## SAS/Proc SQL

# SAS seminar, October 2004 - MEB, KI

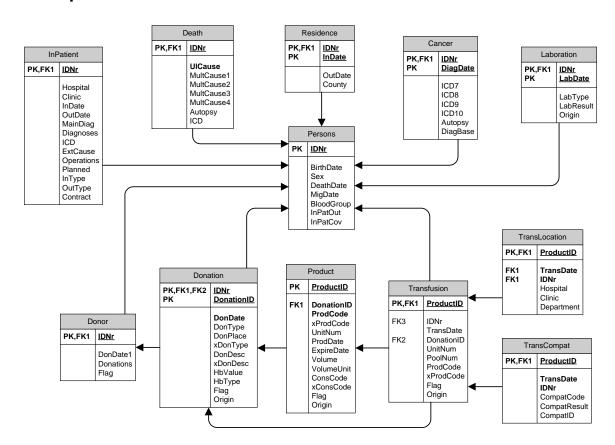
Gustaf Edgren

Gustaf.edgren@meb.ki.se

# **Terminology**

SAS Data step	Proc SQL
Dataset	Table
Variable	Column
Observation	Row
Merge	Join
Append	Union

## **Example database**



## **Syntax**

```
Retrieving data
proc sql;
   create table tablename as
   select [distinct]
      column1,
      column2,
      [*], ...
   from library.table
   where expression
   order by column1 etc.;
   quit;
Example 1
proc sql;
   create table men as
   select *
   from cblood.persons
   where sex = 1;
   quit;
Example 2
proc sql;
   create table men as
   select
      idnr,
      birthdate
   from cblood.persons
   where sex = 1
   order by birthdate;
   quit;
Example 3
proc sql;
   create table patient as
   select
      distinct idnr
   from cblood.transfusion;
   quit;
```

# Modifying/creating columns

```
proc sql;
   create table tablename as
   select
      function(column1) as newcolumn1,
      column2 [+|-|*|/] column3 as newcolumn2,
   from library.table;
   quit;
```

```
Example 4
```

```
proc sql;
    create table dead as
    select
        idnr,
        (deathdate-birthdate)/365.25 as deathage
    from cblood.transfusion
    where deathdate ^= .;
    quit;

Example 5
proc sql;
    create table blc as
    select distinct
        substr(donationid,2,3) as blc
    from cblood.donation;
    quit;
```

# **Summary functions**

```
proc sql;
    create table tablename as
        select function(*) as alias
        from libname.table
        group by byvariable1
        having conditions;
    quit;
```

## Example 6

```
proc sql;
    create table donations as
    select
     idnr,
     count(*) as count
    from cblood.donation
    group by idnr;
    quit;
```

#### Example 7

```
proc sql;
    create table toomany as
    select
       idnr,
       year(dondate) as year
    from cblood.donation
    where sex=1
    group by idnr, year(dondate)
    having count(*) > 4
    quit;
```

### **Combining tables**

```
proc sql;
   create table tablename as
   select
      [alias1.column, alias2.column, *, etc.]
   from
      libname.table1 as alias1, libname.table2 as alias2
   where alias1.column=alias2.column;
   quit;
Example 8
proc sql;
   create table donationage as
   select
      a.idnr,
      a.dondate,
      %age(a.dondate, b.birthdate) as age
   from cblood.donation as a,
      cblood.persons as b
   where a.idnr=b.idnr;
   quit;
Combining tables 2
proc sql;
   create table tablename as
   select
      [alias1.column, alias2.column, *, etc.]
   from
      libname.table1 as alias1
      [inner | outer | left | right] join
      libname.table2 as alias2
      on alias1.column=alias2.column;
  quit;
Example 9
proc sql;
   create table cancerdonor as
   select
      a.idnr,
      (max(dondate)-min(dondate))/ 365.25 as dontime,
      b.icd7,
     b.diadate
   from cblood.donation as a
      left join cblood.cancer as b
   on a.idnr=b.idnr
  group by a.idnr, b.icd7, b.diadate;
   quit;
Age macro
%macro age(date,birth);
   floor((intck('month', &birth, &date)-(day(&date) <day(&birth)))/12)
%mend age;
```