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% Midterm 1
% Problem 1, part a

function [x, k, Cm, X2] = LMLSQ(h, var0, J, ep)

% INPUTS:
% h      = Functional form of our inverse problem - data (n x 1 symbolic)
% var0 = Initial guess of variables you want to solve for (symbolic terms
%         in h). Note, must be in alphabetical order. (m x 1)
% J      = Jacobian matrix of h (n x m). Note, Jacobian must also be
%         calculated s.t. partial derivatives in columns 1,2...m are in same
%         order as var0.
% ep     = Convergence criteria (scalar)

% OUTPUTS:
% x      = vector containing final estimation of variables
% k      = number of iterations needed to converge on final estimations
% Cm     = model covariance matrix
% X2     = Chi-squared value

% Set generic parameters
v      = 0.5;           % Dampening factor
l0     = 1;             % Lamda (dampening)

% Find number of variables to solve for
lmvars = symvar(h);
nv      = length(lmvars);
nd      = length(J);
I       = eye(nv);

% Set number of iterations
% Note: Will only iterate until convergence test is passed
nints = 100;

dea = []; dca = [];
% Iterate
for k = 1:nints
    % find initial values
    if k == 1
        for j = 1:nv
            varstr = char(lmvars(j));
            evalc([varstr '=' num2str(var0(j))]);
        end
        l = l0;
        fi = eval(subs(h));
        ri = (fi'*fi);
        ci = 0;
    end

    % calculate Jacobian
    Ji = eval(subs(J));
    % calculate residual function
    fi = eval(subs(h));

    % calculate convergence test
    cn = 2.*Ji'*fi;

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dc = mean(abs(cn-ci));
de = mean(ep.*(1+abs(cn)));
dca = [dca; dc]; dea = [dea; de];
if dc < de
    break % stops the for-loop if convergence test is passed
end

% calculate Hessian
Hi = (Ji'*Ji)+(I.*l);
% calculate incremental change in model
dm = -inv(Hi)*Ji'*fi;

% update each of the model parameters using dm
for j = 1:nv
    % find name of symbolic for each element of dm
    varstr = char(lmvars(j));
    % add incremental value dm to each symbolic
    evalc([varstr '=' varstr '+' num2str(dm(j))]);
end

% calculate residual value
rn = (fi'*fi);
% compare residual value to last residual value
rs = ri-rn;
if rs < 0
    % if current guess is worse, increase lamda
    l = l/v;
elseif rs >= 0
    % if current guess is better, decrease lamda
    l = l*v;
end

% update residual and cost function
ri = rn;
ci = cn;

end

Cm = inv(Ji'*Ji);
x = eval(lmvars);
X2 = ri;

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Not enough input arguments.

Error in LMLSQ (line 29)
lmvars = symvar(h);