

(Bilinear transformation and all pass systems in the Laplace domain). The

bilinear transformation $\mathcal{F}: \mathbb{C} \rightarrow \mathbb{C}$ is a mapping from the z -domain to the

Laplace domain, defined as $s = \frac{2}{T_d} \left(\frac{1-z^{-1}}{1+z^{-1}} \right)$. Without loss of generality, let us

assume that the scaling factor T_d is not important here, so we can choose

$$T_d = 2 \text{ to simplify our discussions; hence, } s(z) = \frac{1-z^{-1}}{1+z^{-1}}.$$

(a) Show that the transformation maps the unit circle in the z domain to the y -axis in the s domain; that is, $\operatorname{Re}\{s(e^{j\omega})\} = 0$ for any $\omega \in [-\pi, \pi]$.

(b) Find an expression for the inverse bilinear transform $z = z(s)$.

(c) Is $s(z)$ one-to-one and onto?

(d) Let $H(z) = \frac{z^{-1}-a^*}{1-az^{-1}}$ be the system function for a causal all-pass filter. Define

$H_c(s) = H(z(s))$. Now, $H_c(s)$ can be thought of as the system function of a continuous-time linear system. Express $H_c(s)$ as $H_c(s) = B(s)/A(s)$.

(e) Show that $H_c(s)$ has a pair of pole s_p and zero s_z , with $\operatorname{Re}\{s_p\} < 0$ and $\operatorname{Re}\{s_z\} > 0$ and $\operatorname{Im}\{s_p\} = \operatorname{Im}\{s_z\}$.

(f) Calculate the phase response $\arg\{H_c(j\Omega)\}$ and argue that its slope is always negative; that is, $\frac{\partial}{\partial \Omega} \arg\{H_c(j\Omega)\} < 0$.

(g) Argue that, since $\frac{\partial}{\partial \Omega} \arg\{H_c(j\Omega)\} < 0$ for all $\Omega \in \mathbb{R}$, we have

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial \omega} \arg\{H(e^{j\omega})\} < 0 \text{ for any } \omega \in [-\pi, \pi]. \text{ To conclude, this is a proof of}$$

group delay of an all-pass system being positive for all frequencies, whether the system is continuous time or discrete time. (*Hint: you need to find a relation between Ω and ω and show that it is monotonically increasing.*)