

SAM size

Sept. 22, 2016

Setup

Normalize path and load libraries etc.

```
library(gsl)
library(dplyr)
library(magrittr)
library(cowplot)
library(viridis)
cbPalette <- c("#999999", "#E69F00", "#56B4E9", "#009E73",
               "#F0E442", "#0072B2", "#D55E00", "#CC79A7")
cols <- viridis(10)

## more packages
library(nlme)
#devtools::install_github("yangjl/quantgen")
library(quantgen)
library(tidyr)
```

Processing Cell Number Data

```
countsize <- read.csv("data/SAM_cellcount.csv", header=T)
head(countsize)
```

```
##   Count_Cells Mean_Area_percell Genotype Plant Growth_Period BAK1 SDA1
## 1         158         791.4494    A554     1             G1   REF   REF
## 2         188         831.1223    A554     1             G2   REF   REF
## 3         199         947.1709    A554     1             G3   REF   REF
## 4         205         812.2780    A554     2             G1   REF   REF
## 5         137         732.2628    A554     2             G2   REF   REF
## 6         228         959.8991    A554     2             G3   REF   REF
##   SAM_V
## 1 2502482
## 2 2502482
## 3 2502482
## 4 2502482
## 5 2502482
## 6 2502482
```

In the above SAM Cell count table, 14 Genotypes were collected for SAM cell counts in 3 growth periods, each period with 3 plants. There are also two factors, BAK1 and SDA1, that associated with some traits. From the data, we learned that `Count_Cells` is significantly correlated with `SAM_V` ($r = 0.75$, $Pvalue < 0.01$). But `Count_Cells` is not correlated with `Mean_Area_percell` ($r = 0.03$, $Pvalue = 0.7$).

We estimated BLUE values separately for each **growth period** by fitting a linear mixed model, where `Genotype` as a fixed effect and `Plant` as a random effect.

```

csg1 <- mixed_model(data = subset(countsize, Growth_Period %in% "G1"),
  model = Count_Cells ~ Genotype, random = ~1 | Plant)

csg2 <- mixed_model(data = subset(countsize, Growth_Period %in% "G2"),
  model = Count_Cells ~ Genotype, random = ~1 | Plant)

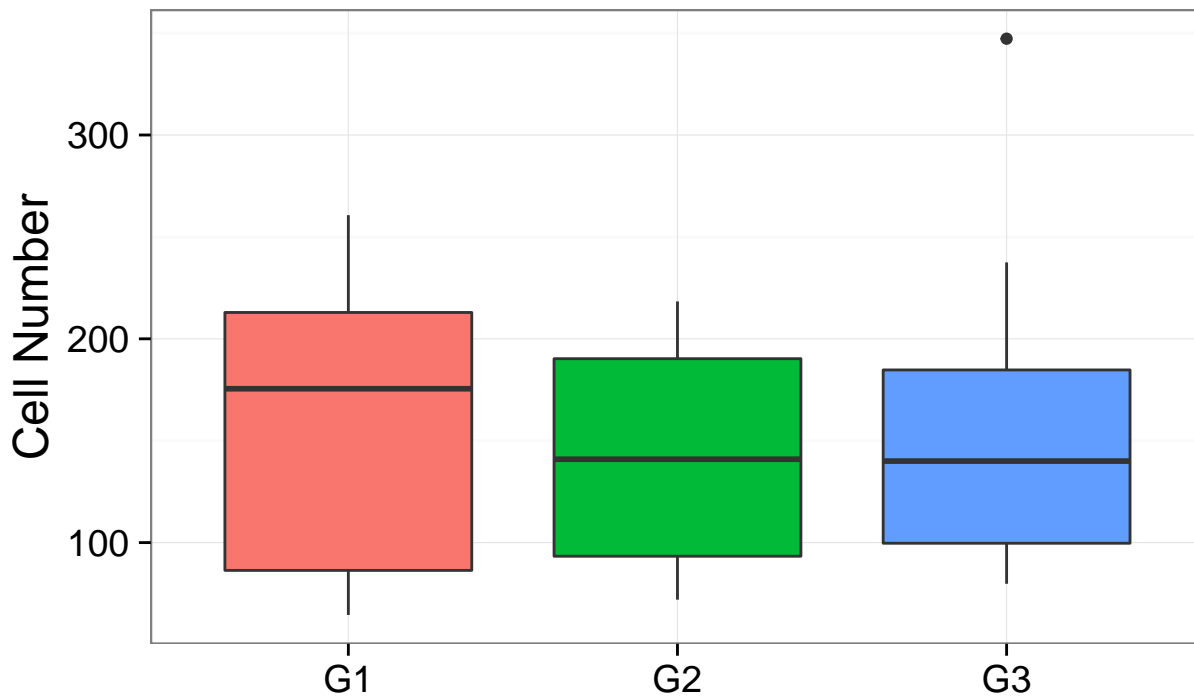
csg3 <- mixed_model(data = subset(countsize, Growth_Period %in% "G3"),
  model = Count_Cells ~ Genotype, random = ~1 | Plant)

cs <- merge(csg1, csg2, by="Genotype")
cs <- merge(cs, csg3, by="Genotype") %>% set_names(c("genotype", "g1", "g2", "g3"))
lcs <- cs %>% gather(key="Growth", value="cellnum", 2:4)

#theme_set(theme_grey(base_size = 18))
p <- ggplot(lcs, aes(x=toupper(Growth), y=cellnum, fill = Growth)) +
  theme_bw(base_size = 18) +
  geom_boxplot() +
  ggtitle("BLUES of three growth periods") + xlab("") + ylab("Cell Number") +
  guides(fill=FALSE)
p

