correlation_target _label_30 8020 split .04 threshold

January 2, 2023

```
[]: # Importing the packages
     import sys
     import numpy as np
     np.set_printoptions(threshold=sys.maxsize)
     import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
     import pandas as pd
     import seaborn as sns
     import sklearn
     import random
     from sklearn.metrics import
      →confusion_matrix,accuracy_score,classification_report,RocCurveDisplay,ConfusionMatrixDispla
[]: pd.set_option('display.max_rows', None)
     pd.set_option('display.max_columns', None)
     pd.set_option('display.width', None)
     pd.set_option('display.max_colwidth', None)
[]: # Importing the dataset
     df = pd.read_csv('dataset_30.csv')
     df.drop(['index'], axis=1, inplace=True)
     #df.head()
[]: # if your dataset contains missing value, check which column has missing values
     #df.isnull().sum()
[]: #df.dropna(inplace=True)
[]: from sklearn import preprocessing
     col = df.columns[:]
     lab_en= preprocessing.LabelEncoder()
     for c in col:
         df[c] = lab_en.fit_transform(df[c])
     #df.head(50)
```

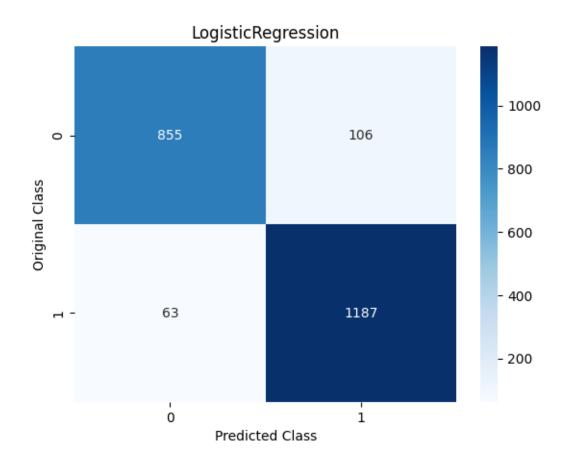
```
[]: ##print(df.corr()['Result'].sort_values())
     ## correlation values of features with target label
     corr_col = abs(df.corr()['Result']).sort_values(ascending=False)
     corr_col = corr_col.rename_axis('Col').reset_index(name='Correlation')
     corr_col
[]:
                                  Col
                                       Correlation
     0
                                           1.000000
                               Result
     1
                       SSLfinal_State
                                           0.714741
     2
                        URL_of_Anchor
                                           0.692935
     3
                        Prefix_Suffix
                                          0.348606
     4
                          web_traffic
                                           0.346103
     5
                   having_Sub_Domain
                                          0.298323
     6
                          Request_URL
                                          0.253372
     7
                        Links_in_tags
                                          0.248229
         Domain_registeration_length
     8
                                          0.225789
     9
                                  SFH
                                          0.221419
     10
                         Google Index
                                          0.128950
                        age_of_domain
     11
                                          0.121496
     12
                            Page Rank
                                          0.104645
     13
          having_IPhaving_IP_Address
                                          0.094160
     14
                  Statistical_report
                                           0.079857
                            DNSRecord
     15
                                           0.075718
                  Shortining_Service
     16
                                           0.067966
                                           0.060488
     17
                         Abnormal_URL
                        URLURL_Length
     18
                                           0.057430
     19
                    having_At_Symbol
                                           0.052948
     20
                         on_mouseover
                                           0.041838
     21
                          HTTPS_token
                                           0.039854
            double_slash_redirecting
     22
                                           0.038608
     23
                                 port
                                           0.036419
     24
              Links_pointing_to_page
                                          0.032574
     25
                             Redirect
                                          0.020113
     26
                 Submitting_to_email
                                          0.018249
     27
                           RightClick
                                          0.012653
     28
                               Tframe
                                           0.003394
     29
                              Favicon
                                           0.000280
                          popUpWidnow
     30
                                           0.000086
[]: def correlation (corr_col, threshold):
             corr feature = set()
             for index, row in corr col.iterrows():
                      if row['Correlation'] < threshold or np.</pre>
      ⇔isnan(row['Correlation']):
                              corr_feature.add(row['Col'])
             return corr_feature
```

```
[]: corr_feature = correlation(corr_col,.04)
     len(set(corr_feature))
[]: 10
[]: corr_feature
[]: {'Favicon',
      'HTTPS_token',
      'Iframe',
      'Links_pointing_to_page',
      'Redirect',
      'RightClick',
      'Submitting_to_email',
      'double_slash_redirecting',
      'popUpWidnow',
      'port'}
[]: df.drop(corr_feature, axis=1, inplace=True)
[]: | # # Remove features having correlation coeff. between +/- 0.03
     # df.drop(['Favicon','Iframe','Redirect',
                       'popUpWidnow', 'RightClick', 'Submitting_to_email'], axis=1, __
      ⇔inplace=True)
[]: len(df.columns)
[]: 21
[]: #df.head()
[]: a=len(df[df.Result==0])
     b=len(df[df.Result==1])
[]: print("Count of Legitimate Websites = ", a)
     print("Count of Phishy Websites = ", b)
    Count of Legitimate Websites = 4898
    Count of Phishy Websites = 6157
[]: # df.corr()
[]: # #Using Pearson Correlation
     # plt.figure(figsize=(30,30))
     # corr = df.corr()
     # sns.heatmap(corr, annot=True, cmap=plt.cm.CMRmap_r)
     # plt.show()
```

```
[]: # # with the following function we can select highly correlated features
     # # it will remove the first feature that is correlated with anything other.
      \hookrightarrow feature
     # def correlation(dataset, threshold):
           col_corr = set() # Set of all the names of correlated columns
           corr matrix = dataset.corr()
          for i in range(len(corr_matrix.columns)):
     #
     #
               for j in range(i):
                   if \ abs(corr\_matrix.iloc[i, j]) > threshold: # we are interested_{\sqcup}
      → in absolute coeff value
                       colname = corr_matrix.columns[i] # getting the name of column
     #
     #
                       col corr.add(colname)
           return col corr
[]: # corr_features = correlation(df, 0.8)
     # len(set(corr features))
[]: # corr_features
[]: #df.head()
[]: #from sklearn import preprocessing
     # col =df[df.columns[:]]
     # lab_en= preprocessing.LabelEncoder()
     # for c in col:
          df[c]= lab en.fit transform(df[c])
     # df.head()
[]: X = df.drop(['Result'], axis=1, inplace=False)
     \#X.head()
     #same work
     ##inplace true modifies the og data & does not return anything
     ##inplace false does not modify og data but returns something whoch we store in
     # X= df.drop(columns='Result')
     # X.head()
[]: #df.head()
[]: y = df['Result']
     y = pd.DataFrame(y)
```

```
y.head()
[]:
        Result
     0
             0
    1
             0
     2
             0
     3
             0
     4
             1
[]: # separate dataset into train and test
     from cProfile import label
     from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
     X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(
         Х,
         у,
         test size=0.2,
         random_state=10)
     X_train.shape, X_test.shape, y_train.shape, y_test.shape
[]: ((8844, 20), (2211, 20), (8844, 1), (2211, 1))
[ ]: #X_test.head()
[]: print("Training set has {} samples.".format(X_train.shape[0]))
     print("Testing set has {} samples.".format(X_test.shape[0]))
    Training set has 8844 samples.
    Testing set has 2211 samples.
[]: from sklearn.model selection import GridSearchCV
     from sklearn.linear_model import LogisticRegression
     # defining parameter range
     param_grid = {'penalty' : ['12'],
                 'C' : [0.1, 1, 10, 20, 30],
                 'solver' : ['lbfgs', 'newton-cg', 'liblinear', 'sag', 'saga'],
                 'max_iter' : [2500, 5000]}
     grid_logr = GridSearchCV(LogisticRegression(), param_grid, refit = True, cv = __
      \rightarrow10, verbose = 3, n_jobs = -1)
     # fitting the model for grid search
     grid_logr.fit(X_train, y_train.values.ravel())
     # print best parameter after tuning
     print(grid_logr.best_params_)
```

```
# print how our model looks after hyper-parameter tuning
     print(grid_logr.best_estimator_)
     print(grid_logr.best_score_)
    Fitting 10 folds for each of 50 candidates, totalling 500 fits
    {'C': 20, 'max_iter': 2500, 'penalty': '12', 'solver': 'lbfgs'}
    LogisticRegression(C=20, max_iter=2500)
    0.924243679218754
[]: logr_model = grid_logr.best_estimator_
     # Performing training
     #logr_model = logr.fit(X_train, y_train.values.ravel())
[]: logr_predict = logr_model.predict(X_test)
[]: # from sklearn.metrics import confusion matrix, accuracy score
     # cm = confusion_matrix(y_test, dct_pred)
     # ac = accuracy_score(y_test, dct_pred)
[]: print ("Accuracy of logr classifier : ", accuracy_score(y_test,__
      →logr_predict)*100)
    Accuracy of logr classifier: 92.35639981908639
[]: print(classification_report(y_test, logr_predict))
                  precision
                               recall f1-score
                                                  support
               0
                                 0.89
                       0.93
                                           0.91
                                                      961
                       0.92
                                 0.95
                                           0.93
                                                     1250
                                           0.92
                                                     2211
        accuracy
       macro avg
                       0.92
                                 0.92
                                           0.92
                                                     2211
    weighted avg
                       0.92
                                 0.92
                                           0.92
                                                     2211
[]: sns.heatmap(confusion_matrix(y_test, logr_predict), annot=True, fmt='g',__
     ⇔cmap='Blues')
     plt.title("LogisticRegression")
     plt.xlabel('Predicted Class')
     plt.ylabel('Original Class')
     plt.show()
```



```
# #training_accuracy=[]
# test_accuracy=[]

# neighbors=range(1,10)
# ##values.ravel() converts vector y to flattened array
# for i in neighbors:
# knn=KNeighborsClassifier(n_neighbors=i)
# knn_model = knn.fit(X_train,y_train.values.ravel())
# #training_accuracy.append(knn.score(X_train,y_train.values.ravel()))
# test_accuracy.append(knn_model.score(X_test,y_test.values.ravel()))

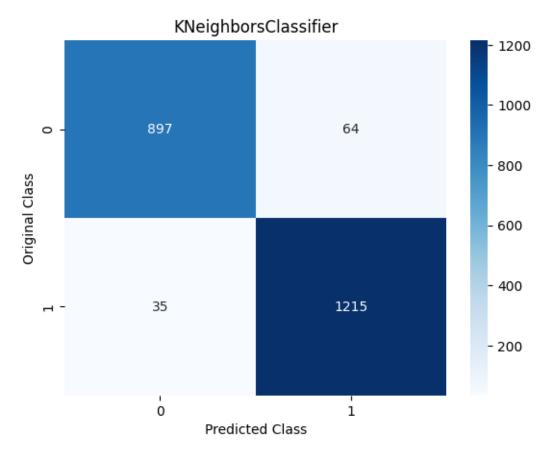
[]: # plt.plot(neighbors, test_accuracy, label="test accuracy")
# plt.ylabel("Accuracy")
# plt.vlabel("number of neighbors")
# plt.legend()
# plt.show()
```

