

Visualisation with matplotlib

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```
#import the library
```

```
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
```

Different charts


- `plt.plot()` - line charts, scatterplot
- `plt.bar()` - bar charts/histograms
- `plt.barh()` - horizontal bar charts
- `plt.scatter()` - scatterplots
- `plt.pie()` - pie charts
- `plt.imshow()` - heatmaps

#plot two lists (line chart)

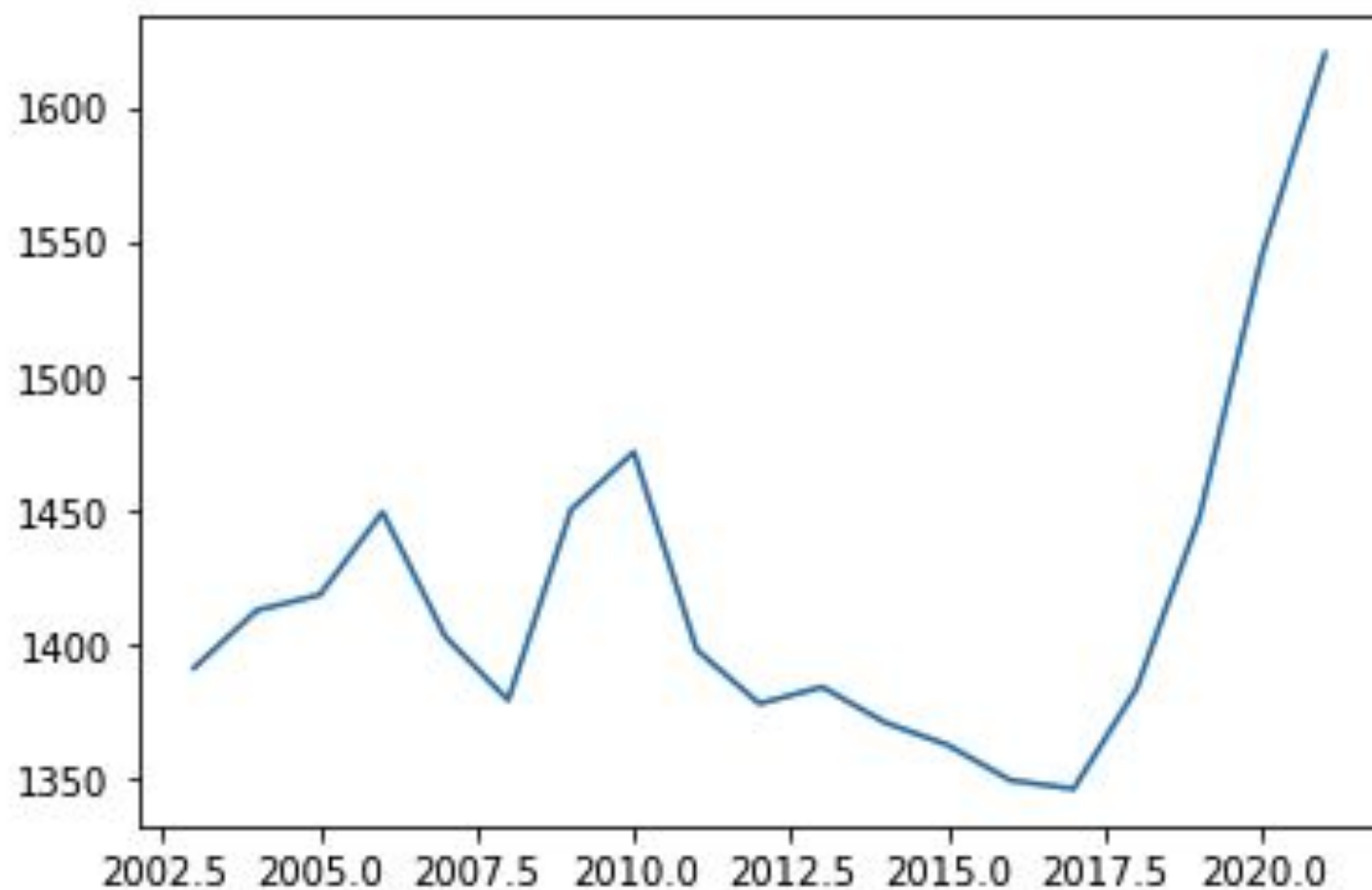
```
plt.plot(list1,list2)
```

#those parameters have names

