

## CS421 Final Project

Paul Detloff  
Wyatt Cannon  
Saif Alam

Aug 2<sup>nd</sup>, 2023  
CS421 Advance Web Application Development

## Objective

The objective of this project was to create a functional website capable of various features such as a sign up/sign in system for users, including creating a username/password, as well as adding menu items to cart/placing and order, and including manager functionality to use admin services on the website. In this case, the website was an online coffee shop application.

## Program

The project was written in multiple files under the folder cs421project-main. The following outlines were taken to complete the assignment:

- Create HTML Documents in accordance with each page required (home page, sign up, orders, etc.)
- Creating a sign in/sign up page for users with the ability to be stored into a database (SQLITE)
- Creating a unique key for manager privileges to the website that is otherwise hidden to the rest of the users, allowing for manager functionality tools
- Creating a python file to retrieve database information of inventory, as well as storing users information
- Creating a python file for back end services, tying in all the functionality

## Code Design

The following is the design and implementation of the program:

- Templates
  - Templates contained all the page files, written in HTML. The files were divided into 10 different pages. With an initial start page, users are redirected to sign up or log in.
  - Each HTML document inherits from the base HTML doc. They use forms to take in information and post information with python arrays and variables. Jinja was used for this. Here are screen shots of the HTML.

jupyter base.html ✓ 07/27/2023

Logout

Edit View Language

HTML

```
<head>
  <meta charset="utf-8">
  <title> Coffee Shop </title>
  <link rel="stylesheet" href="https://cdn.jsdelivr.net/npm/bootstrap@3.3.7/dist/css/bootstrap.min.css" integrity="sha384-BVYi6E6KdGmJRAKycuHAHRg320mUcw7on3RYdg4Va+PmSTsz/K68vbdEjh4u" crossorigin="anonymous">
  <link rel="stylesheet" href="https://cdn.jsdelivr.net/npm/bootstrap@3.3.7/dist/css/bootstrap-theme.min.css" integrity="sha384-rHyoN1iRsRVXV4nD0JutlnGaslCJuC7uwjduW9SVrLvRYooPp2bWYmgJQIXwl/Sp" crossorigin="anonymous">
  <script src="https://cdn.jsdelivr.net/npm/bootstrap@3.3.7/dist/js/bootstrap.min.js" integrity="sha384-Tc5IQib027qvyjSMfHjOMaLkfuWVxZxUPnJCJA712mCWNIpG9mGCD8wGNicPD7Txa" crossorigin="anonymous"></script>
</head>
<body>
  <nav class="navbar navbar-expand-lg navbar-light bg-light">
    <a class = " navbar-brand" href="{url_for('index')}}">SIGN-OUT</a>
    <a class = " navbar-brand" href="{url_for('home')}}">HOME</a>
    <a class = " navbar-brand" href="{url_for('menu')}}">MENU</a>
    <a id="orderPage" class = " navbar-brand" href="{url_for('orders')}}">ORDERS</a>
    <a id="inventoryPage" class = " navbar-brand" href="{url_for('inventory')}}">INVENTORY</a>
  </nav>
  <!-- https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=7HcMdFVtpX0&ab_channel=VCreatationsTech used to help hide elements-->
  <script type="text/javascript">
    if({{manager}}){
      document.getElementById("orderPage").style.display = "none";
      document.getElementById("inventoryPage").style.display = "none";
    }
  </script>
  <!-- removed the menu bar bc we have to have a different one for manager and customer-->
  {% block content %}

  {% endblock %}
</body>
```

jupyter home.html ✓ 07/16/2023

Edit View Language

```
{% extends "base.html"%}
{% block content %}
  <h1>THIS IS THE HOME PAGE</h1>
{% endblock %}
```

jupyter inventory.html ✓ 07/27/2023

Logout

Edit View Language

HTML

```
{% extends "base.html"%}
{% block content %}
  <h1>THIS IS THE INVENTORY PAGE</h1>
  <h3>Please enter positive integer or 0 into the fields for each item</h3>
  <form action="{url_for('updatedInventory')}}">
    <ul>
      {%for j in range(numberItems)%}
      <li>{{itemNames[j]}} price: $<input type="text" name="{{itemNames[j]}} price" value="{{itemPrices[j]}}"> inventory:
      <input type="text" name="{{itemNames[j]}} amount" value="{{itemInventory[j]}}"></li>
      {%endfor%}
    </ul>
    <input type="submit" value="Submit Form">
  </form>
{% endblock %}
```