[]: # from sklearn.neighbors import KNeighborsClassifier

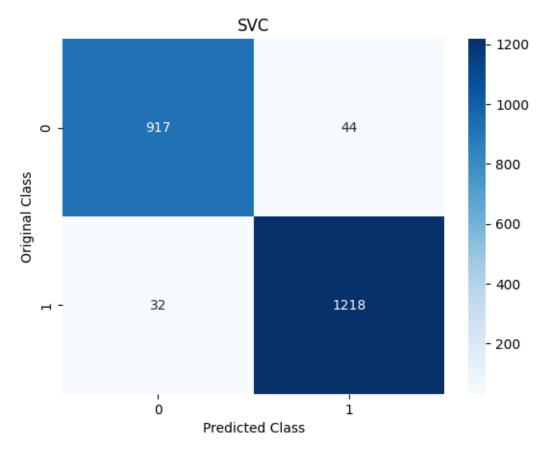
```
# defining parameter range
     param_grid = {'n_neighbors': [1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10]}
     grid_knn = GridSearchCV(KNeighborsClassifier(), param_grid, refit = True, cv = __
      \rightarrow10, verbose = 3, n_jobs = -1)
     # fitting the model for grid search
     grid_knn.fit(X_train, y_train.values.ravel())
     # print best parameter after tuning
     print(grid_knn.best_params_)
     # print how our model looks after hyper-parameter tuning
     print(grid_knn.best_estimator_)
     print(grid_knn.best_score_)
    Fitting 10 folds for each of 10 candidates, totalling 100 fits
    {'n_neighbors': 1}
    KNeighborsClassifier(n_neighbors=1)
    0.9545459774522586
[]: knn_model = grid_knn.best_estimator_
     #knn_model = knn.fit(X_train,y_train.values.ravel())
[]: #print ("Accuracy of knn classifier: ", max(test_accuracy)*100)
     knn_predict = knn_model.predict(X_test)
[]: print('The accuracy of knn Classifier is: ', 100.0 * accuracy_score(y_test,__
      →knn_predict))
    The accuracy of knn Classifier is: 95.52238805970148
[]: print(classification_report(y_test, knn_predict))
                  precision
                               recall f1-score
                                                  support
               0
                       0.96
                                 0.93
                                           0.95
                                                      961
               1
                       0.95
                                 0.97
                                           0.96
                                                      1250
                                                     2211
                                           0.96
        accuracy
       macro avg
                       0.96
                                 0.95
                                           0.95
                                                      2211
    weighted avg
                       0.96
                                 0.96
                                           0.96
                                                      2211
[]: sns.heatmap(confusion_matrix(y_test, knn_predict), annot=True, fmt='g',__
      plt.title("KNeighborsClassifier")
```

[]: from sklearn.neighbors import KNeighborsClassifier

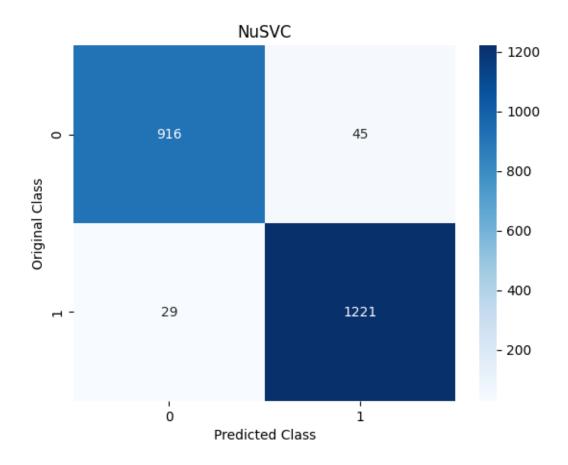
```
plt.xlabel('Predicted Class')
plt.ylabel('Original Class')
plt.show()
```