```
plt.plot(x = list1,  
         height = list2)
```

✓
js  `plt.plot(years, row3)`

 [`<matplotlib.lines.Line2D at 0x7f1df1a56cd0>`]



#a bar chart works just the same

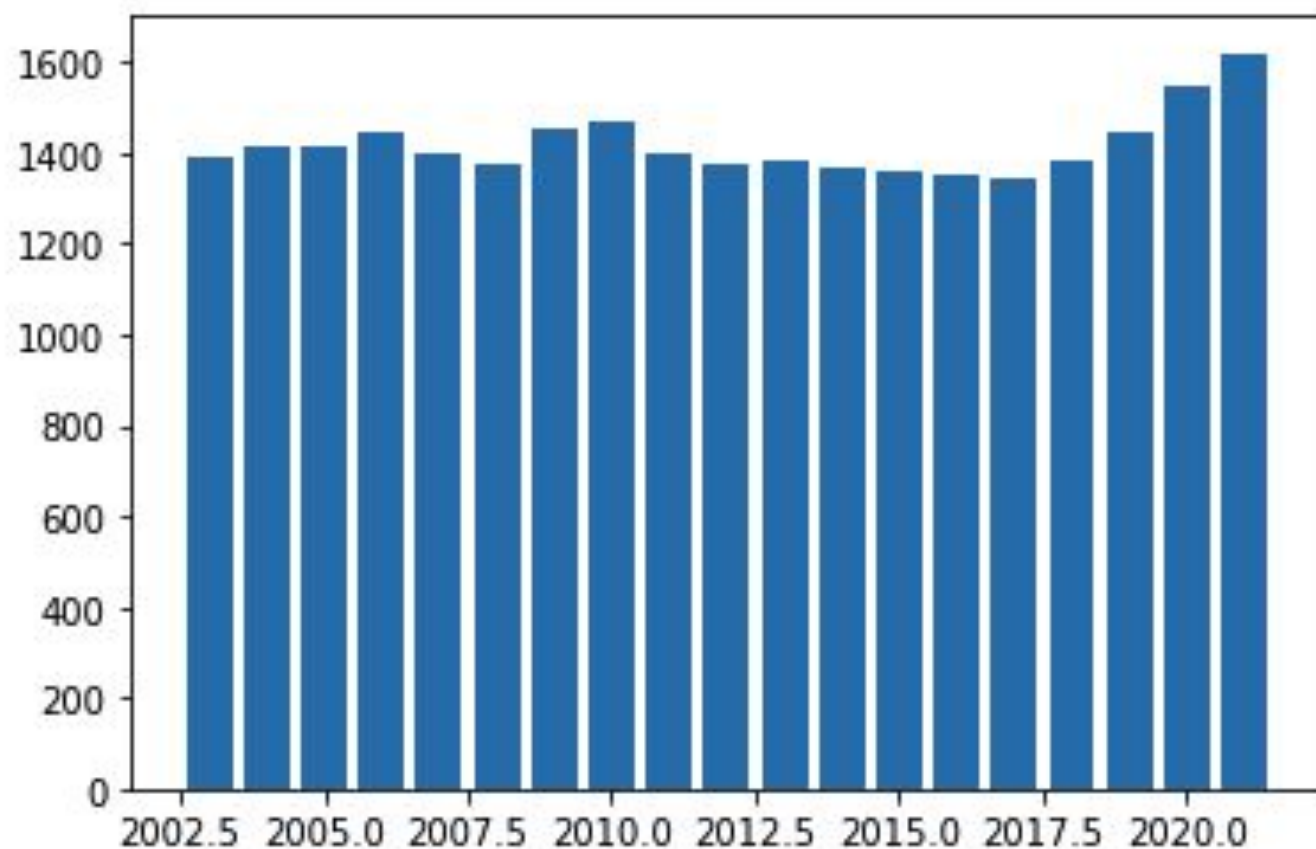
```
plt.bar(list1,list2)
```

#only height needs to be numeric