```

BLUES of three growth periods



Merge with other phenotypes

```

#samsize<-read.csv("~/Desktop/samsize.csv",header=T)
#samsize_unsummary<-read.csv("~/Desktop/samsize_unsummarized.csv",header=T)
plantstuff <- read.csv("data/plantstuff.csv",header=T) %>%

```

```

    select(Genotype, PlantH..cm., EarH..cm., mean_nodes, mean_dia_ear..mm., mean_dia_below..mm., DTA, SAM_V..um.)
    set_names(c("genotype", "plant_height", "ear_height", "leaf_nodes", "ear_width", "stem_width", "DTA", "SAM_v"))
plantstuff$genotype <- toupper(plantstuff$genotype)
cs$genotype <- toupper(cs$genotype)

tas <- countsizes[!duplicated(countsize$Genotype), ] %>%
  select(Genotype, BAK1, SDA1) %>%
  set_names(c("genotype", "BAK1", "SDA1"))
tas$genotype <- toupper(tas$genotype)
plantcount <- merge(plantstuff, cs, by="genotype") %>%
  merge(tas, by="genotype")

head(plantcount)

```

```

##      genotype plant_height ear_height leaf_nodes ear_width stem_width  DTA
## 1      A554      130.1      42.9    12.66667    15.48333    16.54333  58.7
## 2       B57      135.7      62.8    12.33333    15.23333    16.24000  68.5
## 3       B73      169.3      91.1    14.00000    17.67667    19.05667  67.7
## 4     CML261      207.4     122.5    21.00000    18.21000    18.76667  85.0
## 5     CML322      136.6      83.2    17.00000    16.97667    17.13333  80.0
## 6     CML333      169.8     109.1    17.00000    14.00667    15.23000  77.0
##      SAM_volume      g1      g2      g3 BAK1 SDA1
## 1 1164089.33 174.3333 145.3333 187.46636 REF REF
## 2 -551935.71  64.5000  74.5000  79.79969 REF REF
## 3  451176.36 190.6667 182.0000 161.50000 REF REF
## 4   92414.76 118.3333 144.3333 118.50000 TAS REF
## 5 -528356.95  67.5000  72.0000  89.13302 REF REF
## 6 -104991.26  91.5000 113.7500  97.50000 REF REF

```

```

#plot(plantcount$DTA, plantcount$g1)

```

Correlation plot between cell number and flowering time in three growth period

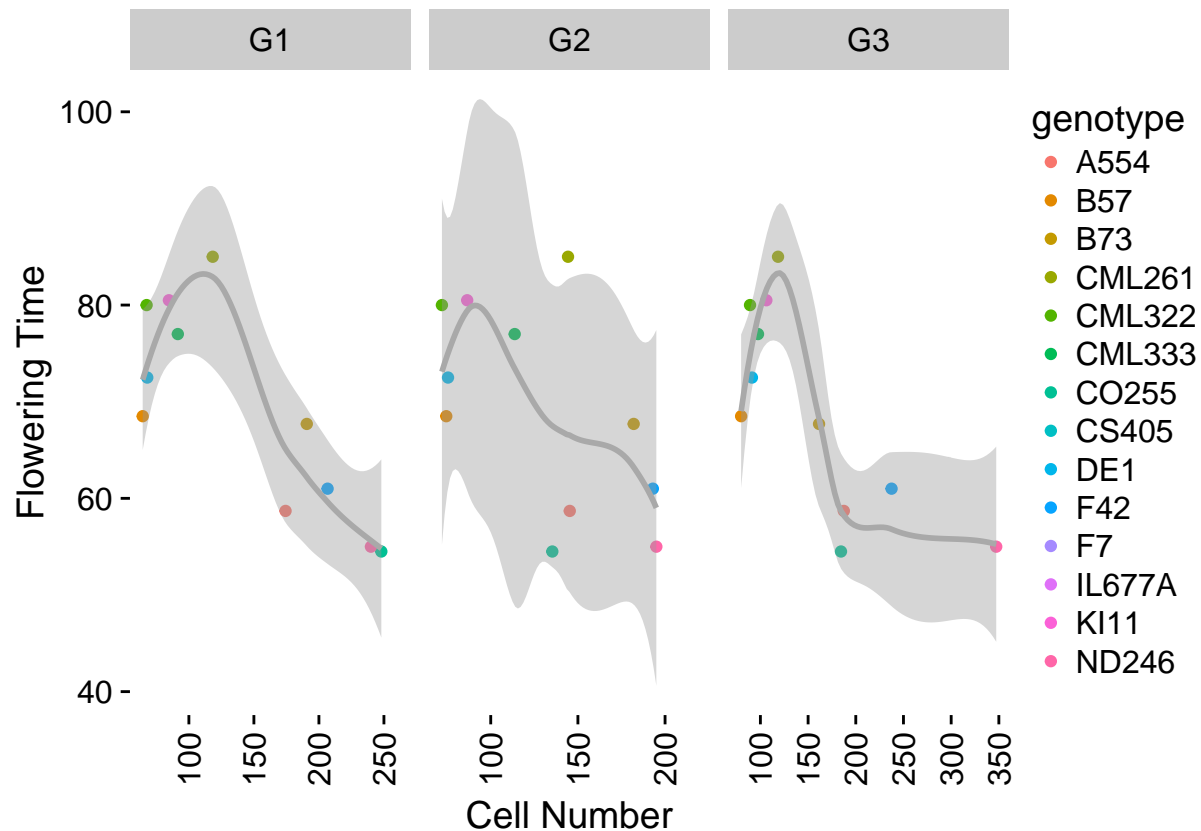
```

lcs <- cs %>% gather(key="Growth", value="cellnum", 2:4)

p1 <- plantcount[, c("genotype", "g1", "g2", "g3")] %>%
  gather(key="Growth", value="cellnum", 2:4) %>%
  merge(plantcount[, 1:8], by="genotype")
p1$Growth <- toupper(p1$Growth)

ggplot(p1, aes(y=DTA, x=cellnum))+
  geom_point(aes(color=genotype))+
  geom_smooth(color="dark grey")+
  facet_wrap(~Growth, scales="free_x")+
  theme(axis.text.x=element_text(angle = 90, vjust = 0.5)) +
  xlab("Cell Number")+
  ylab("Flowering Time")