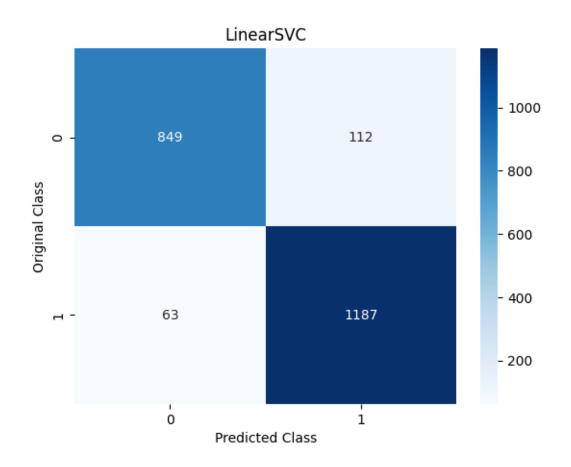
```
[]: from sklearn.svm import SVC
     # defining parameter range
     param_grid = {'C': [0.1, 1, 10, 20],
                             'gamma': [1, 0.1, 0.01],
                             'kernel': ['linear','poly', 'rbf', 'sigmoid']}
     grid_svc = GridSearchCV(SVC(), param_grid, refit = True, cv = 10, verbose = 3, __
      \rightarrown jobs = -1)
     # fitting the model for grid search
     grid_svc.fit(X_train, y_train.values.ravel())
     # print best parameter after tuning
     print(grid_svc.best_params_)
     # print how our model looks after hyper-parameter tuning
     print(grid_svc.best_estimator_)
     print(grid_svc.best_score_)
    Fitting 10 folds for each of 48 candidates, totalling 480 fits
    {'C': 10, 'gamma': 1, 'kernel': 'rbf'}
    SVC(C=10, gamma=1)
    0.9603125239665617
[]: svc_model = grid_svc.best_estimator_
     #svc_model = svc.fit(X_train,y_train.values.ravel())
[]: svc_predict = svc_model.predict(X_test)
[]: print('The accuracy of svc Classifier is: ', 100.0 * accuracy_score(y_test,__
      ⇔svc_predict))
    The accuracy of svc Classifier is: 96.56264133876074
[]: print(classification_report(y_test, svc_predict))
                  precision
                               recall f1-score
                                                   support
               0
                       0.97
                                  0.95
                                            0.96
                                                       961
               1
                       0.97
                                  0.97
                                            0.97
                                                      1250
        accuracy
                                            0.97
                                                      2211
       macro avg
                       0.97
                                 0.96
                                            0.96
                                                      2211
    weighted avg
                       0.97
                                  0.97
                                            0.97
                                                      2211
```



```
# print best parameter after tuning
     print(grid_nusvc.best_params_)
     # print how our model looks after hyper-parameter tuning
     print(grid_nusvc.best_estimator_)
     print(grid_nusvc.best_score_)
    Fitting 10 folds for each of 24 candidates, totalling 240 fits
    {'gamma': 1, 'kernel': 'rbf', 'nu': 0.1}
    NuSVC(gamma=1, nu=0.1)
    0.9604255183168442
[]: nusvc_model = grid_nusvc.best_estimator_
     #nusvc_model = nusvc.fit(X_train, y_train.values.ravel())
[ ]: | nusvc_predict = nusvc_model.predict(X_test)
[]: print('The accuracy of nusvc Classifier is: ', 100.0 * accuracy_score(y_test,__
      →nusvc_predict))
    The accuracy of nusvc Classifier is: 96.65309814563547
[]: print(classification_report(y_test, nusvc_predict))
                  precision
                               recall f1-score
                                                   support
               0
                       0.97
                                 0.95
                                           0.96
                                                       961
                       0.96
                                 0.98
                                           0.97
                                                      1250
                                                      2211
        accuracy
                                           0.97
                                           0.97
                                                      2211
       macro avg
                       0.97
                                 0.96
    weighted avg
                       0.97
                                 0.97
                                           0.97
                                                      2211
[]: sns.heatmap(confusion_matrix(y_test, nusvc_predict), annot=True, fmt='g',__
     ⇔cmap='Blues')
     plt.title("NuSVC")
     plt.xlabel('Predicted Class')
     plt.ylabel('Original Class')
     plt.show()
```



```
print(grid_lsvc.best_estimator_)
    print(grid_lsvc.best_score_)
    Fitting 10 folds for each of 30 candidates, totalling 300 fits
    {'C': 10, 'dual': False, 'loss': 'squared_hinge', 'penalty': '12', 'tol': 0.01}
    LinearSVC(C=10, dual=False, tol=0.01)
    0.923678963110668
[]: lsvc_model = grid_lsvc.best_estimator_
     #lsvc_model = lsvc.fit(X_train, y_train.values.ravel())
[]:|lsvc_predict = lsvc_model.predict(X_test)
[]: print('The accuracy of lsvc Classifier is: ', 100.0 * accuracy_score(y_test,__
      →lsvc_predict))
    The accuracy of lsvc Classifier is: 92.08502939846224
[]: print(classification_report(y_test, lsvc_predict))
                               recall f1-score
                  precision
                                                  support
               0
                       0.93
                                 0.88
                                           0.91
                                                      961
               1
                       0.91
                                 0.95
                                           0.93
                                                     1250
        accuracy
                                           0.92
                                                     2211
                                                     2211
       macro avg
                       0.92
                                 0.92
                                           0.92
    weighted avg
                       0.92
                                 0.92
                                           0.92
                                                     2211
[]: sns.heatmap(confusion_matrix(y_test, lsvc_predict), annot=True, fmt='g',__
     plt.title("LinearSVC")
    plt.xlabel('Predicted Class')
    plt.ylabel('Original Class')
    plt.show()
```

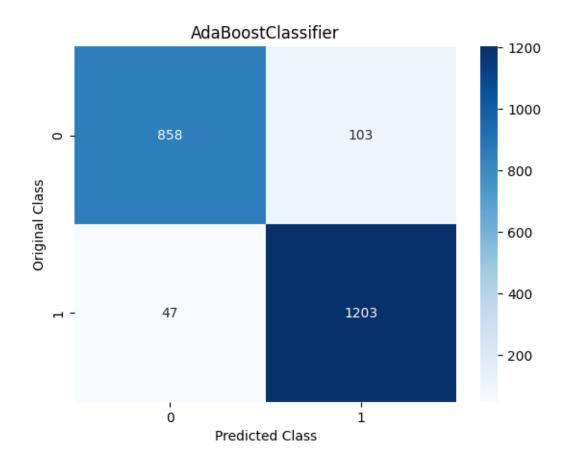


Fitting 10 folds for each of 5 candidates, totalling 50 fits $\{'n_{estimators'}: 300\}$

```
AdaBoostClassifier(n_estimators=300) 0.9323852800572642
```

