Nikola Documentation

Release 8.0.0

The Nikola Contributors

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Those are the docs for the current GitHub master. It might be incompatible with the stable release. The docs for the stable release are available on the Nikola website.

Please note that some examples of Nikola-specific reST syntax might not be visible in this version of Nikola docs.

CHAPTER 1

The Nikola Handbook

Version 8.0.0

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1.1 All You Need to Know

After you have Nikola installed:

Create an empty site (with a setup wizard): nikola init mysite

You can create a site with demo files in it with nikola init --demo mysite

The rest of these commands have to be executed inside the new mysite folder.

Create a post: nikola new_post

Edit the post: The filename should be in the output of the previous command. You can also use nikola

new_post -e to open an editor automatically.

Build the site: nikola build

Start the test server and open a browser: nikola serve -b

That should get you going. If you want to know more, this manual will always be here for you.

DON'T READ THIS MANUAL. IF YOU NEED TO READ IT I FAILED, JUST USE THE THING.

On the other hand, if anything about Nikola is not as obvious as it should be, by all means tell me about it:-)

1.2 What's Nikola and what can you do with it?

Nikola is a static website and blog generator. The very short explanation is that it takes some texts you wrote, and uses them to create a folder full of HTML files. If you upload that folder to a server, you will have a rather full-featured website, done with little effort.

Its original goal is to create blogs, but it supports most kind of sites, and can be used as a CMS, as long as what you present to the user is your own content instead of something the user generates.

Nikola can do:

- A blog (example)
- Your company's site

- · Your personal site
- A software project's site (example)
- · A book's site

Since Nikola-based sites don't run any code on the server, there is no way to process user input in forms.

Nikola can't do:

- · Twitter
- · Facebook
- · An Issue tracker
- Anything with forms, really (except for comments!)

Keep in mind that "static" doesn't mean **boring**. You can have animations or whatever fancy CSS3/HTML5 thingie you like. It only means all that HTML is generated already before being uploaded. On the other hand, Nikola sites will tend to be content-heavy. What Nikola is good at is at putting what you write out there.

1.3 Getting Help

Get help here!

TL;DR:

- · You can file bugs at the issue tracker
- You can discuss Nikola at the nikola-discuss google group
- You can subscribe to the Nikola Blog
- · You can follow Nikola on Twitter

1.4 Why Static?

Most "modern" websites are *dynamic* in the sense that the contents of the site live in a database, and are converted into presentation-ready HTML only when a user wants to see the page. That's great. However, it presents some minor issues that static site generators try to solve.

In a static site, the whole site, every page, *everything*, is created before the first user even sees it and uploaded to the server as a simple folder full of HTML files (and images, CSS, etc).

So, let's see some reasons for using static sites:

Security Dynamic sites are prone to experience security issues. The solution for that is constant vigilance, keeping the software behind the site updated, and plain old good luck. The stack of software used to provide a static site, like those Nikola generates, is much smaller (Just a web server).

A smaller software stack implies less security risk.

Obsolescence If you create a site using (for example) WordPress, what happens when WordPress releases a new version? You have to update your WordPress. That is not optional, because of security and support issues. If I release a new version of Nikola, and you don't update, *nothing* happens. You can continue to use the version you have now forever, no problems.

Also, in the longer term, the very foundations of dynamic sites shift. Can you still deploy a blog software based on Django 0.96? What happens when your host stops supporting the PHP version you rely on? And so on.

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You may say those are long term issues, or that they won't matter for years. Well, I believe things should work forever, or as close to it as we can make them. Nikola's static output and its input files will work as long as you can install Python 3.4 or newer under Linux, Windows, or OS X and can find a server that sends files over HTTP. That's probably 10 or 15 years at least.

Also, static sites are easily handled by the Internet Archive.

Cost and Performance On dynamic sites, every time a reader wants a page, a whole lot of database queries are made. Then a whole pile of code chews that data, and HTML is produced, which is sent to the user. All that requires CPU and memory.

On a static site, the highly optimized HTTP server reads the file from disk (or, if it's a popular file, from disk cache), and sends it to the user. You could probably serve a bazillion (technical term) page views from a phone using static sites.

Lock-in On server-side blog platforms, sometimes you can't export your own data, or it's in strange formats you can't use in other services. I have switched blogging platforms from Advogato to PyCs to two homebrew systems, to Nikola, and have never lost a file, a URL, or a comment. That's because I have *always* had my own data in a format of my choice.

With Nikola, you own your files, and you can do anything with them.

1.5 Components

Nikola provides the following features:

- Blog support, including:
 - Indexes
 - RSS and Atom feeds
 - Tags and categories, with pages and feeds
 - Author pages and feeds (not generated if ENABLE_AUTHOR_PAGES is set to False or there is only one author)
 - Archives with custom granularity (yearly or monthly)
 - Comments
- Static pages (not part of the blog)
- Math rendering (via MathJax)
- Custom output paths for generated pages
- Pretty URLs (without .html) that don't need web server support
- Easy page template customization
- Internationalization support (my own blog is English and Spanish)
- Sitemap generation (for search engines)
- Custom deployment (if it's a command, you can use it)
- · GitHub Pages deployment
- Themes, easy appearance customization
- Multiple input formats, including reStructuredText and Markdown
- Easy-to-create image galleries

- Image thumbnail generation
- Support for displaying source code listings
- · Custom search
- Asset (CSS/JS) bundling
- gzip compression (for sending via your web server)
- Open Graph, Twitter Cards
- Hyphenation
- Custom post processing filters (eg. for minifying files or better typography)

1.6 Getting Started

To set Nikola up and create your first site, read the Getting Started Guide.

1.7 Creating a Blog Post

Magic Links

You will want to do things like "link from one post to another" or "link to an image gallery", etc. Sure, you can just figure out the URLs for each thing and use that. Or you can use Nikola's special link URLs. Those are done using the syntax link://kind/name and a full list of the included ones is here (BTW, I linked to that using link://slug/path-handlers).

Note that magic links with spaces won't work with some input formats (eg. reST), so you should use slugs there (eg. link://tag/some-tag instead of link://tag/Some Tag)

To create a new post, the easiest way is to run nikola new_post. You will be asked for a title for your post, and it will tell you where the post's file is located.

By default, that file will contain also some extra information about your post ("the metadata"). It can be placed in a separate file by using the -2 option, but it's generally easier to keep it in a single location.

The contents of your post have to be written (by default) in reStructuredText but you can use a lot of different markups using the -f option.

Currently, Nikola supports reStructuredText, Markdown, Jupyter Notebooks, HTML as input, can also use Pandoc for conversion, and has support for BBCode, CreoleWiki, txt2tags, Textile and more via plugins — for more details, read the *input format documentation*. You can learn reStructuredText syntax with the reST quickstart.

Please note that Nikola does not support encodings other than UTF-8. Make sure to convert your input files to that encoding to avoid issues. It will prevent bugs, and Nikola will write UTF-8 output anyway.

You can control what markup compiler is used for each file extension with the COMPILERS option. The default configuration expects them to be placed in posts but that can be changed (see below, the POSTS and PAGES options)

This is how it works:

\$ nikola new_post Creating New Post

(continues on next page)

(continued from previous page)

```
Title: How to make money
Scanning posts...done!
INFO: new_post: Your post's text is at: posts/how-to-make-money.rst
```

The content of that file is as follows:

```
.. title: How to make money
.. slug: how-to-make-money
.. date: 2012-09-15 19:52:05 UTC
.. tags:
.. link:
.. description:
.. type: text
Write your post here.
```

You can edit these files with your favorite text editor, and once you are happy with the contents, generate the pages using nikola build.

The post page is generated by default using the post.tmpl template, which you can use to customize the output. You can also customize paths and the template filename itself — see *How does Nikola decide where posts should go?*

1.7.1 Metadata fields

Nikola supports many metadata fields in posts. All of them are translatable and almost all are optional.

1.7.1.1 Basic

title Title of the post. (required)

slug Slug of the post. Used as the last component of the page URL. We recommend and default to using a restricted character set $(a-z0-9-_)$ because other symbols may cause issues in URLs. (required)

date Date of the post, defaults to now. Multiple date formats are accepted. Adding a timezone is recommended. (required for posts)

tags Comma-separated tags of the post.

status Can be set to published (default), featured, draft, or private.

has math If set to true or yes, MathJax resp. KaTeX support is enabled for this post.

category Like tags, except each post can have only one, and they usually have more descriptive names.

guid String used as GUID in RSS feeds and as ID in Atom feeds instead of the permalink.

link Link to original source for content. May be displayed by some themes.

description Description of the post. Used in <meta> tags for SEO.

type Type of the post. See *Post Types* for details. Whatever you set here (prepended with post-) will become a CSS class of the <article> element for this post. Defaults to text (resulting in a post-text class)

1.7.1.2 Extra

author Author of the post, will be used in the RSS feed and possibly in the post display (theme-dependent)

enclosure Add an enclosure to this post when it's used in RSS. See more information about enclosures

data Path to an external data file (JSON/YAML/TOML dictionary), relative to conf.py. Its keys are available for templates as post.data('key').

Translated posts can have different values for this field, and the correct one will be used.

See The Global Context and Data files for more details. This is especially useful used in combination with shortcodes.

filters See the *Post Processing Filters* section.

hidetitle Set "True" if you do not want to see the **page** title as a heading of the output html file (does not work for posts).

hyphenate Set "True" if you want this document to be hyphenated even if you have hyphenation disabled by default. **nocomments** Set to "True" to disable comments. Example:

pretty_url Set to "False" to disable pretty URL for this page. Example:

previewimage Designate a preview or other representative image path relative to BASE_URL for use with Open Graph for posts. Adds the image when sharing on social media, feeds, and many other uses.

```
.. previewimage: /images/looks_great_on_facebook.png
```

The image can be of any size and dimension (services will crop and adapt) but should less than 1 MB and be larger than 300x300 (ideally 600x600).

This image is displayed by bootblog4 for featured posts (see *Featured Posts* for details).

template Change the template used to render this page/post specific page. That template needs to either be part of the theme, or be placed in a templates/ folder inside your site.

```
.. template: foobar.tmpl
```

updated The last time this post was updated, defaults to the post's date metadata value. It is not displayed by default
in most themes, including the defaults — you can use post.formatted_updated(date_format) (and
perhaps check if post.updated != post.date) in your post template to show it.

To add these metadata fields to all new posts by default, you can set the variable ADDITIONAL_METADATA in your configuration. For example, you can add the author metadata to all new posts by default, by adding the following to your configuration:

```
ADDITIONAL_METADATA = {
    'author': 'John Doe'
}
```

url_type Change the URL_TYPE setting for the given page only. Useful for eg. error pages which cannot use relative URLs.

```
.. url_type: full_path
```

1.7.2 Metadata formats

Metadata can be in different formats. Current Nikola versions experimentally supports other metadata formats that make it more compatible with other static site generators. The currently supported metadata formats are:

- reST-style comments (.. name: value default format)
- Two-file format (reST-style, YAML, TOML)

- Jupyter Notebook metadata
- YAML, between --- (Jekyll, Hugo)
- TOML, between +++ (Hugo)
- reST docinfo (Pelican)
- Markdown metadata extension (Pelican)
- HTML meta tags (Pelican)

You can add arbitrary meta fields in any format.

When you create new posts, by default the metadata will be created as reST style comments. If you prefer a different format, you can set the METADATA_FORMAT to one of these values:

- "Nikola": reST comments, wrapped in a HTML comment if needed (default)
- "YAML": YAML wrapped in "—"
- "TOML": TOML wrapped in "+++"
- "Pelican": Native markdown metadata or reST docinfo fields. Nikola style for other formats.

1.7.2.1 reST-style comments

The "traditional" and default meta field format is:

```
.. name: value
```

If you are not using reStructuredText, make sure the fields are in a HTML comment in output.

Also, note that this format does not support any multi-line values. Try YAML or reST docinfo if you need those.

1.7.2.2 Two-file format

Meta information can also be specified in separate .meta files. Those support reST-style metadata, with names and custom fields. They look like the beginning of our reST files:

```
.. title: How to make money
.. slug: how-to-make-money
.. date: 2012-09-15 19:52:05 UTC
```

You can also use YAML or TOML metadata inside those (with the appropriate markers).

1.7.2.3 Jupyter Notebook metadata

Jupyter posts can store meta information inside .ipynb files by using the nikola key inside notebook metadata. It can be edited by using $Edit \rightarrow Edit\ Notebook\ Metadata$ in Jupyter. Note that values are currently only strings. Sample metadata (Jupyter-specific information omitted):

```
"nikola": {
    "title": "How to make money",
        "slug": "how-to-make-money",
        "date": "2012-09-15 19:52:05 UTC"
}
```

1.7.2.4 YAML metadata

YAML metadata should be wrapped by a --- separator (three dashes) and in that case, the usual YAML syntax is used:

```
title: How to make money slug: how-to-make-money date: 2012-09-15 19:52:05 UTC
```

1.7.2.5 TOML metadata

TOML metadata should be wrapped by a "+++" separator (three plus signs) and in that case, the usual TOML syntax is used:

```
+++
title = "How to make money"
slug = "how-to-make-money"
date = "2012-09-15 19:52:05 UTC"
+++
```

1.7.2.6 reST docinfo

Nikola can extract metadata from reStructuredText docinfo fields and the document itself, too:

To do this, you need USE_REST_DOCINFO_METADATA = True in your conf.py, and Nikola will hide the docinfo fields in the output if you set HIDE_REST_DOCINFO = True.

Note: Keys are converted to lowercase automatically.

This setting also means that the first heading in a post will be removed and considered a title. This is important if you're mixing metadata styles. This can be solved by putting a reST comment before your title.

1.7.2.7 Markdown metadata

Markdown Metadata only works in Markdown files, and requires the markdown.extensions.meta extension (see *MARKDOWN_EXTENSIONS*). The exact format is described in the markdown metadata extension docs.

```
title: How to make money slug: how-to-make-money date: 2012-09-15 19:52:05 UTC
```

Note that keys are converted to lowercase automatically.

1.7.2.8 HTML meta tags

For HTML source files, metadata will be extracted from meta tags, and the title from the title tag. Following Pelican's behaviour, tags can be put in a "tags" meta tag or in a "keywords" meta tag. Example:

1.7.2.9 Mapping metadata from other formats

If you import posts from other engines, those may not work with Nikola out of the box due to differing names. However, you can create a mapping to convert meta field names from those formats into what Nikola expects.

For Pelican, use:

```
METADATA_MAPPING = {
    "rest_docinfo": {"summary": "description", "modified": "updated"},
    "markdown_metadata": {"summary": "description", "modified": "updated"}
    "html_metadata": {"summary": "description", "modified": "updated"}
}
```

For Hugo, use:

```
METADATA_MAPPING = {
    "yaml": {"lastmod": "updated"},
    "toml": {"lastmod": "updated"}
}
```

The following source names are supported: yaml, toml, rest_docinfo, markdown_metadata.

Additionally, you can use METADATA_VALUE_MAPPING to perform any extra conversions on metadata for **all** posts of a given format (nikola metadata is also supported). A few examples:

```
METADATA_VALUE_MAPPING = {
    "yaml": {"keywords": lambda value: ', '.join(value)}, # yaml: 'keywords' list ->_
    str
    "nikola": {
        "widgets": lambda value: value.split(', '), # nikola: 'widgets' comma-
    separated string -> list
        "tags": str.lower # nikola: force lowercase 'tags' (input would be string)
    }
}
```

1.7.3 Multilingual posts

If you are writing a multilingual site, you can also create a per-language post file (for example: how-to-make-money.es.txt with the default TRANSLATIONS_PATTERN, see below). This one can replace metadata of the default language, for example:

- The translated title for the post or page
- A translated version of the page name

The pattern used for finding translations is controlled by the TRANSLATIONS_PATTERN variable in your configuration file.

The default is to put the language code before the file extension, so the German translation of some_file.rst should be named some_file.de.rst. This is because the TRANSLATIONS_PATTERN variable is by default set to:

```
TRANSLATIONS_PATTERN = "{path}.{lang}.{ext}"
```

Considered languages

Nikola will only look for translation of input files for languages specified in the TRANSLATIONS variable.

In case you translate your posts, you might also want to adjust various other settings so that the generated URLs match the translation. You can find most places in *conf.py* by searching for *(translatable)*. For example, you might want to localize */categories/* (search for *TAG_PATH*), */pages/* and */posts/* (search for *POSTS* and *PAGES*, or see the next section), or how to adjust the URLs for subsequent pages for indexes (search for *INDEXES_PRETTY_PAGE_URL*).

Nikola supports multiple languages for a post (we have almost 50 translations!). If you wish to add support for more languages, check out the Transifex page for Nikola

1.7.4 How does Nikola decide where posts should go?

The place where the post will be placed by new_post (the first one that matches the given format) and the final post destination (the first one that matches a given file) is based on the POSTS and PAGES configuration options. The exact mechanism is explained above the config options in the conf.py file, and also reproduced below:

```
# POSTS and PAGES contains (wildcard, destination, template) tuples.
#
# The wildcard is used to generate a list of post source files
# (whatever/thing.rst, for example).
#
# That fragment could have an associated metadata file (whatever/thing.meta),
# and optionally translated files (example for Spanish, with code "es"):
# whatever/thing.es.rst and whatever/thing.es.meta
#
# This assumes you use the default TRANSLATIONS_PATTERN.
#
# From those files, a set of HTML fragment files will be generated:
# cache/whatever/thing.html (and maybe cache/whatever/thing.html.es)
#
# These files are combined with the template to produce rendered
# pages, which will be placed at
# output/TRANSLATIONS[lang]/destination/pagename.html
# where "pagename" is the "slug" specified in the metadata file.
```

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```
# The page might also be placed in /destination/pagename/index.html
# if PRETTY_URLS are enabled.
# The difference between POSTS and PAGES is that POSTS are added
# to feeds, indexes, tag lists and archives and are considered part
# of a blog, while PAGES are just independent HTML pages.
# Finally, note that destination can be translated, i.e. you can
# specify a different translation folder per language. Example:
     PAGES = (
#
          ("pages/*.rst", {"en": "pages", "de": "seiten"}, "page.tmpl"),
          ("pages/*.md", {"en": "pages", "de": "seiten"}, "page.tmpl"),
#
#
POSTS = (
    ("posts/*.rst", "posts", "post.tmpl"),
    ("posts/*.txt", "posts", "post.tmpl"),
    ("posts/*.html", "posts", "post.tmpl"),
PAGES = (
    ("pages/*.rst", "pages", "page.tmpl"),
    ("pages/*.txt", "pages", "page.tmpl"),
    ("pages/*.html", "pages", "page.tmpl"),
)
```

POSTS and PAGES are not flat!

Even if the syntax may suggest you can't, you can create any directory structure you want inside posts/or pages/ and it will be reflected in the output. For example, posts/foo/bar.txt would produce output/posts/foo/bar.html, assuming the slug is also bar.

If you have PRETTY_URLS enabled, that would be output/posts/foo/bar/index.html.

Warning: Removing the .rst entries is not recommended. Some features (eg. shortcodes) may not work properly if you do that.

1.7.5 The new_post command

new_post will use the *first* path in POSTS (or PAGES if -p is supplied) that ends with the extension of your desired markup format (as defined in COMPILERS in conf.py) as the directory that the new post will be written into. If no such entry can be found, the post won't be created.

The new_post command supports some options:

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```
-a ARG, --author=ARG
                           Author of the post.
 --tags=ARG
                           Comma-separated tags for the post.
 -1
                           Create the post with embedded metadata (single file
→format)
 -2
                           Create the post with separate metadata (two file format)
                           Open the post (and meta file, if any) in $EDITOR after_
 -е
\rightarrowcreation.
 -f ARG, --format=ARG
                           Markup format for the post (use --available-formats for,
→list)
 -F, --available-formats List all available input formats
                           Schedule the post based on recurrence rule
 -s
 -i ARG, --import=ARG
                           Import an existing file instead of creating a placeholder
 -d, --date-path
                           Create post with date path (eg. year/month/day, see NEW_
→POST_DATE_PATH_FORMAT in config)
```

The optional path parameter tells Nikola exactly where to put it instead of guessing from your config. So, if you do nikola new_post posts/random/foo.txt you will have a post in that path, with "foo" as its slug. You can also provide a directory name, in which case Nikola will append the file name for you (generated from title).

The -d, --date-path option automates creation of year/month/day or similar directory structures. It can be enabled on a per-post basis, or you can use it for every post if you set NEW_POST_DATE_PATH = True in conf.py.

```
# Use date-based path when creating posts?
# Can be enabled on a per-post basis with `nikola new_post -d`.
# NEW_POST_DATE_PATH = False

# What format to use when creating posts with date paths?
# Default is '%Y/%m/%d', other possibilities include '%Y' or '%Y/%m'.
# NEW_POST_DATE_PATH_FORMAT = '%Y/%m/%d'
```

1.7.6 Teasers

You may not want to show the complete content of your posts either on your index page or in RSS feeds, but to display instead only the beginning of them.

If it's the case, you only need to add a "magical comment" TEASER_END or END_TEASER in your post.

In reStructuredText:

```
.. TEASER_END
```

In Markdown (or basically, the resulting HTML of any format):

```
<!-- TEASER_END -->
```

By default all your RSS feeds will be shortened (they'll contain only teasers) whereas your index page will still show complete posts. You can change this behavior with your conf.py: INDEX_TEASERS defines whether index page should display the whole contents or only teasers. FEED_TEASERS works the same way for your Atom and RSS feeds.

By default, teasers will include a "read more" link at the end. If you want to change that text, you can use a custom teaser:

```
.. TEASER_END: click to read the rest of the article
```

You can override the default value for TEASER_END in conf.py — for example, the following example will work for .. more, and will be compatible with both WordPress and Nikola posts:

Or you can completely customize the link using the READ_MORE_LINK option.

1.7.7 Drafts

If you set the status metadata field of a post to draft, it will not be shown in indexes and feeds. It will be compiled, and if you deploy it it will be made available, so use with care. If you wish your drafts to be not available in your deployed site, you can set DEPLOY_DRAFTS = False in your configuration. This will not work if lazily include nikola build in your DEPLOY_COMMANDS.

Also if a post has a date in the future, it will not be shown in indexes until you rebuild after that date. This behavior can be disabled by setting <code>FUTURE_IS_NOW = True</code> in your configuration, which will make future posts be published immediately. Posts dated in the future are *not* deployed by default (when <code>FUTURE_IS_NOW = False</code>). To make future posts available in the deployed site, you can set <code>DEPLOY_FUTURE = True</code> in your configuration. Generally, you want <code>FUTURE_IS_NOW</code> and <code>DEPLOY_FUTURE</code> to be the same value.

1.7.8 Private Posts

If you set the status metadata field of a post to private, it will not be shown in indexes and feeds. It will be compiled, and if you deploy it it will be made available, so it will not generate 404s for people who had linked to it.

1.7.9 Featured Posts

Some themes, bootblog4 in particular, support featured posts. To mark a post as featured, simply set the status meta field to featured. All featured posts are available in index templates in a featured list, but only if this is the main blog index.

For bootblog4, you can display up to three posts as featured: one can be shown in a large gray box (jumbotron), and two more can appear in small white cards. In order to enable this feature, you need to add <code>THEME_CONFIG</code> to your configuration, and set it up properly:

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```
'featured_on_mobile': True,
# Show image in `featured_large` on mobile.
# `featured_small` displays them only on desktop.
'featured_large_image_on_mobile': False,
# Strip HTML from featured post text.
'featured_strip_html': True,
# Contents of the sidebar, If empty, the sidebar is not displayed.
'sidebar': ''
}
```

You can pick between (up to) 1, 2, or 3 featured posts. You can mix featured_large and featured_small, rest assured that Nikola will always display the latest posts no matter what setup you choose. If only one posts qualifies for the small cards, one card taking up all the width will appear.

Both featured box formats display an image to the right. You can set it by changing the previewimage meta value to the full path to the image (eg. . . previewimage: /images/featuredl.png). This works best with images in portrait orientation.

Note that, due to space constraints, only the large box may show the image on mobile, below the text (this behavior can be disbled). Small boxes never display images on mobile. In particular: xs and sm display only the large image, and only if configured; md displays only the large image, 1g displays all three images.

The boxes display only the teaser. We recommend keeping it short so you don't get an ugly scrollbar.

Finally, here's an example (you'll need to imagine a scrollbar in the right box yourself):

1.7.10 Queuing Posts

Some blogs tend to have new posts based on a schedule (for example, every Mon, Wed, Fri) but the blog authors don't like to manually schedule their posts. You can schedule your blog posts based on a rule, by specifying a rule in the SCHEDULE_RULE in your configuration. You can either post specific blog posts according to this schedule by using the --schedule flag on the new_post command or post all new posts according to this schedule by setting SCHEDULE_ALL = True in your configuration. (Note: This feature requires that the FUTURE_IS_NOW setting is set to False)

For example, if you would like to schedule your posts to be on every Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 7am, add the following SCHEDULE_RULE to your configuration:

```
SCHEDULE_RULE = 'RRULE:FREQ=WEEKLY; BYDAY=MO, WE, FR; BYHOUR=7; BYMINUTE=0; BYSECOND=0'
```

For more details on how to specify a recurrence rule, look at the iCal specification. Or if you are scared of this format, many calendaring applications (eg. Google Calendar) offer iCal exports, so you can copy-paste the repeat rule from a generated iCal (.ics) file (which is a human-readable text file).

Say, you get a free Sunday, and want to write a flurry of new posts, or at least posts for the rest of the week, you would run the new_post command with the --schedule flag, as many times as you want:

```
$ nikola new_post --schedule
# Creates a new post to be posted on Monday, 7am.
$ nikola new_post -s
# Creates a new post to be posted on Wednesday, 7am.
$ nikola new_post -s
# Creates a new post to be posted on Friday, 7am..
```

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•

All these posts get queued up according to your schedule, but note that you will anyway need to build and deploy your site for the posts to appear online. You can have a cron job that does this regularly.

1.7.11 Post Types

Nikola supports specifying post types, just like Tumblr does. Post types affect the look of your posts, by adding a post-YOURINPUTHERE CSS class to the post. Each post can have one and exactly one type. Nikola styles the following types in the default themes:

Name(s)	Description	Styling
text	plain text — default value	standard
micro	"small" (short) posts	big serif font

1.7.12 Indexes

All your posts that are not drafts, private or dated in the future, will be shown in indexes.

1.7.12.1 Settings

Indexes are put in the INDEX_PATH directory, which defaults to an empty string (site root). The "main" index is index.html, and all the further indexes are index-*.html, respectively.

By default, 10 posts are displayed on an index page. This can be changed with INDEX_DISPLAY_POST_COUNT. Indexes can show full posts or just the teasers, as controlled by the INDEX_TEASERS setting (defaults to False).

Titles of the pages can be controlled by using <code>INDEXES_TITLES</code>, <code>INDEXES_PAGES</code> and <code>INDEXES_PAGES_MAIN</code> settings.

Categories and tags use simple lists by default that show only titles and dates; however, you can switch them to full indexes by using CATEGORY PAGES ARE INDEXES and TAG PAGES ARE INDEXES, respectively.

Something similar happens with authors. To use full indexes in authors, set AUTHOR_PAGES_ARE_INDEXES to True.

1.7.12.2 Static indexes

Nikola uses *static indexes* by default. This means that index-1.html has the oldest posts, and the newest posts past the first 10 are in index-N.html, where N is the highest number. Only the page with the highest number and the main page (index-N.html and index.html) are rebuilt (the others remain unchanged). The page that appears when you click *Older posts* on the index page, index-N.html, might contain **less than 10 posts** if there are not enough posts to fill up all pages.

This can be disabled by setting INDEXES_STATIC to False. In that mode, index-1.html contains all the newest posts past the first 10 and will always contain 10 posts (unless you have less than 20). The last page, index-N. html, contains the oldest posts, and might contain less than 10 posts. This is how many blog engines and CMSes behave. Note that this will lead to rebuilding all index pages, which might be a problem for larger blogs (with a lot of index pages).

1.7.13 Post taxonomy

There are two taxonomy systems in Nikola, or two ways to organize posts. Those are tags and categories. They are visible on the *Tags and Categories* page, by default available at /categories/. Each tag/category has an index page and feeds.

1.7.13.1 Tags

Tags are the smallest and most basic of the taxonomy items. A post can have multiple tags, specified using the tags metadata entry (comma-separated). You should provide many tags to help your readers, and perhaps search engines, find content on your site.

Please note that tags are case-sensitive and that you cannot have two tags that differ only in case/punctuation (eg. using nikola in one post and Nikola in another will lead to a crash):

