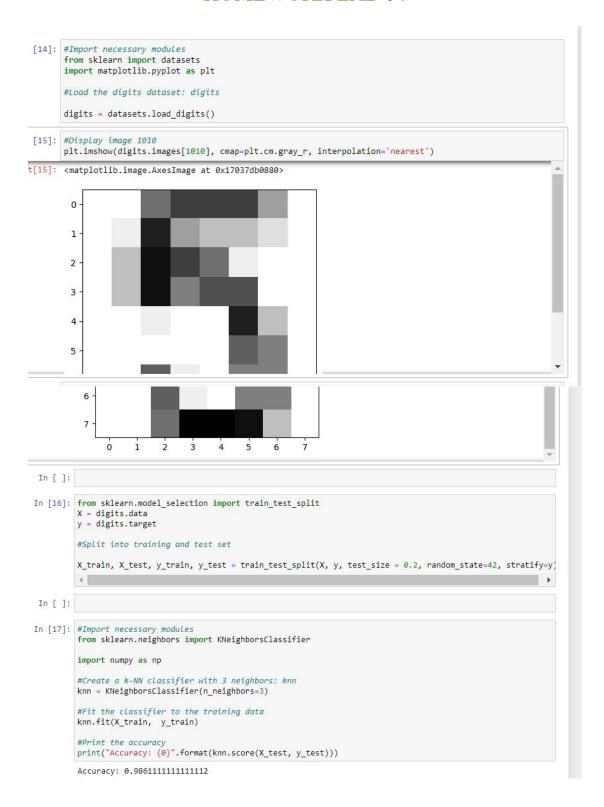
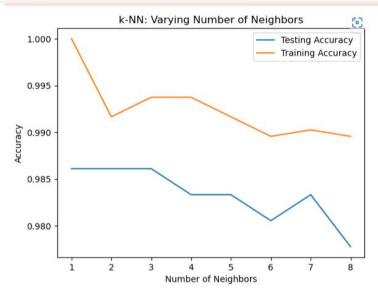
HOMEWORK LAB 04



```
18]: #Setup arrays to store train and test accuracies
      neighbors = np.arange(1, 9)
      train_accuracy = np.empty(len(neighbors))
      test_accuracy = np.empty(len(neighbors))
      #Loop over different values of k
      for i, k in enumerate(neighbors):
          #Setup a k-NN Classifier with k neighbors: knn
          knn = KNeighborsClassifier(n_neighbors=k)
          #Fit the classifier to the training data
          knn.fit(X_train, y_train)
          #Compute accuacy on the testing set
          train_accuracy[i] = knn.score(X_train, y_train)
          #Compute accuacy on the training set
          test_accuracy[i] = knn.score(X_test, y_test)
      #Generate plot
      plt.title('k-NN: Varying Number of Neighbors')
      plt.plot(neighbors, test_accuracy, label = 'Testing Accuracy')
plt.plot(neighbors, train_accuracy, label = 'Training Accuracy')
      plt.legend()
      plt.xlabel('Number of Neighbors')
      plt.ylabel('Accuracy')
      plt.show()
```



```
In [21]: !pip install torch
              Requirement already satisfied: torch in c:\anaconda3\lib\site-packages (2.0.0)
             Requirement already satisfied: sympy in c:\anaconda3\lib\site-packages (from torch) (1.10.1)
Requirement already satisfied: filelock in c:\anaconda3\lib\site-packages (from torch) (3.6.0)
Requirement already satisfied: networkx in c:\anaconda3\lib\site-packages (from torch) (2.8.4)
              Requirement already satisfied: typing-extensions in c:\anaconda3\lib\site-packages (from torch) (4.3.
             Requirement already satisfie Q Search ... :onda3\lib\site-packages (from torch) (2.11.3)
Requirement already satisfie Q Search ... in c:\anaconda3\lib\site-packages (from jinja2->torc
              h) (2.0.1)
              Requirement already satistied: mpmath>=0.19 in c:\anaconda3\lib\site-packages (from sympy->torch) (1.
              2.1)
   In [22]: from __future__ import print_function
              import torch
             import torch.nn as nn
import torch.nn.functional as F
              from torch.autograd import variable
   In [24]: !pip install torchvision
              Collecting torchvision
                Downloading torchvision-0.15.1-cp39-cp39-win_amd64.whl (1.2 MB)
                                                    ----- 1.2/1.2 MB 1.5 MB/s eta 0:00:00
              Requirement already satisfied: torch==2.0.0 in c:\anaconda3\lib\site-packages (from torchvision) (2.