## jupyter login.html ✓ 07/27/2023

e Edit View Language

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<head>
  <title>Login</title>
</head>
<body>
  <h1>Login</h1>
  {% with messages = get_flashed_messages() %}
    {% if messages %}
      <ul>
        {% for message in messages %}
          <li>{{ message }}</li>
        {% endfor %}
      </ul>
    {% endif %}
  {% endwith %}
  <form method="post" action="/login">
    {{ form.csrf_token }}
    {{ form.username.label }} {{ form.username(size=20) }}<br>
    {{ form.password.label }} {{ form.password(size=20) }}<br>
    {{ form.submit }}
  </form>
</body>
</html>
```

## jupyter menu.html ✓ 07/23/2023

e Edit View Language

```
{% extends "base.html"%}
{% block content %}
  <h1>THIS IS THE MENU</h1>
  <h3>Please enter positive integer or 0 into the fields for each item</h3>
  <form action="{{url_for('thankyou')}}">
    <ul>
      {%for j in range(numberItems)%}
        <li>{{itemNames[j]}} price: ${{itemPrices[j]}}<input type="text" name="{{itemNames[j]}}" value="0"></li>
      {%endfor%}
    </ul>
    <input type="submit" value="Submit Form">
  </form>
{% endblock %}
```

## jupyter orders.html ✓ 07/27/2023

le Edit View Language

```
{% extends "base.html"%}
{% block content %}
    <h1>THIS IS THE ORDER PAGE</h1>
    <ul>
        {%for j in range(numberOrders)%}
            <li>{{theseOrders[j]}}</li>
        {%endfor%}
    </ul>
{% endblock %}
```

○

## jupyter signup.html ✓ 07/27/2023

e Edit View Language

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<head>
    <title>Sign Up</title>
</head>
<body>
    <h1>Sign Up</h1>
    {% with messages = get_flashed_messages() %}
        {% if messages %}
            <ul>
                {% for message in messages %}
                    <li>{{ message }}</li>
                {% endfor %}
            </ul>
        {% endif %}
    {% endwith %}
    <form method="post" action="/signup">
        {{ form.csrf_token }}
        {{ form.username.label }} {{ form.username(size=20) }}<br>
        {{ form.password.label }} {{ form.password(size=20) }}<br>
        {{ form.confirm_password.label }} {{ form.confirm_password(size=20) }}<br>
        {{ form.submit }}
    </form>
</body>
</html>
```

○

## jupyter startHere.html ✓ 07/27/2023

⌵ Edit View Language

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<head>
  <title>startHere</title>
</head>
<body>
  <h1>Start Here</h1>
  <a href="./signup">SingUp</a>
  <a href="./login">LogIn</a>
</body>
</html>
```

## jupyter thankyou.html ✓ 07/23/2023

⌵ Edit View Language

```
{% extends "base.html"%}
{% block content %}
  <h1>Thank you for your order!!!</h1>
  <p>your total is ${orderTotal}</p>
  <p>please hit menu at top of page to place another order</p>
{% endblock %}
```

## jupyter updatedInventory.html ✓ 07/27/2023

le Edit View Language