```
ERROR: Nikola: You have tags that are too similar: Nikola and nikola ERROR: Nikola: Tag Nikola is used in: posts/second-post.rst ERROR: Nikola: Tag nikola is used in: posts/1.rst
```

You can also generate a tag cloud with the tx3_tag_cloud plugin or get a data file for a tag cloud with the tagcloud plugin.

1.7.13.2 Categories

The next unit for organizing your content are categories. A post can have only one category, specified with the category meta tag. They are displayed alongside tags. You can have categories and tags with the same name (categories' RSS and HTML files are prefixed with cat_by default).

Categories are handy to organize different parts of your blog, parts that are about different topics. Unlike tags, which you should have tens (hundreds?) of, the list of categories should be shorter.

Nikola v7 used to support a third taxonomy, called sections. Those have been removed, but all the functionality can be recreated by using the CATEGORY_DESTPATH settings.

1.7.13.3 Configuring tags and categories

There are multiple configuration variables dedicated to each of the two taxonomies. You can set:

- TAG_PATH, TAGS_INDEX_PATH, CATEGORY_PATH, CATEGORY_PREFIX to configure paths used for tags and categories
- TAG_TITLES, CATEGORY_TITLES to set titles and descriptions for index pages
- TAG_DESCRIPTIONS, CATEGORY_DESCRIPTIONS to set descriptions for each of the items
- CATEGORY_ALLOW_HIERARCHIES and CATEGORY_OUTPUT_FLAT_HIERARCHIES to allow hierarchical categories
- TAG_PAGES_ARE_INDEXES and CATEGORY_PAGES_ARE_INDEXES to display full-size indexes instead of simple post lists
- HIDDEN_TAGS. HIDDEN_CATEGORIES to make some tags/categories invisible in lists
- CATEGORY_DESTPATH_AS_DEFAULT to use the destination path as the category if none is specified in the
 post
- CATEGORY_DESTPATH_TRIM_PREFIX to trim the prefix that comes from POSTS for the destination path

- CATEGORY_DESTPATH_FIRST_DIRECTORY to only use the first directory name for the defaulted category
- CATEGORY_DESTPATH_NAMES to specify friendly names for defaulted categories
- CATEGORY_PAGES_FOLLOW_DESTPATH to put category pages next to their related posts (via destpath)

1.7.14 What if I don't want a blog?

If you want a static site that does not have any blog-related elements, see our Creating a Site (Not a Blog) with Nikola guide.

1.8 Creating a Page

Pages are the same as posts, except that:

- They are not added to the front page
- They don't appear on the RSS feed
- They use the page.tmpl template instead of post.tmpl by default

The default configuration expects the page's metadata and text files to be on the pages folder, but that can be changed (see PAGES option above).

You can create the page's files manually or use the new_post command with the -p option, which will place the files in the folder that has use_in_feed set to False.

In some places (including default directories and templates), pages are called *stories* for historic reasons. Both are synonyms for the same thing: pages that are not blog posts.

1.9 Supported input formats

Nikola supports multiple input formats. Out of the box, we have compilers available for:

- reStructuredText (default and pre-configured)
- Markdown
- Jupyter Notebook
- HTML
- PHP
- anything *Pandoc* supports (including Textile, DocBook, LaTeX, MediaWiki, TWiki, OPML, Emacs Org-Mode, txt2tags, Microsoft Word .docx, EPUB, Haddock markup)

Plus, we have specialized compilers in the Plugins Index for:

- AsciiDoc
- BBCode
- CommonMark
- IRC logs
- Markmin
- MediaWiki (smc.mw)

- Misaka
- ODT
- Emacs Org-Mode
- reST with HTML 5 output
- Textile
- txt2tags
- · CreoleWiki
- WordPress posts

1.9.1 Configuring other input formats

In order to use input formats other than reStructuredText, you need some extra setup.

- 1. Make sure you have the compiler for the input format you want. Some input formats are supported out-of-the-box, but others must be installed from the Plugins repository. You may also need some extra dependencies. You will get helpful errors if you try to build when missing something.
- 2. You must ensure the compiler and your desired input file extension is included in the COMPILERS dict and does not conflict with any other format. This is extremely important for the pandoc compiler.
- 3. Finally, you must configure the POSTS and PAGES tuples. Follow the instructions and the format set by pre-existing entries. Make sure to use the same extension as is set in COMPILERS and configure the outputs properly.

1.9.1.1 Markdown

To use Markdown in your posts/pages, make sure markdown is in your COMPILERS and that at least one of your desired extensions is defined in POSTS and PAGES.

You can use Python-Markdown extensions by setting the ${\tt MARKDOWN_EXTENSIONS}$ config option:

```
MARKDOWN_EXTENSIONS = ['fenced_code', 'codehilite', 'extra']
```

Nikola comes with some Markdown Extensions built-in and enabled by default, namely a gist directive, a podcast directive, and ~~strikethrough~~ support.

1.9.1.2 Jupyter Notebook

To use Jupyter Notebooks as posts/pages, make sure ipynb is in your COMPILERS and that the .ipynb extension is defined in POSTS and PAGES.

The -f argument to new_post should be used in the ipynb@KERNEL format. It defaults to Python in the version used by Nikola if not specified.

Jupyter Notebooks are also supported in stand-alone listings, if Jupyter support is enabled site-wide.

1.9.1.3 HTML

To use plain HTML in your posts/pages, make sure html is in your COMPILERS and that the .html extension is defined in POSTS and PAGES.

1.9.1.4 PHP

There are two ways of using PHP within Nikola:

- 1. To use PHP in your posts/pages (inside your site, with the theme and everything), make sure php is in your COMPILERS and that the .php extension is defined in POSTS and PAGES.
- 2. To use PHP as standalone files (without any modifications), put them in files/ (or whatever FILES_FOLDERS is configured to).

1.9.1.5 Pandoc

To use Pandoc, you must uncomment the entry in COMPILERS and set the extensions list to your desired extensions while also removing them from their original compilers. The input format is inferred from the extension by Pandoc.

Using Pandoc for reStructuredText, Markdown and other input formats that have a standalone Nikola plugin is **not recommended** as it disables plugins and extensions that are usually provided by Nikola.

1.10 Shortcodes

This feature is "inspired" (copied wholesale) from Hugo so I will steal part of their docs too.

A shortcode is a simple snippet inside a content file that Nikola will render using a predefined template or custom code from a plugin.

To use them from plugins, please see Extending Nikola

1.10.1 Using a shortcode

In your content files, a shortcode can be called by using this form:

```
{{% raw %}}{{% name parameters %}}{{% /raw %}}
```

Shortcode parameters are space delimited. Parameters with spaces can be quoted (or backslash escaped).

The first word is always the name of the shortcode. Parameters follow the name. Depending upon how the shortcode is defined, the parameters may be named, positional or both. The format for named parameters models that of HTML with the format name="value".

Some shortcodes use or require closing shortcodes. Like HTML, the opening and closing shortcodes match (name only), the closing being prepended with a slash.

Example of a paired shortcode (note that we don't have a highlight shortcode yet;-):

```
{{\% raw \%}}{{\% highlight python \%}} A bunch of code here {{\% /highlight \%}}{{\% /raw \%}} \longleftrightarrow}
```

Shortcodes and reStructuredText

In reStructuredText shortcodes may fail because docutils turns URL into links and everything breaks. For some shortcodes there are alternative docutils directives (example, you can use the media **directive** instead of the media shortcode.

Also, you can use the shortcode role:

```
:sc:`{{% raw %}}{{% shortcode here %}}{{% /raw %}}`
```

That role passes text unaltered, so shortcodes behave correctly.

1.10.2 Built-in shortcodes

Warning: Some of the shortcodes are implemented as bindings to reST directives. In order to use them, you need at least one entry for *.rst in POSTS/PAGES.

chart Create charts via PyGal. This is similar to the *chart directive* except the syntax is adapted to shortcodes. This is an example:

```
{{% raw %}}{{% chart Bar title='Browser usage evolution (in %)'
```

```
x_labels='["2002","2003","2004","2005","2006","2007"]' %}}
```

'Firefox', [None, None, 0, 16.6, 25, 31] 'Chrome', [None, None, None, None, None, None, None] 'IE', [85.8, 84.6, 84.7, 74.5, 66, 58.6] 'Others', [14.2, 15.4, 15.3, 8.9, 9, 10.4] {{% /chart %}}{{%}}

Additionally, you can use a file_data argument which can point to a JSON or YAML file, and will be used for both arguments and data. Example:

```
{
    "x_labels": ["2002","2003","2004","2005","2006","2007"],
    "data": {
        "Firefox": [null, null, 0, 16.6, 25, 31],
        "Chrome": [null, null, null, null, null, null],
        "IE": [85.8, 84.6, 84.7, 74.5, 66, 58.6],
        "Others": [14.2, 15.4, 15.3, 8.9, 9, 10.4]
    }
}
```

Which can be used like this:

```
{{% raw %}}{{% chart Bar title='Browser usage evolution (in %)' data_file="posts/

→browsers.json" %}}
{{% /chart %}}
{{% /raw %}}
```

If the data or any option is available in both the data_file and the document, the document has priority.

doc Will link to a document in the page, see *Doc role for details*. Example:

```
{{\% raw %}}Take a look at {{\% doc %}}my other post <creating-a-theme>{{\% /doc %}}_\doc %}}_\doc about theme creating.{{\% /raw %}}
```

emoji Insert an emoji. For example:

```
{{% raw %}}{{% emoji crying_face %}}{{{% /raw %}}
```

This generates a span with emoji CSS class, so you can style it with a nice font if you want.

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gist Show GitHub gists. If you know the gist's ID, this will show it in your site:

```
{{% raw %}}{{% gist 2395294 %}} {{% /raw %}}
```

listing Used to show a code listing. Example:

```
{{% raw %}}{{% listing hello.py python linenumbers=True %}}{{{% /raw %}}
```

It takes a file name or path, an optional language to highlight, and a linenumbers option to enable/disable line numbers in the output.

media Display media embedded from a URL, for example, this will embed a youtube video:

```
{{% raw %}}{{% media url="https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Nck6BZga7TQ" %}}{{% / →raw %}}
```

post-list Will show a list of posts, see the *Post List directive for details*.

raw Passes the content along, mostly used so I can write this damn section and you can see the shortcodes instead of them being munged into shortcode **output**. I can't show an example because Inception.

thumbnail Display image thumbnails, with optional captions. Examples:

```
{{% raw %}}{{% thumbnail "/images/foo.png" %}}{{% /thumbnail %}}{{% /raw %}}
{{% raw %}}{{% thumbnail "/images/foo.png" alt="Foo Image" align="center" %}}{{% /

$\top thumbnail %}}{{% /raw %}}
{{% raw %}}{{% /raw %}}
{{% raw %}}{{% /raw %}}
{{% raw %}}{{% /raw %}}
$\top "images/foo.png" imgclass="image-grayscale" figclass=

$\top "figure-shadow" %}}<p&gt;Image caption&lt;/p&gt;{{% /thumbnail %}}{{% /raw %}}
$\top \}
{{% raw %}}{{% /raw %}}
{{% raw %}}{{% /raw model m
```

The following keyword arguments are supported:

- alt (alt text for image)
- align (image alignment, left/center/right)
- linktitle (title text for the link, shown by e.g. baguetteBox)
- title (title text for image)
- imgclass (class for image)
- figclass (class for figure, used only if you provide a caption)

Looks similar to the reST thumbnail directive. Caption should be a HTML fragment.

1.10.3 Community shortcodes

Shortcodes created by the community are available in the shortcodes repository on GitHub.

1.10.4 Template-based shortcodes

If you put a template in shortcodes/ called mycode.tmpl then Nikola will create a shortcode called mycode you can use. Any options you pass to the shortcode will be available as variables for that template. Non-keyword options will be passed in a tuple variable named _args.

The post in which the shortcode is being used is available as the post variable, so you can access the title as post. title, and data loaded via the data field in the metadata using post.data(key).

If you use the shortcode as paired, then the contents between the paired tags will be available in the data variable. If you want to access the Nikola object, it will be available as site. Use with care :-)

Note: Template-based shortcodes use the same template engine as your site's theme.

See Extending Nikola for detailed information.

For example, if your shortcodes/foo.tmpl contains this:

```
This uses the bar variable: ${bar}
```

And your post contains this:

```
{{% raw %}}{{% foo bar=bla %}}{{{% /raw %}}
```

Then the output file will contain:

```
This uses the bar variable: bla
```

Finally, you can use a template shortcode without a file, by inserting the template in the shortcode itself:

```
{{% raw %}}{{% template %}}{{% /raw %}}

% for foo in bar:

${foo}
% endfor

{{% raw %}}{{% /template %}}{{% /raw %}}
```

In that case, the template engine used will be your theme's and the arguments you pass, as well as the global context from your conf.py, are available to the template you are creating.

You can use anything defined in your configuration's GLOBAL_CONTEXT as variables in your shortcode template, with a caveat: Because of an unfortunate implementation detail (a name conflict), data is called global_data when used in a shortcode.

If you have some template code that you want to appear in both a template and shortcode, you can put the shared code in a separate template and import it in both places. Shortcodes can import any template inside templates/ and themes, and call any macros defined in those.

For example, if you define a macro foo(x, y) in templates/shared_sc.tmpl, you can include shared_foo.tmpl in templates/special_post.tmpl and shortcodes/foo.tmpl and then call the f(x, y) macro.

1.11 The Global Context and Data files

There is a GLOBAL_CONTEXT field in your conf.py where you can put things you want to make available to your templates.

It will also contain things you put in a data/directory within your site. You can use JSON, YAML or TOML files (with the appropriate file extensions: json/js, yaml/yml, toml/tml) that decode to Python dictionaries. For example, if you create data/foo.json containing this:

```
{"bar": "baz"}
```

Then your templates can use things like \${data['foo']['bar']} and it will be replaced by "baz".

Individual posts can also have a data file. Those are specified using the data meta field (path relative to conf.py, can be different in different post languages). Those are accessible as eg. \${post.data['bar']} in templates. Template-based shortcodes are a good idea in this case.

Data files can be useful for eg. auto-generated sites, where users provide JSON/YAML/TOML files and Nikola generates a large page with data from all data files. (This is especially useful with some automatic rebuild feature, like those documented in *Deployment*)

Data files are also available as global_data, to avoid name conflicts in shortcodes. (global_data works everywhere.)

1.12 Redirections

If you need a page to be available in more than one place, you can define redirections in your conf.py:

```
# A list of redirection tuples, [("foo/from.html", "/bar/to.html")].
#
# A HTML file will be created in output/foo/from.html that redirects
# to the "/bar/to.html" URL. notice that the "from" side MUST be a
# relative URL.
#
# If you don't need any of these, just set to []

REDIRECTIONS = [("index.html", "/weblog/index.html")]
```

It's better if you can do these using your web server's configuration, but if you can't, this will work.

1.13 Configuration

The configuration file is called conf.py and can be used to customize a lot of what Nikola does. Its syntax is python, but if you don't know the language, it still should not be terribly hard to grasp.

The default conf. py you get with Nikola should be fairly complete, and is quite commented.

You surely want to edit these options:

```
# Data about this site
BLOG_AUTHOR = "Your Name" # (translatable)
BLOG_TITLE = "Demo Site" # (translatable)
SITE_URL = "https://getnikola.com/"
BLOG_EMAIL = "joe@demo.site"
BLOG_DESCRIPTION = "This is a demo site for Nikola." # (translatable)
```

Some options are marked with a (translatable) comment above or right next to them. For those options, two types of values can be provided:

- a string, which will be used for all languages
- a dict of language-value pairs, to have different values in each language

Note: It is possible to load the configuration from another file by specifying --conf=path/to/other.file on Nikola's command line. For example, to build your blog using the configuration file configurations/test.conf.py, you have to execute nikola build --conf=configurations/test.conf.py.

1.14 Customizing Your Site

There are lots of things you can do to personalize your website, but let's see the easy ones!

CSS tweaking Using the default configuration, you can create a assets/css/custom.css file under files/ or in your theme and then it will be loaded from the <head> blocks of your site pages. Create it and put your CSS code there, for minimal disruption of the provided CSS files.

If you feel tempted to touch other files in assets, you probably will be better off with a custom theme.

If you want to use LESS or Sass for your custom CSS, or the theme you use contains LESS or Sass code that you want to override, you will need to install the LESS plugin or SASS plugin create a less or sass directory in your site root, put your .less or .scss files there and a targets file containing the list of files you want compiled.

Template tweaking and creating themes If you really want to change the pages radically, you will want to do a *custom theme*.

Navigation Links The NAVIGATION_LINKS option lets you define what links go in a sidebar or menu (depending on your theme) so you can link to important pages, or to other sites.

The format is a language-indexed dictionary, where each element is a tuple of tuples which are one of:

- 1. A (url, text) tuple, describing a link
- 2. A (((url, text), (url, text), (url, text)), title) tuple, describing a submenu / sublist.

Example:

Note:

- 1. Support for submenus is theme-dependent. Only one level of submenus is supported.
- 2. Some themes, including the default Bootstrap theme, may present issues if the menu is too large. (in Bootstrap, the navbar can grow too large and cover contents.)
- 3. If you link to directories, make sure to follow STRIP_INDEXES. If it's set to True, end your links with a /, otherwise end them with /index.html or else they won't be highlighted when active.

There's also NAVIGATION_ALT_LINKS. Themes may display this somewhere else, or not at all. Bootstrap puts it on the right side of the header.

The SEARCH_FORM option contains the HTML code for a search form based on duckduckgo.com which should always work, but feel free to change it to something else.

- Footer CONTENT_FOOTER is displayed, small at the bottom of all pages, I use it for the copyright notice. The default shows a text formed using BLOG_AUTHOR, BLOG_EMAIL, the date and LICENSE. Note you need to use CONTENT_FOOTER_FORMATS instead of regular str.format or %-formatting, for compatibility with the translatable settings feature.
- **BODY_END** This option lets you define a HTML snippet that will be added at the bottom of body. The main usage is a Google analytics snippet or something similar, but you can really put anything there. Good place for JavaScript.
- **SOCIAL_BUTTONS_CODE** The SOCIAL_BUTTONS_CODE option lets you define a HTML snippet that will be added at the bottom of body. It defaults to a snippet for AddThis, but you can really put anything there. See *social_buttons.html* for more details.

1.15 Fancy Dates

Nikola can use various styles for presenting dates.

DATE_FORMAT The date format to use if there is no JS or fancy dates are off. Compatible with CLDR syntax.

JS_DATE_FORMAT The date format to use if fancy dates are on. Compatible with moment.js syntax.

DATE FANCINESS = 0 Fancy dates are off, and DATE FORMAT is used.

DATE_FANCINESS = 1 Dates are recalculated in user's timezone. Requires JavaScript.

DATE_FANCINESS = 2 Dates are recalculated as relative time (eg. 2 days ago). Requires JavaScript.

In order to use fancy dates, your theme must support them. The built-in Bootstrap family supports it, but other themes might not by default.

For Mako:

```
<!-- required scripts -- best handled with bundles -->
<script src="/assets/js/moment-with-locales.min.js"></script>
<script src="/assets/js/fancydates.js"></script>

<!-- fancy dates code -->
<script>
moment.locale("${momentjs_locales[lang]}");
fancydates(${date_fanciness}, ${js_date_format});
</script>
<!-- end fancy dates code -->
```

For Jinja2:

```
<!-- required scripts -- best handled with bundles -->
<script src="/assets/js/moment-with-locales.min.js"></script>

<script src="/assets/js/fancydates.js"></script>

<!-- fancy dates code -->
<script>
moment.locale("{{ momentjs_locales[lang] }}");
fancydates({{ date_fanciness }}, {{ js_date_format }});
</script>
<!-- end fancy dates code -->
```

1.16 Adding Files

Any files you want to be in output/ but are not generated by Nikola (for example, favicon.ico) just put it in files/. Everything there is copied into output by the copy_files task. Remember that you can't have files that collide with files Nikola generates (it will give an error).

Important

Don't put any files manually in output/. Ever. Really. Maybe someday Nikola will just wipe output/ (when you run nikola check -f --clean-files) and then you will be sorry. So, please don't do that.

If you want to copy more than one folder of static files into output you can change the FILES_FOLDERS option:

```
# One or more folders containing files to be copied as-is into the output.
# The format is a dictionary of "source" "relative destination".
# Default is:
# FILES_FOLDERS = {'files': '' }
# Which means copy 'files' into 'output'
```

1.17 Custom Themes

If you prefer to have a custom appearance for your site, and modifying CSS files and settings (see *Customizing Your Site* for details) is not enough, you can create your own theme. See the *Theming Nikola* and *Creating a Theme* for more details. You can put them in a themes/folder and set THEME to the directory name. You can also put them in directories listed in the EXTRA_THEMES_DIRS configuration variable.

1.18 Getting Extra Themes

There are a few themes for Nikola. They are available at the Themes Index. Nikola has a built-in theme download/install mechanism to install those themes — the theme command:

```
$ nikola theme -1
Themes:
-----
blogtxt
bootstrap3-gradients

$ nikola theme -i blogtxt
[2013-10-12T16:46:13Z] NOTICE: theme: Downloading:
https://themes.getnikola.com/v6/blogtxt.zip
[2013-10-12T16:46:15Z] NOTICE: theme: Extracting: blogtxt into themes
```

And there you are, you now have themes/blogtxt installed. It's very rudimentary, but it should work in most cases.

If you create a nice theme, please share it! You can do it as a pull request in the GitHub repository.

One other option is to tweak an existing theme using a different color scheme, typography and CSS in general. Nikola provides a subtheme command to create a custom theme by downloading free CSS files from http://bootswatch.com and http://hackerthemes.com

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```
$ nikola subtheme -n custom_theme -s flatly -p bootstrap4

[2013-10-12T16:46:58Z] NOTICE: subtheme: Creating 'custom_theme' theme

from 'flatly' and 'bootstrap4'

[2013-10-12T16:46:58Z] NOTICE: subtheme: Downloading:

http://bootswatch.com/flatly/bootstrap.min.css

[2013-10-12T16:46:58Z] NOTICE: subtheme: Downloading:

http://bootswatch.com/flatly/bootstrap.css

[2013-10-12T16:46:59Z] NOTICE: subtheme: Theme created. Change the THEME setting to

-"custom_theme" to use it.
```

Play with it, there's cool stuff there. This feature was suggested by clodo.

1.19 Deployment

If you can specify your deployment procedure as a series of commands, you can put them in the DEPLOY_COMMANDS option, and run them with nikola deploy.

You can have multiple deployment presets. If you run nikola deploy, the default preset is executed. You can also specify the names of presets you want to run (eg. nikola deploy default, multiple presets are allowed).

One caveat is that if any command has a % in it, you should double them.

Here is an example, from my own site's deployment script:

```
DEPLOY_COMMANDS = {'default': [
    'rsync -rav --delete output/ ralsina@lateral.netmanagers.com.ar:/srv/www/lateral',
    'rdiff-backup output ~/blog-backup',
    "links -dump 'http://www.twingly.com/ping2?url=lateral.netmanagers.com.ar'",
]}
```

Other interesting ideas are using git as a deployment mechanism (or any other VCS for that matter), using lftp mirror or unison, or Dropbox. Any way you can think of to copy files from one place to another is good enough.

1.19.1 Deploying to GitHub

Nikola provides a separate command github_deploy to deploy your site to GitHub Pages. The command builds the site, commits the output to a gh-pages branch and pushes the output to GitHub. Nikola uses the ghp-import command for this.

In order to use this feature, you need to configure a few things first. Make sure you have nikola and git installed on your PATH.

- 1. Initialize a Nikola site, if you haven't already.
- 2. Initialize a git repository in your Nikola source directory by running:

```
git init .
git remote add origin git@github.com:user/repository.git
```

- 3. Setup branches and remotes in conf.py:
 - GITHUB_DEPLOY_BRANCH is the branch where Nikola-generated HTML files will be deployed. It should be gh-pages for project pages and master for user pages (user.github.io).
 - GITHUB_SOURCE_BRANCH is the branch where your Nikola site source will be deployed. We recommend and default to src.

- GITHUB_REMOTE_NAME is the remote to which changes are pushed.
- GITHUB_COMMIT_SOURCE controls whether or not the source branch is automatically committed to and pushed. We recommend setting it to True, unless you are automating builds with Travis CI.
- 4. Create a .gitignore file. We recommend adding at least the following entries:

```
cache
.doit.db
__pycache__
output
```

- 5. If you set GITHUB_COMMIT_SOURCE to False, you must switch to your source branch and commit to it. Otherwise, this is done for you.
- 6. Run nikola github_deploy. This will build the site, commit the output folder to your deploy branch, and push to GitHub. Your website should be up and running within a few minutes.

If you want to use a custom domain, create your CNAME file in files/CNAME on the source branch. Nikola will copy it to the output directory. To add a custom commit message, use the -m option, followed by your message.

1.19.2 Automated rebuilds with Travis CI

If you want automated rebuilds and GitHub Pages deployment, allowing you to blog from anywhere in the world, follow this guide: Automating Nikola rebuilds with Travis CI.

1.19.3 Automated rebuilds with GitLab

GitLab also offers rebuild automation if you want to use Nikola with GitLab Pages. Check out the example Nikola site on GitLab.

1.20 Comments

While Nikola creates static sites, there is a minimum level of user interaction you are probably expecting: comments.

Nikola supports several third party comment systems:

- DISQUS
- IntenseDebate
- LiveFyre
- Muut (Formerly moot)
- Facebook
- isso
- Commento

By default it will use DISQUS, but you can change by setting COMMENT_SYSTEM to one of "disqus", "intensedebate", "livefyre", "moot", "facebook", "isso" or "commento"

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COMMENT SYSTEM ID

The value of COMMENT_SYSTEM_ID depends on what comment system you are using and you can see it in the system's admin interface.

- For DISQUS it's called the **shortname**
- In IntenseDebate it's the IntenseDebate site acct
- In LiveFyre it's the siteId
- In Muut it's your username
- For Facebook, you need to create an app (turn off sandbox mode!) and get an **App ID**
- For isso, it is the URL of isso (must be world-accessible, encoded with Punycode (if using Internationalized Domain Names) and have a trailing slash, default http://localhost:8080/)
- For commento it's the URL of the commento instance as required by the serverUrl parameter in commento's documentation.

To use comments in a visible site, you should register with the service and then set the COMMENT_SYSTEM_ID option.

I recommend 3rd party comments, and specially DISQUS because:

- 1. It doesn't require any server-side software on your site
- 2. They offer you a way to export your comments, so you can take them with you if you need to.
- 3. It's free.
- 4. It's damn nice.

You can disable comments for a post by adding a "nocomments" metadata field to it:

```
.. nocomments: True
```

DISQUS Support

In some cases, when you run the test site, you won't see the comments. That can be fixed by adding the disqus_developer flag to the templates but it's probably more trouble than it's worth.

Moot Support

Moot doesn't support comment counts on index pages, and it requires adding this to your conf.py:

Facebook Support

You need jQuery, but not because Facebook wants it (see Issue #639).

1.21 Images and Galleries

To create an image gallery, all you have to do is add a folder inside galleries, and put images there. Nikola will take care of creating thumbnails, index page, etc.

If you click on images on a gallery, or on images with links in post, you will see a bigger image, thanks to the excellent baguetteBox. If don't want this behavior, add an .islink class to your link. (The behavior is caused by if you need to use it outside of galleries and reST thumbnails.)

The gallery pages are generated using the gallery.tmpl template, and you can customize it there (you could switch to another lightbox instead of baguetteBox, change its settings, change the layout, etc.).

Images in galleries may be provided with captions and given a specific ordering, by creating a file in the gallery directory called metadata.yml. This YAML file should contain a name field for each image in the gallery for which you wish to provide either a caption or specific ordering. You can also create localized versions (metadata.xx.yml).

Only one metadata.yml is needed per gallery. Here is an example, showing names, captions and ordering. caption and order are given special treatment, anything else is available to templates, as keys of photo_array images.

```
name: ready-for-the-acid-wash.jpg
---
name: almost-full.jpg
caption: The pool is now almost full
---
name: jumping-in.jpg
caption: We're enjoying the new pool already
order: 4
---
name: waterline-tiles.jpg
order: 2
custom: metadata is supported
---
```

Images to be used in normal posts can be placed in the images folder. These images will be processed and have thumbnails created just as for galleries, but will then be copied directly to the corresponding path in the output directory, so you can reference it from whatever page you like, most easily using the thumbnail reST extension. If you don't want thumbnails, just use the files folder instead.

The conf.py options affecting images and gallery pages are these:

```
# One or more folders containing galleries. The format is a dictionary of
# {"source": "relative_destination"}, where galleries are looked for in
# "source/" and the results will be located in
# "OUTPUT_PATH/relative_destination/gallery_name"
# Default is:
GALLERY_FOLDERS = {"galleries": "galleries"}
# More gallery options:
THUMBNAIL_SIZE = 180
MAX_IMAGE_SIZE = 1280
USE_FILENAME_AS_TITLE = True
```

(continues on next page)

```
EXTRA_IMAGE_EXTENSIONS = []

# If set to False, it will sort by filename instead. Defaults to True

GALLERY_SORT_BY_DATE = True

# Folders containing images to be used in normal posts or pages.
# IMAGE_FOLDERS is a dictionary of the form {"source": "destination"},
# where "source" is the folder containing the images to be published, and
# "destination" is the folder under OUTPUT_PATH containing the images copied
# to the site. Thumbnail images will be created there as well.

IMAGE_FOLDERS = {'images': 'images'}

# Images will be scaled down according to IMAGE_THUMBNAIL_SIZE and MAX_IMAGE_SIZE
# options, but will have to be referenced manually to be visible on the site
# (the thumbnail has ``.thumbnail`` added before the file extension by default,
# but a different naming template can be configured with IMAGE_THUMBNAIL_FORMAT).
IMAGE_THUMBNAIL_SIZE = 400
IMAGE_THUMBNAIL_FORMAT = '(name).thumbnail{ext}'
```

If you add a reST file in galleries/gallery_name/index.txt its contents will be converted to HTML and inserted above the images in the gallery page. The format is the same as for posts.

If you add some image filenames in galleries/gallery_name/exclude.meta, they will be excluded in the gallery page.

If USE_FILENAME_AS_TITLE is True the filename (parsed as a readable string) is used as the photo caption. If the filename starts with a number, it will be stripped. For example 03_an_amazing_sunrise. jpg will be render as *An amazing sunrise*.

Here is a demo gallery of historic, public domain Nikola Tesla pictures taken from this site.

1.21.1 Embedding Images

Assuming that you have your pictures stored in a folder called images (as configured above), you can embed the same in your posts with the following reST directive:

```
.. image:: /images/tesla.jpg
```

Which is equivalent to the following HTML code:

```
<img src="/images/tesla.jpg">
```

Please take note of the leading forward-slash / which refers to the root output directory. (Make sure to use this even if you're not deploying to web server root.)

You can also use thumbnails with the . . thumbnail:: reST directive. For more details, and equivalent HTML code, see *Thumbnails*.

1.22 Handling EXIF Data

Your images contain a certain amount of extra data besides the image itself, called the EXIF metadata. It contains information about the camera you used to take the picture, when it was taken, and maybe even the location where it was taken.

