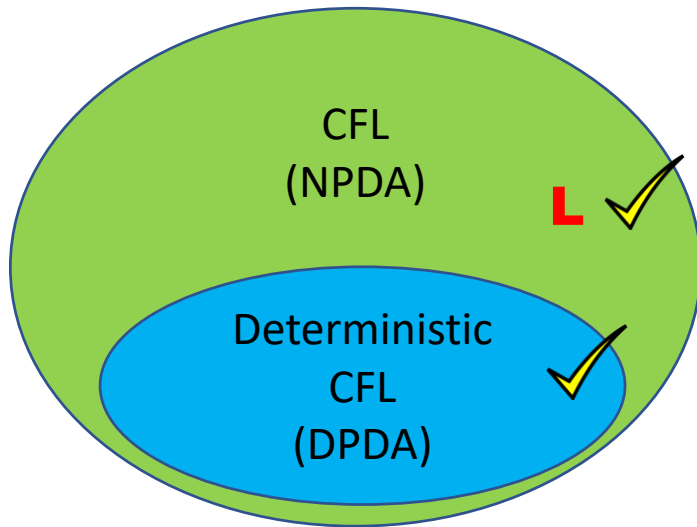


We will prove that:

“There is a language **L** that is in  $L(NPDA)$  but is not in  $L(DPDA)$ .”



Let  $L = \{a^n b^n\} \cup \{a^n b^{2n}\} ; n \geq 0$

**L** is in CFL because there is a CFG for **L**.

$S \rightarrow S_1 \mid S_2 \quad \{a^n b^n\} \cup \{a^n b^{2n}\}$

$S_1 \rightarrow aS_1b \mid \lambda \quad \{a^n b^n\}$

$S_2 \rightarrow aS_2bb \mid \lambda \quad \{a^n b^{2n}\}$

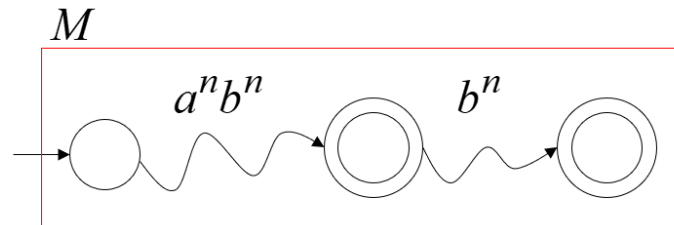
Therefore,  $L \in L(NPDA)$ .

Next, we will show that “**L** is not in  $L(DPDA)$ .”

Proof by contradiction:

Assume for contradiction that

$L = \{a^n b^n\} \cup \{a^n b^{2n}\}$  is in  $L(DPDA)$ .



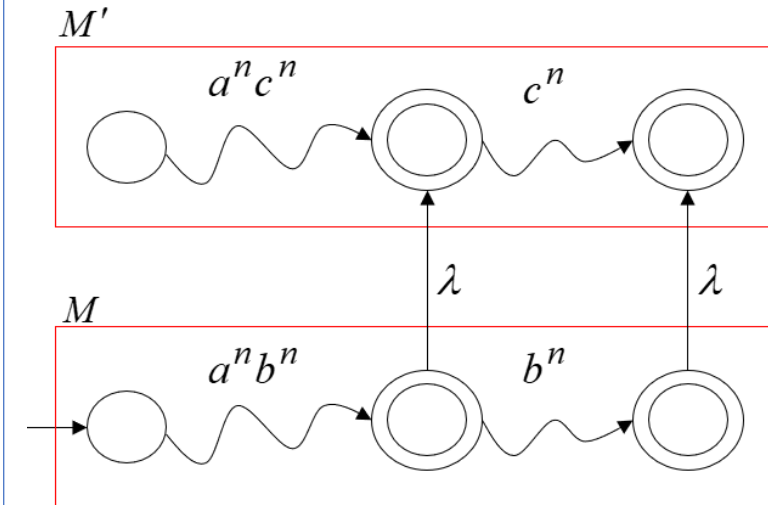
This DPDA M exists because of our assumption.

**FACT:**

$\underbrace{\{a^n b^n\} \cup \{a^n b^{2n}\}}_L \cup \underbrace{\{a^n b^n c^n\}}_{\text{Non-CFL}}$  is not CFL.

If we can construct NPDA that accepts the above language, we will reach a contradiction.

We construct NPDA from M to accept L.



This NPDA accepts the non-CFL  $\{a^n b^n\} \cup \{a^n b^{2n}\} \cup \{a^n b^n c^n\}$ .

Contradiction !!!

Our assumption is wrong.

Therefore, L is not in  $L(DPDA)$ .