Chicago Crime Data Analysis



MIDS -INFO- S18 Python Fundamental Project 2: Data Analysis Angshuman Paul, Anu Sankar, Yue Hu, Kuangwei Huang

The Datasets...

1. City of Chicago Crime Data

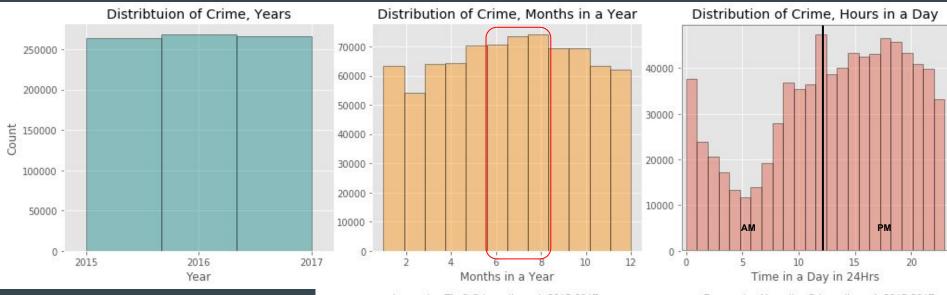
- a. https://data.cityofchicago.org/Public-Safety/Crimes-2001-to-present/ijzp-q8t2
- b. Sliced to Jan 1, 2015 to Dec 31, 2017
- c. 17 Columns, 798 748 Rows
- d. date, primary_type, location_description, arrest, domestic, district, ward, community_area, fbi_code

Weather Data

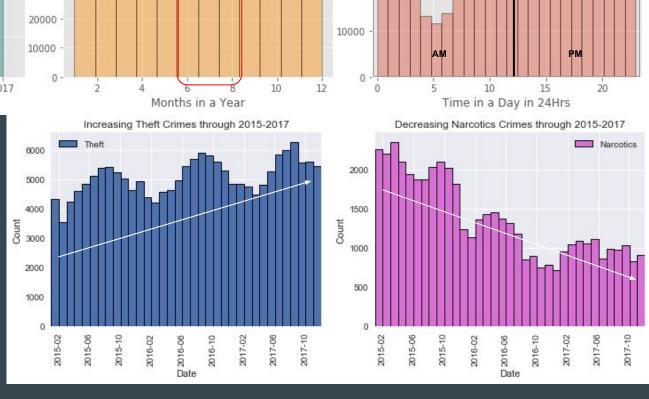
- a. https://github.com/fivethirtyeight/data/tree/master/us-weather-history
- b. From Jan 1, 2015 to Dec 31, 2017
- c. 13 Columns, 1 096 Rows
- d. date, actual_mean_temp, actual_min_temp, actual_max_temp, actual_precipitation