This is both useful, because you can use it in some apps to locate all the pictures taken in a certain place, or with a certain camera, but also, since the pictures Nikola publishes are visible to anyone on the Internet, a privacy risk worth considering (Imagine if you post pictures taken at home with GPS info, you are publishing your home address!)

Nikola has some support for managing it, so let's go through a few scenarios to see which one you prefer.

1.22.1 Strip all EXIF data

Do this if you want to be absolutely sure that no sensitive information should ever leak:

```
PRESERVE_EXIF_DATA = False
EXIF_WHITELIST = {}
```

1.22.2 Preserve all EXIF data

Do this if you really don't mind people knowing where pictures were taken, or camera settings:

```
PRESERVE_EXIF_DATA = True
EXIF_WHITELIST = {'*': '*'}
```

1.22.3 Preserve some EXIF data

Do this if you really know what you are doing. EXIF data comes separated in a few IFD blocks. The most common ones are:

0th Information about the image itself

Exif Information about the camera and the image

1st Information about embedded thumbnails (usually nothing)

thumbnail An embedded thumbnail, in JPEG format (usually nothing)

GPS Geolocation information about the image

Interop Not too interesting at this point.

Each IFD in turn contains a number of tags. For example, 0th contains a ImageWidth tag. You can tell Nikola exactly which IFDs to keep, and within each IFD, which tags to keep, using the EXIF_WHITELIST option.

Let's see an example:

```
PRESERVE_EXIF_DATA = True
EXIF_WHITELIST = {
    "Oth": ["Orientation", "ImageWidth", "ImageLength"],
    "Interop": "*",
}
```

So, we preserve EXIF data, and the whitelisted IFDs are "0th" and "Interop". That means GPS, for example, will be totally deleted.

Then, for the Interop IFD, we keep everything, and for the 0th IFD we only keep three tags, listed there.

There is a huge number of EXIF tags, described in the standard

1.23 Handling ICC Profiles

Your images may contain ICC profiles. These describe the color space in which the images were created or captured.

Most desktop web browsers can use embedded ICC profiles to display images accurately. As of early 2018 few mobile browsers consider ICC profiles when displaying images. A notable exception is Safari on iOS.

By default Nikola strips out ICC profiles when preparing images for your posts and galleries. If you want Nikola to preserve ICC profiles, add this in your conf.py:

```
PRESERVE_ICC_PROFILES = True
```

You may wish to do this if, for example, your site contains JPEG images that use a wide-gamut profile such as "Display P3".

1.24 Post Processing Filters

You can apply post processing to the files in your site, in order to optimize them or change them in arbitrary ways. For example, you may want to compress all CSS and JS files using yui-compressor.

To do that, you can use the provided helper adding this in your conf.py:

```
FILTERS = {
  ".css": ["filters.yui_compressor"],
  ".js": ["filters.yui_compressor"],
}
```

Where "filters.yui_compressor" points to a helper function provided by Nikola in the filters module. You can replace that with strings describing command lines, or arbitrary python functions.

If there's any specific thing you expect to be generally useful as a filter, contact me and I will add it to the filters library so that more people use it.

The currently available filters are:

Creating your own filters

You can use any program name that works in place as a filter, like sed -i and you can use arbitrary Python functions as filters, too.

If your program doesn't run in-place, then you can use Nikola's runinplace function (from the filters module). For example, this is how the yui_compressor filter is implemented:

```
from nikola.filters import runinplace
def yui_compressor(infile):
    return runinplace(r'yui-compressor --nomunge %1 -o %2', infile)
```

You can turn any function into a filter using apply_to_text_file (for text files to be read in UTF-8) and apply_to_binary_file (for files to be read in binary mode).

As a silly example, this would make everything uppercase and totally break your website:

```
import string
from nikola.filters import apply_to_text_file
FILTERS = {
   ".html": [apply_to_text_file(string.upper)]
}
```

filters.html_tidy_nowrap Prettify HTML 5 documents with tidy5

filters.html_tidy_wrap Prettify HTML 5 documents wrapped at 80 characters with tidy5

filters.html_tidy_wrap_attr Prettify HTML 5 documents and wrap lines and attributes with tidy5

filters.html tidy mini Minify HTML 5 into smaller documents with tidy5

filters.html_tidy_withconfig Run tidy5 with tidy5.conf as the config file (supplied by user)

filters.html5lib_minify Minify HTML5 using html5lib_minify

filters.html5lib_xmllike Format using html5lib

filters.typogrify Improve typography using typogrify

filters.typogrify_sans_widont Same as typogrify without the widont filter

filters.minify_lines THIS FILTER HAS BEEN TURNED INTO A NOOP and currently does nothing.

filters.normalize_html Pass HTML through LXML to normalize it. For example, it will resolve " to actual quotes. Usually not needed.

filters.yui_compressor Compress CSS/JavaScript using YUI compressor

filters.closure_compiler Compile, compress, and optimize JavaScript Google Closure Compiler

filters.optipng Compress PNG files using optipng

filters.jpegoptim Compress JPEG files using jpegoptim

filters.cssminify Minify CSS using http://cssminifier.com/ (requires Internet access)

filters.jsminify Minify JS using http://javascript-minifier.com/ (requires Internet access)

filters.jsonminify Minify JSON files (strip whitespace and use minimal separators).

filters.xmlminify Minify XML files. Suitable for Nikola's sitemaps and Atom feeds.

filters.add_header_permalinks Add links next to every header, Sphinx-style. You will need to add styling for the *headerlink* class, in *custom.css*, for example:

```
/* Header permalinks */
h1:hover .headerlink, h2:hover .headerlink,
h3:hover .headerlink, h4:hover .headerlink,
h5:hover .headerlink, h6:hover .headerlink {
    display: inline;
.headerlink {
   display: none;
    color: #ddd;
   margin-left: 0.2em;
    padding: 0 0.2em;
}
.headerlink:hover {
   opacity: 1;
   background: #ddd;
   color: #000;
    text-decoration: none;
```

Additionally, you can provide a custom list of XPath expressions which should be used for finding headers ({hx} is replaced by headers h1 through h6). This is required if you use a custom theme that does not use "e-content entry-content" as a class for post and page contents.

```
# Default value:
HEADER_PERMALINKS_XPATH_LIST = ['*//div[@class="e-content entry-content"]//{hx}']
# Include *every* header (not recommended):
# HEADER_PERMALINKS_XPATH_LIST = ['*//{hx}']
```

filters.deduplicate_ids Prevent duplicated IDs in HTML output. An incrementing counter is added to offending IDs.

If used alongside add_header_permalinks, it will fix those links (it must run after that filter)

IDs are numbered from the bottom up, which is useful for indexes (updates appear at the top). There are exceptions, which may be configured using <code>DEDUPLICATE_IDS_TOP_CLASSES</code> — if any of those classes appears sin the document, the IDs are rewritten top-down, which is useful for posts/pages (updates appear at the bottom).

Note that in rare cases, permalinks might not always be *permanent* in case of edits.

```
DEDUPLICATE_IDS_TOP_CLASSES = ('postpage', 'storypage')

You can also use a file blacklist (``HEADER_PERMALINKS_FILE_BLACKLIST``),
useful for some index pages. Paths include the output directory (eg.
``output/index.html``)
```

You can apply filters to specific posts or pages by using the filters metadata field:

```
.. filters: filters.html_tidy_nowrap, "sed s/foo/bar"
```

1.25 Optimizing Your Website

One of the main goals of Nikola is to make your site fast and light. So here are a few tips we have found when setting up Nikola with Apache. If you have more, or different ones, or about other web servers, please share!

- 1. Use a speed testing tool. I used Yahoo's YSlow but you can use any of them, and it's probably a good idea to use more than one.
- 2. Enable compression in Apache:

```
AddOutputFilterByType DEFLATE text/html text/plain text/xml text/css text/

javascript
```

3. If even after you did the previous step the CSS files are not sent compressed:

```
AddType text/css .css
```

- 4. Optionally you can create static compressed copies and save some CPU on your server with the GZIP_FILES option in Nikola.
- 5. The bundles Nikola plugin can drastically decrease the number of CSS and JS files your site fetches.
- 6. Through the filters feature, you can run your files through arbitrary commands, so that images are recompressed, JavaScript is minimized, etc.
- 7. The USE_CDN option offloads standard JavaScript and CSS files to a CDN so they are not downloaded from your server.

1.26 Math

Nikola supports math input via MathJax (by default) or KaTeX. It is activated via the math roles and directives of reStructuredText and the usual LaTeX delimiters for other input formats.

1.26.1 Configuration

Nikola uses MathJax by default. If you want to use KaTeX (faster and prettier, but may not support every feature yet), set USE_KATEX = True in conf.py.

To use mathematics in a post, you **must** set the has_math metadata field to true. (Exception: posts that are Jupyter Notebooks are automatically marked as math)

By default, Nikola will accept $\setminus (... \setminus)$ for inline math; $\setminus [... \setminus]$ and \$\$...\$ for display math. If you want to use the old \$...\$ syntax as well (which may conflict with running text!), you need to use special config for your renderer:

```
MATHJAX_CONFIG = """
<script type="text/x-mathjax-config">
MathJax.Hub.Config({
   tex2jax: {
       inlineMath: [ ['$','$'], ["\\\(","\\\)"] ],
       displayMath: [ ['$$','$$'], ["\\\[","\\\]"] ],
       processEscapes: true
   displayAlign: 'center', // Change this to 'left' if you want left-aligned.
→equations.
    "HTML-CSS": {
        styles: {'.MathJax_Display': {"margin": 0}}
});
</script>
KATEX_AUTO_RENDER = """
delimiters: [
   {left: "$$", right: "$$", display: true},
   {left: "\\\[", right: "\\\]", display: true},
   {left: "$", right: "$", display: false},
    {left: "\\\(", right: "\\\)", display: false}
```

(Note: the previous paragraph uses invisible characters to prevent rendering TeX for display, so don't copy the examples with three dots to your posts)

1.26.2 Inline usage

Inline mathematics are produced using the reST *math* role or the LaTeX backslash-parentheses delimiters:

Euler's formula: $e^{ix} = \cos x + i \sin x$

In reST:

```
Euler's formula: :math: e^{ix} = \cos x + i\sin x
```

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In HTML and other input formats:

```
Euler's formula: \(e^{ix} = \cos x + i\sin x\)
```

Note that some input formats (including Markdown) require using **double backslashes** in the delimiters (\\ (inline math\\))). Please check your output first before reporting bugs.

1.26.3 Display usage

Display mathematics are produced using the reST math directive or the LaTeX backslash-brackets delimiters:

$$\int \frac{dx}{1+ax} = \frac{1}{a}\ln(1+ax) + C$$

In reST:

In HTML and other input formats:

```
\int \left( \int dx \right) (1+ax) = \int (1+ax) + C
```

Note that some input formats (including Markdown) require using **double backslashes** in the delimiters (\\[display math\\]). Please check your output first before reporting bugs.

1.27 reStructuredText Extensions

Nikola includes support for a few directives and roles that are not part of docutils, but which we think are handy for website development.

1.27.1 Includes

Nikola supports the standard reStructuredText include directive, but with a catch: filenames are relative to **Nikola** site root (directory with conf.py) instead of the post location (eg. posts/directory)!

1.27.2 Media

This directive lets you embed media from a variety of sites automatically by just passing the URL of the page. For example here are two random videos:

```
.. media:: http://vimeo.com/72425090
.. media:: http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=wyRpAat5oz0
```

It supports Instagram, Flickr, Github gists, Funny or Die, and dozens more, thanks to Micawber

1.27.3 YouTube

To link to a YouTube video, you need the id of the video. For example, if the URL of the video is http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=8N_tupPBtWQ what you need is **8N_tupPBtWQ**

Once you have that, all you need to do is:

```
.. youtube:: 8N_tupPBtWQ
```

Supported options: height, width, align (one of left, center, right) — all are optional. Example:

```
.. youtube:: 8N_tupPBtWQ :align: center
```

1.27.4 Vimeo

To link to a Vimeo video, you need the id of the video. For example, if the URL of the video is http://www.vimeo.com/20241459 then the id is **20241459**

Once you have that, all you need to do is:

```
.. vimeo:: 20241459
```

If you have internet connectivity when generating your site, the height and width of the embedded player will be set to the native height and width of the video. You can override this if you wish:

```
.. vimeo:: 20241459
:height: 240
:width: 320
```

Supported options: height, width, align (one of left, center, right) — all are optional.

1.27.5 Soundcloud

This directive lets you share music from http://soundcloud.com You first need to get the ID for the piece, which you can find in the "share" link. For example, if the WordPress code starts like this:

```
[soundcloud url="http://api.soundcloud.com/tracks/78131362" .../]
```

The ID is 78131362 and you can embed the audio with this:

```
.. soundcloud:: 78131362
```

You can also embed playlists, via the *soundcloud_playlist* directive which works the same way.

Supported options: height, width, align (one of left, center, right) — all are optional.

1.27.6 Code

The code directive has been included in docutils since version 0.9 and now replaces Nikola's code-block directive. To ease the transition, two aliases for code directive are provided: code-block and sourcecode:

```
.. code-block:: python
   :number-lines:
   print("Our virtues and our failings are inseparable")
```

1.27.7 Listing

To use this, you have to put your source code files inside listings or whatever folders your LISTINGS_FOLDERS variable is set to fetch files from. Assuming you have a foo.py inside one of these folders:

```
.. listing:: foo.py python
```

Will include the source code from foo.py, highlight its syntax in python mode, and also create a listings/foo.py.html page (or in another directory, depending on LISTINGS_FOLDER) and the listing will have a title linking to it.

The stand-alone listings/ pages also support Jupyter notebooks, if they are supported site-wide.

Listings support the same options reST includes support (including various options for controlling which parts of the file are included), and also a linenos option for Sphinx compatibility.

The LISTINGS_FOLDER configuration variable allows to specify a list of folders where to fetch listings from together with subfolder of the output folder where the processed listings should be put in. The default is, LISTINGS_FOLDERS = {'listings': 'listings'}, which means that all source code files in listings will be taken and stored in output/listings. Extending LISTINGS_FOLDERS to {'listings': 'listings', 'code': 'formatted-code'} will additionally process all source code files in code and put the results into output/formatted-code.

Note: Formerly, start-at and end-at options were supported; however, they do not work anymore (since v6.1.0) and you should now use start-after and end-before, respectively. You can also use start-line and end-line.

1.27.8 Gist

You can easily embed GitHub gists with this directive, like this:

```
.. gist:: 2395294
```

Producing this:

This degrades gracefully if the browser doesn't support JavaScript.

1.27.9 Thumbnails

To include an image placed in the images folder (or other folders defined in IMAGE_FOLDERS), use the thumbnail directive, like this:

```
.. thumbnail:: /images/tesla.jpg
:alt: Nikola Tesla
```

The small thumbnail will be placed in the page, and it will be linked to the bigger version of the image when clicked, using baguetteBox by default. All options supported by the reST image directive are supported (except target). Providing alt is recommended, as this is the image caption. If a body element is provided, the thumbnail will mimic the behavior of the figure directive instead:

```
.. thumbnail:: /images/tesla.jpg
:alt: Nikola Tesla

Nikola Tesla, the man that invented the 20th century.
```

If you want to include a thumbnail in a non-reST post, you need to produce at least this basic HTML:

1.27.10 Chart

This directive is a thin wrapper around Pygal and will produce charts as SVG files embedded directly in your pages.

Here's an example of how it works:

```
.. chart:: Bar
   :title: 'Browser usage evolution (in %)'
   :x_labels: ["2002", "2003", "2004", "2005", "2006", "2007"]

'Firefox', [None, None, 0, 16.6, 25, 31]
   'Chrome', [None, None, None, None, None]
   'IE',       [85.8, 84.6, 84.7, 74.5, 66, 58.6]
   'Others', [14.2, 15.4, 15.3, 8.9, 9, 10.4]
```

The argument passed next to the directive (Bar in that example) is the type of chart, and can be one of Line, Stacked-Line, Bar, StackedBar, HorizontalBar, XY, DateY, Pie, Radar, Dot, Funnel, Gauge, Pyramid. For examples of what each kind of graph is, check here

It can take *a lot* of options to let you customize the charts (in the example, title and x_labels). You can use any option described in the pygal docs

Finally, the content of the directive is the actual data, in the form of a label and a list of values, one series per line.

You can also specify a :data_file: option as described in the documentation for the chart shortcut.

1.27.11 Doc

This role is useful to make links to other post or page inside the same site.

Here's an example:

```
Take a look at :doc:`my other post <creating-a-theme>` about theme creating.
```

In this case we are giving the portion of text we want to link. So, the result will be:

Take a look at my other post about theme creating.

If we want to use the post's title as the link's text, just do:

```
Take a look at :doc:`creating-a-theme` to know how to do it.
```

and it will produce:

Take a look at *Creating a Theme* to know how to do it.

1.27.12 Post List

Warning: Any post or page that uses this directive will be considered out of date, every time a post is added or deleted, causing maybe unnecessary rebuilds.

On the other hand, it will sometimes **not** be considered out of date if a post content changes, so it can sometimes be shown outdated, in those cases, use nikola build -a to force a total rebuild.

This directive can be used to generate a list of posts. You could use it, for example, to make a list of the latest 5 blog posts, or a list of all blog posts with the tag nikola:

```
Here are my 5 latest and greatest blog posts:
.. post-list::
    :stop: 5

These are all my posts about Nikola:
.. post-list::
    :tags: nikola
```

Using shortcode syntax (for other compilers):

The following options are recognized:

- **start** [integer] The index of the first post to show. A negative value like -3 will show the *last* three posts in the post-list. Defaults to None.
- **stop** [integer] The index of the last post to show. A value negative value like -1 will show every post, but not the *last* in the post-list. Defaults to None.
- reverse [flag] Reverse the order of the post-list. Defaults is to not reverse the order of posts.
- **sort: string** Sort post list by one of each post's attributes, usually title or a custom priority. Defaults to None (chronological sorting).
- date: string Show posts that match date range specified by this option. Format:
 - comma-separated clauses (AND)
 - clause: attribute comparison_operator value (spaces optional)
 - * attribute: year, month, day, hour, month, second, weekday, isoweekday; or empty for full datetime
 - * comparison_operator: == != <= >= <>
 - * value: integer, 'now' or dateutil-compatible date input
- tags [string [, string...]] Filter posts to show only posts having at least one of the tags. Defaults to None.
- require_all_tags [flag] Change tag filter behaviour to show only posts that have all specified tags.

 Defaults to False.
- categories [string [, string...]] Filter posts to show only posts having one of the categories. Defaults to None.

- slugs [string [, string...]] Filter posts to show only posts having at least one of the slugs. Defaults to None.
- post_type (or type) [string] Show only posts, pages or all. Replaces all. Defaults to posts.
- all [flag] (deprecated, use post_type instead) Shows all posts and pages in the post list. Defaults to show only posts.
- lang [string] The language of post *titles* and *links*. Defaults to default language.
- template [string] The name of an alternative template to render the post-list. Defaults to post list directive.tmpl
- id [string] A manual id for the post list. Defaults to a random name composed by 'post_list_' + uuid. uuid4().hex.

The post list directive uses the post_list_directive.tmpl template file (or another one, if you use the template option) to generate the list's HTML. By default, this is an unordered list with dates and clickable post titles. See the template file in Nikola's base theme for an example of how this works.

The list may fail to update in some cases, please run nikola build -a with the appropriate path if this happens.

We recommend using pages with dates in the past (1970-01-01) to avoid dependency issues.

If you are using this as a shortcode, flags (reverse, all) are meant to be used with a True argument, eg. all=True.

1.28 Importing your WordPress site into Nikola

If you like Nikola, and want to start using it, but you have a WordPress blog, Nikola supports importing it. Here are the steps to do it:

- 1. Get an XML dump of your site¹
- 2. nikola import_wordpress mysite.wordpress.2012-12-20.xml

After some time, this will create a new_site folder with all your data. It currently supports the following:

- · All your posts and pages
- · Keeps "draft" status
- Your tags and categories
- Imports your attachments and fixes links to point to the right places
- Will try to add redirects that send the old post URLs to the new ones
- Will give you a URL map so you know where each old post was

This is also useful for DISQUS thread migration, or server-based 301 redirects!

- Allows you to export your comments with each post
- Exports information on attachments per post
- There are different methods to transfer the content of your posts:
 - You can convert them to HTML with the WordPress page compiler plugin for Nikola. This
 will format the posts including supported shortcodes the same way as WordPress does. Use the
 --transform-to-html option to convert your posts to HTML.

¹ The dump needs to be in 1.2 format. You can check by reading it, it should say xmlns:excerpt="http://wordpress.org/export/1.2/excerpt/" near the top of the file. If it says 1.1 instead of 1.2 you will have to update your WordPress before dumping. Other versions may or may not work.

If you use this option, you do not need to install the plugin permanently. You can ask Nikola to install the plugin into the subdirectory plugins of the current working directory by specifying the --install-wordpress-compiler option.

- You can leave the posts the way they are and use the WordPress page compiler plugin to render them when building your new blog. This also allows you to create new posts using the WordPress syntax, or to manually add more shortcode plugins later. Use the --use-wordpress-compiler option to not touch your posts.

If you want to use this option, you have to install the plugin permanently. You can ask Nikola to install the plugin into your new site by specifying the --install-wordpress-compiler option.

- You can let Nikola convert your posts to Markdown. This is *not* error free, because WordPress uses some unholy mix of HTML and strange things. This is the default option and requires no plugins.

You will find your old posts in new_site/posts/post-title.html in the first case, new_site/posts/post-title.wp in the second case or new_site/posts/post-title.md in the last case if you need to edit or fix any of them.

Please note that the page compiler currently only supports the [code] shortcode, but other shortcodes can be supported via plugins.

Also note that the WordPress page compiler is licensed under GPL v2 since it uses code from WordPress itself, while Nikola is licensed under the more liberal MIT license.

This feature is a work in progress, and the only way to improve it is to have it used for as many sites as possible and make it work better each time, so we are happy to get requests about it.

1.28.1 Importing to a custom location or into an existing site

It is possible to either import into a location you desire or into an already existing Nikola site. To do so you can specify a location after the dump:

```
$ nikola import_wordpress mysite.wordpress.2012-12-20.xml -o import_location
```

With this command Nikola will import into the folder import_location.

If the folder already exists Nikola will not overwrite an existing conf.py. Instead a new file with a timestamp at the end of the filename will be created.

1.29 Using Twitter Cards

Nikola supports Twitter Card summaries, but they are disabled by default.

Twitter Cards enable you to show additional information in Tweets that link to your content. Nikola supports Twitter Cards. They are implemented to use *Open Graph* tags whenever possible.

Important

To use Twitter Cards you need to opt-in on Twitter. To do so, please visit https://cards-dev.twitter.com/validator

Images displayed come from the *previewimage* meta tag.

You can specify the card type by using the *card* parameter in TWITTER CARD.

To enable and configure your use of Twitter Cards, please modify the corresponding lines in your conf.py:

1.30 Custom Plugins

You can create your own plugins (see *Extending Nikola*) and use them in your own site by putting them in a plugins / folder. You can also put them in directories listed in the EXTRA_PLUGINS_DIRS configuration variable.

1.31 Getting Extra Plugins

If you want extra plugins, there is also the Plugins Index.

Similarly to themes, there is a nice, built-in command to manage them — plugin:

```
$ nikola plugin -l
Plugins:
helloworld
tags
$ nikola plugin --install helloworld
[2013-10-12T16:51:56Z] NOTICE: install_plugin: Downloading: https://plugins.getnikola.
→com/v6/helloworld.zip
[2013-10-12T16:51:58Z] NOTICE: install_plugin: Extracting: helloworld into plugins
plugins/helloworld/requirements.txt
[2013-10-12T16:51:58Z] NOTICE: install_plugin: This plugin has Python dependencies.
[2013-10-12T16:51:58Z] NOTICE: install_plugin: Installing dependencies with pip...
[2013-10-12T16:51:59Z] NOTICE: install_plugin: Dependency installation succeeded.
[2013-10-12T16:51:59Z] NOTICE: install_plugin: This plugin has a sample config file.
Contents of the conf.py.sample file:
    # Should the Hello World plugin say "BYE" instead?
    BYE\_WORLD = False
```

Then you also can uninstall your plugins:

```
$ nikola plugin --uninstall tags
[2014-04-15T08:59:24Z] WARNING: plugin: About to uninstall plugin: tags
[2014-04-15T08:59:24Z] WARNING: plugin: This will delete /home/ralsina/foo/plugins/
→tags
Are you sure? [y/n] y
[2014-04-15T08:59:26Z] WARNING: plugin: Removing /home/ralsina/foo/plugins/tags
```

And upgrade them:

You can also share plugins you created with the community! Visit the GitHub repository to find out more.

You can use the plugins in this repository without installing them into your site, by cloning the repository and adding the path of the plugins directory to the EXTRA_PLUGINS_DIRS list in your configuration.

1.32 Advanced Features

1.32.1 Debugging

For pdb debugging in Nikola, you should use doit.tools.set_trace() instead of the usual pdb call. By default, doit (and thus Nikola) redirects stdout and stderr. Thus, you must use the different call. (Alternatively, you could run with nikola build -v 2, which disables the redirections.)

To show more logging messages, as well as full tracebacks, you need to set an environment variable: NIKOLA_DEBUG=1. If you want to only see tracebacks, set NIKOLA_SHOW_TRACEBACKS=1.

1.32.2 Shell Tab Completion

Since Nikola is a command line tool, and this is the 21st century, it's handy to have smart tab-completion so that you don't have to type the full commands.

To enable this, you can use the nikola tabcompletion command like this, depending on your shell:

```
$ nikola tabcompletion --shell bash --hardcode-tasks > _nikola_bash
$ nikola tabcompletion --shell zsh --hardcode-tasks > _nikola_zsh
```

The --hardcode-tasks adds tasks to the completion and may need updating periodically.

Please refer to your shell's documentation for help on how to use those files.

1.33 License

Nikola is released under the MIT license, which is a free software license. Some components shipped along with Nikola, or required by it are released under other licenses.

If you are not familiar with free software licensing, here is a brief explanation (this is NOT legal advice): In general, you can do pretty much anything you want — including modifying Nikola, using and redistributing the original version or the your modified version. However, if you redistribute Nikola to someone else, either a modified version or the original version, the full copyright notice and license text must be included in your distribution. Nikola is provided "as is", and the Nikola contributors are not liable for any damage caused by the software. Read the full license text for details.

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CHAPTER 2

Creating a Site (Not a Blog) with Nikola

One of the most frequent questions I get about Nikola is "but how do I create a site that's not a blog?". And of course, that's because the documentation is heavily blog–oriented. This document will change that ;-)

Since it started, Nikola has had the capabilities to create generic sites. For example, Nikola's own site is a fairly generic one. Let's go step by step on how you can do something like that.

As usual when starting a nikola site, you start with nikola init which creates a empty (mostly) configured site:

Then we go into the new mysite folder, and make the needed changes in the conf. py configuration file:

(continues on next page)

```
("pages/*.html", "", "page.tmpl"),
)

# And to avoid a conflict because blogs try to generate /index.html
INDEX_PATH = "blog"

# Or you can disable blog indexes altogether:
# DISABLE_INDEXES = True
```

And now we are ready to create our first page:

```
$ nikola new_page
Creating New Page
-----
Title: index
Scanning posts....done!
[1970-01-01T00:00:00Z] INFO: new_page: Your page's text is at: pages/index.rst
```

We can now build and preview our site:

```
$ nikola build
Scanning posts.done!
. render_site:output/categories/index.html
. render_sources:output/index.txt
. render_rss:output/rss.xml

$ nikola serve
[1970-01-01T00:00:00Z] INFO: serve: Serving HTTP on 0.0.0.0 port 8000...
```

And you can see your (very empty) site in http://localhost:8000/

So, what's in that pages/index.txt file?

```
.. title: index
.. slug: index
.. date: 1970-01-01 00:00:00 UTC
.. tags:
.. link:
.. description:
Write your post here.
```

title is the page title, slug is the name of the generated HTML file (in this case it would be index.html). date, tags and link doesn't matter at all in pages. description is useful for SEO purposes if you care for that.

And below, the content. By default Nikola uses reStructuredText but it supports a ton of formats, including Markdown, plain HTML, Jupyter Notebooks, BBCode, Wiki, and Textile. We will use reStructuredText for this example, but some people might find it a bit too limiting — if that is the case, try using HTML for your pages (Nikola does this on the index page, for example).

So, let's give the page a nicer title, and some fake content. Since the default Nikola theme (called bootblog4) is based on Bootstrap you can use anything you like from it:

```
.. title: Welcome To The Fake Site
.. slug: index
```

(continues on next page)

```
.. date: 1970-01-01 00:00:00 UTC
.. tags:
.. link:
.. description: Fake Site version 1, welcome page!
.. class:: jumbotron col-md-6
.. admonition:: This is a Fake Site
   It pretends to be about things, but is really just an example.
    .. raw:: html
       <a href="https://getnikola.com/" class="btn btn-primary btn-lg">Click Me!</a>
.. class:: col-md-5
Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipiscing elit. Mauris non nunc turpis.
Phasellus a ullamcorper leo. Sed fringilla dapibus orci eu ornare. Quisque
gravida quam a mi dignissim consequat. Morbi sed iaculis mi. Vivamus ultrices
mattis euismod. Mauris aliquet magna eget mauris volutpat a egestas leo rhoncus.
In hac habitasse platea dictumst. Ut sed mi arcu. Nullam id massa eu orci
convallis accumsan. Nunc faucibus sodales justo ac ornare. In eu conque eros.
Pellentesque iaculis risus urna. Proin est lorem, scelerisque non elementum at,
semper vel velit. Phasellus consectetur orci vel tortor tempus imperdiet. Class
aptent taciti sociosqu ad litora torquent per conubia nostra, per inceptos
himenaeos.
```

TIP: Nice URLs

If you like your URLs without the .html then you want to create folders and put the pages in index.html inside them using the PRETTY_URLS option (on by default)

And that's it. You will want to change the NAVIGATION_LINKS option to create a reasonable menu for your site, you may want to modify the theme (check nikola help bootswatch_theme for a quick & dirty solution), and you may want to add a blog later on, for company news or whatever.