plt.show()

```
[]: ada_model = grid_ada.best_estimator_
     #ada_model = ada.fit(X_train,y_train.values.ravel())
[ ]: ada_predict = ada_model.predict(X_test)
[]: print('The accuracy of Ada Boost Classifier is: ', 100.0 ∗⊔
      →accuracy_score(ada_predict,y_test))
    The accuracy of Ada Boost Classifier is: 93.2157394843962
[]: print(classification_report(y_test, ada_predict))
                               recall f1-score
                                                  support
                  precision
               0
                       0.95
                                 0.89
                                           0.92
                                                      961
               1
                       0.92
                                 0.96
                                           0.94
                                                      1250
                                           0.93
                                                     2211
        accuracy
       macro avg
                                                     2211
                       0.93
                                 0.93
                                           0.93
    weighted avg
                       0.93
                                 0.93
                                           0.93
                                                      2211
[]: sns.heatmap(confusion_matrix(y_test, ada_predict), annot=True, fmt='g',__
     ⇔cmap='Blues')
     plt.title("AdaBoostClassifier")
     plt.xlabel('Predicted Class')
     plt.ylabel('Original Class')
```



```
from xgboost import XGBClassifier

# defining parameter range
param_grid = {
    "gamma": [.01, .1, .5],
    "n_estimators": [50,100,150,200,250]
}

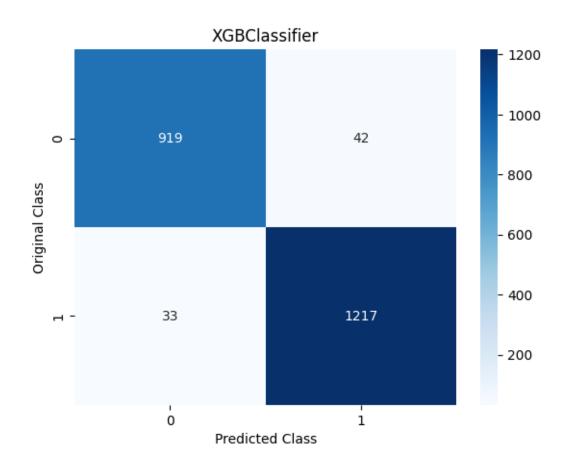
grid_xgb = GridSearchCV(XGBClassifier(), param_grid, refit = True, verbose = 3,u cv = 10, n_jobs = -1)

# fitting the model for grid search
grid_xgb.fit(X_train, y_train.values.ravel())

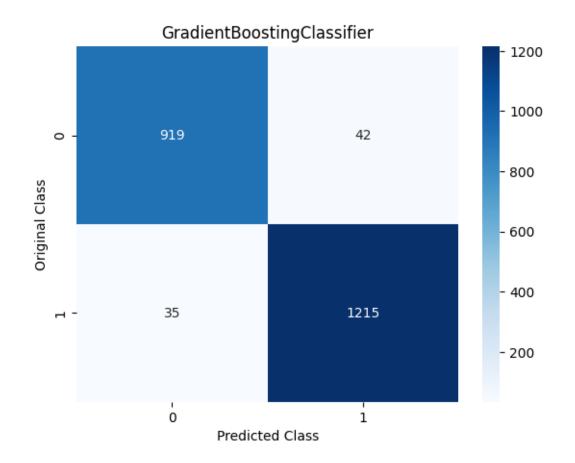
# print best parameter after tuning
print(grid_xgb.best_params_)

# print how our model looks after hyper-parameter tuning
```

```
print(grid_xgb.best_estimator_)
     print(grid_xgb.best_score_)
    Fitting 10 folds for each of 15 candidates, totalling 150 fits
    {'gamma': 0.01, 'n_estimators': 200}
    XGBClassifier(base_score=0.5, booster='gbtree', callbacks=None,
                  colsample_bylevel=1, colsample_bynode=1, colsample_bytree=1,
                  early_stopping_rounds=None, enable_categorical=False,
                  eval_metric=None, gamma=0.01, gpu_id=-1, grow_policy='depthwise',
                  importance_type=None, interaction_constraints='',
                  learning_rate=0.300000012, max_bin=256, max_cat_to_onehot=4,
                  max_delta_step=0, max_depth=6, max_leaves=0, min_child_weight=1,
                  missing=nan, monotone_constraints='()', n_estimators=200,
                  n_jobs=0, num_parallel_tree=1, predictor='auto', random_state=0,
                  reg_alpha=0, reg_lambda=1, ...)
    0.9655140987294525
[ ]: xgb_model = grid_xgb.best_estimator_
     \#xgb\_model = xgb.fit(X\_train, y\_train)
[]: xgb_predict=xgb_model.predict(X_test)
[]: print('The accuracy of XGBoost Classifier is: ' , 100.0 *_
      →accuracy_score(xgb_predict,y_test))
    The accuracy of XGBoost Classifier is: 96.6078697421981
[]: print(classification_report(y_test, xgb_predict))
                  precision
                               recall f1-score
                                                   support
               0
                       0.97
                                 0.96
                                            0.96
                                                       961
               1
                       0.97
                                 0.97
                                            0.97
                                                      1250
                                            0.97
                                                      2211
        accuracy
       macro avg
                       0.97
                                 0.96
                                            0.97
                                                      2211
    weighted avg
                       0.97
                                 0.97
                                            0.97
                                                      2211
[]: sns.heatmap(confusion_matrix(y_test, xgb_predict), annot=True, fmt='g',__
     ⇔cmap='Blues')
     plt.title("XGBClassifier")
     plt.xlabel('Predicted Class')
     plt.ylabel('Original Class')
     plt.show()
```



```
print(grid_gbc.best_score_)
    Fitting 10 folds for each of 15 candidates, totalling 150 fits
    {'learning_rate': 1, 'n_estimators': 200}
    GradientBoostingClassifier(learning_rate=1, n_estimators=200)
    0.9595211800495947
[]: gbc_model = grid_gbc.best_estimator_
     #gbc_model = gbc.fit(X_train,y_train.values.ravel())
     #clf = GradientBoostingClassifier(n_estimators=100, learning_rate=1.0,
     # max_depth=1, random_state=0).fit(X_train, y_train)
     #clf.score(X_test, y_test)
[]: gbc_predict = gbc_model.predict(X_test)
[]: print('The accuracy of GradientBoost Classifier is: ' , 100.0 *
      →accuracy_score(gbc_predict,y_test))
    The accuracy of GradientBoost Classifier is: 96.51741293532339
[]: print(classification_report(y_test, gbc_predict))
                  precision
                               recall f1-score
                                                  support
               0
                       0.96
                                 0.96
                                           0.96
                                                      961
               1
                       0.97
                                 0.97
                                           0.97
                                                      1250
                                                      2211
                                           0.97
        accuracy
                       0.96
                                 0.96
                                           0.96
                                                      2211
       macro avg
                                                      2211
    weighted avg
                       0.97
                                 0.97
                                           0.97
[]: sns.heatmap(confusion_matrix(y_test, gbc_predict), annot=True, fmt='g',__
     ⇔cmap='Blues')
     plt.title("GradientBoostingClassifier")
     plt.xlabel('Predicted Class')
     plt.ylabel('Original Class')
     plt.show()
```