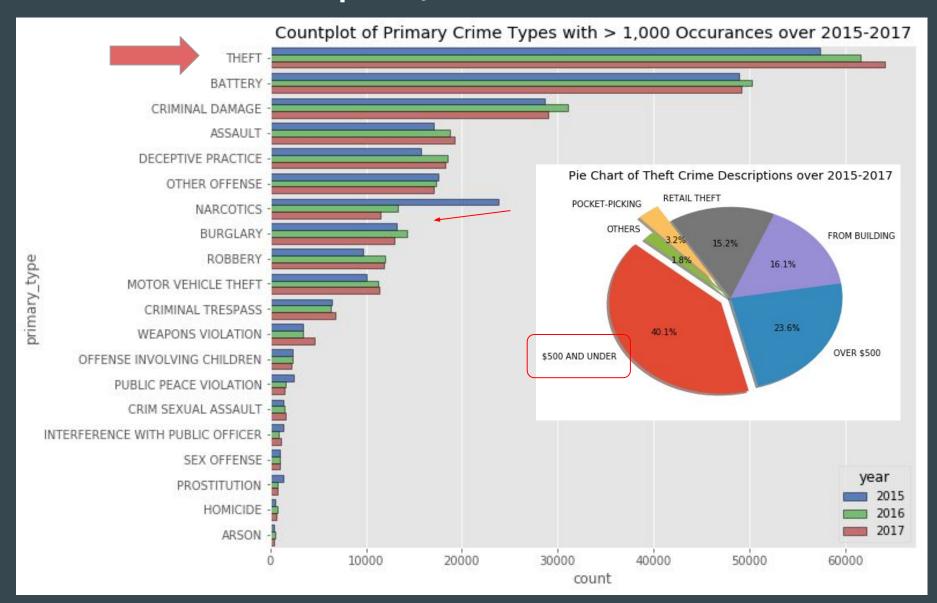
Trends in Crime Over Time



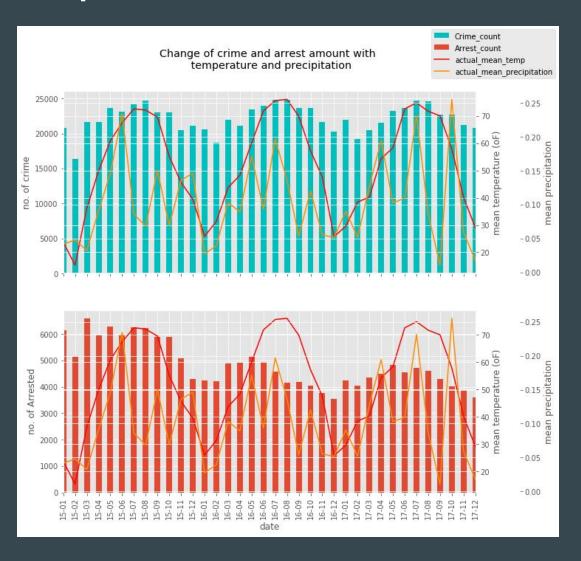
- 1. Relatively constant y-o-y, mean of 266 249 crimes.
- Summer months from June through August.
- 10am 10pm, with unusual spikes at 12 midnight and 12 noon.
- 4. ↑ Theft, ↓ Narcotics.



Theft is the most frequently committed crime

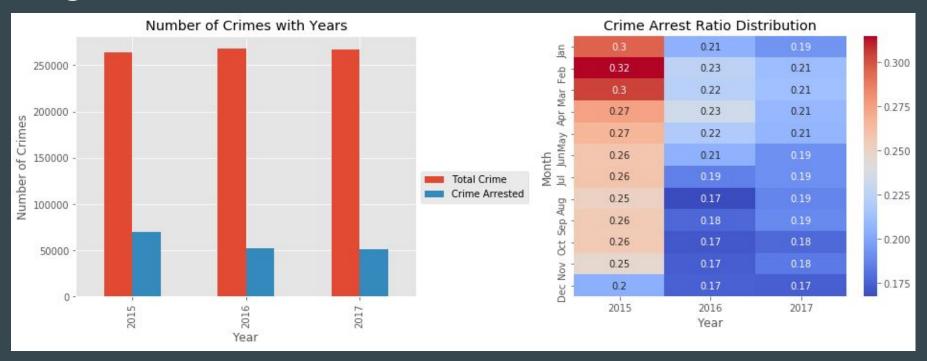


Impact of Weather on Crime



- Study crimes rate with Weather:
- 1. Total Crimes
- 2. Crimes of which arrests were made
- Crime occurrence are closely related to mean temperature.
- The high temperature may cause high crime occurrence in Summer.

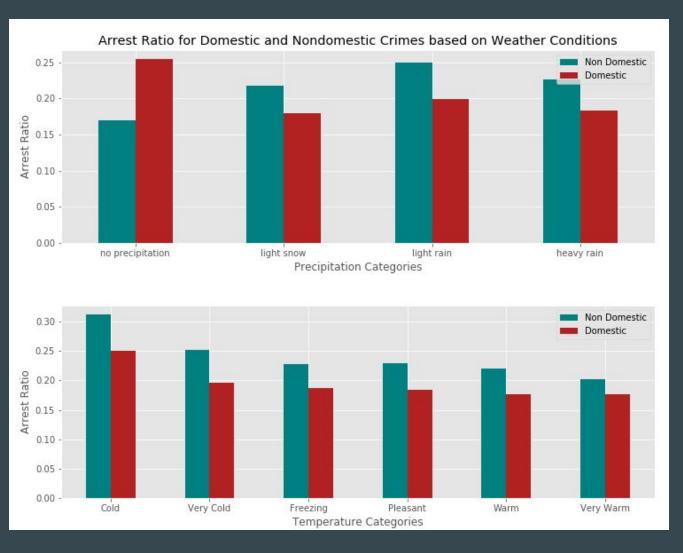
High Incidence with Low Arrest Ratio



Arrest Ratio = no. of crimes of which criminals are arrested / no. of total crimes

- Even occurence of crimes keep similar from 2015 to 2017, the number of crimes of which criminals are arrested is continuously decreasing
- Arrest ratio is continuously decreasing from 2015 to 2017
- More patrols and better police performance are needed