              0.0)
              Requirement already satisfied: requests in c:\anaconda3\lib\site-packages (from torchvision) (2.28.1)
             Requirement already satisfied: numpy in c:\anaconda3\lib\site-packages (from torchvision) (1.21.5)
Requirement already satisfied: pillow!=8.3.*,>=5.3.0 in c:\anaconda3\lib\site-packages (from torchvision)
              ion) (9.2.0)
              Requirement already satisfied: filelock in c:\anaconda3\lib\site-packages (from torch==2.0.0->torchvi
              sion) (3.6.0)
              Requirement already satisfied: typing-extensions in c:\anaconda3\lib\site-packages (from torch==2.0.0
In [25]: from torchvision import datasets, transforms
           mnist = datasets.MNIST(root='.', train=True, download=True)
           Downloading http://yann.lecun.com/exdb/mnist/train-images-idx3-ubyte.gz
           Downloading http://yann.lecun.com/exdb/mnist/train-images-idx3-ubyte.gz to .\MNIST\raw\train-images-i
           dx3-ubyte.gz
           100%| 9912422/9912422 [00:06<00:00, 1493800.13it/s]
           Extracting .\MNIST\raw\train-images-idx3-ubyte.gz to .\MNIST\raw
           Downloading http://yann.lecun.com/exdb/mnist/train-labels-idx1-ubyte.gz
           Downloading http://yann.lecun.com/exdb/mnist/train-labels-idx1-ubyte.gz to .\MNIST\raw\train-labels-i
           dx1-ubyte.gz
           100% | 28881/28881 [00:00<00:00, 28903768.51it/s]
           Extracting .\MNIST\raw\train-labels-idx1-ubyte.gz to .\MNIST\raw
           Downloading http://yann.lecun.com/exdb/mnist/t10k-images-idx3-ubyte.gz
           Downloading http://yann.lecun.com/exdb/mnist/t10k-images-idx3-ubyte.gz to .\MNIST\raw\t10k-images-idx
           3-ubyte.gz
           100% | 1648877/1648877 [00:00<00:00, 1836942.84it/s]
           Extracting .\MNIST\raw\t10k-images-idx3-ubyte.gz to .\MNIST\raw
           Downloading http://yann.lecun.com/exdb/mnist/t10k-labels-idx1-ubyte.gz
           Downloading http://yann.lecun.com/exdb/mnist/t10k-labels-idx1-ubyte.gz to .\MNIST\raw\t10k-labels-idx
           1-ubvte.gz
           100%| 4542/4542 [00:00<?, ?it/s]
           Extracting .\MNIST\raw\t10k-labels-idx1-ubyte.gz to .\MNIST\raw
```

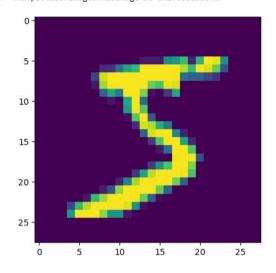
```
In [26]: print("Number of training example", mnist.train_data.shape)
    print("Image information", mnist[0])

Number of training example torch.Size([60000, 28, 28])
    Image information (<PIL.Image.Image image mode=L size=28x28 at 0x17037AF8C40>, 5)

C:\anaconda3\lib\site-packages\torchvision\datasets\mnist.py:75: UserWarning: train_data has been ren amed data
    warnings.warn("train_data has been renamed data")
```

In [27]: import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
%matplotlib inline
plt.imshow(mnist[0][0])

Out[27]: <matplotlib.image.AxesImage at 0x1703b139340>



```
In [38]: class Net(nn.Module):
            def __init__(self):
                super(Net, self).__init__()
self.fully = nn.Sequential(
                    nn.Linear(28*28, 10)
             def forward(self, x):
                x = x.view([-1,28*28])
                x = self.fullv(x)
                x = F.log_softmax(x, dim=1)
                return x