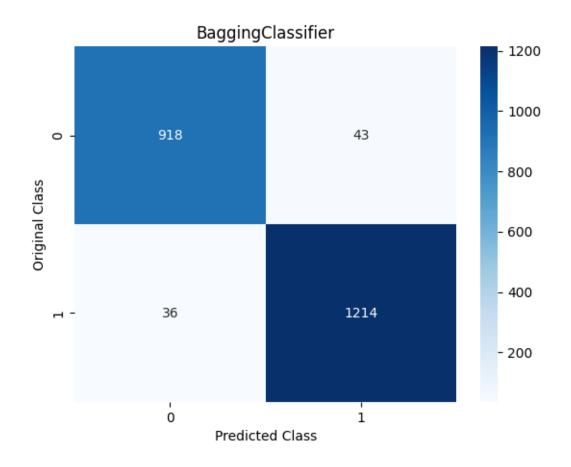
```
[]: # import inspect
# import sklearn
# import xgboost

# models = [xgboost.XGBClassifier]
# for m in models:
# hyperparams = inspect.signature(m.__init__)
# print(hyperparams)
# #or
# xgb_model.get_params().keys()

[]: from sklearn.ensemble import BaggingClassifier
from sklearn.tree import DecisionTreeClassifier
# defining parameter range
param_grid = {
    "base_estimator": [DecisionTreeClassifier()],
    "n_estimators": [50,100,150,200,250]
```

[]: # gbc_model.get_params().keys()

```
}
     grid_bag = GridSearchCV(BaggingClassifier(), param_grid, refit = True, verbose⊔
     \Rightarrow= 3, cv = 10, n_jobs = -1)
     # fitting the model for grid search
     grid_bag.fit(X_train, y_train.values.ravel())
     # print best parameter after tuning
     print(grid_bag.best_params_)
     # print how our model looks after hyper-parameter tuning
     print(grid_bag.best_estimator_)
     print(grid_bag.best_score_)
    Fitting 10 folds for each of 5 candidates, totalling 50 fits
    {'base_estimator': DecisionTreeClassifier(), 'n_estimators': 150}
    BaggingClassifier(base_estimator=DecisionTreeClassifier(), n_estimators=150)
    0.9616694787432575
[]: bag_model = grid_bag.best_estimator_
     #bag model = bag.fit(X train, y train.values.ravel())
[ ]: bag_predict = bag_model.predict(X_test)
[]: print('The accuracy of Bagging Classifier is: ', 100.0 *
      →accuracy_score(y_test, bag_predict))
    The accuracy of Bagging Classifier is: 96.42695612844867
[]: print(classification_report(y_test, bag_predict))
                  precision
                               recall f1-score
                                                  support
               0
                       0.96
                                 0.96
                                           0.96
                                                      961
               1
                       0.97
                                 0.97
                                           0.97
                                                     1250
                                           0.96
                                                     2211
        accuracy
                       0.96
                                 0.96
                                           0.96
                                                     2211
       macro avg
                       0.96
                                 0.96
                                           0.96
                                                     2211
    weighted avg
[]: sns.heatmap(confusion_matrix(y_test, bag_predict), annot=True, fmt='g',__
     plt.title("BaggingClassifier")
     plt.xlabel('Predicted Class')
     plt.ylabel('Original Class')
     plt.show()
```



```
[]: from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestClassifier

# defining parameter range
param_grid = {
        "n_estimators": [50,100,150,200,250]
}

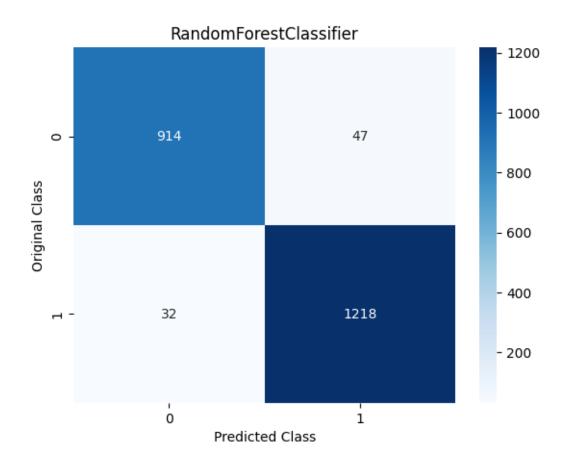
grid_rfc = GridSearchCV(RandomForestClassifier(), param_grid, refit = True, overbose = 3, cv = 10, n_jobs = -1)

# fitting the model for grid search
grid_rfc.fit(X_train, y_train.values.ravel())

# print best parameter after tuning
print(grid_rfc.best_params_)

# print how our model looks after hyper-parameter tuning
print(grid_rfc.best_estimator_)
print(grid_rfc.best_score_)
```

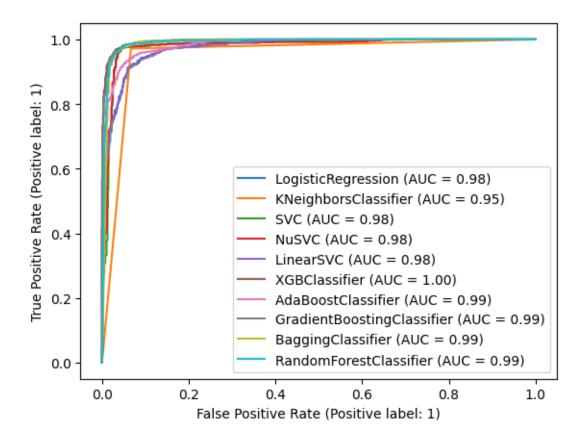
```
Fitting 10 folds for each of 5 candidates, totalling 50 fits
    {'n_estimators': 50}
    RandomForestClassifier(n_estimators=50)
    0.9657402152516807
[]: rfc_model = grid_rfc.best_estimator_
     \#rfc\_model = rfc.fit(X\_train, y\_train.values.ravel())
[]: rfc_predict = rfc_model.predict(X_test)
[]: print('The accuracy of RandomForest Classifier is: ', 100.0 *
      →accuracy_score(rfc_predict,y_test))
    The accuracy of RandomForest Classifier is: 96.42695612844867
[]: print(classification_report(y_test, rfc_predict))
                  precision
                               recall f1-score
                                                   support
               0
                       0.97
                                 0.95
                                                       961
                                           0.96
               1
                       0.96
                                 0.97
                                           0.97
                                                      1250
                                                      2211
        accuracy
                                           0.96
                                                      2211
       macro avg
                       0.96
                                 0.96
                                           0.96
    weighted avg
                       0.96
                                 0.96
                                           0.96
                                                      2211
[]: sns.heatmap(confusion_matrix(y_test, rfc_predict), annot=True, fmt='g',__
     ⇔cmap='Blues')
     plt.title("RandomForestClassifier")
     plt.xlabel('Predicted Class')
     plt.ylabel('Original Class')
     plt.show()
```



```
[]: estimators = □

□ [logr_model,knn_model,svc_model,nusvc_model,lsvc_model,xgb_model,ada_model,gbc_model,bag_model
for estimator in estimators:

RocCurveDisplay.from_estimator(estimator,X_test,y_test,ax=plt.gca())
```



```
[]: import tensorflow as tf
     #from tensorflow.keras.datasets import imdb
     from keras.layers import Embedding, Dense, LSTM, BatchNormalization
     from keras.losses import BinaryCrossentropy
     from keras.models import Sequential
     from keras.optimizers import Adam
     #from tensorflow.keras.preprocessing.sequence import pad_sequences
     # Model configuration
     additional_metrics = ['accuracy']
     batch_size = 32
     #embedding_output_dims = (X_train.shape[1])
     loss_function = BinaryCrossentropy()
     \#max\_sequence\_length = (X\_train.shape[1])
     \#num\_distinct\_words = (X\_train.shape[1])
     number_of_epochs = 100
     optimizer = Adam()
     validation split = 0.20
     verbosity_mode = 1
     # reshape from [samples, features] into [samples, timesteps, features]
```

```
timesteps = 1
X train_reshape = X_train.values.ravel().reshape(X_train.shape[0],timesteps,__
\hookrightarrow X_{train.shape[1]}
X test reshape = X test.values.ravel().reshape(X test.shape[0],timesteps,
 \hookrightarrow X_{\text{test.shape}}[1]
# Disable eager execution
#tf.compat.v1.disable_eager_execution()
# Load dataset
\# (x_train, y_train), (x_test, y_test) = imdb.
 ⇔load data(num words=num distinct words)
# print(x_train.shape)
# print(x_test.shape)
# Pad all sequences
# padded inputs = pad sequences(X train, maxlen=max sequence length, value = 0.
→0) # 0.0 because it corresponds with <PAD>
# padded_inputs_test = pad_sequences(X_test, maxlen=max_sequence_length, value_
 ⇒= 0.0) # 0.0 because it corresponds with <PAD>
# Define the Keras model
def build_model_lstm():
    model = Sequential()
    #model.add(Embedding(num_distinct_words, embedding_output_dims,__
 ⇒input_length=max_sequence_length))
    model.add(LSTM(100, input_shape = (timesteps,X_train_reshape.shape[2])))
    model.add(BatchNormalization())
    model.add(Dense(50, activation='relu'))
    model.add(Dense(25, activation='relu'))
    model.add(Dense(10, activation='relu'))
    model.add(Dense(1, activation='sigmoid'))
    # Compile the model
    model.compile(optimizer=optimizer, loss=loss_function,__
 →metrics=additional_metrics)
    return model
#from keras.wrappers.scikit_learn import KerasClassifier
lstm_model = build_model_lstm()
# Give a summary
lstm_model.summary()
# Train the model
```