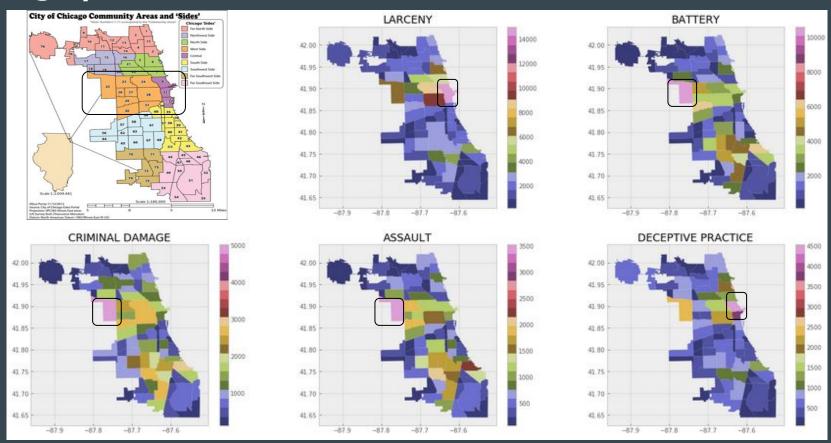
Impact of Weather on Arrest Ratio (AR)



- Days with No Precipitation
- Highest AR of domestic crimes
- Lowest AR of non-domestic crimes

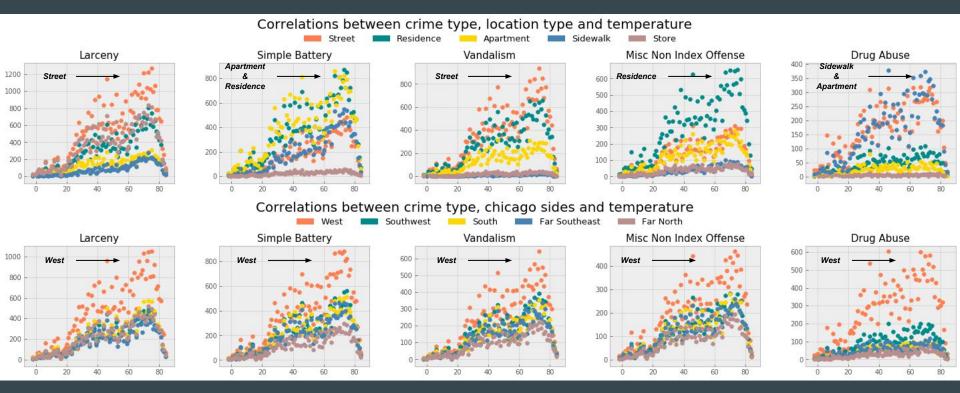
Crimes with Same
 Trend of AR vs.
 Temperature
 categories

Geographical Distribution of Crimes



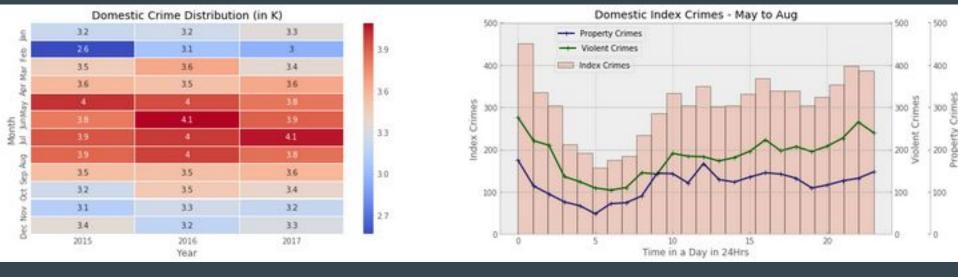
- 1. Majority of top 5 crimes in Central and West side communities
- 2. Most of Larceny crimes in all Central communities
- 3. Battery, Criminal Damage and Assault in community area 25 of West side
- 4. Deceptive Practice mostly in community area 8 of the central side

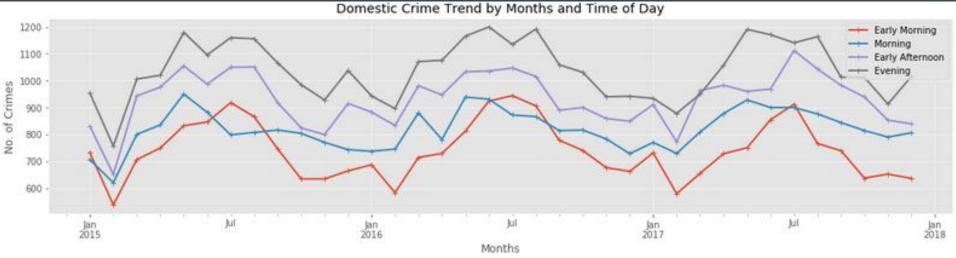
Crime Type across 'Sides', Locations, Temperature



