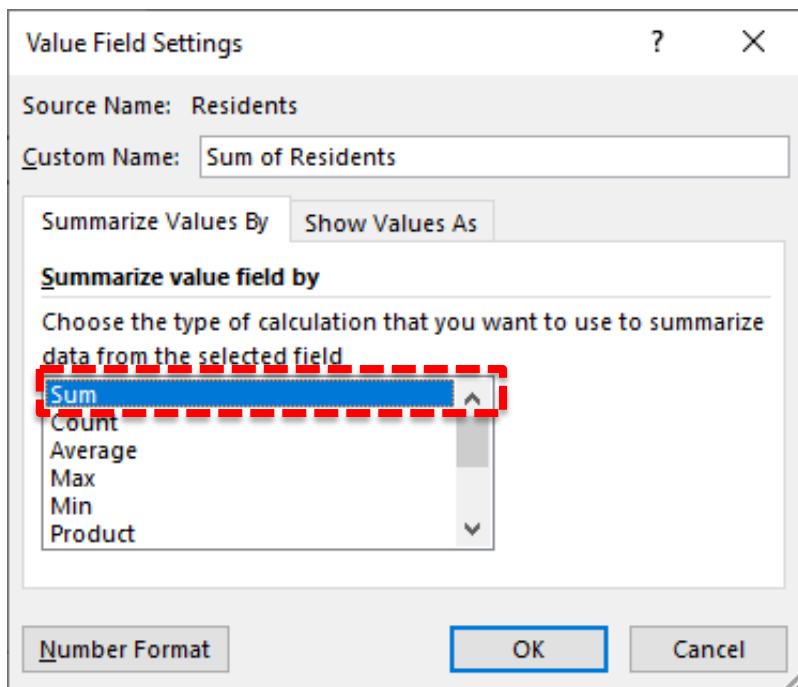


B
Count of Residents
330
22
22
22
22
22



# Change the Type of Data Fields

- Select Summarize value field by Sum, instead of Count
- You should see sum of all residents in each data group



Value Field Settings

Source Name: Residents

Custom Name: Sum of Residents

Summarize Values By Show Values As

**Summarize value field by**

Choose the type of calculation that you want to use to summarize data from the selected field

Sum  
Count  
Average  
Max  
Min  
Product

Number Format OK Cancel

Row Labels	Sum of Residents
+ 1957	6008812
- 1958	6210000
Other Ethnic Groups (Females)	15200
Other Ethnic Groups (Males)	14800
Other Ethnic Groups (Total)	30000
Total Chinese	1178100
Total Female Chinese	582700
Total Female Indians	42400
Total Female Malays	101400
Total Female Residents	741700
Total Indians	132400
Total Malays	212000

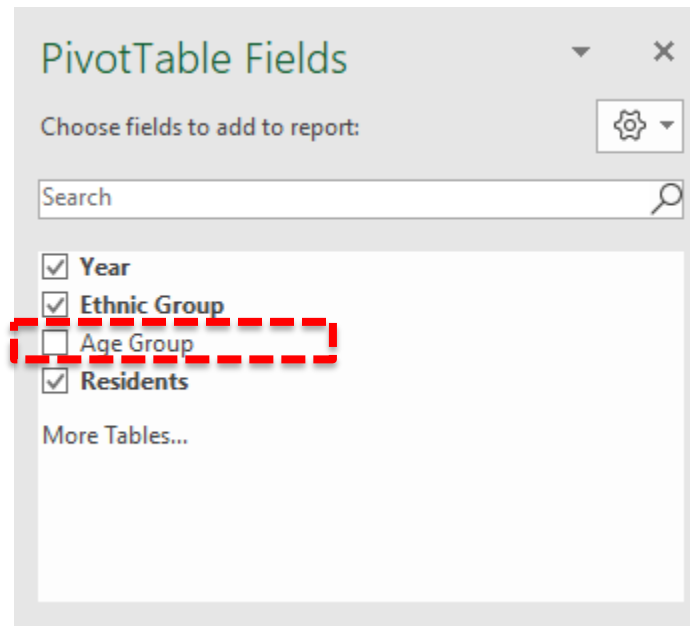
# Mini Exercise (1)

- There are some redundant entries
  - The data include total residents of each Ethnic Group
  - They also include total residents of male and female
- Remove those multiple entries using filtering feature
  - clicking the down arrow symbol behind the column name