TIP: So, how do I add a blog now?

First, change the POSTS option like this:

```
POSTS = (
    ("posts/*.rst", "blog", "post.tmpl"),
    ("posts/*.txt", "blog", "post.tmpl"),
    ("posts/*.html", "blog", "post.tmpl"),
)
```

Create a post with nikola new_post and that's it, you now have a blog in the /blog/ subdirectory of your site — you may want to link to it in NAVIGATION_LINKS.

If you want to see a site implementing all of the above, check out the Nikola website.

I hope this was helpful!

Creating a Theme

Nikola is a static site and blog generator. So is Jekyll. While I like what we have done with Nikola, I do admit that Jekyll (and others!) have many more, and nicer themes than Nikola does.

This document is an attempt at making it easier for 3rd parties (that means *you* people! ;-) to create themes. Since I **suck** at designing websites, I asked for opinions on themes to port, and got some feedback. Since this is **Not So Hard**TM, I will try to make time to port a few and see what happens.

If you are looking for a reference, check out *Theming reference* and Template variables.

Today's theme is Lanyon which is written by @mdo and released under a MIT license, which is liberal enough.

So, let's get started.

3.1 Checking It Out

The first step in porting a theme is making the original theme work. Lanyon is awesome in that its GitHub project is a full site!

So:

```
# Get jekyll
sudo apt-get install jekyll

# Get Lanyon
git clone git@github.com:poole/lanyon.git

# Build it
cd lanyon && jekyll build

# Look at it
jekyll serve & google-chrome http://localhost:4000
```

If you do not want to install Jekyll, you can also see it in action at http://lanyon.getpoole.com/

Some things jump to my mind:

- 1. This is one fine looking theme
- 2. Very clear and readable
- 3. Nice hidden navigation-thingy

Also, from looking at the project's README it supports some nice configuration options:

- 1. Color schemes
- 2. Reverse layout
- 3. Sidebar overlay instead of push
- 4. Open the sidebar by default, or on a per-page basis by using its metadata

Let's try to make all those nice things survive the porting.

3.2 Starting From Somewhere

Nikola has a nice, clean, base theme from which you can start when writing your own theme. Why start from that instead of from a clean slate? Because theme inheritance is going to save you a ton of work, that's why. If you start from scratch you won't be able to build **anything** until you have a bunch of templates written. Starting from base, you just need to hack on the things you **need** to change.

First, we create a site with some content in it. We'll use the nikola init wizard (with the --demo option) for that:

```
$ nikola init --demo lanyon-port
Creating Nikola Site
This is Nikola v7.8.0. We will now ask you a few easy questions about your new site.
If you do not want to answer and want to go with the defaults instead, simply restart,
⇒with the `-q` parameter.
--- Questions about the site ---
Site title [My Nikola Site]:
Site author [Nikola Tesla]:
Site author's e-mail [n.tesla@example.com]:
Site description [This is a demo site for Nikola.]:
Site URL [https://example.com/]:
--- Questions about languages and locales ---
We will now ask you to provide the list of languages you want to use.
Please list all the desired languages, comma-separated, using ISO 639-1 codes. The
→first language will be used as the default.
Type '?' (a question mark, sans quotes) to list available languages.
Language(s) to use [en]:
Please choose the correct time zone for your blog. Nikola uses the tz database.
You can find your time zone here:
http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/List_of_tz_database_time_zones
Time zone [UTC]:
   Current time in UTC: 16:02:07
Use this time zone? [Y/n]
--- Questions about comments ---
You can configure comments now. Type '?' (a question mark, sans quotes) to list_
→available comment systems. If you do not want any comments, just leave the field_
→blank.
```

(continues on next page)

```
Comment system:

That's it, Nikola is now configured. Make sure to edit conf.py to your liking.

If you are looking for themes and addons, check out https://themes.getnikola.com/ and_

https://plugins.getnikola.com/.

Have fun!

[2015-05-28T16:02:08Z] INFO: init: A new site with example data has been created at_

hanyon-port.

[2015-05-28T16:02:08Z] INFO: init: See README.txt in that folder for more information.
```

Then, we create an empty theme inheriting from base. This theme will use Mako templates. If you prefer Jinja2, then you should use base-jinja as a parent and jinja as engine instead:

```
$ cd lanyon-port/
$ nikola theme -n lanyon --parent base --engine mako
```

Edit conf.py and set THEME = 'lanyon'. Also set USE_BUNDLES = False (just do it for now, we'll get to bundles later). Also, if you intend to publish your theme on the Index, or want to use it with older versions (v7.8.5 or older), use the --legacy-meta option for nikola theme -n.

You can now build that site using nikola build and it will look like this:

3.3 Basic CSS

The next step is to know exactly how Lanyon's pages work. To do this, we read its HTML. First let's look at the head element:

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html xmlns="http://www.w3.org/1999/xhtml" xml:lang="en" lang="en-us">
<head>
<link href="http://gmpg.org/xfn/11" rel="profile">
<meta http-equiv="content-type" content="text/html; charset=utf-8">
<!-- Enable responsiveness on mobile devices-->
<meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1.0, maximum-scale=1</pre>
→">
<title>
   Lanyon · A Jekyll theme
</title>
<!-- CSS -->
<link rel="stylesheet" href="/public/css/poole.css">
<link rel="stylesheet" href="/public/css/syntax.css">
<link rel="stylesheet" href="/public/css/lanyon.css">
<link rel="stylesheet" href="http://fonts.googleapis.com/css?family=PT+Serif:400,</pre>
\leftrightarrow 400italic,700|PT+Sans:400">
<!-- Icons -->
<link rel="apple-touch-icon-precomposed" sizes="144x144" href="/public/apple-touch-</pre>
→icon-144-precomposed.thumbnail.png">
<link rel="shortcut icon" href="/public/favicon.ico">
```

(continues on next page)

3.3. Basic CSS 59

My Nikola Site

Archive Tags RSS feed

Welcome to Nikola

Roberto Alsina — 2012-03-30 23:00



If you can see this in a web browser, it means you have managed to install Nikola, and build a site using it. Congratulations!

- · You can read the manual here
- You can learn more about Nikola at https://getnikola.com/
- You can see a demo photo gallery here
- Demo usage of listings here
- Demo of slideshows here
 Demo of Bootstrap here

Send feedback to raisina@netmanagers.com.arf

Contents © 2015 Nikola Tesla - Powered by Nikola

Fig. 1: This is just the base theme.

```
<!-- RSS -->
<link rel="alternate" type="application/rss+xml" title="RSS" href="/atom.xml">
<!-- Google Analytics -->
[...]
</head>
```

The interesting part there is that it loads a few CSS files. If you check the source of your Nikola site, you will see something fairly similar:

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html prefix="og: http://ogp.me/ns# article: http://ogp.me/ns/article# " vocab="http:/</pre>
→/ogp.me/ns" lang="en">
<head>
<meta charset="utf-8">
<meta name="description" content="This is a demo site for Nikola.">
<meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width">
<title>My Nikola Site | My Nikola Site</title>
<link href="assets/css/rst_base.css" rel="stylesheet" type="text/css">
<link href="assets/css/code.css" rel="stylesheet" type="text/css">
<link href="assets/css/theme.css" rel="stylesheet" type="text/css">
<link rel="alternate" type="application/rss+xml" title="RSS" href="rss.xml">
<link rel="canonical" href="https://example.com/index.html">
<!--[if lt IE 9]><script src="assets/js/html5.js"></script><![endif]--><link rel=
→ "prefetch" href="posts/welcome-to-nikola.html" type="text/html">
</head>
```

Luckily, since this is all under a very liberal license, we can just copy these CSS files into Nikola, adapting the paths a little so that they follow our conventions:

```
$ mkdir -p themes/lanyon/assets/css
$ cp ../lanyon/public/css/poole.css themes/lanyon/assets/css/
$ cp ../lanyon/public/css/lanyon.css themes/lanyon/assets/css/
```

Notice I am not copying syntax.css? That's because Nikola handles that styles for syntax highlighting in a particular way, using a setting called CODE_COLOR_SCHEME where you can configure what color scheme the syntax highlighter uses. You can use your own assets/css/code.css if you don't like the provided ones.

Nikola requires assets/css/rst_base.css and assets/css/code.css to function properly. We will also add themes for Jupyter (assets/css/ipython.min.css and assets/css/nikola_ipython.css) into the template; note that they are activated only if you configured your POSTS/PAGES with ipynb support. There's also assets/css/nikola rst.css, which adds Bootstrap 3-style reST notes etc.

But how do I tell our lanyon theme to use those CSS files instead of whatever it's using now? By giving our theme its own base helper.tmpl.

That file is a **template** used to generate parts of the pages. It's large and complicated but we don't need to change a lot of it. First, make a copy in your theme (note this command requires setting your THEME in conf.py to lanyon):

```
$ nikola theme -c base_helper.tmpl
```

The part we want to change is this:

3.3. Basic CSS

```
<%def name="html_stylesheets()">
   %if use_bundles:
```

(continues on next page)

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```
%if use_cdn:
           <link href="/assets/css/all.css" rel="stylesheet" type="text/css">
            <link href="/assets/css/all-nocdn.css" rel="stylesheet" type="text/css">
       %endif
   %else:
       <link href="/assets/css/rst_base.css" rel="stylesheet" type="text/css">
       <link href="/assets/css/nikola_rst.css" rel="stylesheet" type="text/css">
       <link href="/assets/css/code.css" rel="stylesheet" type="text/css">
       <link href="/assets/css/theme.css" rel="stylesheet" type="text/css">
       %if has_custom_css:
           <link href="/assets/css/custom.css" rel="stylesheet" type="text/css">
       %endif
   %endif
   % if needs_ipython_css:
       <link href="/assets/css/ipython.min.css" rel="stylesheet" type="text/css">
       <link href="/assets/css/nikola_ipython.css" rel="stylesheet" type="text/css">
   % endif
</%def>
```

And we will change it so it uses the lanyon styles instead of theme.css (again, ignore the bundles for now!):

```
<%def name="html_stylesheets()">
   %if use_bundles:
       <link href="/assets/css/all.css" rel="stylesheet" type="text/css">
   %else:
       <link href="/assets/css/rst_base.css" rel="stylesheet" type="text/css">
       <link href="/assets/css/nikola_rst.css" rel="stylesheet" type="text/css">
       <link href="/assets/css/poole.css" rel="stylesheet" type="text/css">
       <link href="/assets/css/lanyon.css" rel="stylesheet" type="text/css">
       <link href="/assets/css/code.css" rel="stylesheet" type="text/css">
       %if has_custom_css:
           <link href="/assets/css/custom.css" rel="stylesheet" type="text/css">
       %endif
   %endif
   % if needs_ipython_css:
       <link href="/assets/css/ipython.min.css" rel="stylesheet" type="text/css">
       <link href="/assets/css/nikola_ipython.css" rel="stylesheet" type="text/css">
   <link rel="stylesheet" href="http://fonts.googleapis.com/css?family=PT+Serif:400,</pre>
→400italic,700|PT+Sans:400">
</%def>
```

3.4 Page Layout

This is trickier but should be no problem for people with a basic understanding of HTML and a desire to make a theme!

Lanyon's content is split in two parts: a sidebar and the rest. The sidebar looks like this (shortened for comprehension):

```
<body>
<!-- Target for toggling the sidebar `.sidebar-checkbox` is for regular
    styles, `#sidebar-checkbox` for behavior. -->
<input type="checkbox" class="sidebar-checkbox" id="sidebar-checkbox">
```

(continues on next page)

Skip to main content

My Nikola Site

- Archive
- Tags
- · RSS feed

Welcome to Nikola

Roberto Alsina

2012-03-30 23:00



If you can see this in a web browser, it means you have managed to install Nikola, and build a site using it. Congratulations!

- · You can read the manual here
- · You can learn more about Nikola at https://getnikola.com/
- · You can see a demo photo gallery here
- · Demo usage of listings here

Fig. 2: You may say this looks like crap. Don't worry, we are just starting :-)

3.4. Page Layout 63

So, a plain body, with an input element that controls the sidebar, a div which is the sidebar itself. Inside that, div.sidebar-item for items, and a nav with "navigational links". This is followed by the "masthead" and the content itself, which we will look at in a bit.

If we look for the equivalent code in Nikola's side, we see this:

So Nikola has the "masthead" above the nav element, and uses list elements in nav instead of bare links. Not all that different is it?

Let's make it lanyon-like! We will need 2 more templates: base.tmpl and base_header.tmpl. Get them and put them in your themes/lanyon/templates folder.

Let's look at base.tmpl first. It's short and nice, it looks like a webpage without all the interesting stuff:

```
## -*- coding: utf-8 -*-
<%namespace name="base" file="base_helper.tmpl" import="*"/>
<%namespace name="header" file="base_header.tmpl" import="*"/>
<%namespace name="footer" file="base_footer.tmpl" import="*"/>
${set_locale(lang)}
${base.html_headstart()}
<%block name="extra_head">
### Leave this block alone.
</%block>
${template_hooks['extra_head']()}
</head>
<body>
<a href="#content" class="sr-only sr-only-focusable">${messages("Skip to main content
") }</a></a>
    <div id="container">
        ${header.html_header()}
```

(continues on next page)

That link which says "Skip to main content" is very important for accessibility, so we will leave it in place. But below, you can see how it creates the "container" div we see in the Nikola page, and the content is created by html_header() which is defined in base_header.tmpl The actual nav element is done by the html_navigation_links function out of the NAVIGATION_LINKS and NAVIGATION_ALT_LINKS options. (Let's put the alt links after regular ones; Bootstrap puts it on the right side, for example.)

So, first, lets change that base template to be more lanyon-like:

```
## -*- coding: utf-8 -*-
<%namespace name="base" file="base_helper.tmpl" import="*"/>
<%namespace name="header" file="base_header.tmpl" import="*"/>
<%namespace name="footer" file="base_footer.tmpl" import="*"/>
${set_locale(lang)}
${base.html_headstart()}
<%block name="extra_head">
### Leave this block alone.
</%block>
${template_hooks['extra_head']()}
</head>
<body>
    <a href="#content" class="sr-only sr-only-focusable">${messages("Skip to main_
<!-- Target for toggling the sidebar `.sidebar-checkbox` is for regular
            styles, `#sidebar-checkbox` for behavior. -->
   <input type="checkbox" class="sidebar-checkbox" id="sidebar-checkbox">
   <!-- Toggleable sidebar -->
    <div class="sidebar" id="sidebar">
       <div class="sidebar-item">
            A reserved <a href="http://getnikola.com" target="_blank">Nikola</a>,,
→theme that places the utmost gravity on content with a hidden drawer. Made by <a_
→href="https://twitter.com/mdo" target="_blank">@mdo</a> for Jekyll,
            ported to Nikola by <a href="https://twitter.com/ralsina" target="_blank">
→@ralsina</a>.
        </div>
        ${header.html_navigation_links()}
    </div>
    <main id="content" role="main">
       <%block name="content"></%block>
    </main>
    ${footer.html_footer()}
    ${body end}
    ${template_hooks['body_end']()}
    ${base.late_load_js()}
</body>
```

(continues on next page)

3.4. Page Layout 65

</html>



Fig. 3: And that's after I exposed the sidebar by clicking on an invisible widget!

One problem, which causes that yellow color in the sidebar is a CSS conflict. We are loading rst_base.css which specifies the background color of div.sidebar which is more specific than lanyon.css, which specifies for .sidebar alone.

There are many ways to fix this, I chose to change lanyon.css to also use div.sidebar:

```
div.sidebar,.sidebar {
   position: fixed;
   top: 0;
   bottom: 0;
   left: -14rem;
   width: 14rem;
   [...]
```

This is annoying but it will happen when you just grab CSS from different places. The "Inspect Element" feature of

your web browser is your best friend for these situations.

Another problem is that the contents of the nav element are wrong. They are not bare links. We will fix that in base_header.html, like this:

Note: this means this theme will not support submenus in navigation. If you want that, I'll happily take a patch.

Now let's look at the content. In Lanyon, this is how the "main" content looks:

```
<!-- Wrap is the content to shift when toggling the sidebar. We wrap the
    content to avoid any CSS collisions with our real content. -->
<div class="wrap">
 <div class="masthead">
    <div class="container">
      <h3 class="masthead-title">
       <a href="/" title="Home">Lanyon</a>
       <small>A Jekyll theme
     </h3>
    </div>
  </div>
  <div class="container content">
    <div class="post">
       <h1 class="post-title">Introducing Lanyon</h1>
        <span class="post-date">02 Jan 2014
        Lanyon is an unassuming <a href="http://jekyllrb.com">Jekyll</a> theme [...
\hookrightarrow ]
    </div>
 </div>
</div>
<label for="sidebar-checkbox" class="sidebar-toggle"></label>
</body>
</html>
```

Everything inside the "container content" div is... the content. The rest is a masthead with the site title and at the bottom a label for the sidebar toggle. Easy to do in base.tmpl (only showing the relevant part):

(continues on next page)

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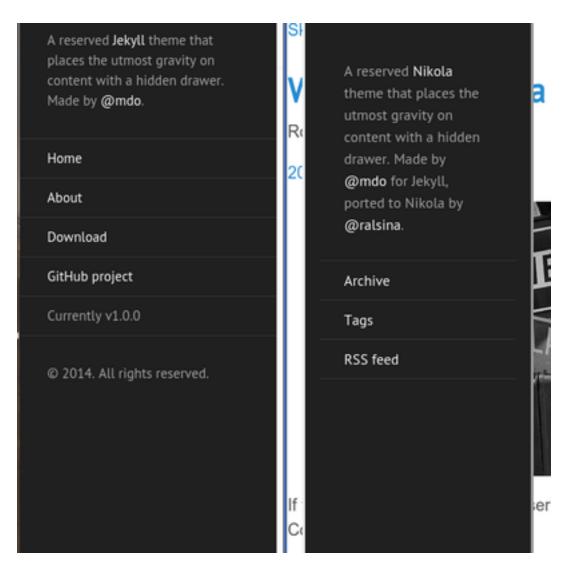


Fig. 4: Starting to see a resemblance?

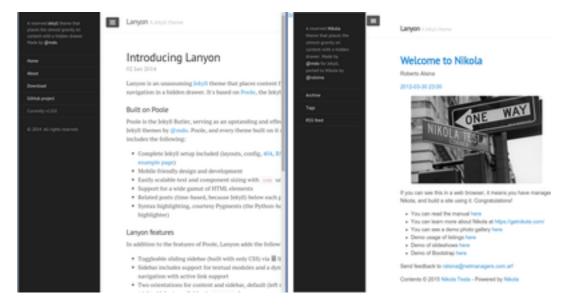


Fig. 5: Getting there!

The sidebar looks bad because of yet more CSS conflicts with rst_base.css. By adding some extra styling in lanyon.css, it will look better.

```
/* Style and "hide" the sidebar */
div.sidebar, .sidebar {
  position: fixed;
  top: 0;
  bottom: 0;
  left: -14rem;
  width: 14rem;
  visibility: hidden;
  overflow-y: auto;
  padding: 0;
  margin: 0;
  border: none;
  font-family: "PT Sans", Helvetica, Arial, sans-serif;
  font-size: .875rem; /* 15px */
  color: rgba(255,255,255,.6);
```

(continues on next page)

3.4. Page Layout 69

Also, the accessibility link on top is visible when it should not. That's because we removed theme.css from the base theme, and with it, we lost a couple of classes. We can add them in lanyon.css, along with others used by other pieces of the site:

```
.sr-only {
 position: absolute;
 width: 1px;
 height: 1px;
 padding: 0;
 margin: -1px;
 overflow: hidden;
 clip: rect(0, 0, 0, 0);
 border: 0;
.sr-only-focusable:active,
.sr-only-focusable:focus {
 position: static;
 width: auto;
 height: auto;
 margin: 0;
 overflow: visible;
 clip: auto;
.breadcrumb {
 padding: 8px 15px;
 margin-bottom: 20px;
 list-style: none;
}
.breadcrumb > li {
 display: inline-block;
 margin-right: 0;
 margin-left: 0;
.breadcrumb > li:after {
 content: ' / ';
 color: #888;
.breadcrumb > li:last-of-type:after {
 content: '';
 margin-left: 0;
.thumbnails > li {
 display: inline-block;
 margin-right: 10px;
```

(continues on next page)

```
.thumbnails > li:last-of-type {
  margin-right: 0;
}
```

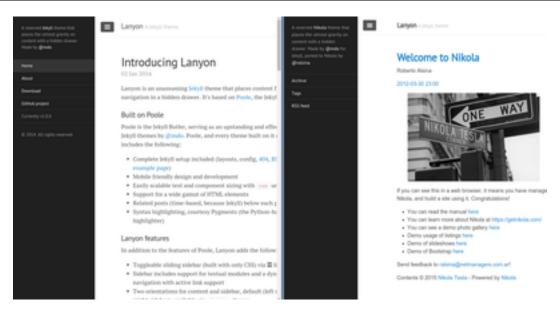


Fig. 6: Little by little, things look better.

One clear problem is that the title "Lanyon · A Jekyll theme" is set in the theme itself. We don't do that sort of thing in Nikola, we have settings for that. So, let's use them. There is a html_site_title function in base_helper. tmpl which is just the thing. So we change base.tmpl to use it:

That's a <h1> instead of a <h3> like Lanyon does, but hey, it's the right thing to do. If you want to go with an <h3>, just change html_site_title itself.

And now we more or less have the correct page layout and styles. Except for a rather large thing...

3.5 Typography

You can see in the previous screenshot that text still looks quite different in our port: Serif versus Sans-Serif content, and the titles have different colors!

Let's start with the titles. Here's how they look in Lanyon:

```
<h3 class="masthead-title">
  <a href="/" title="Home">Lanyon</a>
  <small>A Jekyll theme</small>
  </h3>
```

3.5. Typography 71

Versus our port:

```
<h1 id="brand"><a href="https://example.com/" title="My Nikola Site" rel="home">
```

So, it looks like we will have to fix html_site_title after all:

As for the actual content, that's not in any of the templates we have seen so far. The page you see is an "index.tmpl" page, which means it's a list of blog posts shown one below the other. Obviously it's not doing things in the way the Lanyon CSS expects it to. Here's the original, which you can find in Nikola's source code:

```
## -*- coding: utf-8 -*-
<%namespace name="helper" file="index_helper.tmpl"/>
<%namespace name="comments" file="comments_helper.tmpl"/>
<%inherit file="base.tmpl"/>
<%block name="extra_head">
   ${parent.extra_head()}
    % if posts and (permalink == '/' or permalink == '/' + index_file):
       <link rel="prefetch" href="${posts[0].permalink()}" type="text/html">
    % endif
</%block>
<%block name="content">
<%block name="content_header"></%block>
<div class="postindex">
% for post in posts:
    <article class="h-entry post-${post.meta('type')}">
       <h1 class="p-name entry-title"><a href="${post.permalink()}" class="u-url">$
\hookrightarrow {post.title()|h}</a></h1>
       <div class="metadata">
           <span class="byline-name fn">${post.
→author()}</span>
           <a href="${post.permalink()}" rel="bookmark"><time,</pre>
→class="published dt-published" datetime="${post.date.isoformat()}" title="${post.
→formatted_date(date_format)}">${post.formatted_date(date_format)}</time></a>
           % if not post.meta('nocomments') and site_has_comments:
               ${comments.comment_link(post.permalink(), post.
→_base_path) }
           % endif
       </div>
   </header>
   %if index_teasers:
   <div class="p-summary entry-summary">
   ${post.text(teaser_only=True)}
   <div class="e-content entry-content">
   ${post.text(teaser_only=False)}
   %endif
   </div>
   </article>
```

(continues on next page)

```
% endfor
</div>
${helper.html_pager()}
${comments.comment_link_script()}
${helper.mathjax_script(posts)}
</%block>
```

And this is how it looks after I played with it for a while, making it generate code that looks closer to the Lanyon original:

```
<%block name="content">
<%block name="content_header"></%block>
<div class="posts">
% for post in posts:
    <article class="post h-entry post-${post.meta('type')}">
    <header>
       <h1 class="post-title p-name"><a href="${post.permalink()}" class="u-url">$
\rightarrow {post.title()|h}</a></h1>
       <div class="metadata">
           <span class="byline-name fn">${post.
\rightarrowauthor()}</span>
           <a href="${post.permalink()}" rel="bookmark"><time_</pre>
→class="post-date published dt-published" datetime="${post.date.isoformat()}" title="
→${post.formatted_date(date_format)}">${post.formatted_date(date_format)}</ti>
→
           % if not post.meta('nocomments') and site_has_comments:
               ${comments.comment_link(post.permalink(), post.
→_base_path) }
           % endif
       </div>
   </header>
   %if index_teasers:
   <div class="p-summary entry-summary">
   ${post.text(teaser_only=True)}
   %else:
   <div class="e-content entry-content">
   ${post.text(teaser_only=False)}
   </div>
   </article>
% endfor
</div>
${helper.html_pager()}
${comments.comment_link_script()}
${helper.mathjax_script(posts)}
</%block>
```

With these changes, it looks... similar?

Similar changes (basically adding class names to elements) needed to be done in post_header.tmpl:

(continues on next page)

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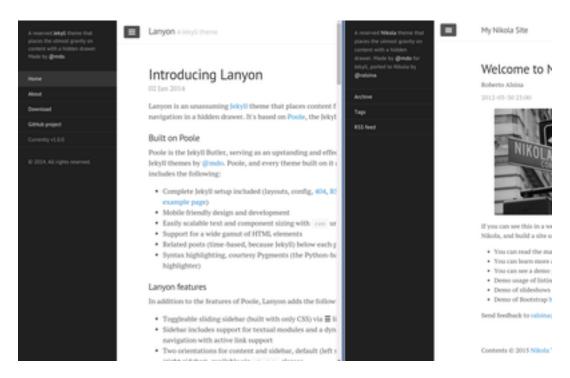


Fig. 7: It does!