```



```
#summary(lm(data=p1, DTA ~ cellnum + Growth))
```

Fit a Linear Mixed Model with relatedness matrix as random

The standardized relatedness matrix was estimated with GEMMA using GBS data.

```
fam0 <- read.table("cache/GBSv2.7_id14_flt.fam", header=F)

idcurated <- read.csv("cache/cellnum_GBS_sampleid_curated.csv")
fam <- merge(fam0, idcurated[, c("FullName", "DNASample")], by.x="V1", by.y="FullName", sort=FALSE)
fam$DNASample <- toupper(fam$DNASample)

#### Relatedness estimated from GEMMA
mx <- read.table("cache/mx.sXX.txt")

row.names(mx) <- fam$DNASample
names(mx) <- fam$DNASample
#library(d3heatmap)
#d3heatmap(mx, scale = "column", dendrogram = "none", color = "Blues")
mx[mx < 0] <- 0
mx[mx > 1] <- 1
mx <- as.matrix(mx)
```

After fitting the related matrix as random, growth period, BAK1 and SDA1 as fixed effects, DTA significantly associated with G1 (effect=-0.11, P value=0.0076) and G3 (effect=-0.08, P value=1.3e-09), but not G2 (effect=-0.08, P value=0.170).

```

library(bdsmatrix)
library(coxme)
row.names(plantcount) <- plantcount$genotype

gfit1 <- lmeekin(DTA ~ g1 + BAK1 + SDA1 + (1|genotype), data=plantcount, varlist= mx, method="REML")
gfit2 <- lmeekin(DTA ~ g2 + BAK1 + SDA1 + (1|genotype), data=plantcount, varlist= mx, method="REML")
gfit3 <- lmeekin(DTA ~ g3 + BAK1 + SDA1 + (1|genotype), data=plantcount, varlist= mx, method="REML")

gfit1
gfit2
gfit3

```

I did not test for other traits, but should be straight forward.

```

#cell count, SAM volume
ggplot(plantcount,aes(y=SAM_volume,x=cell_number))+
  geom_point(color=cols[1])+
  geom_smooth(method="loess",color="dark grey")+
  facet_wrap(~growth_period,scales="free_x")+
  ylab("SAM volume")+
  xlab("Cell Number")

#cell size, SAM volume
ggplot(plantcount,aes(y=SAM_volume,x=cell_size))+
  geom_point(color=cols[2])+
  geom_smooth(method="loess",color="dark grey")+
  facet_wrap(~growth_period,scales="free_x")+
  ylab("SAM volume")+
  xlab("Cell Size")

#cell size, cell number
ggplot(plantcount,aes(x=cell_number,y=cell_size))+
  geom_point(color=cols[3])+
  geom_smooth(method="loess",color="dark grey")+
  facet_wrap(~growth_period,scales="free_x")+
  xlab("Cell Number")+
  ylab("Cell Size")

#more cells -> no diff plant height. smaller ear height, weakly smaller ear width & stem_width, shorter
summary(lm(data=plantcount,DTA~cell_number+SDA1+BAK1))

```