In [39]: train_loader = torch.utils.data.DataLoader(datasets.MNIST(root='.',train=True,transform=transforms.Comptest_loader = torch.utils.data.DataLoader(datasets.MNIST(root='.',train=False,transform=transforms.Comptest_loader
In [40]: def train():
            learning_rate = 1e-3
            num_epochs = 3
                       torch.optim.Adam(net.parameters(), lr=learning_rate)
             for epoch in range(num_epochs):
                for batch_idx, (data, target) in enumerate(train_loader):
                    output = net(data)
                    loss = F.nll loss(output, target)
                    optimizer.zero_grad()
                    loss.backward()
                    optimizer.step()
                    if batch idx % 100 == 0:
                        print('Epoch = %f. Batch = %s. Loss = %s' % (epoch, batch_idx, loss.item()))
            return net
In [41]: net = train()
           Epoch = 0.000000. Batch = 0. Loss = 2.359036684036255
           Epoch = 0.000000. Batch = 100. Loss = 0.8158131241798401
           Epoch = 0.000000. Batch = 200. Loss = 0.6744622588157654
           Epoch = 0.000000. Batch = 300. Loss = 0.6809446215629578
           Epoch = 0.000000. Batch = 400. Loss = 0.4705858826637268
           Epoch = 0.000000. Batch = 500. Loss = 0.551677405834198
           Epoch = 0.000000. Batch = 600. Loss = 0.23497943580150604
           Epoch = 0.000000. Batch = 700. Loss = 0.37437042593955994
           Epoch = 0.000000. Batch = 800. Loss = 0.32086634635925293
           Epoch = 0.000000. Batch = 900. Loss = 0.46935322880744934
           Epoch = 1.000000. Batch = 0. Loss = 0.2193935215473175
           Epoch = 1.000000. Batch = 100. Loss = 0.5654202103614807
           Epoch = 1.000000. Batch = 200. Loss = 0.4545310139656067
           Epoch = 1.000000. Batch = 300. Loss = 0.24608594179153442
           Epoch = 1.000000. Batch = 400. Loss = 0.37739771604537964
           Epoch = 1.000000. Batch = 500. Loss = 0.38584208488464355
           Epoch = 1.000000. Batch = 600. Loss = 0.21674884855747223
           Epoch = 1.000000. Batch = 700. Loss = 0.2655832767486572
           Epoch = 1.000000. Batch = 800. Loss = 0.3925359547138214
           Epoch = 1.000000. Batch = 900. Loss = 0.2943882942199707
           Epoch = 2.000000. Batch = 0. Loss = 0.2143695056438446
           Epoch = 2.000000. Batch = 100. Loss = 0.3782268464565277
           Epoch = 2.000000. Batch = 200. Loss = 0.36743879318237305
           Epoch = 2.000000. Batch = 300. Loss = 0.39899033308029175
           Epoch = 2.000000. Batch = 400. Loss = 0.25580480694770813
           Epoch = 2.000000. Batch = 500. Loss = 0.35438457131385803
           Epoch = 2.000000. Batch = 600. Loss = 0.22726872563362122
           Epoch = 2.000000. Batch = 700. Loss = 0.3351910710334778
           Epoch = 2.000000. Batch = 800. Loss = 0.1402580738067627
           Epoch = 2.000000. Batch = 900. Loss = 0.2575857937335968
```

```
In [42]: net.eval()
    test_loss = 0
    correct=0
    total=0

for data, target in test_loader:
        total+= len(target)
        output=net(data)
        pred = output.max(1, keepdim=True)[1]
        correct += target.eq(pred.view_as(target)).sum()

print("Correct out of %s" % total, correct.item())
    print("Percentage accuracy", correct.item()*100/10000.)