```
plt.bar(x = list1,  
        height = list2)
```

▶ #The x axis is years, the y axis is the staff numbers in row3
`plt.bar(years, row3)`

↗ <BarContainer object of 19 artists>




```
#a horizontal bar chart  
plt.barh(list1,list2)
```

```
#now it's y and width  
plt.barh(y = list1,  
         width = list2)
```

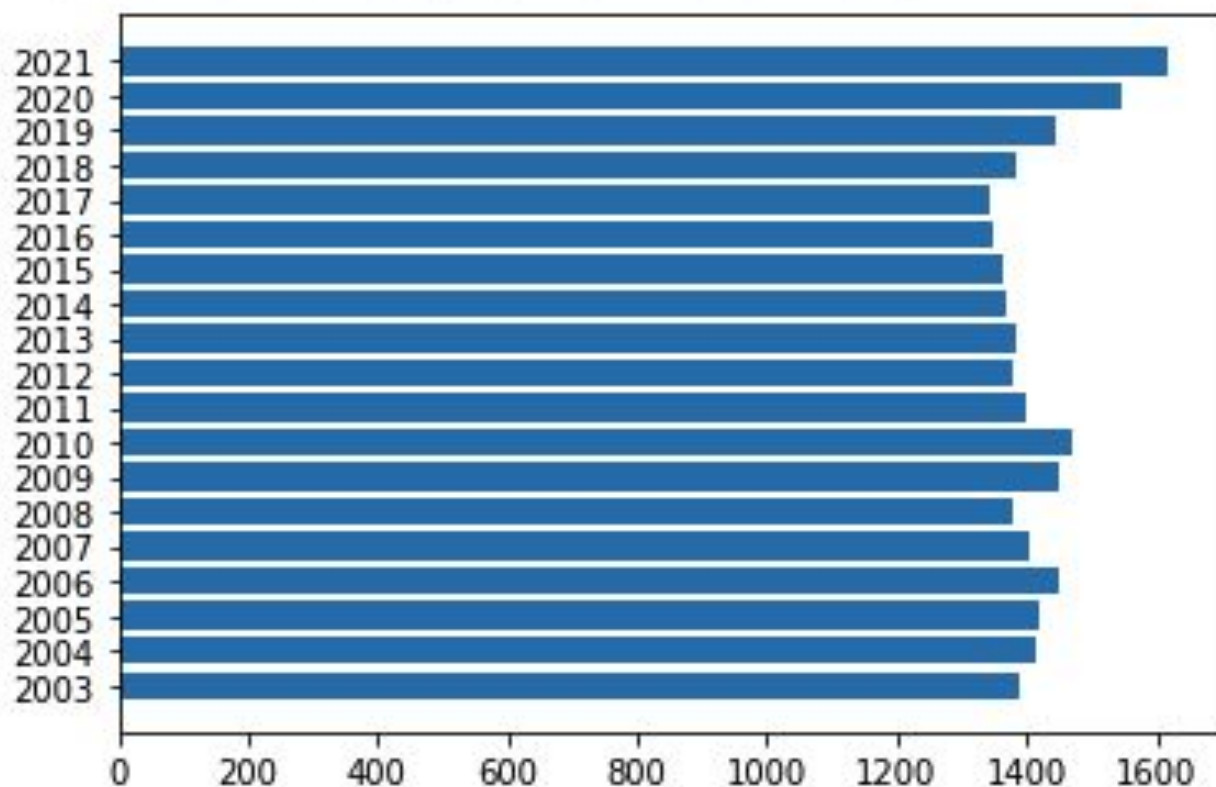