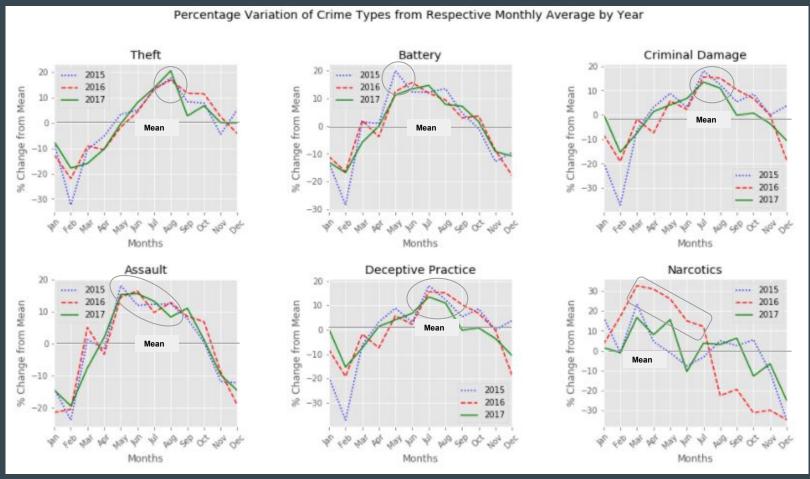
- 1. Peak at temperatures between 60 and 80 degrees irrespective of type and location.
- 2. Streets seem to be most prone to crimes while stores are the least prone.
- 3. West side has the most crime regardless of crime type.

Domestic Crimes - Serious crimes on the rise!



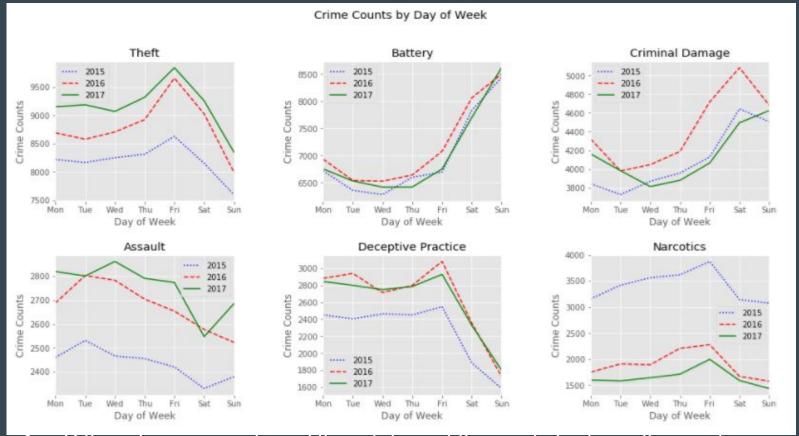


Variation from the Mean



- 1. Theft does not increase during Holiday season.
- 2. Narcotics is at its lowest during holiday season but spikes again in March / beginning of Spring
- 3. Police focus on specific crimes should shift with seasons

Which Day of Week is more crime ridden?



- Different crimes peak on different days of the week. Friday is the most crime ridden day of the week.
- Police can be on high alert for specific crimes on certain days of the week:
 Tue, Wed: Assault; Fri: Theft, Deceptive Practice, Narcotics;
 Sat: Criminal Damage; Sun: Battery

Conclusions

- 1. Theft is most prevalent crime in Chicago, and most of it is petty theft.
- 2. Narcotics crimes are decreasing but they still peak in March / beginning of Spring every year.
- 3. The West Side has the most amount of crime.
- 4. Keep off the Streets.
- 5. Crime is highest in the Summer.
- 6. Friday is the most crime ridden day of the week.
- 7. Police vigilance should increase
 - a. In Summer
 - b. On Fridays throughout the year.
- 8. Domestic crimes peak between 12 midnight and 1am Number of serious crimes are increasing.
- 9. For firearms related crimes, stay away from streets: S Dr Martin Luther King Jr Dr. and S Ashland Ave; as well as districts: Harrison and Englewood.

So, Stay Safe!



Thank You!

City of Chicago Community Area Map