# Mini Exercise (2)

- Try to add / remove pivot table fields
- See if you can make sense of your data





# Mini Exercise (3)

- Change the fields in row and column and see how your table changes

Drag fields between areas below:

Filters	Columns

Rows	Values
Year	Sum of Residents
Ethnic Group	
Age Group	

Drag fields between areas below:

Filters	Columns
	Year

Rows	Values
Ethnic Group	Sum of Residents
Age Group	

Drag fields between areas below:

Filters	Columns
	Age Group

Rows	Values
Year	Sum of Residents
Ethnic Group	

Drag fields between areas below:

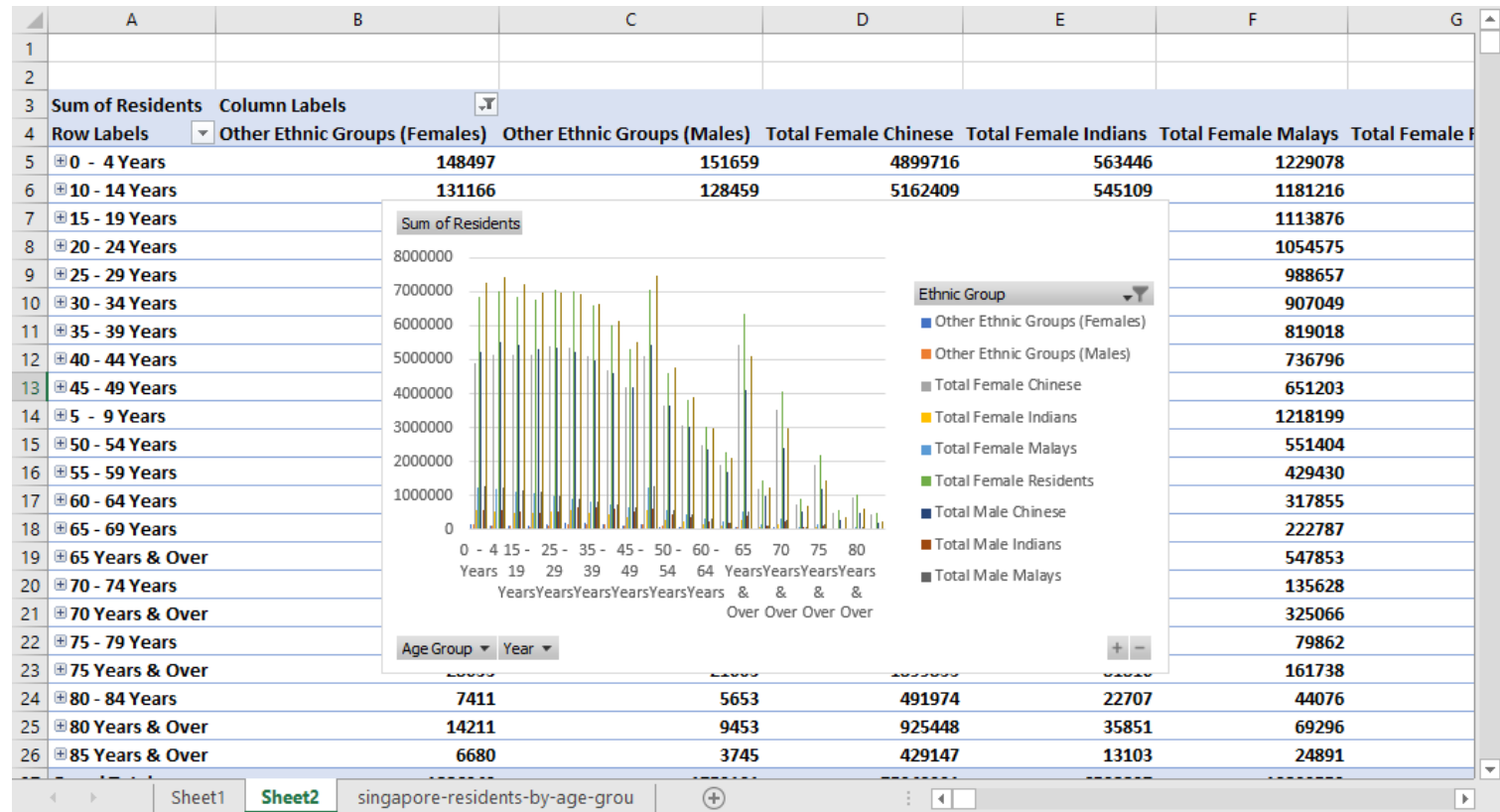
Filters	Columns
	Ethnic Group

Rows	Values
Age Group	Sum of Residents
Year	

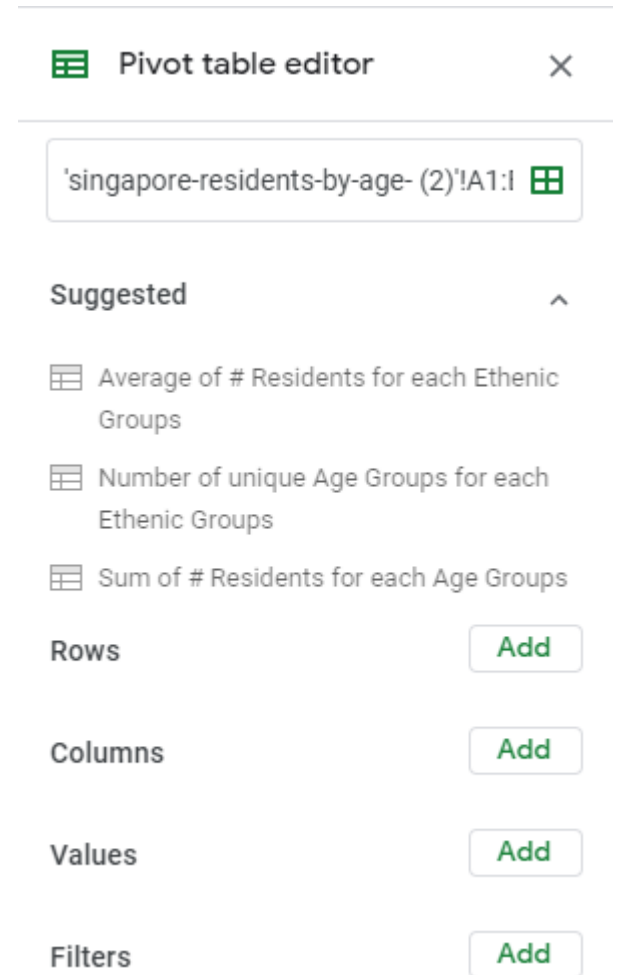
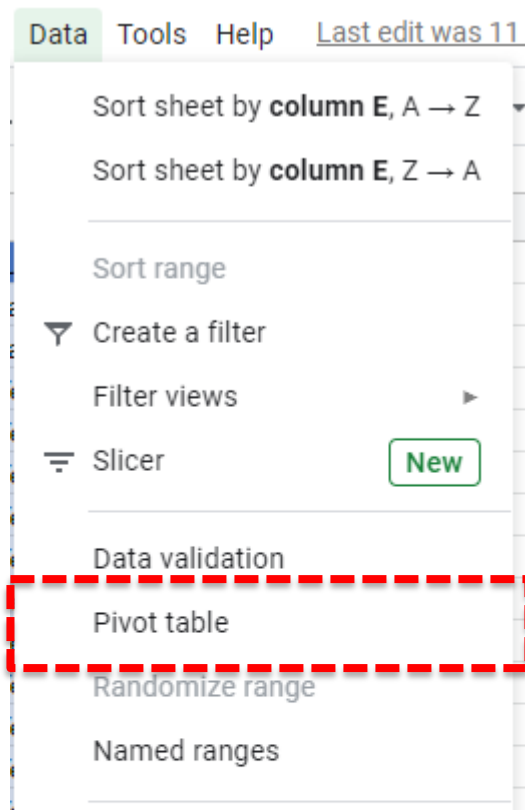
# Mini Exercise (4)

- Collapsing the groups to hide some information
- Then plot a graph



# Pivot Table in Google Sheet

- Open the data file
- Select Data -> Pivot Table
- Pivot table editor will appear



# Pivot Table in Google Sheet

File Edit View Insert Format Data Tools Help [All changes saved in Drive](#)

100% \$ % .0 .00 123 Default (Ca... 12 B I S A ...