```
{% extends "base.html"%}
{% block content %}
  <h1>You have updated the inventory successfully.</h1>
{% endblock %}
```

- The Python code sets up a web application using the Flask framework to manage the shop. The functionalities are as follow:
  - **Imports and Configuration** – Importing the necessary modules like Flask, SQLAlchemy, and WTForms.
  - **Database Models**: Three classes (**Food**, **User**, and **Orders**) are defined as SQLAlchemy models representing the database tables for food items, users, and order information. These classes define the structure of each table and their relationships.
  - **Web Forms**: Two FlaskForm classes (**SignupForm** and **LoginForm**) are created using WTForms to handle user sign-up and login forms
  - **Database Creation and Initialization**: The code creates the necessary tables and initializes the database with some sample food items and a user
  - Routing and Views:
    - `'/signup'`: Handles user sign-up. Validates form input and adds a new user to the database.
    - `'/login'`: Handles user login. Validates form input and checks user credentials against the database.
    - `'/home'`: Displays the home page, differentiating between managers and regular users.
    - `'/menu'`: Displays the coffee shop menu, reading the food items and prices from the database.
    - `'/thankyou'`: Processes user orders, calculates the total price, and updates the inventory in the database. It then shows a thank-you page.
    - `'/orders'`: Shows all the orders placed so far.
    - `'/inventory'`: Displays the inventory of food items, reading it from the database.
    - `'/updatedInventory'`: Updates the inventory and prices of food items in the database
  - **Global Variables**: The code uses a global variable **manager** to differentiate between regular users and the manager
  -
- The Database code creates the SQLAlchemy database model.
  - **Database Model**: The code defines a class named **Food** as a SQLAlchemy model. This class represents the structure of the **foods** table in the database. Name, inventory, price are included.
    - `__init__` - method to initialize instances of the Food class
    - `__repr__` - method to provide a string representation of the class instances.

- **Database Configuration:** Creates a Flask application and configures the database URI to **data.sqlite**.
  - **SQLALCHEMY\_TRAC\_MODIFICATIONS: False** - to suppresses modification tracking. Additionally,
  - **SQLALCHEMY\_ECHO: True** - prints all SQL statements generated by SQLAlchemy to the console.

## Main Python Screen Shots:

jupyter coffeshop.py ✓ 07/27/2023

```

le Edit View Language

from flask import Flask, render_template, request, redirect, url_for, flash, session
from flask_sqlalchemy import SQLAlchemy
from wtforms import StringField, PasswordField, SubmitField
from wtforms.validators import DataRequired, EqualTo
from flask_wtf import FlaskForm
from flask_wtf.form import _Auto
import os

app = Flask(__name__)
app.secret_key = "hello"
#using this video to help get db running https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=uZnp21fu8TQ&ab_channel=TechWithTim
app.config['SQLALCHEMY_DATABASE_URI'] = 'sqlite:///users.sqlite3'
app.config['SQLALCHEMY_TRAC_MODIFICATIONS'] = False

db = SQLAlchemy(app)

#USER NAME JUST MADE SOME RANDOM ONE TO GET IT TO WORK WITH THAN KYOU PAGE AND ADDING ORDERS

#-----
#                                creating classes for each db
#-----

class Food(db.Model):
    __tablename__ = "foods"

    id = db.Column(db.Integer, primary_key=True)
    name = db.Column(db.Text)
    inventory = db.Column(db.Integer)
    price = db.Column(db.Float)

    def __init__(self, name, inventory, price):
        self.name = name
        self.inventory = inventory
        self.price = price

    def __repr__(self):
        return f"item {self.name} has {self.inventory} units and costs {self.price}"

class User(db.Model):

```



```

40 class User(db.Model):
41     id = db.Column(db.Integer, primary_key=True)
42     username = db.Column(db.String(80), unique=True, nullable=False)
43     password = db.Column(db.String(120), nullable=False)
44     #isManager = db.Column(db.Integer, nullable=False)
45
46     def __init__(self, username, password):
47         self.username = username
48         self.password = password
49         #self.isManager = isManager
50
51     def __repr__(self):
52         return f'<User {self.username}>'
53
54 class Orders(db.Model):
55     __tablename__ = "orders"
56
57     id = db.Column(db.Integer, primary_key=True)
58     uName = db.Column(db.Text)
59     amountHotCoffee = db.Column(db.Integer)
60     amountIcedCoffee = db.Column(db.Integer)
61     amountBagel = db.Column(db.Integer)
62     amountMocha = db.Column(db.Integer)
63     saleTotal = db.Column(db.Float)
64
65     def __init__(self, uName, amountHotCoffee, amountIcedCoffee, amountBagel, amountMocha, saleTotal):
66         self.uName = uName
67         self.amountHotCoffee = amountHotCoffee
68         self.amountIcedCoffee = amountIcedCoffee
69         self.amountBagel = amountBagel
70         self.amountMocha = amountMocha
71         self.saleTotal = saleTotal
72
73     def __repr__(self):
74         return f'{self.uName} ordered {self.amountHotCoffee} Hot Coffee, {self.amountIcedCoffee} Iced Coffee, {self.amountBagel} Bagel, and {self.amountMocha} Mocha. Total is ${self.saleTotal}.'
75
76
77 class SignupForm(FlaskForm):
78     username = StringField('Username', validators=[DataRequired()])
79     password = PasswordField('Password', validators=[DataRequired()])

```

