

Exercise 1.

a)

The transfer function can also be written as:

$$H(\Omega) = \left(\text{rect}\left(\frac{\Omega}{2\pi}\right) - \text{rect}\left(\frac{\Omega}{2\Omega_c}\right) \right) \cdot e^{-j\Omega \frac{N}{2}} \quad (1)$$

Excluding the delay, applying DTFT using the continuous Fourier Transform,

$$\frac{W}{\pi} \text{si}(Wt) \quad \circ \text{---} \bullet \quad \text{rect}\left(\frac{\omega}{2W}\right) \quad (2)$$

and sampling,

$$t = kT \quad (3)$$

$$T = \frac{1}{f_s} = \frac{2\pi}{\omega_s} = \frac{\pi}{\omega_{max}} = 1 \quad (4)$$

yields:

$$\frac{\sin(\pi k)}{\pi k} - \frac{\sin(\Omega_c k)}{\pi k} \quad \circ \text{---} \bullet \quad \text{rect}\left(\frac{\Omega}{2\pi}\right) - \text{rect}\left(\frac{\Omega}{2\Omega_c}\right) \quad (5)$$

With the delay we get:

$$h[k] = \frac{\sin(\pi(k - \frac{N}{2}))}{\pi(k - \frac{N}{2})} - \frac{\sin(\Omega_c(k - \frac{N}{2}))}{\pi(k - \frac{N}{2})} \quad (6)$$

b)

In the case of $k = \frac{N}{2}$:

$$h[\frac{N}{2}] = \frac{\sin(0\pi)}{0\pi} - \frac{\sin(0\Omega_c)}{0\pi} = \frac{0}{0} = \text{undefined} \quad (7)$$

Using limits:

$$h[\frac{N}{2}] = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \left(\frac{\sin(\pi x)}{\pi x} - \frac{\sin(\Omega_c x)}{\pi x} \right) = \frac{0}{0} \quad (8)$$

Here we can apply l'Hôpital's rule:

$$h[\frac{N}{2}] = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \left(\frac{\pi \cos(\pi x)}{\pi} - \frac{\Omega_c \cos(\Omega_c x)}{\pi} \right) \quad (9)$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \left(\cos(\pi x) - \frac{\Omega_c \cos(\Omega_c x)}{\pi} \right) \quad (10)$$

$$= 1 - \frac{\Omega_c}{\pi} \quad (11)$$

For $k \neq \frac{N}{2}$ and even N :

$$(k - \frac{N}{2}) \in \mathbb{Z} \setminus 0 \quad (12)$$

$$\frac{\sin(\pi(k - \frac{N}{2}))}{\pi(k - \frac{N}{2})} = 0 \quad (13)$$

This yields the overall result for even N :

$$h[k] = \begin{cases} -\frac{\sin(\Omega_c(k - \frac{N}{2}))}{\pi(k - \frac{N}{2})} & k \neq \frac{N}{2} \\ 1 - \frac{\Omega_c}{\pi} & k = \frac{N}{2} \end{cases} \quad (14)$$