```
<a href="${post.permalink()}" rel="bookmark"><time_</pre>
→class="post-date published dt-published" datetime="${post.date.isoformat()}"...
→itemprop="datePublished" title="${post.formatted_date(date_format)}">${post.}
→formatted_date(date_format)}</time></a>
           % if not post.meta('nocomments') and site_has_comments:
               ${comments.comment_link(post.permalink(), post.
→_base_path) }
           % endif
           %if post.description():
               <meta name="description" itemprop="description" content="${post.</pre>
→description()}">
           %endif
       </div>
       ${html_translations(post)}
   </header>
</%def>
```

3.6 Customization

The original Lanyon theme supports some personalization options. It suggests you do them by tweaking the templates, and you *can* also do that in the Nikola port. But we prefer to use options for that, so that you can get a later, better version of the theme and it will still "just work".

Let's see the color schemes first. They apply easily, just tweak your body element like this:

```
<body class="theme-base-08">
...
```

(continues on next page)

```
</body>
```

We can tweak base.tmpl to do just that:

And then we can put the options in conf.py's GLOBAL_CONTEXT:

```
GLOBAL_CONTEXT = {
    "lanyon_subtheme": "theme-base-08"
}
```

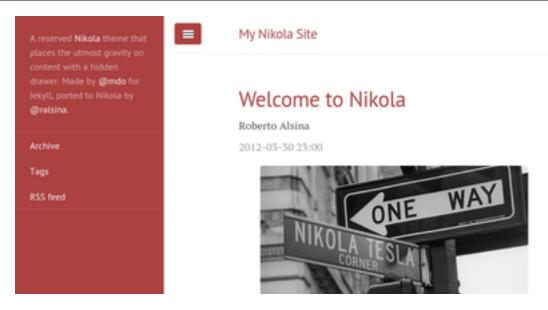


Fig. 8: Look at it, all themed up.

Doing the same for layout-reverse, sidebar-overlay and the rest is left as an exercise for the reader.

3.7 Bundles

If the USE_BUNDLES option set to True, Nikola can put several CSS or JS files together in a larger file, which can makes site load faster for some deployments. To do this, your theme needs a bundles file. The file format is a modified config file with no defined section; the basic syntax is:

```
outputfile1.js=
    thing1.js,
    thing2.js,
    ...
outputfile2.css=
    thing1.css,
    thing2.css,
    ...
```

3.7. Bundles 75

For the Lanyon theme, it should look like this:

```
assets/css/all.css=
    rst_base.css,
    nikola_rst.css,
    code.css,
    poole.css,
    lanyon.css,
    custom.css,
```

Note: trailing commas are optional

Note: Some themes also support the USE_CDN option meaning that in some cases it will load one bundle with all CSS and in other will load some CSS files from a CDN and others from a bundle. This is complicated and probably not worth the effort.

3.8 The End

And that's it, that's a whole theme. Eventually, once people start using it, they will notice small broken details, which will need handling one at a time.

This theme should be available in http://themes.getnikola.com/v7/lanyon/ and you can see it in action at https://themes.getnikola.com/v7/lanyon/demo/ .

What if you want to extend other parts of the theme? Check out the *Theming reference*. You can also contribute your improvements to the *nikola-themes <https://github.com/getnikola/nikola>* repository on GitHub.

Theming Nikola

Version 8.0.0

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This document is a reference about themes. If you want a tutorial, please read *Creating a Theme*. If you're looking for a ready-made theme for your site, check out the Themes Index.

4.1 The Structure

Themes are located in the themes folder where Nikola is installed, and in the themes folder of your site, one folder per theme. The folder name is the theme name.

A Nikola theme consists of the following folders (they are *all* optional):

assets This is where you would put your CSS, JavaScript and image files. It will be copied into output/assets when you build the site, and the templates will contain references to them. The default subdirectories are css, js, xml and fonts (Bootstrap).

The included themes use Bootstrap, baguetteBox, Justified Layout by Flickr and Moment.js, so they are in assets, along with CSS files for syntax highlighting, reStructuredText and Jupyter, as well as a minified copy of jQuery.

If you want to base your theme on other frameworks (or on no framework at all) just remember to put there everything you need for deployment. (Not all of the listed assets are used by base)

templates This contains the templates used to generate the pages. While Nikola will use a certain set of template names by default, you can add others for specific parts of your site.

messages Nikola tries to be multilingual. This is where you put the strings for your theme so that it can be translated into other languages.

less, sass Files to be compiled into CSS using LESS and Sass (both require plugins)

This mandatory file:

<theme>.theme An INI file containing theme meta data. The file format is described in detail below, in the *Theme meta files* section.

And these optional files:

parent, engine One-line text files that contain the names of parent and engine themes, respectively. Those are needed for older versions (Nikola v7.8.5 and older).

bundles A config file containing a list of files to be turned into bundles. For example:

```
assets/css/all.css=
  bootstrap.min.css,
  rst_base.css,
  nikola_rst.css,
  code.css,
  baguetteBox.min.css,
  theme.css,
  custom.css,
```

This creates a file called "assets/css/all.css" in your output that is the combination of all the other file paths, relative to the output file. This makes the page much more efficient because it avoids multiple connections to the server, at the cost of some extra difficult debugging.

Bundling applies to CSS and JS files.

Templates should use either the bundle or the individual files based on the use_bundles variable, which in turn is set by the USE_BUNDLES option.

4.2 Theme meta files

As of Nikola v7.8.6, Nikola uses meta files for themes. Those are INI files, with the same name as your theme, and a .theme extension, eg. bootstrap3.theme. Here is an example, from the bootstrap3 theme:

```
[Theme]
engine = mako
parent = base
author = The Nikola Contributors
author_url = https://getnikola.com/
```

(continues on next page)

```
based_on = Bootstrap 3 <http://getbootstrap.com/>
license = MIT
tags = bootstrap

[Family]
family = bootstrap3
jinja_version = bootstrap3-jinja
variants = bootstrap3-gradients, bootstrap3-gradients-jinja

[Nikola]
bootswatch = True
```

The following keys are currently supported:

- Theme contains information about the theme.
 - engine engine used by the theme. Should be make or jinja.
 - parent the parent theme. Any resources missing in this theme, will be looked up in the parent theme (and then in the grandparent, etc).

The parent is so you don't have to create a full theme each time: just create an empty theme, set the parent, and add the bits you want modified. You **must** define a parent, otherwise many features won't work due to missing templates, messages, and assets.

The following settings are recommended:

- * If your theme uses Bootstrap 3, inherit the bootstrap3 theme.
- * If your theme uses Jinja as a template engine, inherit base-jinja or bootstrap3-jinja
- * In any other case, inherit base.
- author, author_url used to identify theme author.
- based_on optional list of inspirations, frameworks, etc. used in the theme. Should be comma-separated, the format Name <URL> is recommended.
- license theme license. Pick MIT if you have no preference.
- tags optional list of tags (comma-separated) to describe the theme.
- Family contains information about other related themes. All values optional. (Do not use unless you have related themes.)
 - family the name of the main theme in a family, which is also used as the family name.
 - mako_version, jinja_version name of the mako/jinja version of the theme.
 - variants comma-separated list of stylistic variants (other than the mako/jinja version listed above)
- Nikola Nikola-specific information, currently optional.
 - bootswatch whether or not theme supports Bootswatch styling (optional, defaults to False)
 - ignored_assets comma-separated list of assets to ignore (relative to the assets/ directory, eg. css/theme.css)

4.2. Theme meta files 79

4.3 Templates

In templates there is a number of files whose name ends in .tmpl. Those are the theme's page templates. They are done using the Mako or Jinja2 template languages. If you want to do a theme, you should learn one first. What engine is used by the theme is declared in the engine file.

Tip: If you are using Mako templates, and want some extra speed when building the site you can install Beaker and make templates be cached

Both template engines have a nifty concept of template inheritance. That means that a template can inherit from another and only change small bits of the output. For example, base.tmpl defines the whole layout for a page but has only a placeholder for content so post.tmpl only define the content, and the layout is inherited from base.tmpl.

Another concept is theme inheritance. You do not need to duplicate all the default templates in your theme — you can just override the ones you want changed, and the rest will come from the parent theme. (Every theme needs a parent.)

Apart from the *built-in templates* listed below, you can add other templates for specific pages, which the user can then use in his POSTS or PAGES option in conf.py. Also, you can specify a custom template to be used by a post or page via the template metadata, and custom templates can be added in the templates / folder of your site.

If you want to modify (override) a built-in template, use nikola theme -c <name>.tmpl. This command will copy the specified template file to the templates/ directory of your currently used theme.

Keep in mind that your theme is *yours*, so you can require whatever data you want (eg. you may depend on specific custom GLOBAL_CONTEXT variables, or post meta attributes). You don't need to keep the same theme structure as the default themes do (although many of those names are hardcoded). Inheriting from at least base (or base-jinja) is heavily recommended, but not strictly required (unless you want to share it on the Themes Index).

4.4 Built-in templates

These are the templates that come with the included themes:

base.tmpl This template defines the basic page layout for the site. It's mostly plain HTML but defines a few blocks that can be re-defined by inheriting templates.

It has some separate pieces defined in base_helper.tmpl, base_header.tmpl and base_footer.tmpl so they can be easily overridden.

- index.tmpl Template used to render the multipost indexes. The posts are in a posts variable. Some functionality
 is in the index_helper.tmpl helper template.
- archive_navigation_helper.tmpl (internal) Code that implements archive navigation (previous/up/next).
 Included by archive templates.
- **archiveindex.tmpl** Used to display archives, if ARCHIVES_ARE_INDEXES is True. By default, it just inherits index.tmpl, with added archive navigation and feeds.
- author.tmpl Used to display author pages.
- **authorindex.tmpl** Used to display author indexes, if AUTHOR_PAGES_ARE_INDEXES is True. By default, it just inherits index.tmpl, with added feeds.
- comments_helper.tmpl (internal) This template handles comments. You should probably never touch it :) It uses a bunch of helper templates, one for each supported comment system (all of which start with comments_helper)

ui_helper.tmpl, pagination_helper.tmpl These templates help render specific UI items, and can be tweaked as needed.

gallery.tmpl Template used for image galleries. Interesting data includes:

- post: A post object, containing descriptive post.text() for the gallery.
- crumbs: A list of link, crumb to implement breadcrumbs.
- folders: A list of folders to implement hierarchical gallery navigation.
- enable_comments: To enable/disable comments in galleries.
- thumbnail_size: The THUMBNAIL_SIZE option.
- photo_array: a list of dictionaries, each containing:
 - url: URL for the full-sized image.
 - url_thumb: URL for the thumbnail.
 - title: The title of the image.
 - size: A dict containing w and h, the real size of the thumbnail.
- photo_array_json: a JSON dump of photo_array, used by the justified-layout script
- **list.tmpl** Template used to display generic lists of links, which it gets in items, a list of (text, link, count) elements.
- list_post.tmpl Template used to display generic lists of posts, which it gets in posts.
- listing.tmpl Used to display code listings.
- math_helper.tmpl (internal) Used to add MathJax/KaTeX code to pages.
- post.tmpl Template used by default for blog posts, gets the data in a post object which is an instance of the Post class. Some functionality is in the post_helper.tmpl and post_header.tmpl templates.
- post_list_directive.tmpl Template used by the post_list reStructuredText directive.
- **sectionindex.tmpl** Used to display section indexes, if POST_SECTIONS_ARE_INDEXES is True. By default, it just inherits index.tmpl, with added feeds.
- page.tmpl Used for pages that are not part of a blog, usually a cleaner, less intrusive layout than post.tmpl, but same parameters.
- tag.tmpl Used to show the contents of a single tag or category.
- tagindex.tmpl Used to show the contents of a single tag or category, if TAG_PAGES_ARE_INDEXES is True. By default, it just inherits index.tmpl, with added feeds and some extra features.
- tags.tmpl Used to display the list of tags and categories.

4.5 Variables available in templates

The full, complete list of variables available in templates is maintained in a separate document: Template variables

4.6 Customizing themes to user color preference and section colors

The user's preference for theme color is exposed in templates as theme_color set in the THEME_COLOR option.

Each section has an assigned color that is either set by the user or auto selected by adjusting the hue of the user's THEME_COLOR. The color is exposed in templates through post.section_color(lang). The function that generates the colors from strings and any given color (by section name and theme color for sections) is exposed through the colorize_str_from_base_color(string, hex_color) function

Hex color values, like that returned by the theme or section color can be altered in the HSL colorspace through the function color_hsl_adjust_hex (hex_string, adjust_h, adjust_s, adjust_l). Adjustments are given in values between 1.0 and -1.0. For example, the theme color can be made lighter using this code:

```
<!-- Mako -->
<span style="color: ${color_hsl_adjust_hex(theme_color, adjust_l=0.05)}">
```

```
<!-- Jinja2 -->
<span style="color: {{ color_hsl_adjust_hex(theme_color, adjust_l=0.05) }}">
```

4.7 Identifying and customizing different kinds of pages with a shared template

Nikola provides a pagekind in each template contexts that can be used to modify shared templates based on the context it's being used. For example, the base_helper.tmpl is used in all pages, index.tmpl is used in many contexts and you may want to add or remove something from only one of these contexts.

Example of conditionally loading different resources on all index pages (archives, author pages, and tag pages), and others again to the front page and in every post pages:

(continues on next page)

```
{% endif %} </head>
```

Promoting visits to the front page when visiting other filtered index.tmpl page variants such as author pages and tag pages. This could have been included in index.tmpl or maybe in base.tmpl depending on what you want to achieve.

List of page kinds provided by default plugins:

- front_page
- index
- index, archive_page
- · index, author_page
- index, main_index
- · index, section_page
- index, tag_page
- list
- list, archive_page
- list, author_page
- list, section_page
- list, tag_page
- list, tags_page
- post_page
- page_page
- · story_page

- listing
- generic_page
- · gallery_front
- gallery_page

4.8 Messages and Translations

The included themes are translated into a variety of languages. You can add your own translation at https://www.transifex.com/projects/p/nikola/

If you want to create a theme that has new strings, and you want those strings to be translatable, then your theme will need a custom messages folder.

4.9 LESS and Sass

Note: The LESS and Sass compilers were moved to the Plugins Index in Nikola v7.0.0.

If you want to use those CSS extensions, you can — just store your files in the less or sass directory of your theme.

In order to have them work, you need to create a list of .less or .scss/.sass files to compile — the list should be in a file named targets in the respective directory (less/sass).

The files listed in the targets file will be passed to the respective compiler, which you have to install manually (lessc which comes from the Node.js package named less or sass from a Ruby package aptly named sass). Whatever the compiler outputs will be saved as a CSS file in your rendered site, with the .css extension.

Note: Conflicts may occur if you have two files with the same base name but a different extension. Pay attention to how you name your files or your site won't build! (Nikola will tell you what's wrong when this happens)

Variables available in templates are listed below.

- This list is maintained by humans, so it may not always be perfect.
- Variables whose types are marked with ? may not always be available or may be None in some cases.
- Templates usually do not have access to the original TranslatableSetting variables, only to the current locale version (except NAVIGATION_LINKS).
- For function and setting documentation, please consult code documentation and default configuration respectively.
- Templates often create their own functions (macros), and import macros from other templates. Those macros are not listed here.
- This list has a partial documentation of post objects, but no other objects. For full docs, please consult the code, or auto-generated code docs on ReadTheDocs.

Variables and functions come from three places:

- the global context
- the local context of a page

• the templates themselves and the templates they import

Contents

- Global variables
- Per-page local variables
- Variables available in post pages (post.tmpl, page.tmpl etc.)
- Variables available in post lists
- Variables available in indexes
- Variables available in taxonomies
 - Templates and settings used by taxonomies
 - Classification overviews
 - Classification pages (lists)
 - Subclassification page
 - Hierarchical lists
- Variables available in archives
- Variables available in author pages
- Variables available in category pages
- Variables available in galleries
- Variables available in listings
- Variables available in sections
- Variables available in tag pages
- Variables available in the "Tags and categories" page (tags.tmpl)
- Variables available in shortcodes
- Variables available in post lists
- Post object attributes

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Global variables

Some variables on the global variables list may be None (the ? symbol is not used).

Name	Type	Description		
_link	function	Nikola.link function		
abs_link	function	Nikola.abs_link function		
atom_path	TranslatableSetting <str></str>	ATOM_PATH setting		
author_pages_generated	bool	False		
blog_author	TranslatableSetting <str></str>	BLOG_AUTHOR setting		
blog_email	str	BLOG_EMAIL setting		
blog_description	TranslatableSetting <str></str>	BLOG_DESCRIPTION setting		
blog_title	TranslatableSetting <str></str>	BLOG_TITLE setting		
blog_url	str	SITE_URL setting		
body_end	TranslatableSetting <str></str>	BODY_END setting		
colorize_str_from_base_color	function	utils.colorize_str_from_base_colorf		
color_hsl_adjust_hex	function utils.color_hsl_adjust_hex			
comment_system_id	str	COMMENT_SYSTEM_ID setting		
comment_system	str	COMMENT_SYSTEM setting		
content_footer	TranslatableSetting <str></str>	CONTENT_FOOTER setting		
data	dict	data files (from the data/ directory)		
date_fanciness	int	DATE_FANCINESS setting		
date_format	TranslatableSetting <str></str>	DATE_FORMAT setting		
exists	function	Nikola.file_exists function		
extra_head_data	TranslatableSetting <str></str>	EXTRA_HEAD_DATA setting		
favicons	tuple	FAVICONS setting		
front_index_header	TranslatableSetting <str></str>	FRONT_INDEX_HEADER setting		
generate_atom	bool GENERATE_ATOM setting			
generate_rss	bool GENERATE_RSS setting			
global_data	dict alias for data			
has_custom_css	bool	True if custom.css exists		
hidden_authors	list <str></str>	HIDDEN_AUTHORS setting		

Table 1 – continued from previous page

hidden_categories	Name	Type	Description
hidde_sourcelink bool			•
hide_sourcelink bool SHOW_SOURCLINK setting, negated index_display_post_count int INDEX_FILE_setting	_		
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use_katex bool USE_KATEX setting			
			THEME_REVEAL_CONFIG_SUBTHEME setting (c
			_
transition str? THEME_REVEAL_CONFIG_TRANSITION	transition	str?	THEME_REVEAL_CONFIG_TRANSITION setti

Per-page local variables

Those variables are available on all pages, but their contents are dependent on page contents.

Name	Туре	Description
description	str	Description of the page
is_rtl	bool	Whether or not the language is left-to-right
lang	str	Current language
pagekind	list <str></str>	List of strings that identify the type of this page (docs)
title	str	Title of the page (taken from post, config, etc.)
formatmsg	function	Wrapper over % string formatting
striphtml	function	Strips HTML tags (Mako only)
crumbs	list	Breadcrumbs for this page

$\mathsf{CHAPTER}\ 7$

Variables available in post pages (post.tmpl, page.tmpl etc.)

Name	Туре	Description
post	Post	The post object
permalink	str	Permanent link to the post
enable_comments	bool	True for posts, COMMENTS_IN_PAGES setting for pages

Variables available in post lists

Name	Туре	Description		
posts	list <post></post>	List of post objects that appear in this list		
prevlink	str	Link to previous page		
nextlink	str	Link to next page		

Variables available in indexes

Name	Туре	Description			
posts	list <post></post>	List of post objects that appear in this list			
index_teasers	bool	INDEX_TEASERS setting			
show_index_page_navigat	iboxol	SHOW_INDEX_PAGE_NAVIGATION setting			
current_page	int	Number of current page			
page_links	list <str></str>	Links to different pages			
prevlink	str	Link to previous page			
nextlink	str	Link to next page			
prevfeedlink	str	Link to previous page as an Atom feed			
nextfeedlink	str	Link to next page as an Atom feed			
prev_next_links_reverse	cbool	Whether or not previous and next links should be reversed			
		(INDEXES_STATIC)			
is_frontmost_index	bool	Whether or not this is the front-most index (page 0)			

Variables available in taxonomies

Variable names enclosed in <> are dependent on the taxonomy.

Taxonomy	Variable	Value
archive	overview_page_variable_name	archive
author	overview_page_variable_name	authors
category	overview_page_variable_name	categories
category	overview_page_items_variable_name	cat_items
category	overview_page_hierarchy_variable_name	cat_hierarchy
index	overview_page_variable_name	unavailable (None)
page_index_folder	overview_page_variable_name	page_folder
section_index	overview_page_variable_name	sections
tag	overview_page_variable_name	tags
tag	overview_page_items_variable_name	items

10.1 Templates and settings used by taxonomies

Taxon-	Has	List (one	Index (one	Overview	Subcate-	List is an in-	Show as	
omy	hier-	classifi-	classifi-	(list of clas-	gories list	dex	list of sub-	
	ar-	cation)	cation)	sifications)	template		categories	
	chy	template	template	template				
(default	no	tagin-	tagin-	list.tmpl	taxon-	no	no	
settings)		dex.tmpl	dex.tmpl		omy_list.tmpl			
					(does not			
					exist)			
archive	yes	list_post.tmpl	archivein-	list.tmpl	list.tmpl	ARCHIVES_A	REOUNDEXES	
	(0-3		dex.tmpl				CREATE_FU	LL_ARCHIVES
	lev-							
	els)							
author	no	author.tmpl	au-	authors.tmpl	n/a	AUTHOR_PAG	E 60 ARE_IND	EXES
			thorindex.tmpl					
categor	yyes	tag.tmpl	tagin-	tags.tmpl (with	n/a	CATEGORY_F	A 6/a S_ARE_I	NDEXES
			dex.tmpl	tags)				
index	no	n/a	index.tmpl	n/a	n/a	yes	no	
page_in	d yees_ fo	listetmpl	n/a	n/a	n/a	no	no	
section	_ nio ndex	k list.tmpl	sectionin-	n/a	n/a	POSTS_SECT	1 00 0/S_ARE_I	NDEXES
			dex.tmpl					
tag	no	tag.tmpl	tagin-	tags.tmpl (with	n/a	TAG_PAGES_	AROE_INDEXE	s
			dex.tmpl	categories)				

10.2 Classification overviews

Hierarchy-related variables are available if and only if has_hierarchy is True.

Name	Type	Description
<pre><overview_page_variable_na< pre=""></overview_page_variable_na<></pre>	ar ate >	List of classifications
<pre><overview_page_items_varia< pre=""></overview_page_items_varia<></pre>	albiste_	nlainteof items (name, link)
<pre><overview_page_items_varia< pre=""></overview_page_items_varia<></pre>	abbiste_	nlainteof items (name, link, number of posts)
+ "_with_postcount">		
<pre><overview_page_hierarchy_< pre=""></overview_page_hierarchy_<></pre>	≀ åist i?a	bList_ofamerarchies (name, full name, path, link, indent levels, indent
		to change before, indent to change after)
<pre><overview_page_hierarchy_< pre=""></overview_page_hierarchy_<></pre>	≀ åisti ?a	blist of hierarchies, with added counts (name, full name, path, link,
+ "_with_postcount">		indent levels, indent to change before, indent to change after, number
		of children, number of posts)
has_hierarchy	bool	Value of has_hierarchy for the taxonomy
permalink	str	Permanent link to page

10.3 Classification pages (lists)

Name	Туре	Description				
kind	str	The classification name				
items	list?	List of items for list.tmpl (title, permalink, None)				
posts	list <post>?</post>	List of items for other templates				
permalink	str	Permanent link to page				
other_languages	list <tuple></tuple>	List of triples (other_lang, other_classification,				
		title)				

Index-style classification pages have kind in addition to the usual index variables.

10.4 Subclassification page

Name	Туре	Desc	ription	1			
items	list?	List o	List of items				
permalink	str	Perma	Permanent link to page				
other_languages	list <tuple></tuple>	List	List of triples (other_lang, other_classification,				
		titl	e)				

10.5 Hierarchical lists

The indenting information can be used to render the items as a tree. The values have the following meanings:

- indent levels is a list of pairs (current_i, count_i) giving the current position (0, ..., count_i-1) and maximum (count_i) in the hierarchy level i;
- indent to change before is the difference of hierarchy levels between the previous and the current item; positive values indicate that the current item is indented further in and can be used to open HTML tags before the item:
- indent to change after is the difference of hierarchy levels between the current and the next item; negative values indicate that the current item is indented further in and can be used to close HTML tags after the item.

Example:

```
+--- levels:[(0,3)], before:1, after:0
+-+- levels:[(1,3)], before:0, after:1
| +--- levels:[(1,3), (0,2)], before:1, after:0
| +-+- levels:[(1,3), (1,2)], before:0, after:1
| +--- levels:[(1,3), (1,2), (0, 1)], before:1, after:-2
+-+- levels:[(2,3)], before:-2, after:1
+- levels:[(2,3), (0,1)], before:1, after:-2
```

See tags.tmpl in the base themes for examples on how to render a tree as nested unordered lists in HTML.

Variables available in archives

 $The \ archive \ navigation \ variables \ are \ available \ only \ if \ \texttt{create_archive_navigation} \ is \ True.$

Name	Туре	Description		
kind	str	Always "archive"		
archive_name	str?	Name of the archive (only if using indexes)		
create_archive_navigation	nbool	CREATE_ARCHIVE_NAVIGATION setting		
has_archive_navigation	bool	Whether or not archive navigation is available		
up_archive	str?	Link to the archive one level up		
up_archive_name	str?	Name of the archive one level up		
previous_archive	str?	Link to the previous archive		
previous_archive_name	str?	Name of the previous archive		
next_archive	str?	Link to the next archive		
next_archive_name	str?	Name of the next archive		
archive_nodelevel	int?	Level of the archive		
other_languages	list	List of tuples (lang, path, name) of same archive in other lan-		
		guages		

Variables available in author pages

Name	Type	Description
kind	str	Always "author"
author	str	Author name
rss_link	str	Link to RSS (HTML fragment)
other_languages	list <tuple></tuple>	List of tuples (lang, author, name) of same author in other lan-
		guages

Variables available in category pages

Name	Туре	Description		
kind	str	Always "category"		
category	str	Category name		
category_path	list <str></str>	Category hierarchy		
rss_link	str?	Link to RSS (HTML fragment, only if using indexes)		
subcategories	list	List of subcategories (contains <i>name</i> , <i>link</i> tuples)		
tag	str	Friendly category name		
other_languages	list <tuple></tuple>	List of tuples (lang, category, name) of same category in other lan-		
		guages		

Variables available in galleries

Name	Type	Description
crumbs	list	Breadcrumbs for this page
enable_comments	bool	Whether or not comments are enabled in galleries
folders	list	List of folders (contains path, title tuples)
permalink	str	Permanent link to this page
photo_array	list	Photo array (contains dicts with image data: url, url_thumb, title, size{w, h})
photo_array_json	str	Photo array in JSON format
post	Post?	The Post object for this gallery
thumbnail_size	int	THUMBNAIL_SIZE setting

Variables available in listings

Name	Туре	Description	
code	str	str Highlighted source code (HTML fragment)	
crumbs	list	list Breadcrumbs for this page	
folders	list <str> List of subfolders</str>		
files	list <str></str>	List of files in the folder	
source_link	str	Link to the source file	

Variables available in sections

Name	Type	Description
section	str	Section name (internal)
kind	str	Always "section"
other_languages	list <tuple></tuple>	List of tuples (lang, section, name) of same section in other lan-
		guages

Variables available in tag pages

Name	Туре	Description
kind	str	Always "tag"
tag	str	Tag name
other_languages	list <tuple></tuple>	List of tuples (lang, tag, name) of same tag in other languages

Variables available in the "Tags and categories" page (tags.tmpl)

Name	Type	Description
items	list	Tags (name, link)
cat_items	list	Categories (name, full name, path, link, indent levels, indent to change before, indent to change after)

For more details about hierarchies, see *Hierarchical lists*

Variables available in shortcodes

The global context is available in templated shortcodes.

Name	Type	Description
lang	str	Current language
_args	list <str></str>	Arguments given to the shortcode
data	str	Shortcode contents
post	Post	Post object (if available)
filename	str?	<pre>file name, if shortcode_function.nikola_shortcode_pass_filename =</pre>
		True

Variables available in post lists

The global context is NOT available in post lists.

Name	Туре	Description
posts	list <post></post>	Posts that are on the list
lang	str	Current language
date_format	str	The date format for current language
post_list_id	str	GUID of post list
messages	dict	The messages dictionary
_link	function	Nikola.link function

Post object attributes

Usable anywhere post objects are accessible.

This list only includes variables that make sense for templates. Some function signatures have been shortened to save space, ? means the argument has default value.

More docs: nikola.post.Post on ReadTheDocs. Check out the source of the Post class as well.

	_	
Name	Туре	Description
alltags	list <str></str>	All tags for the post
author(lang=None)	str	Localized author or B
base_path	str	cache path with loca
category_from_destpath	bool	If category was set by
data(key, lang=None)	?	Access to post data
date	datetime	Date of post (from me
description(key, lang=None)	str	Description of post (f
destination_path(lang?, extension?, sep?)	str	Destination path of po
formatted_date(date_format, date=None)	str	Format a date (default
formatted_updated(date_format)	str	Format the last update
guid(lang=None)	str	GUID of post (used for
has_math	bool	If the post has math
has_pretty_url(lang)	bool	If the post has a pretty
is_draft	bool	If the post is a draft
is_post	bool	If the post is not a page
is_private	bool	If the post is private
is_translation_available(lang)	bool	If the post is available
is_two_file	bool	If the post uses two-fi
meta(key, lang=None)	?	Metadata of the post (
next_post	Post	Next post in the order
paragraph_count	int	Paragraph count for a
permalink(lang?, absolute?, extension?, query?)	str	Permanent link for a p
post_name	str	Source path, without

Table 1 – continued from previous page

Name	Type	Description
post_status	str	Post status meta field
prev_post	Post	Previous post in the o
previewimage	str	Preview image of the
publish_later	bool	True if the post is not
reading_time	int	Approximate reading
remaining_paragraph_count	int	Paragraph count after
remaining_reading_time	int	Reading time after the
source_link	str	Absolute link to the p
tags	list <str></str>	Tags for the current la
tags_for_language(lang)	list <str></str>	Tags for a given lange
text(lang?, teaser_only?, strip_html?, show_read_more_link?,)	str	The text of a post
title(lang=None)	str	Localized title of pos
translated_to	list <str></str>	List of languages of p
updated	datetime	Date of last update (f
use_in_feeds	bool	If this post should be

Extending Nikola

Version 8.0.0

Author Roberto Alsina <ralsina@netmanagers.com.ar>

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 - TemplateSystem Plugins
 - Task Plugins
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 - MetadataExtractor Plugins
 - RestExtension Plugins
 - MarkdownExtension Plugins
 - SignalHandler Plugins
 - ConfigPlugin Plugins
 - PostScanner Plugins
- Plugin Index
- Path/Link Resolution Mechanism
- Template Hooks
- Shortcodes
 - Template-based Shortcodes
- State and Cache

Nikola is extensible. Almost all its functionality is based on plugins, and you can add your own or replace the provided ones.

Plugins consist of a metadata file (with .plugin extension) and a Python module (a .py file) or package (a folder containing a __init__.py file.

To use a plugin in your site, you just have to put it in a plugins folder in your site.

Plugins come in various flavours, aimed at extending different aspects of Nikola.

22.1 Command Plugins

When you run nikola --help you will see something like this:

```
$ nikola help
 Nikola is a tool to create static websites and blogs. For full documentation and more
 information, please visit https://getnikola.com/
 Available commands:
 nikola auto
                                                              automatically detect site changes, rebuild
 and optionally refresh a browser nikola bootswatch_theme given a swatch name from bootswatch.com and a
nikola bootswatch_theme given a swell
parent theme, creates a custom theme
nikola build run tasks
nikola check check links and files in the generated site
clean action / remove targets
nikola console start an interactive python console with access to
your site and configuration
deploy the site
deploy the site
deploy the site
clear successful run status from internal DB
nikola forget clear successful run status from internal DB
nikola ignore ignore task (skip) on subsequent runs
nikola import_blogger
nikola import_feed import a BSS/Atom dump
nikola import_wordpress import a WordPress dump
nikola init create a Nikola site in the specified folder
list tasks from dodo file
                                                create a new blog post or site page
run tasks
start the test webserver
use strace to list file_deps and targets
 nikola new_post
nikola run
 nikola serve
 nikola strace
                                                          manage themes
 nikola theme
 nikola version print the Nikola version number
 nikola help show help / reference
nikola help <command> show command usage
nikola help <task-name> show task usage
```

That will give you a list of all available commands in your version of Nikola. Each and every one of those is a plugin. Let's look at a typical example:

First, the serve.plugin file:

```
[Core]
Name = serve
Module = serve

[Documentation]
Author = Roberto Alsina
Version = 0.1
Website = https://getnikola.com
Description = Start test server.
```

Note: If you want to publish your plugin on the Plugin Index, read the docs for the Index (and the .plugin file examples and explanations).

For your own plugin, just change the values in a sensible way. The Module will be used to find the matching Python module, in this case serve.py, from which this is the interesting bit:

```
from nikola.plugin_categories import Command
# You have to inherit Command for this to be a
# command plugin:
class CommandServe(Command):
    """Start test server."""
   name = "serve"
   doc_usage = "[options]"
   doc_purpose = "start the test webserver"
   cmd_options = (
        {
            'name': 'port',
            'short': 'p',
            'long': 'port'
            'default': 8000,
            'type': int,
            'help': 'Port number (default: 8000)',
        },
            'name': 'address',
            'short': 'a',
            'long': '--address',
            'type': str,
            'default': '127.0.0.1',
            'help': 'Address to bind (default: 127.0.0.1)',
        },
    )
    def _execute(self, options, args):
        """Start test server."""
        out_dir = self.site.config['OUTPUT_FOLDER']
        if not os.path.isdir(out_dir):
            print("Error: Missing '{0}' folder?".format(out_dir))
        else:
            os.chdir(out_dir)
            httpd = HTTPServer((options['address'], options['port']),
```

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```
OurHTTPRequestHandler)
sa = httpd.socket.getsockname()
print("Serving HTTP on", sa[0], "port", sa[1], "...")
httpd.serve_forever()
```

As mentioned above, a plugin can have options, which the user can see by doing nikola help command and can later use, for example:

So, what can you do with commands? Well, anything you want, really. I have implemented a sort of planet using it. So, be creative, and if you do something interesting, let me know;-)

22.2 TemplateSystem Plugins

Nikola supports Mako and Jinja2. If you prefer some other templating system, then you will have to write a TemplateSystem plugin. Here's how they work. First, you have to create a .plugin file. Here's the one for the Mako plugin:

```
[Core]
Name = mako
Module = mako

[Documentation]
Author = Roberto Alsina
Version = 0.1
Website = https://getnikola.com
Description = Support for Mako templates.
```

Note: If you want to publish your plugin on the Plugin Index, read the docs for the Index (and the .plugin file examples and explanations).