SUM of # Residents

	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	
1	SUM of # Resid	Age Groups							
2	Year	0 - 4 Years	10 - 14 Years	15 - 19 Years	20 - 24 Years	25 - 29 Years	30 - 34 Years	35 - 39 Years	40
3	1957	1058908	545120	542716	477064	446904	359700	330836	
4	1958	1111200	628400	537200	499600	458800	380400	337200	
5	1959	1155200	702800	526000	532400	460400	408400	340800	
6	1960	1188000	801200	498800	558000	464800	426400	345600	
7	1961	1214800	869600	499600	570000	478400	449200	344800	
8	1962	1224400	895600	560000	557600	488400	452000	362400	
9	1963	1212000	928000	636000	540800	500000	458400	375200	
10	1964	1199600	960800	703200	522000	528000	452400	400800	
11	1965	1174000	994000	794400	495200	551600	458800	416000	
12	1966	1158400	1029200	860800	492800	560000	469600	436800	
13	1967	1132400	1060400	890000	555200	553600	481200	445200	
14	1968	1091200	1095600	919200	632000	536800	494400	448400	
15	1969	1031600	1128000	954800	698000	516000	523600	446400	
16	1970	920660	1134508	962728	775896	498348	520520	436176	
17	1971	912800	1168800	1024000	880400	529600	561200	462800	
18	1972	904000	1170400	1073200	903200	592800	570400	472000	
19	1973	908800	1162000	1112000	933600	667200	572800	477200	
20	1974	911200	1158800	1140000	967600	733600	564400	510000	
21	1975	912000	1134400	1171200	998400	828400	536400	536000	
22	1976	885200	1111600	1184800	1040400	895200	535200	556000	
23	1977	860400	1078800	1187600	1088000	916000	604800	569200	
24	1978	816800	1038000	1183600	1125600	946800	677600	572000	
25	1979	792000	985200	1175600	1156000	979600	748400	568400	
26	1980	743360	912584	1082144	1088712	931180	777000	498784	

Pivot table editor

'singapore-residents-by-age- (2)'!A1:I

Suggested

Rows [Add](#)

Year

Order: Ascending Sort by: Year

☒ Show totals

Columns [Add](#)

Age Groups

Order: Ascending Sort by: Age Groups

☒ Show totals

Values [Add](#)

# Residents

Being a web app, Google Sheet is not as powerful as Excel

# Power of Data Analysis

- Pivot table is a very powerful tool
- Sometimes it is called **dynamic report**
- It allows the users to **drill-down** to see more details or **roll up** to see bigger pictures
- Many DBMS, ERP or data-related systems provide some pivoting features
- There are several specialized software design specifically to visualize and analyse data
  - Tableau, Power BI, Pentaho

# Exercise

- Study and analyse selected dataset
- Try to understand any interesting information in the data
- Write up a report describing what you learn from the data
- Present the obtained knowledge or insight
- You are allowed to present your information any way you see fit
  - Charts, tables, text, infographic etc

# Datasets – Data.go.th

- สถิติขนส่งทางอากาศปริมาณการจราจรทางอากาศของสายการบินต้นทุนต่ำปี 2557  
<https://data.go.th/DatasetDetail.aspx?id=b6b42ac5-a7e6-41df-af98-2fae9152ed35>
- ตำแหน่งงานว่าง จำแนกตามอุตสาหกรรม และวุฒิการศึกษา ทั้พระราชอาณาจักร ปี 58 – 59  
<https://data.go.th/DatasetDetail.aspx?id=a6287b62-0c4a-427d-aad1-29c4809d07cb>  
<https://data.go.th/DatasetDetail.aspx?id=5179ef3e-b689-49a0-aed6-d268e857f012>
- จำนวนผู้โดยสารรถไฟฟ้า  
<https://data.go.th/DatasetDetail.aspx?id=2acfc0e1-7a59-4896-8347-6bdfae79cc81>

# Datasets – Gapminder

- Energy production / used per person in a country (not country total)
- GDP/Capita
- Unemployment rate



# Data.gov

- Fruit and Vegetable Prices  
<https://catalog.data.gov/dataset/fruit-and-vegetable-prices>
- Accidental Drug Related Deaths 2012-2018  
<https://catalog.data.gov/dataset/accidental-drug-related-deaths-january-2012-sept-2015>
- Average Daily Traffic Counts  
<https://catalog.data.gov/dataset/average-daily-traffic-counts-3968f>