

**Homework 4**

Handed out: Wednesday, September 28, 2022

Due: Wednesday, October 5, 2022 by 11:59pm on Gradescope

**Material covered:**

Outcomes 3.4, 3.5, 4.1, 6.3

1. **Harmonic Functions.** Check whether the following functions  $u(x, y)$  are harmonic, and if so find the harmonic conjugate  $v(x, y)$  so that  $f(x + iy) = u(x, y) + iv(x, y)$  is an analytic function.

- a)  $u(x, y) = x^3 - 3xy^2$
- b)  $u(x, y) = x^2 + y^2$
- c)  $u(x, y) = \cosh(y) (\sin(x) + \cos(x))$

2. **Visualizing conformality.**

- a) Sketch a grid of lines in the complex plane corresponding to

$$\operatorname{Re}(z) = -1, \quad \operatorname{Re}(z) = 1, \quad \operatorname{Im}(z) = -1, \quad \operatorname{Im}(z) = 1$$

Now sketch the images of these lines under the transformation  $e^z$ .

- b) Sketch the following curves in  $\mathbb{C}$  and their images under  $\operatorname{Log}(z)$ .

$$z = te^{\pi i/4}, \quad z = te^{-\pi i/4}, \quad t \in (0, \infty)$$

$$z = e^{it}, \quad z = 2e^{it}, \quad t \in (-\pi, \pi)$$

- c) Visually, do these two maps appear conformal? Why or why not?

3. **Möbius Transformations.** The *extended complex plane*  $\hat{\mathbb{C}}$  is defined as the complex plane plus an extra point “at infinity,” which has infinite magnitude and corresponds to values such as  $\lim_{z \rightarrow 0} \frac{1}{z}$ .

A *Möbius transformation*

$$f(z) = \frac{az + b}{cz + d}$$

maps a point in  $\hat{\mathbb{C}}$  to another point in  $\hat{\mathbb{C}}$ . Here, the values  $a$ ,  $b$ ,  $c$ , and  $d$  are constant complex numbers and  $ad - bc \neq 0$ .

For a visual introduction to Möbius transformations, watch the following video: <https://youtu.be/0z1fIsUNhO4>

- a) What values of  $a$ ,  $b$ ,  $c$ , and  $d$  correspond to a Möbius transformation that rotates the complex plane by  $\pi/4$  counter-clockwise?
- b) What values of  $a$ ,  $b$ ,  $c$ , and  $d$  correspond to a Möbius transformation that leaves  $z = i$  and  $z = -i$  unchanged, but sends  $z = 1$  to  $\infty$ ?
- c) Pick some nonzero values for  $a$ ,  $b$ ,  $c$ , and  $d$  so that  $ad - bc = 0$ . Sketch the image of the unit square (where  $z = x + iy$ ,  $x \in [0, 1]$  and  $y \in [0, 1]$ ) under this Möbius transform. What happens to the square in this case?

4. **Numerical Image Transformations.**

- a) Open the IPython notebook here and follow the instructions.
- b) From the notebook above, upload a screenshot of your favorite custom image here. Include the transform code that produced it. (We will vote on an image for the AM104 T-shirt in a future class!)
- c) What is your shirt size?

5. **Contour Integration.** For each of the following functions  $f(z)$ , compute the two integrals:

$$\int_{C_1} f(z) dz \quad \text{and} \quad \int_{C_2} f(z) dz$$

where  $C_1$  is the contour from  $-1$  to  $1$  along the lower half of the unit circle and  $C_2$  is the contour along the real line from  $-1$  to  $1$ .

- a)  $f(z) = 2z^4$
- b)  $f(z) = |z|^2$