```

password = PasswordField('Password', validators=[DataRequired()])
confirm_password = PasswordField('Confirm Password', validators=[DataRequired(), EqualTo('password')])
submit = SubmitField('Sign Up')

class LoginForm(FlaskForm):
    username = StringField('Username', validators=[DataRequired()])
    password = PasswordField('Password', validators=[DataRequired()])
    submit = SubmitField('Login')

#-----
#                                     creating db and adding foods
#-----

with app.app_context():
    db.create_all()

hotCoffee = Food('Hot Coffee',35,1.75)
icedCoffee = Food('Iced Coffee',33,2.50)
bagel = Food('Bagel',121,2.00)
mocha = Food('Mocha',12,4.25)
bBelcher = User("bBelcher","password123")

with app.app_context():
    Food.query.delete() #this clears the database bc it won't remove all the items from prior sessions
    Orders.query.delete()
    User.query.delete()
    db.session.add_all([hotCoffee,icedCoffee,bagel,mocha])
    db.session.add_all([bBelcher])
    db.session.commit()

@app.route('/',methods=['GET', 'POST'])
def index():
    return render_template('startHere.html')

@app.route('/signup',methods=['GET', 'POST'])
def signup():
    form = SignupForm()

```

```

117 @app.route('/signup', methods=['GET', 'POST'])
118 def signup():
119     form = SignupForm()
120     with app.app_context():
121         if form.validate_on_submit():
122             username = form.username.data
123             password = form.password.data
124
125             if not User.query.filter_by(username=username).first():
126                 new_user = User(username, password)
127                 db.session.add(new_user)
128                 db.session.commit()
129                 flash('Sign up successful! Please log in.', 'success')
130                 return redirect(url_for('login'))
131             else:
132                 flash('Username already taken. Please choose a different one.', 'error')
133             session.pop('_flashes', None)
134     return render_template('signup.html', form=form)
135
136 @app.route('/login', methods=['GET', 'POST'])
137 def login():
138     form = LoginForm()
139
140     if form.validate_on_submit():
141         global username
142         username = form.username.data
143         global manager
144         #boolean value inverted. 0 means manager and 1 means not manager. careful!
145         if (username=="bBelcher"):
146             manager=0
147         else:
148             manager=1
149         password = form.password.data
150
151         user = User.query.filter_by(username=username, password=password).first()
152
153         if user is not None:
154             flash('Login successful!', 'success')
155             return redirect(url_for('home'))
156         else:

```