Model: "sequential"

Layer (type) 	_	Shape	Param #
lstm (LSTM)	(None,		48400
<pre>batch_normalization (BatchN ormalization)</pre>	(None	, 100)	400
dense (Dense)	(None,	50)	5050
	Output	Shape	Param #
lstm (LSTM)	(None,	100)	48400
<pre>batch_normalization (BatchN ormalization)</pre>	(None	, 100)	400
dense (Dense)	(None,	50)	5050
dense_1 (Dense)	(None,	25)	1275
dense_2 (Dense)	(None,	10)	260
dense_3 (Dense)	(None,	1)	11
Total params: 55,396 Trainable params: 55,196 Non-trainable params: 200			
Epoch 1/100 222/222 [===============================	0.4220	- val_accuracy: 0.	9226

```
accuracy: 0.9303 - val_loss: 0.1955 - val_accuracy: 0.9389
Epoch 3/100
accuracy: 0.9333 - val_loss: 0.1532 - val_accuracy: 0.9339
Epoch 4/100
accuracy: 0.9415 - val_loss: 0.1333 - val_accuracy: 0.9440
Epoch 5/100
222/222 [============ ] - 1s 4ms/step - loss: 0.1310 -
accuracy: 0.9452 - val_loss: 0.1396 - val_accuracy: 0.9344
Epoch 6/100
accuracy: 0.9428 - val_loss: 0.1263 - val_accuracy: 0.9503
Epoch 7/100
accuracy: 0.9457 - val_loss: 0.1220 - val_accuracy: 0.9491
Epoch 8/100
222/222 [============ ] - 1s 4ms/step - loss: 0.1177 -
accuracy: 0.9495 - val_loss: 0.1194 - val_accuracy: 0.9491
Epoch 9/100
accuracy: 0.9518 - val_loss: 0.1077 - val_accuracy: 0.9503
Epoch 10/100
accuracy: 0.9522 - val_loss: 0.1149 - val_accuracy: 0.9486
Epoch 11/100
accuracy: 0.9542 - val_loss: 0.1215 - val_accuracy: 0.9520
accuracy: 0.9563 - val_loss: 0.1146 - val_accuracy: 0.9514
Epoch 13/100
accuracy: 0.9589 - val_loss: 0.1136 - val_accuracy: 0.9520
Epoch 14/100
accuracy: 0.9596 - val loss: 0.1212 - val accuracy: 0.9508
Epoch 15/100
accuracy: 0.9592 - val_loss: 0.1123 - val_accuracy: 0.9565
Epoch 16/100
222/222 [============ ] - 1s 4ms/step - loss: 0.0858 -
accuracy: 0.9623 - val_loss: 0.1073 - val_accuracy: 0.9508
Epoch 17/100
222/222 [=========== ] - 1s 4ms/step - loss: 0.0954 -
accuracy: 0.9590 - val_loss: 0.1028 - val_accuracy: 0.9542
Epoch 18/100
```

```
accuracy: 0.9621 - val_loss: 0.0992 - val_accuracy: 0.9593
Epoch 19/100
accuracy: 0.9601 - val_loss: 0.1051 - val_accuracy: 0.9548
Epoch 20/100
accuracy: 0.9618 - val_loss: 0.1060 - val_accuracy: 0.9565
Epoch 21/100
222/222 [============ ] - 1s 4ms/step - loss: 0.0806 -
accuracy: 0.9648 - val_loss: 0.1035 - val_accuracy: 0.9559
Epoch 22/100
222/222 [============ ] - 1s 5ms/step - loss: 0.0837 -
accuracy: 0.9652 - val_loss: 0.1055 - val_accuracy: 0.9553
Epoch 23/100
accuracy: 0.9644 - val_loss: 0.1130 - val_accuracy: 0.9531
Epoch 24/100
222/222 [============ ] - 1s 5ms/step - loss: 0.0788 -
accuracy: 0.9661 - val_loss: 0.1028 - val_accuracy: 0.9587
Epoch 25/100
accuracy: 0.9651 - val_loss: 0.1116 - val_accuracy: 0.9553
Epoch 26/100
accuracy: 0.9631 - val_loss: 0.0984 - val_accuracy: 0.9627
Epoch 27/100
accuracy: 0.9693 - val_loss: 0.0977 - val_accuracy: 0.9633
Epoch 28/100
accuracy: 0.9664 - val_loss: 0.1136 - val_accuracy: 0.9548
Epoch 29/100
222/222 [============ ] - 1s 4ms/step - loss: 0.0798 -
accuracy: 0.9678 - val_loss: 0.1307 - val_accuracy: 0.9559
Epoch 30/100
accuracy: 0.9690 - val loss: 0.1071 - val accuracy: 0.9587
Epoch 31/100
accuracy: 0.9712 - val_loss: 0.1058 - val_accuracy: 0.9599
Epoch 32/100
222/222 [============ ] - 1s 5ms/step - loss: 0.0676 -
accuracy: 0.9689 - val_loss: 0.1090 - val_accuracy: 0.9542
Epoch 33/100
222/222 [=========== ] - 1s 5ms/step - loss: 0.0673 -
accuracy: 0.9726 - val_loss: 0.1134 - val_accuracy: 0.9604
Epoch 34/100
```