Correct out of 10000 9224
    Percentage accuracy 92.24
```

```
In [43]: # LINEAR REGRESSION
In [48]: import numpy as np
          import pandas as pd
          import seaborn as sns
          import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
          %matplotlib inline
          df=pd.read_csv('gapminder.csv')
In [45]: ax=sns.heatmap(df.corr(), square=True, cmap='RdYlGn')
          plt.show()
                                                                                            1.00
                population
                                                                                            0.75
                    fertility -
                                                                                           - 0.50
                        HIV -
                       CO2 -
                                                                                           - 0.25
                 BMI_male -
                                                                                           - 0.00
                       GDP -
                                                                                           - -0.25
               BMI_female -
                                                                                             -0.50
                        life -
                                                                                              -0.75
            child_mortality -
                                                             GDP
                                                                         life -
                                                                                hild_mortality -
                                                 C02
                                                       BMI_male
                                                                   BMI_female
                               population
                                           \geqq
```

```
In [46]: from sklearn.linear_model import LinearRegression, LogisticRegression from sklearn.linear_model import LinearRegression from sklearn.metrics import mean_squared_error from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split

x_fertility = df['fertility'].values.reshape(-1,1)
y_life = df['life'].values.reshape(-1,1)
prediction_space = np.linspace(min(x_fertility), max(x_fertility)).reshape(-1,1)

x_train, x_test, y_train, y_test= train_test_split(x_fertility, y_life, test_size=0.3, random_state=42)

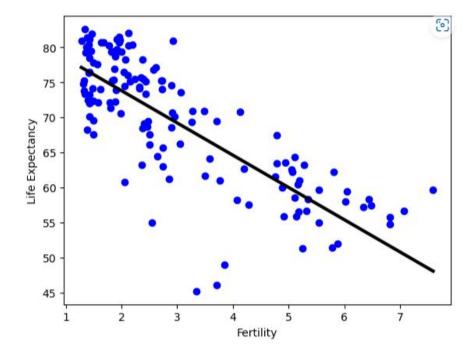
reg=LinearRegression()

reg.fit(x_train, y_train)
y_predict=reg.predict(prediction_space)

print(reg.score(x_fertility, y_life))

plt.scatter(x_fertility, y_life, color='blue')
plt.plot(prediction_space, y_predict, color='black', linewidth=3)
plt.ylabel('Life Expectancy')
plt.xlabel('Fertility')
plt.show()
```

0.6162438752151917



```
In [47]: features = pd.read_csv('gapminder.csv')
    df=pd.read_csv('gapminder.csv')
    del features['life']
    del features['Region']

    y_life = df['life'].values.reshape(-1,1)

    x_train, x_test, y_train, y_test= train_test_split(features, y_life, test_size=0.3, random_state=42)

    reg_all = LinearRegression()
    reg_all.fit(x_train, y_train)

    print(reg_all.score(features, y_life))
```

0.8914651485793137

```
In [49]: N=10
    m= .9
    c=1
        x=np.linspace(0, 2*np.pi,N)
        y= m*x + c+ np.random.normal(0, .3, x.shape)
    plt.figure()
    plt.plot(x,y,'o')
    plt.xlabel('x')
    plt.ylabel('y')
    plt.title('2D data (#data =%d)' %N)
    plt.show()
```

2D data (#data =10) 765> 43210 1 2 3 4 5 6

```
In [52]: from torch.utils.data import Dataset
    class MyDataset(Dataset):
        def __init__(self, x, y):
            self.x = x
            self.y = y

        def __len__(self):
            return len(self.x)

        def __getitem__(self, idx):
        sample = {
            'feature': torch.tensor([1, self.x[idx]]),
            'label': torch.tensor([self.y[idx]])
        }
        return sample
```

```
In [53]: dataset=MyDataset(x,y)
           for i in range(len(dataset)):
               sample=dataset[i]
               print(i, sample['feature'], sample['label'])
           0 tensor([1., 0.], dtype=torch.float64) tensor([0.9466], dtype=torch.float64)
           1 \ \mathsf{tensor}([1.0000,\ 0.6981],\ \mathsf{dtype=torch.float64}) \ \mathsf{tensor}([2.2234],\ \mathsf{dtype=torch.float64})
           2 tensor([1.0000, 1.3963], dtype=torch.float64) tensor([2.2778], dtype=torch.float64) 3 tensor([1.0000, 2.0944], dtype=torch.float64) tensor([2.5913], dtype=torch.float64)
           4 tensor([1.0000, 2.7925], dtype=torch.float64) tensor([3.4802], dtype=torch.float64)
           5 tensor([1.0000, 3.4907], dtype=torch.float64) tensor([4.2653], dtype=torch.float64) 6 tensor([1.0000, 4.1888], dtype=torch.float64) tensor([4.5442], dtype=torch.float64)
           7 tensor([1.0000, 4.8869], dtype=torch.float64) tensor([5.1212], dtype=torch.float64)
            8 \ \mathsf{tensor}([1.0000, \, 5.5851], \ \mathsf{dtype} = \mathsf{torch.float64}) \ \mathsf{tensor}([6.3011], \ \mathsf{dtype} = \mathsf{torch.float64}) 