You will have to replace "mako" with your template system's name, and other data in the obvious ways.

The "Module" option is the name of the module, which has to look something like this, a stub for a hypothetical system called "Templater":

```
from nikola.plugin_categories import TemplateSystem

# You have to inherit TemplateSystem

class TemplaterTemplates(TemplateSystem):
    """Wrapper for Templater templates."""
```

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```
# name has to match Name in the .plugin file
name = "templater"
# A list of directories where the templates will be
# located. Most template systems have some sort of
# template loading tool that can use this.
def set_directories(self, directories, cache_folder):
    """Sets the list of folders where templates are located and cache."""
   pass
# You *must* implement this, even if to return []
# It should return a list of all the files that,
# when changed, may affect the template's output.
# usually this involves template inheritance and
# inclusion.
def template_deps(self, template_name):
    """Returns filenames which are dependencies for a template."""
    return []
def render_template(self, template_name, output_name, context):
    """Renders template to a file using context.
    This must save the data to output_name *and* return it
    so that the caller may do additional processing.
   pass
# The method that does the actual rendering.
# template_name is the name of the template file,
# context is a dictionary containing the data the template
# uses for rendering.
def render_template_to_string(self, template, context):
    """Renders template to a string using context. """
   pass
def inject_directory(self, directory):
    """Injects the directory with the lowest priority in the
    template search mechanism."""
    pass
```

You can see a real example in the Jinja plugin

22.3 Task Plugins

If you want to do something that depends on the data in your site, you probably want to do a Task plugin, which will make it be part of the nikola build command. These are the currently available tasks, all provided by plugins:

Other Tasks

There are also LateTask plugins, which are executed later, and TaskMultiplier plugins that take a task and create more tasks out of it.

22.3. Task Plugins 127

```
$ nikola list
Scanning posts....done!
build bundles
build_less
copy_assets
copy_files
post_render
redirect
render_archive
render_galleries
render_galleries_clean
render_indexes
render_listings
render_pages
render_posts
render_rss
render_site
render_sources
render_tags
sitemap
```

These have access to the site object which contains your timeline and your configuration.

The critical bit of Task plugins is their gen_tasks method, which yields doit tasks.

The details of how to handle dependencies, etc., are a bit too much for this document, so I'll just leave you with an example, the <code>copy_assets</code> task. First the <code>task_copy_assets.plugin</code> file, which you should copy and edit in the logical ways:

```
[Core]
Name = copy_assets
Module = task_copy_assets

[Documentation]
Author = Roberto Alsina
Version = 0.1
Website = https://getnikola.com
Description = Copy theme assets into output.
```

Note: If you want to publish your plugin on the Plugin Index, read the docs for the Index (and the .plugin file examples and explanations).

And the task_copy_assets.py file, in its entirety:

```
import os

from nikola.plugin_categories import Task
from nikola import utils

# Have to inherit Task to be a task plugin
class CopyAssets(Task):
    """Copy theme assets into output."""

    name = "copy_assets"

# This yields the tasks
```

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```
def gen_tasks(self):
    """Create tasks to copy the assets of the whole theme chain.
    If a file is present on two themes, use the version
    from the "youngest" theme.
    # I put all the configurations and data the plugin uses
    # in a dictionary because utils.config_changed will
    # make it so that if these change, this task will be
    # marked out of date, and run again.
   kw = {
        "themes": self.site.THEMES,
        "output_folder": self.site.config['OUTPUT_FOLDER'],
        "filters": self.site.config['FILTERS'],
   tasks = {}
    for theme_name in kw['themes']:
        src = os.path.join(utils.get_theme_path(theme_name), 'assets')
       dst = os.path.join(kw['output_folder'], 'assets')
        for task in utils.copy_tree(src, dst):
            if task['name'] in tasks:
                continue
            tasks[task['name']] = task
            task['uptodate'] = task.get('uptodate', []) + \
                [utils.config_changed(kw)]
            task['basename'] = self.name
            # If your task generates files, please do this.
            yield utils.apply_filters(task, kw['filters'])
```

22.4 PageCompiler Plugins

These plugins implement markup languages, they take sources for posts or pages and create HTML or other output files. A good example is the misaka plugin or the built-in compiler plugins.

They must provide:

compile Function that builds a file.

create_post Function that creates an empty file with some metadata in it.

If the compiler produces something other than HTML files, it should also implement extension which returns the preferred extension for the output file.

These plugins can also be used to extract metadata from a file. To do so, the plugin must set supports_metadata to True and implement read_metadata that will return a dict containing the metadata contained in the file. Optionally, it may list metadata_conditions (see *MetadataExtractor Plugins* below)

22.5 MetadataExtractor Plugins

Plugins that extract metadata from posts. If they are based on post content, they must implement _extract_metadata_from_text (takes source of a post returns a dict of metadata). They may also im-

plement split_metadata_from_text, extract_text. If they are based on filenames, they only need extract filename. If support write is set to True, write metadata must be implemented.

Every extractor must be configured properly. The name, source (from the MetaSource enum in metadata_extractors) and priority (MetaPriority) fields are mandatory. There might also be a list of conditions (tuples of MetaCondition, arg), used to check if an extractor can provide metadata, a compiled regular expression used to split metadata (split_metadata_re, may be None, used by default split_metadata_from_text), a list of requirements (3-tuples: import name, pip name, friendly name), map_from (name of METADATA_MAPPING to use, if any) and supports_write (whether the extractor supports writing metadata in the desired format).

For more details, see the definition in plugin_categories.py and default extractors in metadata_extractors.py.

22.6 RestExtension Plugins

Implement directives for reStructuredText, see media.py for a simple example.

If your output depends on a config value, you need to make your post record a dependency on a pseudo-path, like this:

####MAGIC####CONFIG:OPTIONNAME

Then, whenever the OPTIONNAME option is changed in conf.py, the file will be rebuilt.

If your directive depends or may depend on the whole timeline (like the post-list directive, where adding new posts to the site could make it stale), you should record a dependency on the pseudo-path ####MAGIC####TIMELINE.

22.7 MarkdownExtension Plugins

Implement Markdown extensions, see mdx_nikola.py for a simple example.

Note that Python markdown extensions are often also available as separate packages. This is only meant to ship extensions along with Nikola.

22.8 SignalHandler Plugins

These plugins extend the SignalHandler class and connect to one or more signals via blinker.

The easiest way to do this is to reimplement set_site() and just connect to whatever signals you want there.

Currently Nikola emits the following signals:

sighandlers_loaded Right after SignalHandler plugin activation.

initialized When all tasks are loaded.

configured When all the configuration file is processed. Note that plugins are activated before this is emitted.

scanned After posts are scanned.

new_post / new_page When a new post is created, using the nikola new_post/nikola new_page commands. The signal data contains the path of the file, and the metadata file (if there is one).

existing_post / existing_page When a new post fails to be created due to a title conflict. Contains the same
data as new_post.

deployed When the nikola deploy command is run, and there is at least one new entry/post since last_deploy. The signal data is of the form:

```
{
  'last_deploy: # datetime object for the last deployed time,
  'new_deploy': # datetime object for the current deployed time,
  'clean': # whether there was a record of a last deployment,
  'deployed': # all files deployed after the last deploy,
  'undeployed': # all files not deployed since they are either future posts/drafts
}
```

compiled When a post/page is compiled from its source to html, before anything else is done with it. The signal data is in the form:

```
{
  'source': # the path to the source file
  'dest': # the path to the cache file for the post/page
  'post': # the Post object for the post/page
}
```

One example is the deploy_hooks plugin.

22.9 ConfigPlugin Plugins

Does nothing specific, can be used to modify the site object (and thus the config).

Put all the magic you want in set_site(), and don't forget to run the one from super(). Example plugin: navstories

22.10 PostScanner Plugins

Get posts and pages from "somewhere" to be added to the timeline. The only currently existing plugin of this kind reads them from disk.

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Plugin Index

There is a plugin index, which stores all of the plugins for Nikola people wanted to share with the world.

You may want to read the README for the Index if you want to publish your package there.

Path/Link Resolution Mechanism

Any plugin can register a function using Nikola.register_path_handler to allow resolution of paths and links. These are useful for templates, which can access them via _link.

For example, you can always get a link to the path for the feed of the "foo" tag by using $_{link}('tag_rss', foo')$ or the link://tag_rss/foo URL.

Here's the relevant code from the tag plugin.

CHAPTER 25

Template Hooks

Plugins can use a hook system for adding stuff into templates. In order to use it, a plugin must register itself. The following hooks currently exist:

- extra_head (not equal to the config option!)
- body_end (not equal to the config option!)
- page_header
- menu
- menu_alt (right-side menu in bootstrap, after menu in base)
- page_footer

For example, in order to register a script into extra_head:

```
# In set_site
site.template_hooks['extra_head'].append('<script src="/assets/js/fancyplugin.js">')
```

There is also another API available. It allows use of dynamically generated HTML:

```
# In set_site
def generate_html_bit(name, ftype='js'):
    """Generate HTML for an asset."""
    return '<script src="/assets/{t}/{n}.{t}">'.format(n=name, t=ftype)

site.template_hooks['extra_head'].append(generate_html_bit, False, 'fancyplugin',__
    ftype='js')
```

The second argument to append() is used to determine whether the function needs access to the current template context and the site. If it is set to True, the function will also receive site and context keyword arguments. Example use:

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```
"""Greet someone."""

if context['lang'] == 'en':
    greet = u'Hello'

elif context['lang'] == 'es':
    greet = u';Hola'

t = u' BLOG_TITLE = {0}'.format(site.config['BLOG_TITLE'](context['lang']))

return u'<h3>{greet} {addr}{endswith}</h3>'.format(greet=greet, addr=addr, endswith=endswith) + t

site.template_hooks['page_header'].append(greeting, True, u'Nikola Tesla', endswith=u \( \dots'!') \)
```

Dependencies for template hooks:

- if the input is a string, the string value, alongside arguments to append, is used for calculating dependencies
- if the input is a callable, it attempts input.template_registry_identifier, then input. __doc__, and if neither is available, it uses a static string.

Make sure to provide at least a docstring, or a identifier, to ensure rebuilds work properly.

CHAPTER 26

Shortcodes

Some (hopefully all) markup compilers support shortcodes in these forms:

```
{{% raw %}}{{% foo %}} # No arguments
{{% foo bar %}} # One argument, containing "bar"
{{% foo bar baz=bat %}} # Two arguments, one containing "bar", one called "baz"_
→containing "bat"

{{% foo %}}Some text{{% /foo %}} # one argument called "data" containing "Some text"{
→{% /raw %}}
```

So, if you are creating a plugin that generates markup, it may be a good idea to register it as a shortcode in addition of to restructured text directive or markdown extension, thus making it available to all markup formats.

To implement your own shortcodes from a plugin, you can create a plugin inheriting ShortcodePlugin and from its set_site method, call

Nikola.register_shortcode (name, func) with the following arguments:

name: Name of the shortcode ("foo" in the examples above)

func: A function that will handle the shortcode

The shortcode handler must return a two-element tuple, (output, dependencies)

output: The text that will replace the shortcode in the document.

dependencies: A list of all the files on disk which will make the output be considered out of date. For example, if the shortcode uses a template, it should be the path to the template file.

The shortcode handler **must** accept the following named arguments (or variable keyword arguments):

site: An instance of the Nikola class, to access site state

data: If the shortcut is used as opening/closing tags, it will be the text between them, otherwise None.

lang: The current language.

If the shortcode tag has arguments of the form foo=bar they will be passed as named arguments. Everything else will be passed as positional arguments in the function call.

So, for example:

```
 \{ \{ \text{% raw \%} \} \} \{ \{ \text{% foo bar baz=bat beep \%} \} \} Some \ \text{text} \{ \{ \text{% /foo \%} \} \} \{ \{ \text{% /raw \%} \} \}
```

Assuming you registered foo_handler as the handler function for the shortcode named foo, this will result in the following call when the above shortcode is encountered:

```
foo_handler("bar", "beep", baz="bat", data="Some text", site=whatever)
```

26.1 Template-based Shortcodes

Another way to define a new shortcode is to add a template file to the shortcodes directory of your site. The template file must have the shortcode name as the basename and the extension .tmpl. For example, if you want to add a new shortcode named foo, create the template file as shortcodes/foo.tmpl.

When the shortcode is encountered, the matching template will be rendered with its context provided by the arguments given in the shortcode. Keyword arguments are passed directly, i.e. the key becomes the variable name in the template namespace with a matching string value. Non-keyword arguments are passed as string values in a tuple named <code>_args</code>. As for normal shortcodes with a handler function, <code>site</code> and <code>data</code> will be added to the keyword arguments.

Example:

The following shortcode:

```
{{% raw %}}{{% foo bar="baz" spam %}}{{% /raw %}}
```

With a template in shortcodes/foo.tmpl with this content (using Jinja2 syntax in this example)

```
<div class="{{ _args[0] if _args else 'ham' }}">{{ bar }}</div>
```

Will result in this output

```
<div class="spam">baz</div>
```

State and Cache

Sometimes your plugins will need to cache things to speed up further actions. Here are the conventions for that:

- If it's a file, put it somewhere in self.site.config['CACHE_FOLDER'] (defaults to cache/.
- If it's a value, use self.site.cache.set(key, value) to set it and self.site.cache. get(key) to get it. The key should be a string, the value should be json-encodable (so, be careful with datetime objects)

The values and files you store there can **and will** be deleted sometimes by the user. They should always be things you can reconstruct without lossage. They are throwaways.

On the other hand, sometimes you want to save something that is **not** a throwaway. These are things that may change the output, so the user should not delete them. We call that **state**. To save state:

- If it's a file, put it somewhere in the working directory. Try not to do that please.
- If it's a value, use self.site.state.set(key, value) to set it and self.state.cache. get(key) to get it. The key should be a string, the value should be json-encodable (so, be careful with datetime objects)

The cache and state objects are rather simplistic, and that's intentional. They have no default values: if the key is not there, you will get None and like it. They are meant to be both threadsafe, but hey, who can guarantee that sort of thing?

There are no sections, and no access protection, so let's not use it to store passwords and such. Use responsibly.

Nikola Internals

When trying to guide someone into adding a feature in Nikola, it hit me that while the way it's structured makes sense to me it is far from obvious.

So, this is a short document explaining what each piece of Nikola does and how it all fits together.

Nikola is a Pile of Plugins Most of Nikola is implemented as plugins using Yapsy. You can ignore that they are plugins and just think of them as regular python modules and packages with a funny little .plugin file next to them.

So, 90% of the time, what you want to do is either write a new plugin or extend an existing one.

There are several kinds of plugins, all implementing interfaces defined in nikola/plugin_categories. py and documented in Extending Nikola

If your plugin has a dependency, please make sure it doesn't make Nikola throw an exception when the dependency is missing. Try to fail gracefully with an informative message.

Commands are plugins When you use nikola foo you are using the plugin command/foo. Those are used to extend Nikola's command line. Their interface is defined in the Command class. They take options and arguments and do whatever you want, so go wild.

The build command is special The build command triggers a whole lot of things, and is the core of Nikola because it's the one that you use to build sites. So it deserves its own section.

28.1 The Build Command

Nikola's goal is similar, deep at heart, to a Makefile. Take sources, compile them into something, in this case a website. Instead of a Makefile, Nikola uses doit

Doit has the concept of "tasks". The 1 minute summary of tasks is that they have:

actions What the task does. For example, convert a markdown document into HTML.

dependencies If this file changes, then we need to redo the actions. If this configuration option changes, redo it, etc.

targets Files that the action generates. No two actions can have the same targets.

basename:name Each task is identified by either a name or a basename:name pair.

More about tasks

If you ever want to do your own tasks, you really should read the doit documentation on tasks

So, what Nikola does, when you use the build command, is to read the configuration conf.py from the current folder, instantiate the Nikola class, and have it generate a whole list of tasks for doit to process. Then doit will decide which tasks need doing, and do them, in the right order.

The place where the tasks are generated is in Nikola.gen_tasks, which collects tasks from all the plugins inheriting BaseTask, massages them a bit, then passes them to doit.

So, if you want things to happen on build you want to create a Task plugin, or extend one of the existing ones.

Tests

While Nikola is not a hardcore TDD project, we like tests. So, please add them if you can. You can write unit tests or integration tests. (Doctests are not supported anymore due to fragility.)

28.2 Posts and Pages

Nikola has a concept of posts and pages. Both are more or less the same thing, except posts are added into RSS feeds and pages are not. All of them are in a list called "the timeline" formed by objects of class Post.

When you are creating a task that needs the list of posts and/or pages (for example, the RSS creation plugin) on task execution time, your plugin should call self.site.scan_posts() in gen_tasks to ensure the timeline is created and available in self.site.timeline. You should not modify the timeline, because it will cause consistency issues.

scan posts

The Nikola.scan_posts function can be used in plugins to force the timeline creation, for example, while creating the tasks.

Your plugin can use the timeline to generate "stuff" (technical term). For example, Nikola comes with plugins that use the timeline to create a website (surprised?).

The workflow included with nikola is as follows (incomplete!):

- 1. The post is assigned a compiler based on its extension and the COMPILERS option.
- 2. The compiler is applied to the post data and a "HTML fragment" is produced. That fragment is stored in a cache (the posts plugin).
- 3. The configured theme has templates (and a template engine), which are applied to the post's HTML fragment and metadata (the pages plugin).
- 4. The original sources for the post are copied to some accessible place (the sources plugin).
- 5. If the post is tagged, some pages and RSS feeds for each tag are updated (the tags plugin).
- 6. If the post is new, it's included in the blog's RSS feed (the rss plugin).

- 7. The post is added in the right place in the index pages for the blog (the indexes plugin).
- 8. CSS/JS/Images for the theme are put in the right places (the copy_assets and bundles plugins).
- 9. A File describing the whole site is created (the sitemap plugin).

You can add whatever you want to that list: just create a plugin for it.

You can also expand Nikola's capabilities at several points:

compilers Nikola supports a variety of markups. If you want to add another one, you need to create a Compiler plugin.

templates Nikola's themes can use Jinja2 or Mako templates. If you prefer another template system, you have to create a TemplateSystem plugin.

themes To change how the generated site looks, you can create custom themes.

And of course, you can also replace or extend each of the existing plugins.

CHAPTER 29

Nikola Architecture

CHAPTER 30

Using Alternative Social Buttons with Nikola

Version 8.0.0

Contents

- Using Alternative Social Buttons with Nikola
 - The Default
 - ShareNice
 - SocialSharePrivacy
 - * The Hard Way
 - * The Easy Way

30.1 The Default

By Default, the themes provided with Nikola will add to your pages a "slide in" widget at the bottom right of the page, provided by Addthis. This is the HTML code for that:

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```
<!-- End of social buttons -->
```

You can change that using the SOCIAL_BUTTONS_CODE option in your conf.py. In some cases, just doing that will be enough but in others, it won't. This document tries to describe all the bits involved in making this work correctly.

- **Part 1: SOCIAL_BUTTONS_CODE** Social sharing services like addthis and others will provide you a HTML snippet. If it is self-contained, then just setting SOCIAL_BUTTONS_CODE may be enough. Try:-)
- Part 2: The theme The SOCIAL_BUTTONS_CODE HTML fragment will be embedded *somewhere* by the theme. Whether that is the correct place or not is not something the theme author can truly know, so it is possible that you may have to tweak the base.html template to make it look good.
- Part 3: BODY_END and EXTRA_HEAD_DATA Some social sharing code requires JS execution that depends on JQuery being available (example: SocialSharePrivacy). It's good practice (and often, the only way that will work) to put those at the end of <BODY>, and one easy way to do that is to put them in BODY_END

On the other hand, it's possible that it requires you to load some CSS files. The right place for that is in the document's <heatly so they should be added in EXTRA_HEAD_DATA

Part 4: assets For sharing code that doesn't rely on a social sharing service, you may need to add CSS, Image, or JS files to your site

30.2 ShareNice

Sharenice is "written in order to provide social sharing features to web developers and website administrators who wish to maintain and protect their users' privacy" which sounds cool to me.

Let's go step by step into integrating the hosted version of ShareNice into a Nikola site.

For testing purposes, let's do it on a demo site:

```
$ nikola init --demo sharenice_test
A new site with example data has been created at sharenice_test.
See README.txt in that folder for more information.
$ cd sharenice_test/
```

To see what's going on, let's start Nikola in "auto mode". This should build the site and open a web browser showing the default configuration, with the AddThis widget:

```
$ nikola auto -b
```

First, let's add the HTML snippet that will show the sharing options. In your conf.py, set this, which is the HTML code suggested by ShareNice:

And you should now see a sharing box at the bottom right of the page.

Main problem remaining is that it doesn't really look good and integrated in the page layout. I suggest changing the code to this which looks nicer, but still has some placement issues:

```
SOCIAL_BUTTONS_CODE = """<div id="shareNice" data-share-label="Share"
data-color-scheme="black" data-icon-size="32" data-panel-bottom="plain"
data-services="plus.google.com, facebook.com, email, twitter.com"
style="position: absolute; left: 20px; top: 60px;"></div>"""
```

If anyone comes up with a better idea of styling/placement, just let me know ;-)

One bad bit of this so far is that you are now using a script from another site, and that doesn't let Nikola perform as many optimizations to your page as it could. So, if you really want to go the extra mile to save a few KB and round trips, you *could* install your own copy from the github repo and use that instead of the copy at sharenice.org.

Then, you can create your own theme inheriting from the one you are using and add the CSS and JS files from ShareNice into your bundles configuration so they are combined and minified.

30.3 SocialSharePrivacy

30.3.1 The Hard Way

SocialSharePrivacy is "a jQuery plugin that lets you add social share buttons to your website that don't allow the social sites to track your users." Nice!

Let's go step-by-step into integrating SocialSharePrivacy into a Nikola site. To improve privacy, they recommend you not use the hosted service so we'll do it the hard way, by getting and distributing everything in our own site.

https://github.com/panzi/SocialSharePrivacy

For testing purposes, let's do it on a demo site:

```
$ nikola init --demo ssp_test
A new site with example data has been created at ssp_test.
See README.txt in that folder for more information.
$ cd ssp_test/
```

To see what's going on, let's start Nikola in "auto mode". This should build the site and open a web browser showing the default configuration, with the AddThis widget:

```
$ nikola auto -b
```

Now, download the current version and unzip it. You will have a SocialSharePrivacy-master folder with lots of stuff in it.

First, we need to build it (this requires a working and modern uglifyjs, this may not be easy):

```
$ cd SocialSharePrivacy-master
$ sh build.sh -m gplus,twitter,facebook,mail -s "/assets/css/socialshareprivacy.css" -
→a off
```

You will now have several files in a build folder. We need to bring them into the site:

```
$ cp -Rv SocialSharePrivacy-master/build/* files/
$ cp -R SocialSharePrivacy-master/images/ files/assets/
```

Edit your conf.py:

```
BODY_END = """
<script src="/javascripts/jquery.socialshareprivacy.min.js"></script>
<script>
$ (document).ready(function () {
    $ ('.share').socialSharePrivacy();
});
</script>
"""

SOCIAL_BUTTONS_CODE = """<div class="share"></div>"""
```

In my experience this produces a broken, duplicate, semi-working thing. YMMV and if you make it work correctly, let me know how :-)

30.3.2 The Easy Way

Go to http://panzi.github.io/SocialSharePrivacy/ and use the provided form to get the code. Make sure you check "I already use JQuery" if you are using one of the themes that require it, like site or default, select the services you want, and use your disqus name if you have one.

It will give you 3 code snippets:

"Insert this once in the head of your page" Put it in BODY_END

"Insert this wherever you want a share widget displayed" Put it in SOCIAL_BUTTONS_CODE

"Insert this once anywhere after the other code" Put it in BODY_END

That should give you a working integration (not tested)

Nikola supports special links with the syntax link://kind/name. In templates you can also use _link (kind, name). You can add query strings (?key=value) for extra arguments, or pass keyword arguments to _link in templates (support and behavior depends on path handlers themselves). Fragments (#anchor) will be appended to the transformed link.

Here are the descriptions for all the supported kinds.

archive Link to archive path, name is the year.

Example:

link://archive/2013 => /archives/2013/index.html

author Link to an author's page.

Example:

link://author/joe => /authors/joe.html

author_atom Link to an author's Atom feed.

Example:

link://author_atom/joe => /authors/joe.atom

author index Link to the authors index.

Example:

link://authors/ => /authors/index.html

```
author rss Link to an author's RSS feed.
```

Example:

link://author_rss/joe => /authors/joe.xml

category A link to a category. Takes page number as optional keyword argument.

Example:

link://category/dogs => /categories/dogs.html

category_atom A link to a category's Atom feed.

Example:

link://category_atom/dogs => /categories/dogs.atom

category_index A link to the category index.

Example:

link://category_index => /categories/index.html

category_rss A link to a category's RSS feed.

Example:

link://category_rss/dogs => /categories/dogs.xml

filename Link to post or page by source filename.

Example:

link://filename/manual.txt => /docs/handbook.html

gallery Link to an image gallery's path.

It will try to find a gallery with that name if it's not ambiguous or with that path. For example:

link://gallery/london => /galleries/trips/london/index.html

link://gallery/trips/london => /galleries/trips/london/index.html

gallery_global Link to the global gallery path, which contains all the images in galleries.

There is only one copy of an image on multilingual blogs, in the site root.

link://gallery_global/london => /galleries/trips/london/index.html

link://gallery_global/trips/london => /galleries/trips/london/index.html

(a gallery link could lead to eg. /en/galleries/trips/london/index.html)

gallery rss Link to an image gallery's RSS feed.

It will try to find a gallery with that name if it's not ambiguous or with that path. For example:

link://gallery_rss/london => /galleries/trips/london/rss.xml

link://gallery_rss/trips/london => /galleries/trips/london/rss.xml

index Link to a numbered index.

Example:

link://index/3 => /index-3.html

```
index atom Link to a numbered Atom index.
      Example:
      link://index_atom/3 => /index-3.atom
index_rss A link to the RSS feed path.
      Example:
      link://rss => /blog/rss.xml
listing Return a link to a listing.
      It will try to use the file name if it's not ambiguous, or the file path.
      Example:
      link://listing/hello.py => /listings/tutorial/hello.py.html
      link://listing/tutorial/hello.py => /listings/tutorial/hello.py.html
listing_source Return a link to the source code for a listing.
      It will try to use the file name if it's not ambiguous, or the file path.
      Example:
      link://listing_source/hello.py => /listings/tutorial/hello.py
      link://listing source/tutorial/hello.py => /listings/tutorial/hello.py
post_path Link to the destination of an element in the POSTS/PAGES settings.
      Example:
      link://post_path/posts => /blog
root Link to the current language's root.
      Example:
      link://root_path => /
      link://root_path => /translations/spanish/
rss A link to the RSS feed path.
      Example:
      link://rss => /blog/rss.xml
slug Return a link to a post with given slug, if not ambiguous.
      Example:
      link://slug/yellow-camaro => /posts/cars/awful/yellow-camaro/index.html
tag A link to a tag's page. Takes page number as optional keyword argument.
      Example:
      link://tag/cats => /tags/cats.html
tag_atom A link to a tag's Atom feed.
      Example:
      link://tag atom/cats => /tags/cats.atom
```

tag_index A link to the tag index.

Example:

link://tag_index => /tags/index.html

tag_rss A link to a tag's RSS feed.

Example:

link://tag_rss/cats => /tags/cats.xml

CHAPTER 31

nikola

31.1 nikola package

31.1.1 Subpackages

31.1.1.1 nikola.packages package

31.1.1.1.1 Subpackages

nikola.packages.datecond package

Module contents

Date range parser.

nikola.packages.datecond.date_in_range (date_range, date, debug=False, now=None) Check if date is in the range specified.