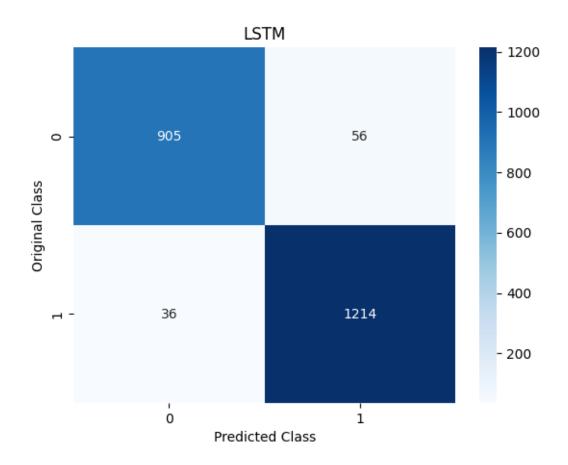
```
accuracy: 0.9654 - val_loss: 0.1145 - val_accuracy: 0.9610
Epoch 35/100
accuracy: 0.9698 - val_loss: 0.1029 - val_accuracy: 0.9531
Epoch 36/100
accuracy: 0.9729 - val_loss: 0.1069 - val_accuracy: 0.9582
Epoch 37/100
222/222 [============ ] - 1s 5ms/step - loss: 0.0683 -
accuracy: 0.9707 - val_loss: 0.1132 - val_accuracy: 0.9582
Epoch 38/100
222/222 [============ ] - 1s 5ms/step - loss: 0.0625 -
accuracy: 0.9727 - val_loss: 0.1191 - val_accuracy: 0.9599
Epoch 39/100
accuracy: 0.9724 - val_loss: 0.1357 - val_accuracy: 0.9610
Epoch 40/100
accuracy: 0.9737 - val_loss: 0.1256 - val_accuracy: 0.9587
Epoch 41/100
accuracy: 0.9700 - val_loss: 0.1097 - val_accuracy: 0.9627
Epoch 42/100
accuracy: 0.9727 - val_loss: 0.1053 - val_accuracy: 0.9616
Epoch 43/100
accuracy: 0.9716 - val_loss: 0.1258 - val_accuracy: 0.9604
Epoch 44/100
accuracy: 0.9720 - val_loss: 0.1204 - val_accuracy: 0.9593
Epoch 45/100
222/222 [============ ] - 1s 5ms/step - loss: 0.0555 -
accuracy: 0.9758 - val_loss: 0.1306 - val_accuracy: 0.9644
Epoch 46/100
accuracy: 0.9768 - val loss: 0.1274 - val accuracy: 0.9508
Epoch 47/100
accuracy: 0.9747 - val_loss: 0.1321 - val_accuracy: 0.9644
Epoch 48/100
222/222 [============ ] - 1s 5ms/step - loss: 0.0587 -
accuracy: 0.9751 - val_loss: 0.1140 - val_accuracy: 0.9587
Epoch 49/100
222/222 [========== ] - 1s 5ms/step - loss: 0.0585 -
accuracy: 0.9755 - val_loss: 0.1304 - val_accuracy: 0.9582
Epoch 50/100
```

```
accuracy: 0.9753 - val_loss: 0.1356 - val_accuracy: 0.9565
Epoch 51/100
accuracy: 0.9713 - val_loss: 0.1255 - val_accuracy: 0.9593
Epoch 52/100
accuracy: 0.9798 - val_loss: 0.1213 - val_accuracy: 0.9627
Epoch 53/100
222/222 [============ ] - 1s 5ms/step - loss: 0.0532 -
accuracy: 0.9757 - val_loss: 0.1340 - val_accuracy: 0.9610
Epoch 54/100
222/222 [============ ] - 1s 5ms/step - loss: 0.0548 -
accuracy: 0.9739 - val_loss: 0.1272 - val_accuracy: 0.9593
Epoch 55/100
accuracy: 0.9746 - val_loss: 0.1479 - val_accuracy: 0.9616
Epoch 56/100
222/222 [============ ] - 1s 5ms/step - loss: 0.0555 -
accuracy: 0.9765 - val_loss: 0.1231 - val_accuracy: 0.9616
Epoch 57/100
accuracy: 0.9757 - val_loss: 0.1334 - val_accuracy: 0.9599
Epoch 58/100
accuracy: 0.9734 - val_loss: 0.1327 - val_accuracy: 0.9655
Epoch 59/100
accuracy: 0.9775 - val_loss: 0.1325 - val_accuracy: 0.9542
Epoch 60/100
accuracy: 0.9740 - val_loss: 0.1305 - val_accuracy: 0.9593
Epoch 61/100
222/222 [============ ] - 1s 5ms/step - loss: 0.0562 -
accuracy: 0.9748 - val_loss: 0.1259 - val_accuracy: 0.9604
Epoch 62/100
accuracy: 0.9771 - val_loss: 0.1624 - val_accuracy: 0.9593
Epoch 63/100
accuracy: 0.9765 - val_loss: 0.1428 - val_accuracy: 0.9593
Epoch 64/100
222/222 [============ ] - 1s 5ms/step - loss: 0.0581 -
accuracy: 0.9740 - val_loss: 0.1285 - val_accuracy: 0.9621
Epoch 65/100
222/222 [=========== ] - 1s 5ms/step - loss: 0.0501 -
accuracy: 0.9764 - val_loss: 0.1214 - val_accuracy: 0.9604
Epoch 66/100
```