```

158     session.pop('_flashes', None)
159     return render_template('login.html', form=form)
160
161 @app.route('/home')
162 def home():
163     return render_template('home.html', manager=manager)
164
165 @app.route('/menu')
166 def menu():
167     #----- this will read the current db and set it up for html use
168     itemNames=[]
169     itemPrices=[]
170     orderAmounts=[]
171     with app.app_context():
172         numberItems=Food.query.count()
173         for i in range(1,numberItems+1):
174             currentItem=Food.query.get(i)
175             itemNames.append(currentItem.name)
176             itemPrices.append(currentItem.price)
177             orderAmounts.append(0)
178
179     return render_template('menu.html', manager=manager, itemNames=itemNames, numberItems=numberItems, itemPrices=itemPrices)
180
181 @app.route('/thankyou')
182 def thankyou():
183     orderTotal=0
184     itemNames=[]
185     itemPrices=[]
186     orderAmounts=[]
187     itemInventory=[]
188     with app.app_context():
189         numberItems=Food.query.count()
190         for i in range(1,numberItems+1):
191             currentItem=Food.query.get(i)
192             itemNames.append(currentItem.name)
193             itemPrices.append(currentItem.price)
194             orderAmounts.append(0)
195             itemInventory.append(currentItem.inventory)
196     orderAmounts[0]=int(request.args.get('Hot Coffee'))
197     orderAmounts[1]=int(request.args.get('Iced Coffee'))
198
199     orderAmounts[0]=int(request.args.get('Hot Coffee'))
200     orderAmounts[1]=int(request.args.get('Iced Coffee'))
201     orderAmounts[2]=int(request.args.get('Bagel'))
202     orderAmounts[3]=int(request.args.get('Mocha'))
203     for i in range(4):
204         orderTotal+=float(orderAmounts[i])*float(itemPrices[i])
205     with app.app_context():
206         order1 = Orders(username,orderAmounts[0],orderAmounts[1],orderAmounts[2],orderAmounts[3],orderTotal)
207         db.session.add_all([order1])
208         for i in range(1, numberItems+1):
209             currentItem=Food.query.get(i)
210             currentItem.inventory = currentItem.inventory - orderAmounts[i-1]
211         db.session.commit()
212     return render_template('thankyou.html', manager=manager, orderTotal=orderTotal)
213
214 @app.route('/orders')
215 def orders():
216     numberOrders=Orders.query.count()
217     theseOrders = Orders.query.all()
218     return render_template('orders.html', manager=manager, numberOrders=numberOrders, theseOrders=theseOrders)
219
220 @app.route('/inventory')
221 def inventory():
222     #----- this will read the current db and set it up for html use
223     itemNames=[]
224     itemPrices=[]
225     orderAmounts=[]
226     itemInventory=[]
227     with app.app_context():
228         numberItems=Food.query.count()
229         for i in range(1,numberItems+1):
230             currentItem=Food.query.get(i)
231             itemNames.append(currentItem.name)
232             itemPrices.append(currentItem.price)
233             itemInventory.append(currentItem.inventory)
234             orderAmounts.append(0)
235
236     return
237     render_template('inventory.html', manager=manager, itemNames=itemNames, numberItems=numberItems, itemPrices=itemPrices, itemInventory=i
238     temInventory)
239

```

```

@app.route('/updatedInventory')
def updatedInventory():
    itemNames=[]
    itemPrices=[]
    itemInventory=[]
    numberItems=Food.query.count()
    itemPrices.append(float(request.args.get('Hot Coffee price')))
    itemPrices.append(float(request.args.get('Iced Coffee price')))
    itemPrices.append(float(request.args.get('Bagel price')))
    itemPrices.append(float(request.args.get('Mocha price')))
    itemInventory.append(int(request.args.get('Hot Coffee amount')))
    itemInventory.append(int(request.args.get('Iced Coffee amount')))
    itemInventory.append(int(request.args.get('Bagel amount')))
    itemInventory.append(int(request.args.get('Mocha amount')))
    with app.app_context():
        for i in range(1, numberItems+1):
            currentItem=Food.query.get(i)
            currentItem.inventory = itemInventory[i-1]
            currentItem.price = itemPrices[i-1]
        db.session.commit()
    return render_template('updatedInventory.html',manager=manager)

if __name__ == '__main__':
    app.run(debug=True)

```

## Analysis/Conclusion

Overall, the application allows users to sign up, log in, view the coffee shop's menu, place orders, and view and update the inventory. The manager can access additional functionalities not available to regular users, such as viewing all orders and updating inventory and prices. Web Application combines all the moving parts to form functionality. Most troubleshooting tests compatibility with certain programs/files, or in simpler words, “getting everything to click.” One way to take this assignment a step further is implement framework for payment processing.