Format: * comma-separated clauses (AND) * clause: attribute comparison_operator value (spaces optional)

- attribute: year, month, day, hour, month, second, weekday, isoweekday or empty for full datetime
- comparison_operator: == != <= >= <>
- value: integer, 'now' or dateutil-compatible date input

The optional *now* parameter can be used to provide a specific *now* value (if none is provided, date-time.now() is used).

nikola.packages.tzlocal package

Submodules

nikola.packages.tzlocal.darwin module

```
tzlocal for OS X.
```

```
nikola.packages.tzlocal.darwin.get_localzone()
Get the computers configured local timezone, if any.

nikola.packages.tzlocal.darwin.reload_localzone()
Reload the cached localzone. You need to call this if the timezone has changed.
```

nikola.packages.tzlocal.unix module

```
tzlocal for UNIX.
```

```
nikola.packages.tzlocal.unix.get_localzone()
Get the computers configured local timezone, if any.

nikola.packages.tzlocal.unix.reload_localzone()
Reload the cached localzone. You need to call this if the timezone has changed.
```

nikola.packages.tzlocal.win32 module

```
tzlocal for Windows.
```

```
nikola.packages.tzlocal.win32.get_localzone()
Return the zoneinfo-based tzinfo object that matches the Windows-configured timezone.

nikola.packages.tzlocal.win32.get_localzone_name()
Get local time zone name.

nikola.packages.tzlocal.win32.reload_localzone()
Reload the cached localzone. You need to call this if the timezone has changed.

nikola.packages.tzlocal.win32.valuestodict(key)
Convert a registry key's values to a dictionary.
```

nikola.packages.tzlocal.windows tz module

Windows timezone names.

Module contents

tzlocal init.

31.1.1.1.2 Module contents

Third-party packages for Nikola.

31.1.1.2 nikola.plugins package

31.1.1.2.1 Subpackages

nikola.plugins.command package

Subpackages

nikola.plugins.command.auto package

Module contents

```
Automatic rebuilds for Nikola.
class nikola.plugins.command.auto.CommandAuto(*args, **kwargs)
     Bases: :class:'nikola.plugin_categories.Command'
     Automatic rebuilds for Nikola.
     cmd_options = [{'help': 'Port number (default: 8000)', 'default': 8000, 'long':
     delta_last_rebuild = datetime.timedelta(0, 0, 100000)
     dns sd = None
     doc_purpose = 'builds and serves a site; automatically detects site changes, rebuilds,
     has_server = True
     name = 'auto'
     reload_page (event)
         Reload the page.
     run_nikola_build(event)
         Rebuild the site.
     run_rebuild_queue()
         Run rebuilds from a queue (Nikola can only build in a single instance).
     send_to_websockets (message)
         Send a message to all open WebSockets.
     serve_livereload_js(request)
         Handle requests to /livereload.js and serve the JS file.
     serve_robots_txt (request)
         Handle requests to /robots.txt.
     websocket_handler(request)
         Handle requests to /livereload and initiate WebSocket communication.
class nikola.plugins.command.auto.ConfigEventHandler(configuration_filename, func-
                                                                 tion, loop)
     Bases: :class:'nikola.plugins.command.auto.NikolaEventHandler'
     A Nikola-specific handler for Watchdog that handles the config file (as a workaround).
     on any event (event)
```

Handle file events if they concern the configuration file.

```
class nikola.plugins.command.auto.IndexHtmlStaticResource (modify_html=True,
                                                                       snippet='</head>',
                                                                       *args, **kwargs)
     Bases: :class:'aiohttp.web_urldispatcher.StaticResource'
     A StaticResource implementation that serves /index.html in directory roots.
     handle_file (request, filename, from_index=None)
         Handle file requests.
     modify_html = True
     snippet = '</head>'
     transform_html (text)
         Apply some transforms to HTML content.
class nikola.plugins.command.auto.NikolaEventHandler(function, loop)
     Bases: :class:'object'
     A Nikola-specific event handler for Watchdog. Based on code from hachiko.
     dispatch (event)
         Dispatch events to handler.
     on_any_event (event)
         Handle all file events.
nikola.plugins.command.auto.windows_ctrlc_workaround()
     Work around bpo-23057.
nikola.plugins.command.rst2html package
Module contents
Compile reStructuredText to HTML, using Nikola architecture.
class nikola.pluqins.command.rst2html.CommandRst2Html(*args, **kwargs)
     Bases: :class:'nikola.plugin_categories.Command'
     Compile reStructuredText to HTML, using Nikola architecture.
     doc_purpose = 'compile reStructuredText to HTML files'
     doc_usage = 'infile'
     name = 'rst2html'
     needs_config = False
Submodules
nikola.plugins.command.bootswatch theme module
nikola.plugins.command.check module
Check the generated site.
```

```
class nikola.plugins.command.check.CommandCheck(*args, **kwargs)
    Bases: :class:'nikola.plugin_categories.Command'
    Check the generated site.
    analyze (fname, find_sources=False, check_remote=False)
         Analyze links on a page.
    cache = {}
    checked_remote_targets = {}
    clean_files()
         Remove orphaned files.
    cmd_options = [{'help': 'Check for dangling links', 'default': False, 'long':
                                                                                                   'chec
    doc_purpose = 'check links and files in the generated site'
    doc_usage = '[-v] (-l [--find-sources] [-r] | -f [--clean-files])'
    existing_targets = set()
    name = 'check'
    scan files()
         Check files in the site, find missing and orphaned files.
    scan_links (find_sources=False, check_remote=False)
         Check links on the site.
nikola.plugins.command.check.fs_relpath_from_url_path(url_path)
    Create a filesystem relative path from an URL path.
nikola.plugins.command.check.real_scan_files(site, cache=None)
    Scan for files.
nikola.plugins.command.console module
Start debugging console.
class nikola.plugins.command.console.CommandConsole(*args, **kwargs)
    Bases: :class:'nikola.plugin_categories.Command'
    Start debugging console.
    bpython (willful=True)
         Run a bpython shell.
    cmd_options = [{'help': 'Use bpython', 'default': False, 'long': 'bpython', 'name':
    doc_description = 'The site engine is accessible as `site` and `nikola_site`, the conf
    doc_purpose = 'start an interactive Python console with access to your site'
    header = 'Nikola v8.0.0 -- {0} Console (conf = configuration file, site, nikola_site =
    ipython (willful=True)
         Run an IPython shell.
    name = 'console'
    plain (willful=True)
         Run a plain Python shell.
```

```
shells = ['ipython', 'bpython', 'plain']
nikola.plugins.command.deploy module
Deploy site.
class nikola.plugins.command.deploy.CommandDeploy(*args, **kwargs)
    Bases: :class:'nikola.plugin categories.Command'
    Deploy site.
    doc_description = 'Deploy the site by executing deploy commands from the presets liste
    doc_purpose = 'deploy the site'
    doc_usage = '[preset [preset...]]'
    name = 'deploy'
nikola.plugins.command.github deploy module
Deploy site to GitHub Pages.
class nikola.plugins.command.github_deploy.CommandGitHubDeploy(*args,
                                                                      **kwargs)
    Bases: :class:'nikola.plugin_categories.Command'
    Deploy site to GitHub Pages.
    cmd_options = [{'help': 'Commit message (default: Nikola auto commit.)', 'default':
    doc_description = 'This command can be used to deploy your site to GitHub Pages. It us
    doc_purpose = 'deploy the site to GitHub Pages'
    doc_usage = '[-m COMMIT_MESSAGE]'
    name = 'github_deploy'
nikola.plugins.command.github_deploy.check_ghp_import_installed()
    Check if ghp-import is installed.
nikola.pluqins.command.qithub_deploy.uni_check_output(*args, **kwargs)
    Run command and return output as Unicode (UTf-8).
nikola.plugins.command.import wordpress module
Import a WordPress dump.
class nikola.plugins.command.import_wordpress.CommandImportWordpress(*args,
    Bases: :class:'nikola.plugin_categories.Command', :class:'nikola.plugins.basic_import.ImportMixin'
    Import a WordPress dump.
    all_tags = set()
    cmd_options = [{'short': 'o', 'default': 'new_site', 'long': 'output-folder', 'name
    code_rel = re.compile('\\lceil code.* lang.*?="(.*?)?".*\\](.*?)\\lceil (code\\]', re.MULTILINE|
    code_re2 = re.compile('\\[sourcecode.* lang.*?="(.*?)?".*\\](.*?)\\[/sourcecode\\]', r
```

```
code_re3 = re.compile('\\[code.*?\\](.*?)\\[/code\\]', re.MULTILINE|re.DOTALL)
     code_re4 = re.compile('\\[sourcecode.*?\\](.*?)\\[/sourcecode\\]', re.MULTILINE|re.DOT.
     doc_purpose = 'import a WordPress dump'
     doc_usage = '[options] wordpress_export_file'
     download_url_content_to_file (url, dst_path)
         Download some content (attachments) to a file.
     classmethod get_channel_from_file (filename)
         Get channel from XML file.
     import_attachment (item, wordpress_namespace)
         Import an attachment to the site.
     import_postpage_item (item, wordpress_namespace, out_folder=None, attachments=None)
         Take an item from the feed and creates a post file.
     import_posts (channel)
         Import posts into the site.
     name = 'import_wordpress'
     needs_config = False
     populate_context (channel)
         Populate context with config for the site.
     process_item_if_attachment(item)
         Process attachments.
     process_item_if_post_or_page (item)
         Process posts and pages.
     classmethod read_xml_file (filename)
         Read XML file into memory.
     static transform_caption(content, use_html=False)
         Transform captions.
     transform code(content)
         Transform code blocks.
     transform_content (content, post_format, attachments)
         Transform content into appropriate format.
     transform_multiple_newlines(content)
         Replace multiple newlines with only two.
     write_attachments_info (path, attachments)
         Write attachments info file.
nikola.plugins.command.import_wordpress.get_text_tag(tag, name, default)
     Get the text of an XML tag.
nikola.plugins.command.import_wordpress.install_plugin(site,
                                                                               plugin_name,
                                                                   output_dir=None,
                                                                   show\_install\_notes=False)
     Install a Nikola plugin.
nikola.plugins.command.import_wordpress.separate_gtranslate_content (text)
     Parse the content of a wordpress post or page and separate qtranslate languages.
     qtranslate tags: <!-:LL->blabla<!-:->
```

nikola.plugins.command.init module

```
Create a new site.
class nikola.plugins.command.init.CommandInit(*args, **kwargs)
    Bases: :class:'nikola.plugin_categories.Command'
    Create a new site.
    static ask_questions(target, demo=False)
         Ask some questions about Nikola.
    cmd_options = [{'help': 'Do not ask questions about config.', 'default': False, 'lon
    classmethod copy_sample_site(target)
         Copy sample site data to target directory.
    static create_configuration(target)
         Create configuration file.
    static create_configuration_to_string()
         Return configuration file as a string.
    classmethod create_empty_site(target)
         Create an empty site with directories only.
    doc_purpose = 'create a Nikola site in the specified folder'
    doc_usage = '[--demo] [--quiet] folder'
    name = 'init'
    needs config = False
nikola.plugins.command.init.format_default_translations_config(additional_languages)
    Adapt TRANSLATIONS setting for all additional languages.
nikola.plugins.command.init.format_navigation_links(additional_languages,
                                                                                     de-
                                                             fault_lang,
                                                                               messages,
                                                             strip_indexes=False)
    Return the string to configure NAVIGATION_LINKS.
nikola.plugins.command.init.prepare_config(config)
    Parse sample config with JSON.
nikola.plugins.command.init.test_destination(destination, demo=False)
    Check if the destination already exists, which can break demo site creation.
nikola.plugins.command.install_theme module
nikola.plugins.command.new_page module
Create a new page.
class nikola.plugins.command.new_page.CommandNewPage(*args, **kwargs)
    Bases: :class:'nikola.plugin_categories.Command'
    Create a new page.
    cmd_options = [{'help': 'Title for the page.', 'default': '', 'long':
                                                                                            'title', 'na
    doc_purpose = 'create a new page in the site'
```

```
doc_usage = '[options] [path]'
     name = 'new_page'
nikola.plugins.command.new post module
Create a new post.
class nikola.plugins.command.new_post.CommandNewPost(*args, **kwargs)
     Bases: :class:'nikola.plugin_categories.Command'
     Create a new post.
     cmd_options = [{'help': 'Create a page instead of a blog post. (see also: `nikola ne
     doc_purpose = 'create a new blog post or site page'
     doc_usage = '[options] [path]'
     filter_post_pages (compiler, is_post)
         Return the correct entry from post pages.
         Information based on: * selected compilers * available compilers * post/page status
     name = 'new_post'
     print_compilers()
         List all available compilers in a human-friendly format.
nikola.plugins.command.new_post.get_date(schedule=False, rule=None, last_date=None,
                                                   tz=None, iso8601=False)
     Return a date stamp, given a recurrence rule.
     schedule - bool: whether to use the recurrence rule or not
     rule - str: an iCal RRULE string that specifies the rule for scheduling posts
     last_date - datetime: timestamp of the last post
     tz - tzinfo: the timezone used for getting the current time.
     iso8601 - bool: whether to force ISO 8601 dates (instead of locale-specific ones)
nikola.plugins.command.new_post.get_default_compiler(is_post,
                                                                                   compilers,
                                                                  post_pages)
     Given compilers and post_pages, return a reasonable default compiler for this kind of post/page.
nikola.plugins.command.orphans module
List all orphans.
class nikola.plugins.command.orphans.CommandOrphans(*args, **kwargs)
     Bases: :class:'nikola.plugin categories.Command'
     List all orphans.
     doc_description = 'List all orphans, i.e. all files that are in the output directory,\
     doc_purpose = 'list all orphans'
     name = 'orphans'
```

nikola.plugins.command.plugin module

```
Manage plugins.
class nikola.plugins.command.plugin.CommandPlugin(*args, **kwargs)
    Bases: :class:'nikola.plugin_categories.Command'
    Manage plugins.
    cmd_options = [{'help': 'Install a plugin.', 'default': '', 'long': 'install', 'na
    do_install(url, name, show_install_notes=True)
         Download and install a plugin.
    do_uninstall(name)
         Uninstall a plugin.
    do_upgrade (url)
         Upgrade all installed plugins.
    doc_purpose = 'manage plugins'
    doc_usage = '[-u url] [--user] [-i name] [-r name] [--upgrade] [-l] [--list-installed]
    get_json(url)
        Download the JSON file with all plugins.
    json = None
    list_available(url)
         List all available plugins.
    list_installed()
         List installed plugins.
    name = 'plugin'
    needs config = False
    output_dir = None
nikola.plugins.command.serve module
Start test server.
class nikola.plugins.command.serve.CommandServe(*args, **kwargs)
    Bases: :class:'nikola.plugin_categories.Command'
    Start test server.
    cmd_options = ({'help': 'Port number (default: 8000)', 'default': 8000, 'long':
    dns sd = None
    doc_purpose = 'start the test webserver'
    doc_usage = '[options]'
    name = 'serve'
    shutdown (signum=None, _frame=None)
```

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Shut down the server that is running detached.

```
class nikola.plugins.command.serve.IPv6Server(server_address,
                                                                       RequestHandlerClass,
                                                       bind and activate=True)
     Bases: :class:'http.server.HTTPServer'
     An IPv6 HTTPServer.
     address_family = 10
class nikola.plugins.command.serve.OurHTTPRequestHandler(request, client_address,
                                                                    server)
     Bases: :class:'http.server.SimpleHTTPRequestHandler'
     A request handler, modified for Nikola.
     extensions_map = {'': 'text/plain', '.%': 'application/x-trash', '.323': 'text/h323
     log_message(*args)
         Log messages. Or not, depending on a setting.
     quiet = False
     send_head()
         Send response code and MIME header.
         This is common code for GET and HEAD commands.
         Return value is either a file object (which has to be copied to the outputfile by the caller unless the command
         was HEAD, and must be closed by the caller under all circumstances), or None, in which case the caller
         has nothing further to do.
nikola.plugins.command.status module
Display site status.
class nikola.plugins.command.status.CommandStatus(*args, **kwargs)
     Bases: :class:'nikola.plugin_categories.Command'
     Display site status.
     cmd_options = [{'help': 'List all drafts', 'default': False, 'long': 'list-drafts',
     doc_description = 'Show information about the posts and site deployment.'
     doc_purpose = 'display site status'
     doc_usage = '[-d|--list-drafts] [-m|--list-modified] [-p|--list-private] [-P|--list-pu
     human\_time(dt)
         Translate time into a human-friendly representation.
     logger = None
     name = 'status'
nikola.plugins.command.theme module
Manage themes.
class nikola.plugins.command.theme.CommandTheme(*args, **kwargs)
     Bases: :class:'nikola.plugin_categories.Command'
```

Manage themes.

```
cmd_options = [{'help': 'Install a theme.', 'default': '', 'long': 'install', 'nam
    copy_template(template)
         Copy the named template file from the parent to a local theme or to templates/.
    do install(name, data)
         Download and install a theme.
    do_install_deps(url, name)
         Install themes and their dependencies.
    do_uninstall(name)
         Uninstall a theme.
    doc_purpose = 'manage themes'
    doc_usage = '[-u url] [-i theme_name] [-r theme_name] [-l] [--list-installed] [-g] [-n
    get_json(url)
         Download the JSON file with all plugins.
    get path(name)
         Get path for an installed theme.
     json = None
    list available (url)
         List all available themes.
    list_installed()
         List all installed themes.
    name = 'theme'
    new_theme (name, engine, parent, create_legacy_meta=False)
         Create a new theme.
    output_dir = 'themes'
nikola.plugins.command.version module
Print Nikola version.
class nikola.plugins.command.version.CommandVersion(*args, **kwargs)
    Bases: :class:'nikola.plugin_categories.Command'
    Print Nikola version.
    cmd_options = [{'help': 'Check for new versions.', 'default': False, 'long':
                                                                                                   'check
    doc_purpose = 'print the Nikola version number'
    doc_usage = '[--check]'
    name = 'version'
    needs_config = False
```

Module contents

Commands for Nikola.

nikola.plugins.compile package

Subpackages

nikola.plugins.compile.markdown package

Submodules

nikola.plugins.compile.markdown.mdx gist module

```
Extension to Python Markdown for Embedded Gists (gist.github.com).
```

Basic Example:

Text of the gist: [:gist: 4747847]

Example with filename:

Text of the gist: [:gist: 4747847 zen.py]

Basic Example with hexidecimal id:

Text of the gist: [:gist: c4a43d6fdce612284ac0]

Example with hexidecimal id filename:

Text of the gist: [:gist: c4a43d6fdce612284ac0 cow.txt]

Example using reStructuredText syntax:

Text of the gist: .. gist:: 4747847 zen.py

Example using hexidecimal ID with reStructuredText syntax:

Text of the gist: .. gist:: c4a43d6fdce612284ac0

Example using hexidecimal ID and filename with reStructuredText syntax:

Text of the gist: .. gist:: c4a43d6fdce612284ac0 cow.txt

Error Case: non-existent Gist ID:

Text of the gist: [:gist: 0]

Error Case: non-existent file:

Text of the gist: [:gist: 4747847 doesntexist.py]

class nikola.pluqins.compile.markdown.mdx_qist.GistExtension(configs={/})

Bases: :class:'nikola.plugin_categories.MarkdownExtension', :class:'markdown.extensions.Extension'

Gist extension for Markdown.

extendMarkdown (md, md globals)

Extend Markdown.

exception nikola.plugins.compile.markdown.mdx_gist.GistFetchException(url,

tus_code)

Bases: :class: 'Exception'

Raised when attempt to fetch content of a Gist from github.com fails.

```
Bases: :class:'markdown.inlinepatterns.Pattern'
     InlinePattern for footnote markers in a document's body text.
     get_raw_gist (gist_id)
         Get raw gist text.
     get_raw_gist_with_filename (gist_id, filename)
          Get raw gist text for a filename.
     handleMatch(m)
          Handle pattern match.
nikola.pluqins.compile.markdown.mdx_qist.makeExtension(configs=None)
     Make Markdown extension.
nikola.plugins.compile.markdown.mdx nikola module
Markdown Extension for Nikola.

    Specific post-processing.

   • Strikethrough inline patterns.
class nikola.plugins.compile.markdown.mdx_nikola.NikolaExtension
     Bases: :class:'nikola.plugin categories.MarkdownExtension', :class:'markdown.extensions.Extension'
     Nikola Markdown extensions.
     extendMarkdown (md, md_globals)
          Extend markdown to Nikola flavours.
class nikola.plugins.compile.markdown.mdx_nikola.NikolaPostProcessor(markdown_instance=None)
     Bases: :class:'markdown.postprocessors.Postprocessor'
     Nikola-specific post-processing for Markdown.
     run (text)
          Run the postprocessor.
nikola.plugins.compile.markdown.mdx_nikola.makeExtension(configs=None)
     Make extension.
```

class nikola.plugins.compile.markdown.mdx_gist.GistPattern(pattern, configs)

nikola.plugins.compile.markdown.mdx_podcast module

Extension to Python Markdown for Embedded Audio.

Basic Example:

```
class nikola.pluqins.compile.markdown.mdx_podcast.PodcastExtension(configs={/})
     Bases: :class:'nikola.plugin categories.MarkdownExtension', :class:'markdown.extensions.Extension'
     Podcast extension for Markdown.
     extendMarkdown (md, md globals)
         Extend Markdown.
class nikola.plugins.compile.markdown.mdx_podcast.PodcastPattern (pattern, con-
                                                                                 figs)
     Bases: :class:'markdown.inlinepatterns.Pattern'
     InlinePattern for footnote markers in a document's body text.
     handleMatch(m)
         Handle pattern matches.
nikola.plugins.compile.markdown.mdx_podcast.makeExtension(configs=None)
     Make Markdown extension.
Module contents
Page compiler plugin for Markdown.
class nikola.plugins.compile.markdown.CompileMarkdown
     Bases: :class:'nikola.plugin_categories.PageCompiler'
     Compile Markdown into HTML.
     compile (source, dest, is_two_file=True, post=None, lang=None)
         Compile the source file into HTML and save as dest.
     compile_string (data, source_path=None, is_two_file=True, post=None, lang=None)
         Compile Markdown into HTML strings.
     create_post (path, **kw)
         Create a new post.
     demote_headers = True
     friendly_name = 'Markdown'
     name = 'markdown'
     read_metadata(post, lang=None)
         Read the metadata from a post, and return a metadata dict.
     set site(site)
         Set Nikola site.
     site = None
     supports metadata = False
class nikola.plugins.compile.markdown.ThreadLocalMarkdown (extensions,
                                                                                        exten-
                                                                        sion_configs)
     Bases: :class:'_thread._local'
     Convert Markdown to HTML using per-thread Markdown objects.
     See discussion in #2661.
     convert (data)
         Convert data to HTML and reset internal state.
```

nikola.plugins.compile.rest package

Submodules

nikola.plugins.compile.rest.chart module

```
Chart directive for reSTructuredText.
class nikola.plugins.compile.rest.chart.Chart (name, arguments, options, content,
                                                         lineno, content_offset, block_text, state,
                                                         state\_machine)
     Bases: :class:'docutils.parsers.rst.Directive'
     reStructuredText extension for inserting charts as SVG.
     Usage:
     has_content = True
     option_spec = {'box_mode': <function unchanged at 0x7f2347f8f8c8>, 'classes':
     required_arguments = 1
     run()
         Run the directive.
class nikola.plugins.compile.rest.chart.Plugin
     Bases: :class:'nikola.plugin_categories.RestExtension'
     Plugin for chart role.
     name = 'rest_chart'
     set site(site)
         Set Nikola site.
nikola.plugins.compile.rest.doc module
reST role for linking to other documents.
class nikola.plugins.compile.rest.doc.Plugin
     Bases: :class:'nikola.plugin_categories.RestExtension'
     Plugin for doc role.
     name = 'rest_doc'
     set_site(site)
         Set Nikola site.
nikola.plugins.compile.rest.doc.doc_role(name, rawtext, text, lineno, inliner, options={},
                                                   content=[])
     Handle the doc role.
nikola.plugins.compile.rest.doc.doc_shortcode(*args, **kwargs)
     Implement the doc shortcode.
nikola.plugins.compile.rest.doc.make_link_node(rawtext, text, url, options)
     Make a reST link node.
```

nikola.plugins.compile.rest.gist module

```
Gist directive for reStructuredText.
class nikola.plugins.compile.rest.gist.GitHubGist (name, arguments, options, content,
                                                              lineno, content_offset, block_text,
                                                              state, state_machine)
     Bases: :class:'docutils.parsers.rst.Directive'
     Embed GitHub Gist.
     Usage:
     or
     final_argument_whitespace = True
     get_raw_gist (gistID)
         Get raw gist text.
     get_raw_gist_with_filename (gistID, filename)
         Get raw gist text for a filename.
     has content = False
     option_spec = {'file': <function unchanged at 0x7f2347f8f8c8>}
     optional_arguments = 1
     required_arguments = 1
     run()
         Run the gist directive.
class nikola.plugins.compile.rest.gist.Plugin
     Bases: :class:'nikola.plugin_categories.RestExtension'
     Plugin for gist directive.
     name = 'rest_gist'
     set_site(site)
         Set Nikola site.
nikola.plugins.compile.rest.listing module
Define and register a listing directive using the existing CodeBlock.
class nikola.plugins.compile.rest.listing.CodeBlock(name,
                                                                         arguments,
                                                                                      options,
                                                                 content, lineno, content_offset,
                                                                 block_text, state, state_machine)
     Bases: :class:'docutils.parsers.rst.Directive'
     Parse and mark up content of a code block.
     has_content = True
     option_spec = {'class': <function class_option at 0x7f2347f8fd08>, 'linenos':
                                                                                                         <funct
```

optional_arguments = 1

```
run()
          Run code block directive.
class nikola.plugins.compile.rest.listing.Listing (name, arguments, options, content,
                                                                lineno, content_offset, block_text,
                                                                state, state_machine)
     Bases: :class:'docutils.parsers.rst.directives.misc.Include'
     Create a highlighted block of code from a file in listings/.
     Usage:
     assert_has_content()
          Override check from superclass with nothing.
          Listing has no content, override check from superclass.
     get_code_from_file (data)
          Create CodeBlock nodes from file object content.
     has_content = False
                                     <function class_option at 0x7f2347f8fd08>, 'code':
     option_spec = {'class':
     optional_arguments = 1
     required_arguments = 1
     run()
          Run listing directive.
class nikola.plugins.compile.rest.listing.Plugin
     Bases: :class:'nikola.plugin_categories.RestExtension'
     Plugin for listing directive.
     name = 'rest_listing'
     set site(site)
         Set Nikola site.
nikola.plugins.compile.rest.media module
nikola.plugins.compile.rest.post list module
Post list directive for reStructuredText.
class nikola.plugins.compile.rest.post_list.Plugin
     Bases: :class:'nikola.plugin_categories.RestExtension'
     Plugin for reST post-list directive.
     name = 'rest_post_list'
     set site(site)
         Set Nikola site.
```

```
class nikola.plugins.compile.rest.post_list.PostListDirective(name,
                                                                                       argu-
                                                                             ments,
                                                                                     options,
                                                                             content, lineno,
                                                                             content_offset,
                                                                             block_text, state,
                                                                             state_machine)
     Bases: :class:'docutils.parsers.rst.Directive'
     Provide a reStructuredText directive to create a list of posts.
     option_spec = {'categories': <function unchanged at 0x7f2347f8f8c8>, 'date':
                                                                                                      <functi
     run()
         Run post-list directive.
nikola.plugins.compile.rest.slides module
nikola.plugins.compile.rest.soundcloud module
SoundCloud directive for reStructuredText.
class nikola.plugins.compile.rest.soundcloud.Plugin
     Bases: :class:'nikola.plugin_categories.RestExtension'
     Plugin for soundclound directive.
     name = 'rest soundcloud'
     set_site(site)
         Set Nikola site.
class nikola.plugins.compile.rest.soundcloud.SoundCloud(name, arguments, op-
                                                                     tions,
                                                                            content, lineno,
                                                                     content_offset, block_text,
                                                                     state, state_machine)
     Bases: :class:'docutils.parsers.rst.Directive'
     reST extension for inserting SoundCloud embedded music.
     Usage:
     check content()
         Emit a deprecation warning if there is content.
     has_content = True
     option_spec = {'align': <function _align_choice at 0x7f233b333158>, 'height':
     preslug = 'tracks'
     required_arguments = 1
     run()
         Run the soundcloud directive.
```

name = 'rest_vimeo'

```
class nikola.plugins.compile.rest.soundcloud.SoundCloudPlaylist(name,
                                                                                           ar-
                                                                                 guments,
                                                                                 options, con-
                                                                                       lineno,
                                                                                 tent,
                                                                                 content_offset,
                                                                                block text,
                                                                                state.
                                                                                state_machine)
     Bases: :class:'nikola.plugins.compile.rest.soundcloud.SoundCloud'
     reST directive for SoundCloud playlists.
     preslug = 'playlists'
nikola.plugins.compile.rest.thumbnail module
Thumbnail directive for reStructuredText.
class nikola.plugins.compile.rest.thumbnail.Plugin
     Bases: :class:'nikola.plugin_categories.RestExtension'
     Plugin for thumbnail directive.
     name = 'rest_thumbnail'
     set site(site)
         Set Nikola site.
class nikola.plugins.compile.rest.thumbnail.Thumbnail(name,
                                                                             arguments,
                                                                                           op-
                                                                             content,
                                                                                        lineno,
                                                                                    block_text,
                                                                    content_offset,
                                                                    state, state_machine)
     Bases: :class:'docutils.parsers.rst.directives.images.Figure'
     Thumbnail directive for reST.
     align()
         Return thumbnail alignment.
     figwidth_value()
          Return figure width.
     has_content = True
     option_spec = {'align':
                                    <function Image.align at 0x7f23458c48c8>, 'alt':
                                                                                                    <function u
     run()
          Run the thumbnail directive.
nikola.plugins.compile.rest.vimeo module
Vimeo directive for reStructuredText.
class nikola.plugins.compile.rest.vimeo.Plugin
     Bases: :class:'nikola.plugin_categories.RestExtension'
     Plugin for vimeo reST directive.
```

```
set site(site)
         Set Nikola site.
class nikola.plugins.compile.rest.vimeo.Vimeo(name, arguments,
                                                                           options, content,
                                                        lineno, content_offset, block_text, state,
                                                        state_machine)
     Bases: :class:'docutils.parsers.rst.Directive'
     reST extension for inserting vimeo embedded videos.
     Usage:
     check_content()
         Check if content exists.
     check modules()
         Check modules.
     has_content = True
     option_spec = { 'align': <function _align_choice at 0x7f233b333158>, 'height': <funct
     request_size = True
     required_arguments = 1
     run()
         Run the vimeo directive.
     set_video_size()
         Set video size.
nikola.plugins.compile.rest.youtube module
YouTube directive for reStructuredText.
class nikola.plugins.compile.rest.youtube.Plugin
     Bases: :class:'nikola.plugin_categories.RestExtension'
     Plugin for the youtube directive.
     name = 'rest_youtube'
     set_site(site)
         Set Nikola site.
class nikola.plugins.compile.rest.youtube.Youtube (name, arguments, options, content,
                                                             lineno, content_offset, block_text,
                                                             state, state_machine)
     Bases: :class:'docutils.parsers.rst.Directive'
     reST extension for inserting youtube embedded videos.
     Usage:
     check content()
         Check if content exists.
     has_content = True
     option_spec = {'align': <function _align_choice at 0x7f233b333158>, 'height':
                                                                                                       <funct
     required_arguments = 1
```

run()

```
Run the youtube directive.
Module contents
reStructuredText compiler for Nikola.
class nikola.plugins.compile.rest.CompileRest
     Bases: :class:'nikola.plugin_categories.PageCompiler'
     Compile reStructuredText into HTML.
     compile (source, dest, is_two_file=True, post=None, lang=None)
         Compile the source file into HTML and save as dest.
     compile_string(data, source_path=None, is_two_file=True, post=None, lang=None)
         Compile reST into HTML strings.
     create_post (path, **kw)
         Create a new post.
     demote headers = True
     friendly_name = 'reStructuredText'
     logger = None
     metadata_conditions = [(<MetaCondition.config_bool: 1>, 'USE_REST_DOCINFO_METADATA')]
     name = 'rest'
     read_metadata(post, lang=None)
         Read the metadata from a post, and return a metadata dict.
     set_site(site)
         Set Nikola site.
     supports_metadata = True
class nikola.plugins.compile.rest.NikolaReader(*args, **kwargs)
     Bases: :class:'docutils.readers.standalone.Reader'
     Nikola-specific docutils reader.
     get_transforms()
         Get docutils transforms.
     new document()
         Create and return a new empty document tree (root node).
class nikola.plugins.compile.rest.RemoveDocinfo(document, startnode=None)
     Bases: :class:'docutils.transforms.Transform'
     Remove docinfo nodes.
     apply()
         Remove docinfo nodes.
     default_priority = 870
nikola.plugins.compile.rest.add_node (node, visit_function=None, depart_function=None)
     Register a Docutils node class.
```

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This function is completely optional. It is a same concept as Sphinx add_node function.