           9 tensor([1.0000, 6.2832], dtype=torch.float64) tensor([7.2109], dtype=torch.float64)
 In [56]: from torch.utils.data import DataLoader
          dataset=MyDataset(x,y)
          batch_size=4
          shuffle=True
          num workers=0
          dataloader= DataLoader(dataset, batch_size=batch_size, shuffle=shuffle, num_workers=num_workers)
 In [57]: import pprint as pp
             for i_batch, samples in enumerate(dataloader):
                   print('\nbatch# = %s' % i_batch)
                   print('samples:')
                  pp.pprint(samples)
             batch# = 0
             samples:
              {'feature': tensor([[1.0000, 2.0944],
                        [1.0000, 6.2832],
                        [1.0000, 5.5851],
                       [1.0000, 0.6981]], dtype=torch.float64),
               'label': tensor([[2.5913],
                        [7.2109],
                        [6.3011],
                        [2.2234]], dtype=torch.float64)}
             batch# = 1
             samples:
              {'feature': tensor([[1.0000, 4.1888],
                        [1.0000, 4.8869],
                        [1.0000, 0.0000],
                        [1.0000, 3.4907]], dtype=torch.float64),
               'label': tensor([[4.5442],
                        [5.1212],
                        [0.9466],
                        [4.2653]], dtype=torch.float64)}
             batch# = 2
             samples:
              {'feature': tensor([[1.0000, 1.3963],
                       [1.0000, 2.7925]], dtype=torch.float64),
               'label': tensor([[2.2778],
                       [3.4802]], dtype=torch.float64)}
```

```
In [59]: import torch.nn as nn
   import torch.nn.functional as F
   class MyModel(nn.Module):
        def __init__(self, input_dim, output_dim):
            super(MyModel, self).__init__()
            self.linear = nn.Linear(input_dim, output_dim)

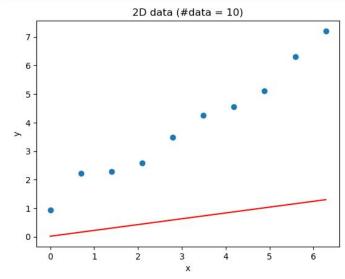
        def forward(self, x):
            out=self.linear(x)|
            return out

In [60]: input_dim=2
        output_dim=1
        model = MyModel(input_dim, output_dim)

In [61]: cost=nn.MSELoss()
```

```
In [90]: num_epochs=10
           l rate=0.01
           optimiser= torch.optim.SGD(model.parameters(), lr=l_rate)
           dataset= MyDataset(x,y)
           batch_size=4
           shuffle=True
           num workers=0
           training_sample_generator= DataLoader(dataset, batch_size=batch_size, shuffle=shuffle, num_workers=num_
           for epoch in range(num_epochs):
                print('Epoch =%s' % epoch)
                for batch_i, samples in enumerate(training_sample_generator):
                     predictions = model(samples['feature'])
                    error = cost(predictions, samples['label'])
print('\tBatch = %s, Error = %s' % (batch_i, error.item()))
                     optimiser.zero_grad()
                     error.backward()
                    optimiser.step()
                                 print('\tBatch = %s, Error = %s' % (batch_i, error.item()))
              C:\anaconda3\lib\site-packages\torch\nn\modules\module.py in _call_impl(self, *args, **kwargs)
                                          or _global_backward_pre_hooks or _global_backward_hooks
or _global_forward_hooks or _global_forward_pre_hooks):
                  1499
                                 return forward_call(*args, **kwargs)
# Do not call functions when jit is used
               -> 1501
                  1502
                  1503
                                 full_backward_hooks, non_full_backward_hooks = [], []
              ~\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel_22480\1038057100.py in forward(self, x)
                     9
                            def forward(self, x):
                                out=self.linear(x)
               ----> 9
                    10
                                 return out
              C:\anaconda3\lib\site-packages\torch\nn\modules\module.py in _call_impl(self, *args, **kwargs)
                                or global_backward_pre_hooks or global_backward_hooks
    or global_forward_hooks or _global_forward_pre_hooks):
    return forward_call(*args, **kwargs)
# Do not call functions when jit is used
                  1499
                  1500
               -> 1501
                  1503
                                 full_backward_hooks, non_full_backward_hooks = [], []
              C:\anaconda3\lib\site-packages\torch\nn\modules\linear.py in forward(self, input)
                   112
                            def forward(self, input: Tensor) -> Tensor:
               --> 114
                                 return F.linear(input, self.weight, self.bias)
                   115
                            def extra repr(self) -> str:
                   116
              RuntimeError: mat1 and mat2 must have the same dtype
   In [65]: x_for_plotting = np.linspace(0, 2*np.pi, 1000)
design_matrix = torch.tensor(np.vstack([np.ones(x_for_plotting.shape), x_for_plotting]).T, dtype=torch.