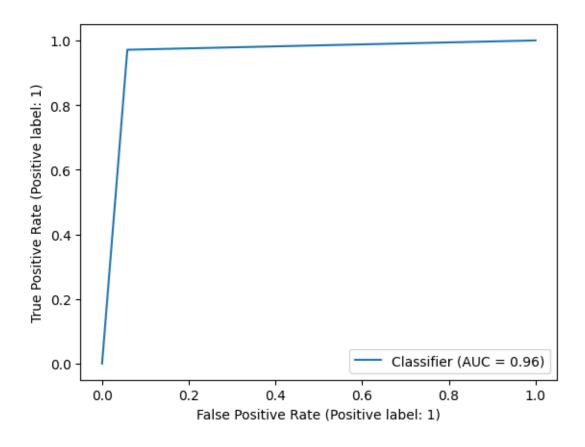
```
accuracy: 0.9789 - val_loss: 0.1402 - val_accuracy: 0.9610
Epoch 67/100
accuracy: 0.9794 - val_loss: 0.1372 - val_accuracy: 0.9638
Epoch 68/100
accuracy: 0.9794 - val_loss: 0.1511 - val_accuracy: 0.9503
Epoch 69/100
222/222 [============ ] - 1s 5ms/step - loss: 0.0469 -
accuracy: 0.9774 - val_loss: 0.1289 - val_accuracy: 0.9627
Epoch 70/100
222/222 [============ ] - 1s 5ms/step - loss: 0.0441 -
accuracy: 0.9789 - val_loss: 0.1480 - val_accuracy: 0.9599
Epoch 71/100
accuracy: 0.9757 - val_loss: 0.1480 - val_accuracy: 0.9599
Epoch 72/100
222/222 [============ ] - 1s 5ms/step - loss: 0.0545 -
accuracy: 0.9764 - val_loss: 0.1398 - val_accuracy: 0.9599
Epoch 73/100
accuracy: 0.9763 - val_loss: 0.1524 - val_accuracy: 0.9655
Epoch 74/100
accuracy: 0.9782 - val_loss: 0.1340 - val_accuracy: 0.9638
Epoch 75/100
accuracy: 0.9798 - val_loss: 0.1311 - val_accuracy: 0.9621
Epoch 76/100
accuracy: 0.9765 - val_loss: 0.1515 - val_accuracy: 0.9616
Epoch 77/100
222/222 [============ ] - 1s 5ms/step - loss: 0.0496 -
accuracy: 0.9777 - val_loss: 0.1317 - val_accuracy: 0.9627
Epoch 78/100
accuracy: 0.9784 - val loss: 0.1371 - val accuracy: 0.9627
Epoch 79/100
accuracy: 0.9780 - val_loss: 0.1373 - val_accuracy: 0.9610
Epoch 80/100
222/222 [============ ] - 1s 5ms/step - loss: 0.0446 -
accuracy: 0.9806 - val_loss: 0.1389 - val_accuracy: 0.9616
Epoch 81/100
222/222 [=========== ] - 1s 5ms/step - loss: 0.0511 -
accuracy: 0.9767 - val_loss: 0.1353 - val_accuracy: 0.9604
Epoch 82/100
```

```
accuracy: 0.9758 - val_loss: 0.1209 - val_accuracy: 0.9610
Epoch 83/100
accuracy: 0.9816 - val_loss: 0.1232 - val_accuracy: 0.9587
Epoch 84/100
accuracy: 0.9748 - val_loss: 0.1354 - val_accuracy: 0.9616
Epoch 85/100
222/222 [============ ] - 1s 5ms/step - loss: 0.0431 -
accuracy: 0.9801 - val_loss: 0.1364 - val_accuracy: 0.9616
Epoch 86/100
222/222 [============ ] - 1s 5ms/step - loss: 0.0519 -
accuracy: 0.9767 - val_loss: 0.1326 - val_accuracy: 0.9604
Epoch 87/100
accuracy: 0.9802 - val_loss: 0.1443 - val_accuracy: 0.9565
Epoch 88/100
222/222 [============ ] - 1s 5ms/step - loss: 0.0424 -
accuracy: 0.9802 - val_loss: 0.1402 - val_accuracy: 0.9621
Epoch 89/100
accuracy: 0.9791 - val_loss: 0.1520 - val_accuracy: 0.9604
Epoch 90/100
accuracy: 0.9813 - val_loss: 0.1324 - val_accuracy: 0.9627
Epoch 91/100
accuracy: 0.9777 - val_loss: 0.1400 - val_accuracy: 0.9621
accuracy: 0.9754 - val_loss: 0.1374 - val_accuracy: 0.9621
Epoch 93/100
accuracy: 0.9804 - val_loss: 0.1321 - val_accuracy: 0.9633
Epoch 94/100
accuracy: 0.9799 - val loss: 0.1423 - val accuracy: 0.9559
Epoch 95/100
accuracy: 0.9772 - val_loss: 0.1445 - val_accuracy: 0.9599
Epoch 96/100
222/222 [============ ] - 1s 7ms/step - loss: 0.0438 -
accuracy: 0.9794 - val_loss: 0.1441 - val_accuracy: 0.9655
Epoch 97/100
accuracy: 0.9784 - val_loss: 0.1507 - val_accuracy: 0.9621
Epoch 98/100
```

```
accuracy: 0.9778 - val_loss: 0.1391 - val_accuracy: 0.9627
   Epoch 99/100
   222/222 [============ ] - 1s 7ms/step - loss: 0.0425 -
   accuracy: 0.9802 - val_loss: 0.1368 - val_accuracy: 0.9627
   Epoch 100/100
   accuracy: 0.9801 - val_loss: 0.1621 - val_accuracy: 0.9616
   Test results - Loss: 0.14446166157722473 - Accuracy: 95.83898782730103%
[]: |lstm_predict_proba = lstm_model.predict(X_test_reshape, batch_size=32)
    lstm_predict_class = (lstm_predict_proba > 0.5).astype("int32")
    print(classification_report(y_test, lstm_predict_class))
   70/70 [========] - 1s 2ms/step
                precision
                           recall f1-score
                                            support
             0
                    0.96
                             0.94
                                      0.95
                                                961
             1
                    0.96
                             0.97
                                      0.96
                                               1250
       accuracy
                                      0.96
                                               2211
                                      0.96
                                               2211
      macro avg
                    0.96
                             0.96
   weighted avg
                    0.96
                             0.96
                                      0.96
                                               2211
[]: sns.heatmap(confusion_matrix(y_test, lstm_predict_class), annot=True, fmt='g',__
    plt.title("LSTM")
    plt.xlabel('Predicted Class')
    plt.ylabel('Original Class')
    plt.show()
```



[]: RocCurveDisplay.from_predictions(y_test,lstm_predict_class) plt.show()



```
[]: # print("Trade off between true positive rate and false positive rate")
     # from sklearn.metrics import roc_curve
     # fpr, tpr, _ = roc_curve(y_test, lstm_predict_class)
     # plt.plot(fpr, tpr)
     # plt.title('ROC curve')
     # plt.xlabel('false positive rate')
     # plt.ylabel('true positive rate')
     # plt.xlim(0,)
     # plt.ylim(0,)
     # plt.show()
[]: # from sklearn.metrics import roc_curve
     # fpr, tpr, thresh = roc_curve(y_test, lstm_predict_class)
[]: # # plot roc curves
     # plt.plot(fpr, tpr, linestyle='--',color='orange', label='LSTM')
     # # title
     # plt.title('ROC curve')
     # # x label
     # plt.xlabel('False Positive Rate')
```

```
# # y label
     # plt.ylabel('True Positive rate')
     # plt.legend(loc='best')
     # plt.savefig('ROC',dpi=300)
     # plt.show()
[]: # from keras.layers import Flatten
     # model = Sequential([
          Flatten(input_shape=(len(X_test.columns),)),
           Dense(16, activation=tf.nn.relu),
               Dense(16, activation=tf.nn.relu),
           Dense(1, activation=tf.nn.sigmoid),
     # 7)
     # model.compile(optimizer='adam',
                     loss='binary_crossentropy',
                     metrics=['accuracy'])
     # model.fit(X_train, y_train, epochs=50, batch_size=1)
     # test loss, test acc = model.evaluate(X test, y test)
     # print('Test accuracy:', test_acc)
[]: # model_pred = model.predict(X_test, batch_size=64)
     # model_pred = (model_pred > 0.5).astype(int).reshape(-1,)
     # print(classification_report(y_test, model_pred))
[]: # sns.heatmap(confusion_matrix(y_test, model_pred), annot=True, fmt='q',__
     ⇔cmap='Blues')
     # plt.title("Nural network")
     # plt.xlabel('Predicted Class')
     # plt.ylabel('Original Class')
     # plt.show()
[]: | # tensorflow\python\keras\engine\sequential.py:455: UserWarning: model.
      ⇒predict classes() is deprecated and will be removed after 2021-01-01. Please
      \rightarrowuse instead:* np.argmax(model.predict(x), axis=-1), if your model does_\(\perp\)
      →multi-class classification (e.g. if it uses a softmax last-layer activation).
      \hookrightarrow* (model.predict(x) > 0.5).astype("int32"), if your model does binary_
      →classification (e.g. if it uses a sigmoid last-layer activation).
```