```
#convert years to strings  
yearstr = [str(i) for i in years]  
yearstr
```



```
#specify width as 0.8 of full width and other parameters  
plt.barh(yearstr,  
          row3)
```

↳ <BarContainer object of 19 artists>



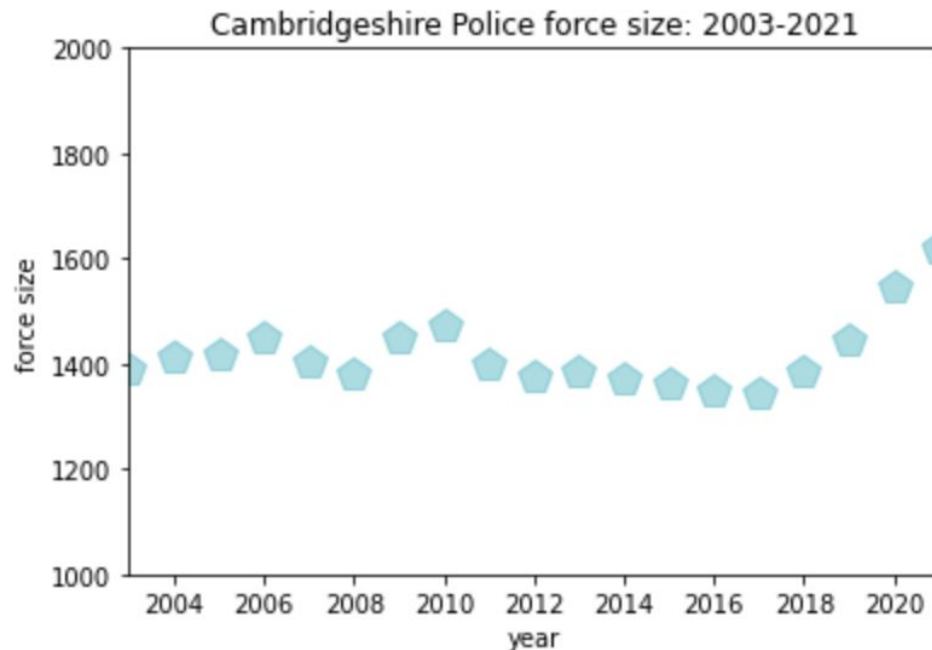
Adding/formatting labels

- `plt.ylabel('stuff')` - add a string
- `plt.xlabel()` - and another
- `plt.title()` - and another
- `plt.axis([2015, 2020, 0, 1000])` - specify axis start and end points:
[x start, x end, y start, y end]
- `plt.xticks(rotation=90)` - vertical labels on x axis
- `plt.show()` - show the results

Markers and colour

```
plt.plot(x = list1,  
         height = list2,  
         color = '#ff0000',  
         marker = 'x',  
         markersize = 5,  
         alpha = 0.5,  
         linestyle = 'none')
```

```
▶ #this time specify a different colour, pentagon markers at 15px and 40% opacity
plt.plot(years, row3, color='#11aabb', marker='p', linestyle='none', markersize=15, alpha=.4)
plt.ylabel('force size')
plt.xlabel('year')
plt.title('Cambridgeshire Police force size: 2003-2021')
plt.axis([2003,2021,1000,2000])
plt.show()
```



Property	Description
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agg_filter a filter function, which takes a (m, n, 3) float array and a dpi value, and returns a (m, n, 3) array

alpha float (0.0 transparent through 1.0 opaque)

The following format string characters are accepted to control the line style or marker:

animated bool

antialiased or **aa** [True | False]

clip_box a **Bbox** instance

clip_on bool

clip_path [(**Path**, **Transform**) | **Patcl**

color or **c** any matplotlib color

contains a callable function

dash_capstyle ['butt' | 'round' | 'projecting']

dash_joinstyle ['miter' | 'round' | 'bevel']

dashes sequence of on/off ink in pixels

drawstyle ['default' | 'steps' | 'steps-post' | 'mid' | 'steps-post']

figure a **Figure** instance

fillstyle ['full' | 'left' | 'right' | 'bottom' | 'top' | 'none']

character	description
'_'	solid line style
'--'	dashed line style
'-.'	dash-dot line style
':'	dotted line style
'.'	point marker
','	pixel marker
'o'	circle marker
'v'	triangle_down marker
'^'	triangle_up marker
'<'	triangle_left marker
'>'	triangle_right marker
'1'	tri_down marker
'2'	tri_up marker
'3'	tri_left marker
'4'	tri_right marker
's'	square marker
'p'	pentagon marker
'*'	star marker
'h'	hexagon1 marker
'H'	hexagon2 marker

Size: .figure()

#must go before plotting

#width, height in inches

```
plt.figure(figsize=(15,17))
```

Exporting: .savefig()

```
#must go before .show()  
plt.savefig('mypic.png',  
            transparent = True)
```