              print('Design matrix shape:', design_matrix.shape)
              y_for_plotting = model.forward(design_matrix)
              print('y_for_plotting shape:', y_for_plotting.shape)
              Design matrix shape: torch.Size([1000, 2])
              y_for_plotting shape: torch.Size([1000, 1])
```

```
In [66]:
    plt.figure()
    plt.plot(x,y,'o')
    plt.plot(x_for_plotting, y_for_plotting.data.numpy(), 'r-')
    plt.xlabel('x')
    plt.ylabel('y')
    plt.title('2D data (#data = %d)' % N)
    plt.show()
```



```
In [68]: # RECOMMENDATION SYSTEMS
  In [73]: def user_cf(M, metric='cosine'):
                                                        pred = np.copy(M)
                                                         n_users, n_items =M.shape
                                                        avg_ratings = np.nanmean(M, axis=1)
sim_users= sim_matrix(M, 'user', metric)
                                                         for i in range(n_users):
                                                                         for j in range(n_items):
                                                                                        if np.isnan(M[i,j]):
                                                                                                        pred[i,j] = avg_ratings[i] + np.nansum(sim_users[i] * (M[:,j] - avg_ratings)) / sum(sim_users[i] * (M[:,j]
  In [74]: def item_cf(M, metric='cosine'):
                                                        pred = np.copy(M)
                                                        n_users, n_items =M.shape
avg_ratings = np.nanmean(M, axis=0)
                                                         sim_items= sim_matrix(M, 'item', metric)
                                                         for i in range(n_users):
                                                                         for j in range(n_items):
                                                                                        if np.isnan(M[i,j]):
                                                                                                       pred[i,j] = avg_ratings[i] + np.nansum(sim_items[i] * (M[:,j] - avg_ratings)) / sum(sim_items[i] * (M[:,j]
                                                        return pred
  In [82]: def evaluateRS(M, M_result, algorithm, similarity):
                                                        evaluateRS(M, M_result, 'user_cf', 'cosine')
evaluateRS(M, M_result, 'user_cf', 'correlation')
evaluateRS(M, M_result, 'item_cf', 'cosine')
evaluateRS(M, M_result, 'item_cf', 'correlation')
In [79]: results=[]
                                      for method in ['user_cf', 'item_cf']:
for metric in ['cosine', 'correlation']:
                                                                     rank_acc = evaluate_rank(M, M_result, method, metric)
results += ["Rank accuracy of {0} with {1} metric: {2}".format(method[1], metric, rank_acc)]
                                      print("\n".join(results))
                                       NameError
                                                                                                                                                                                                                 Traceback (most recent call last)
                                      ~\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel_22480\3831842885.py in <module>
    2 for method in ['user_cf', 'item_cf']:
    3    for metric in ['cosine', 'correlation']:
                                                                                                     rank_acc = evaluate_rank(M, M_result, method, metric)
                                                                                                         results += ["Rank accuracy of \{0\} with \{1\} metric: \{2\}".format(method[1], metric, ran
                                       k_acc)]
                                                               6 print("\n".join(results))
                                       NameError: name 'evaluate_rank' is not defined
In [81]: def evaluate_rank(M, M_result, method, metric):
                                                        results=[]
                                                      for method in ['user_cf', 'item_cf']:
    for metric in ['cosine', 'correlation']:
        rank_acc = evaluate_rank(M, M_result, method, metric)
        results += ["Rank accuracy of {0} with {1} metric: {2}".format(method[1], metric, rank_acc)
                                                       print("\n".join(results))
```