For example:

```
class Plugin (RestExtension):
    name = "rest_math"
    def set_site(self, site):
        self.site = site
        directives.register_directive('math', MathDirective)
        add_node(MathBlock, visit_Math, depart_Math)
        return super(Plugin, self).set_site(site)
class MathDirective(Directive):
    def run(self):
        node = MathBlock()
        return [node]
class Math(docutils.nodes.Element): pass
def visit_Math(self, node):
    self.body.append(self.starttag(node, 'math'))
def depart_Math(self, node):
    self.body.append('</math>')
```

For full example, you can refer to Microdata plugin

```
nikola.plugins.compile.rest.get_observer(settings)
Return an observer for the docutils Reporter.
```

```
nikola.plugins.compile.rest.rst2html (source,
                                                         source_path=None, source_class=<class
                                                'docutils.io.StringInput'>,
                                                                                         destina-
                                                tion path=None,
                                                                   reader=None,
                                                                                    parser=None,
                                                parser name='restructuredtext',
                                                                                    writer=None,
                                                writer_name='html',
                                                                         settings=None,
                                                                                             set-
                                                tings_spec=None, settings_overrides=None,
                                                                                            con-
                                                fig_section=None, enable_exit_status=None,
                                                                                            log-
                                                ger=None, l add ln=0, transforms=None)
```

Set up & run a Publisher, and return a dictionary of document parts.

Dictionary keys are the names of parts, and values are Unicode strings; encoding is up to the client. For programmatic use with string I/O.

For encoded string input, be sure to set the 'input_encoding' setting to the desired encoding. Set it to 'unicode' for unencoded Unicode string input. Here's how:

```
publish_parts(..., settings_overrides={'input_encoding': 'unicode'})
```

For a description of the parameters, see *publish_programmatically*.

WARNING: reader should be None (or NikolaReader()) if you want Nikola to report reStructuredText syntax errors.

Return a shortcode role that passes through raw inline HTML.

Submodules

nikola.plugins.compile.html module

'nikola' subfield.

supports_metadata = True

```
Page compiler plugin for HTML source files.
class nikola.plugins.compile.html.CompileHtml
     Bases: :class:'nikola.plugin_categories.PageCompiler'
     Compile HTML into HTML.
     compile (source, dest, is_two_file=True, post=None, lang=None)
          Compile the source file into HTML and save as dest.
     compile_string(data, source_path=None, is_two_file=True, post=None, lang=None)
          Compile HTML into HTML strings, with shortcode support.
     create_post (path, **kw)
          Create a new post.
     friendly name = 'HTML'
     name = 'html'
     read_metadata (post, file_metadata_regexp=None, unslugify_titles=False, lang=None)
          Read the metadata from a post's meta tags, and return a metadata dict.
     supports_metadata = True
nikola.plugins.compile.ipynb module
Page compiler plugin for nbconvert.
class nikola.plugins.compile.ipynb.CompileIPynb
     Bases: :class:'nikola.plugin_categories.PageCompiler'
     Compile IPynb into HTML.
     compile (source, dest, is_two_file=False, post=None, lang=None)
          Compile the source file into HTML and save as dest.
     compile_string (data, source_path=None, is_two_file=True, post=None, lang=None)
          Compile notebooks into HTML strings.
     create_post (path, **kw)
          Create a new post.
     default_kernel = 'python3'
     demote_headers = True
     friendly_name = 'Jupyter Notebook'
     name = 'ipynb'
     read_metadata(post, lang=None)
          Read metadata directly from ipynb file.
          As ipynb files support arbitrary metadata as ison, the metadata used by Nikola will be assume to be in the
```

```
nikola.plugins.compile.ipynb.get_default_jupyter_config()
     Search default jupyter configuration location paths.
     Return dictionary from configuration json files.
nikola.plugins.compile.pandoc module
Page compiler plugin for pandoc.
You will need, of course, to install pandoc
class nikola.plugins.compile.pandoc.CompilePandoc
     Bases: :class:'nikola.plugin_categories.PageCompiler'
     Compile markups into HTML using pandoc.
     compile (source, dest, is_two_file=True, post=None, lang=None)
          Compile the source file into HTML and save as dest.
     compile_string (data, source_path=None, is_two_file=True, post=None, lang=None)
          Compile into HTML strings.
     create_post (path, **kw)
          Create a new post.
     friendly_name = 'pandoc'
     name = 'pandoc'
     set site(site)
          Set Nikola site.
nikola.plugins.compile.php module
Page compiler plugin for PHP.
class nikola.plugins.compile.php.CompilePhp
     Bases: :class:'nikola.plugin_categories.PageCompiler'
     Compile PHP into PHP.
     compile (source, dest, is_two_file=True, post=None, lang=None)
          Compile the source file into HTML and save as dest.
     compile_string (data, source_path=None, is_two_file=True, post=None, lang=None)
          Compile PHP into HTML strings.
     create post (path, **kw)
          Create a new post.
     extension()
          Return extension used for PHP files.
     friendly_name = 'PHP'
     name = 'php'
```

Module contents

Compilers for Nikola.

nikola.plugins.misc package

Submodules

nikola.plugins.misc.scan_posts module

```
The default post scanner.

class nikola.plugins.misc.scan_posts.ScanPosts
Bases: :class:'nikola.plugin_categories.PostScanner'

Scan posts in the site.

name = 'scan_posts'

scan()

Create list of posts from POSTS and PAGES options.
```

supported_extensions()
Return a list of supported file extensions, or None if such a list isn't known beforehand.

Module contents

Miscellaneous Nikola plugins.

nikola.plugins.task package

Subpackages

nikola.plugins.task.sitemap package

name = 'sitemap'

Module contents

Generate a sitemap.

```
class nikola.plugins.task.sitemap.Sitemap
Bases: :class:'nikola.plugin_categories.LateTask'
Generate a sitemap.
gen_tasks()
    Generate a sitemap.
get_lastmod(p)
    Get last modification date.
```

Return the path of a base URL if it contains one.

nikola.plugins.task.sitemap.get_base_path(base)

```
>>> get_base_path('http://some.site') == '/'
True
>>> get_base_path('http://some.site/') == '/'
True
```

(continues on next page)

(continued from previous page)

```
>>> get_base_path('http://some.site/some/sub-path') == '/some/sub-path/'
True
>>> get_base_path('http://some.site/some/sub-path/') == '/some/sub-path/'
True
```

Submodules

nikola.plugins.task.archive module

```
Classify the posts in archives.
class nikola.plugins.task.archive.Archive
     Bases: :class:'nikola.plugin_categories.Taxonomy'
     Classify the post archives.
     add_other_languages_variable = True
     always_disable_atom = True
     always_disable_rss = True
     apply_to_pages = False
     apply_to_posts = True
     classification_name = 'archive'
     classify (post, lang)
         Classify the given post for the given language.
     extract_hierarchy (classification)
         Given a classification, return a list of parts in the hierarchy.
     get_classification_friendly_name (classification, lang, only_last_component=False)
         Extract a friendly name from the classification.
     get_implicit_classifications(lang)
         Return a list of classification strings which should always appear in posts_per_classification.
     get_other_language_variants (classification, lang, classifications_per_language)
         Return a list of variants of the same classification in other languages.
     get_path (classification, lang, dest_type='page')
         Return a path for the given classification.
     has_hierarchy = True
     include_posts_from_subhierarchies = True
     include_posts_into_hierarchy_root = True
     minimum_post_count_per_classification_in_overview = 1
     more_than_one_classifications_per_post = False
     name = 'classify_archive'
     omit_empty_classifications = False
     overview_page_variable_name = 'archive'
```

path_handler_docstrings = {'archive': 'Link to archive path, name is the year.\n\n Ex

```
postprocess_posts_per_classification (posts_per_classification_per_language,
                                                     flat_hierarchy_per_lang=None,
                                                                                           hierar-
                                                     chy lookup per lang=None)
          Rearrange, modify or otherwise use the list of posts per classification and per language.
     provide_context_and_uptodate (classification, lang, node=None)
          Provide data for the context and the uptodate list for the list of the given classifiation.
     recombine_classification_from_hierarchy (hierarchy)
          Given a list of parts in the hierarchy, return the classification string.
     set site (site)
          Set Nikola site.
     should_generate_classification_page (classification, post_list, lang)
          Only generates list of posts for classification if this function returns True.
     sort_classifications (classifications, lang, level=None)
          Sort the given list of classification strings.
     subcategories_list_template = 'list.tmpl'
     template_for_classification_overview = None
nikola.plugins.task.authors module
Render the author pages and feeds.
class nikola.plugins.task.authors.ClassifyAuthors
     Bases: :class:'nikola.plugin categories.Taxonomy'
     Classify the posts by authors.
     add_other_languages_variable = True
     apply_to_pages = False
     apply_to_posts = True
     classification_name = 'author'
     classify (post, lang)
          Classify the given post for the given language.
     get classification friendly name (classification, lang, only last component=False)
          Extract a friendly name from the classification.
     get_other_language_variants (classification, lang, classifications_per_language)
          Return a list of variants of the same author in other languages.
     get_overview_path (lang, dest_type='page')
          Return a path for the list of all classifications.
     get_path (classification, lang, dest_type='page')
          Return a path for the given classification.
     has_hierarchy = False
     is_enabled(lang=None)
          Return True if this taxonomy is enabled, or False otherwise.
     minimum_post_count_per_classification_in_overview = 1
     more_than_one_classifications_per_post = False
```

```
name = 'classify_authors'
     omit_empty_classifications = False
     overview_page_variable_name = 'authors'
     path_handler_docstrings = {'author': "Link to an author's page.\n\n Example:\n\n link
     postprocess_posts_per_classification (posts_per_classification_per_language,
                                                   flat_hierarchy_per_lang=None,
                                                                                        hierar-
                                                   chy_lookup_per_lang=None)
         Rearrange, modify or otherwise use the list of posts per classification and per language.
     provide_context_and_uptodate (classification, lang, node=None)
         Provide data for the context and the uptodate list for the list of the given classifiation.
     provide_overview_context_and_uptodate(lang)
         Provide data for the context and the uptodate list for the list of all classifiations.
     set_site(site)
         Set Nikola site.
     template_for_classification_overview = 'authors.tmpl'
nikola.plugins.task.bundles module
Bundle assets.
class nikola.plugins.task.bundles.BuildBundles
     Bases: :class:'nikola.plugin_categories.LateTask'
     Bundle assets.
     gen_tasks()
         Bundle assets.
     name = 'create_bundles'
nikola.plugins.task.bundles.get_theme_bundles(themes)
     Given a theme chain, return the bundle definitions.
nikola.plugins.task.copy assets module
Copy theme assets into output.
class nikola.plugins.task.copy_assets.CopyAssets
     Bases: :class:'nikola.plugin_categories.Task'
     Copy theme assets into output.
     gen_tasks()
         Create tasks to copy the assets of the whole theme chain.
         If a file is present on two themes, use the version from the "youngest" theme.
     name = 'copy_assets'
```

nikola.plugins.task.copy_files module

```
Copy static files into the output folder.

class nikola.plugins.task.copy_files.CopyFiles
    Bases: :class:'nikola.plugin_categories.Task'

Copy static files into the output folder.

gen_tasks()
    Copy static files into the output folder.

name = 'copy_files'
```

nikola.plugins.task.galleries module

Render image galleries.

```
class nikola.plugins.task.galleries.Galleries
Bases: :class:'nikola.plugin_categories.Task', :class:'nikola.image_processing.ImageProcessor'
Render image galleries.

create_galleries()
    Given a list of galleries, create the output folders.

create_galleries_paths()
    Given a list of galleries, put their paths into self.gallery_links.

create_target_images(img, input_path)
    Copy images to output.

dates = {}

find_galleries()
    Find all galleries to be processed according to conf.py.

find_metadata(gallery, lang)
```

If there is an metadata file for the gallery, use that to determine captions and the order in which images shall be displayed in the gallery. You only need to list the images if a specific ordering or caption is required. The metadata file is YAML-formatted, with field names of # name: caption: order: # If a numeric order value is specified, we use that directly, otherwise we depend on how PyYAML returns the information - which may or may not be in the same order as in the file itself. Non-numeric ordering is not supported. If no caption is specified, then we return an empty string. Returns a string (118n'd filename), list (ordering), dict (captions), dict (image metadata).

```
gallery global path(name, lang)
```

Search for a gallery metadata file.

Link to the global gallery path, which contains all the images in galleries.

There is only one copy of an image on multilingual blogs, in the site root.

link://gallery_global/london => /galleries/trips/london/index.html

link://gallery_global/trips/london => /galleries/trips/london/index.html

(a gallery link could lead to eg. /en/galleries/trips/london/index.html)

```
gallery_path (name, lang)
```

Link to an image gallery's path.

It will try to find a gallery with that name if it's not ambiguous or with that path. For example:

```
link://gallery/london => /galleries/trips/london/index.html
          link://gallery/trips/london => /galleries/trips/london/index.html
     gallery_rss (img_list, dest_img_list, img_titles, lang, permalink, output_path, title)
          Create a RSS showing the latest images in the gallery.
          This doesn't use generic rss renderer because it doesn't involve Post objects.
     gallery_rss_path (name, lang)
          Link to an image gallery's RSS feed.
          It will try to find a gallery with that name if it's not ambiguous or with that path. For example:
          link://gallery_rss/london => /galleries/trips/london/rss.xml
          link://gallery_rss/trips/london => /galleries/trips/london/rss.xml
     gen_tasks()
          Render image galleries.
     get_excluded_images (gallery_path)
          Get list of excluded images.
     get_image_list (gallery_path)
          Get list of included images.
     name = 'render_galleries'
     parse_index (gallery, input_folder, output_folder)
          Return a Post object if there is an index.txt.
     remove_excluded_image (img, input_folder)
          Remove excluded images.
     render_gallery_index (template_name, output_name, context, img_list, img_titles, thumbs,
                                   img metadata)
          Build the gallery index.
     set_site(site)
          Set Nikola site.
nikola.plugins.task.gzip module
Create gzipped copies of files.
class nikola.plugins.task.gzip.GzipFiles
     Bases: :class:'nikola.plugin_categories.TaskMultiplier'
     If appropiate, create tasks to create gzipped versions of files.
     is default = True
     name = 'gzip'
     process (task, prefix)
          Process tasks.
nikola.plugins.task.gzip.create_gzipped_copy(in_path, out_path, command=None)
     Create gzipped copy of in_path and save it as out_path.
```

nikola.plugins.task.indexes module

```
Render the blog's main index.
class nikola.plugins.task.indexes.Indexes
     Bases: :class:'nikola.plugin_categories.Taxonomy'
     Classify for the blog's main index.
     apply_to_pages = False
     apply_to_posts = True
     classification name = 'index'
     classify (post, lang)
          Classify the given post for the given language.
     get_classification_friendly_name (classification, lang, only_last_component=False)
          Extract a friendly name from the classification.
     get_implicit_classifications(lang)
          Return a list of classification strings which should always appear in posts_per_classification.
     get_path (classification, lang, dest_type='page')
         Return a path for the given classification.
     has_hierarchy = False
     more_than_one_classifications_per_post = False
     name = 'classify_indexes'
     omit_empty_classifications = False
     overview_page_variable_name = None
     path handler docstrings = {'index': 'Link to a numbered index.\n\nExample:\n\nlink://
     provide_context_and_uptodate(classification, lang, node=None)
          Provide data for the context and the uptodate list for the list of the given classifiation.
     set site(site)
          Set Nikola site.
     should_generate_atom_for_classification_page(classification, post_list, lang)
          Only generates Atom feed for list of posts for classification if this function returns True.
     should_generate_classification_page (classification, post_list, lang)
          Only generates list of posts for classification if this function returns True.
     should_generate_rss_for_classification_page (classification, post_list, lang)
          Only generates RSS feed for list of posts for classification if this function returns True.
     show_list_as_index = True
     template_for_classification_overview = None
     template_for_single_list = 'index.tmpl'
```

nikola.plugins.task.listings module

Render code listings.

```
class nikola.plugins.task.listings.Listings
     Bases: :class:'nikola.plugin categories.Task'
     Render code listings.
     gen tasks()
          Render pretty code listings.
     listing_path (namep, lang)
          Return a link to a listing.
          It will try to use the file name if it's not ambiguous, or the file path.
          Example:
          link://listing/hello.py => /listings/tutorial/hello.py.html
          link://listing/tutorial/hello.py => /listings/tutorial/hello.py.html
     listing_source_path(name, lang)
          Return a link to the source code for a listing.
          It will try to use the file name if it's not ambiguous, or the file path.
          Example:
          link://listing_source/hello.py => /listings/tutorial/hello.py
          link://listing_source/tutorial/hello.py => /listings/tutorial/hello.py
     name = 'render_listings'
     register_output_name (input_folder, rel_name, rel_output_name)
          Register proper and improper file mappings.
     set_site(site)
          Set Nikola site.
nikola.plugins.task.pages module
Render pages into output.
class nikola.plugins.task.pages.RenderPages
     Bases: :class:'nikola.plugin categories.Task'
     Render pages into output.
     gen_tasks()
          Build final pages from metadata and HTML fragments.
     name = 'render pages'
nikola.plugins.task.posts module
Build HTML fragments from metadata and text.
class nikola.plugins.task.posts.RenderPosts
     Bases: :class:'nikola.plugin_categories.Task'
     Build HTML fragments from metadata and text.
     dependence_on_timeline (post, lang)
          Check if a post depends on the timeline.
```

name = 'scale_images'

```
gen tasks()
          Build HTML fragments from metadata and text.
     name = 'render_posts'
nikola.plugins.task.posts.update_deps(post, lang, task)
     Update file dependencies as they might have been updated during compilation.
     This is done for example by the ReST page compiler, which writes its dependencies into a .dep file. This file is
     read and incorporated when calling post.fragment deps(), and only available /after/ compiling the fragment.
nikola.plugins.task.py3 switch module
nikola.plugins.task.redirect module
Generate redirections.
class nikola.plugins.task.redirect.Redirect
     Bases: :class:'nikola.plugin_categories.Task'
     Generate redirections.
     gen_tasks()
          Generate redirections tasks.
     name = 'redirect'
nikola.plugins.task.robots module
Generate a robots.txt file.
class nikola.plugins.task.robots.RobotsFile
     Bases: :class:'nikola.plugin categories.LateTask'
     Generate a robots.txt file.
     gen_tasks()
          Generate a robots.txt file.
     name = 'robots_file'
nikola.plugins.task.rss module
nikola.plugins.task.scale_images module
Resize images and create thumbnails for them.
class nikola.plugins.task.scale_images.ScaleImage
     Bases: :class:'nikola.plugin_categories.Task', :class:'nikola.image_processing.ImageProcessor'
     Resize images and create thumbnails for them.
     gen_tasks()
          Copy static files into the output folder.
```

```
process_image (src, dst, thumb)
          Resize an image.
     process_tree (src, dst)
          Process all images in a src tree and put the (possibly) rescaled images in the dst folder.
nikola.plugins.task.sources module
Copy page sources into the output.
class nikola.plugins.task.sources.Sources
     Bases: :class:'nikola.plugin_categories.Task'
     Copy page sources into the output.
     gen_tasks()
          Publish the page sources into the output.
     name = 'render_sources'
nikola.plugins.task.tags module
Render the tag pages and feeds.
class nikola.plugins.task.tags.ClassifyTags
     Bases: :class:'nikola.plugin_categories.Taxonomy'
     Classify the posts by tags.
     add_other_languages_variable = True
     always_disable_atom = False
     always_disable_rss = False
     apply_to_pages = False
     apply_to_posts = True
     classification name = 'tag'
     classify (post, lang)
          Classify the given post for the given language.
     get_classification_friendly_name (classification, lang, only_last_component=False)
          Extract a friendly name from the classification.
     get_other_language_variants (classification, lang, classifications_per_language)
          Return a list of variants of the same tag in other languages.
     get_overview_path (lang, dest_type='page')
          Return a path for the list of all classifications.
     get_path (classification, lang, dest_type='page')
          Return a path for the given classification.
     has_hierarchy = False
     is_enabled(lang=None)
          Return True if this taxonomy is enabled, or False otherwise.
     more_than_one_classifications_per_post = True
```

```
name = 'classify_tags'
     omit_empty_classifications = True
     overview_page_items_variable_name = 'items'
     overview_page_variable_name = 'tags'
     path_handler_docstrings = { 'tag': "A link to a tag's page. Takes page number as optio
     postprocess_posts_per_classification(posts_per_classification_per_language,
                                                                                       hierar-
                                                   flat_hierarchy_per_lang=None,
                                                   chy_lookup_per_lang=None)
         Rearrange, modify or otherwise use the list of posts per classification and per language.
     provide_context_and_uptodate (classification, lang, node=None)
         Provide data for the context and the uptodate list for the list of the given classifiation.
     provide_overview_context_and_uptodate(lang)
         Provide data for the context and the uptodate list for the list of all classifiations.
     set_site(site)
         Set site, which is a Nikola instance.
     show_list_as_subcategories_list = False
     slugify_tag_name (name, lang)
         Slugify a tag name.
     template_for_classification_overview = 'tags.tmpl'
Module contents
Tasks for Nikola.
nikola.plugins.template package
Submodules
nikola.plugins.template.jinja module
Jinja template handler.
class nikola.plugins.template.jinja.JinjaTemplates
     Bases: :class:'nikola.plugin_categories.TemplateSystem'
     Support for Jinja2 templates.
     create_lookup()
         Create a template lookup.
     dependency_cache = {}
     get deps (filename)
         Return paths to dependencies for the template loaded from filename.
     get_string_deps (text)
         Find dependencies for a template string.
```

```
get_template_path (template_name)
          Get the path to a template or return None.
     inject_directory (directory)
          Add a directory to the lookup and recreate it if it's not there yet.
     lookup = None
     name = 'jinja'
     per_file_cache = {}
     render_template (template_name, output_name, context)
          Render the template into output_name using context.
     render_template_to_string(template, context)
          Render template to a string using context.
     set_directories (directories, cache_folder)
          Create a new template lookup with set directories.
     set site(site)
          Set the Nikola site.
     template_deps (template_name)
          Generate list of dependencies for a template.
nikola.plugins.template.mako module
Mako template handler.
class nikola.plugins.template.mako.MakoTemplates
     Bases: :class:'nikola.plugin_categories.TemplateSystem'
     Support for Mako templates.
     cache = {}
     cache_dir = None
     create lookup()
          Create a template lookup.
     directories = []
     filters = {}
     get deps(filename)
          Get paths to dependencies for a template.
     get_string_deps (text, filename=None)
          Find dependencies for a template string.
     get_template_path (template_name)
          Get the path to a template or return None.
     inject_directory (directory)
          Add a directory to the lookup and recreate it if it's not there yet.
     lookup = None
     name = 'mako'
```

```
render_template (template_name, output_name, context)
Render the template into output_name using context.

render_template_to_string (template, context)
Render template to a string using context.

set_directories (directories, cache_folder)
Create a new template lookup with set directories.

set_site (site)
Set the Nikola site.

template_deps (template_name)
Generate list of dependencies for a template.

nikola.plugins.template.mako.striphtml (text)
Strip HTML tags from text.

Module contents

Default template engines for Nikola.

31.1.1.2.2 Submodules
```

31.1.1.2.3 nikola.plugins.basic_import module

Transform content to a Nikola-friendly format.

Mixin for importer plugins.

```
class nikola.plugins.basic_import.ImportMixin
    Bases: :class:'object'
    Mixin with common used methods.
    cmd_options = [{'short': 'o', 'default': 'new_site', 'long': 'output-folder', 'name
    static configure_redirections (url_map, base_dir=")
         Configure redirections from an url_map.
    doc_purpose = 'import a dump from a different engine.'
    doc_usage = '[options] export_file'
    generate_base_site()
         Generate a base Nikola site.
    classmethod get_channel_from_file (filename)
         Get channel from XML file.
    get_configuration_output_path()
         Get path for the output configuration file.
    name = 'import_mixin'
    needs_config = False
    static populate_context(channel)
         Populate context with settings.
    classmethod transform_content(content)
```

```
static write_configuration (filename, rendered_template)
          Write the configuration file.
     classmethod write_content (filename, content, rewrite_html=True)
          Write content to file.
     write_metadata (filename, title, slug, post_date, description, tags, **kwargs)
          Write metadata to meta file.
     classmethod write post (filename, content, headers, compiler, rewrite html=True)
          Ask the specified compiler to write the post to disk.
     static write_urlmap_csv(output_file, url_map)
          Write urlmap to csv file.
nikola.plugins.basic_import.replacer(dst)
     Replace links.
31.1.1.2.4 Module contents
Plugins for Nikola.
31.1.2 Submodules
31.1.3 nikola.filters module
Utility functions to help run filters on files.
All filters defined in this module are registered in Nikola. init .
nikola.filters.add_header_permalinks(fname, xpath_list=None, file_blacklist=None)
     Post-process HTML via lxml to add header permalinks Sphinx-style.
nikola.filters.apply_to_binary_file(f)
     Apply a filter to a binary file.
     Take a function f that transforms a data argument, and returns a function that takes a filename and applies f to
     the contents, in place. Reads files in binary mode.
nikola.filters.apply_to_text_file(f)
     Apply a filter to a text file.
     Take a function f that transforms a data argument, and returns a function that takes a filename and applies f to
     the contents, in place. Reads files in UTF-8.
nikola.filters.closure_compiler(infile, executable='closure-compiler')
     Run closure-compiler on a file.
nikola.filters.cssminify(data)
     Minify CSS using https://cssminifier.com/.
nikola.filters.deduplicate_ids (data, top_classes=None)
     Post-process HTML via lxml to deduplicate IDs.
nikola.filters.html5lib_minify(data)
     Minify with html5lib.
```

nikola.filters.html5lib_xmllike(data)

Transform document to an XML-like form with html5lib.

```
nikola.filters.html_tidy_mini(infile, executable='tidy5')
     Run HTML tidy with minimal settings.
nikola.filters.html_tidy_nowrap(infile, executable='tidy5')
     Run HTML Tidy without line wrapping.
nikola.filters.html tidy withconfig (infile, executable='tidy5')
     Run HTML Tidy with tidy5.conf as config file.
nikola.filters.html_tidy_wrap (infile, executable='tidy5')
     Run HTML Tidy with line wrapping.
nikola.filters.html_tidy_wrap_attr(infile, executable='tidy5')
     Run HTML tidy with line wrapping and attribute indentation.
nikola.filters.jpegoptim(infile, executable='jpegoptim')
     Run jpegoptim on a file.
nikola.filters.jpegoptim_progressive(infile, executable='jpegoptim')
     Run jpegoptim on a file and convert to progressive.
nikola.filters.jsminify(data)
     Minify JS using https://javascript-minifier.com/.
nikola.filters.jsonminify(data)
     Minify JSON files (strip whitespace and use minimal separators).
nikola.filters.list replace(the list, find, replacement)
     Replace all occurrences of find with replacement in the list.
nikola.filters.minify_lines(data)
     Do nothing – deprecated filter.
nikola.filters.normalize_html(data)
     Pass HTML through LXML to clean it up, if possible.
nikola.filters.optipng(infile, executable='optipng')
     Run optipng on a file.
nikola.filters.php_template_injection(data)
     Insert PHP code into Nikola templates.
nikola.filters.runinplace(command, infile)
     Run a command in-place on a file.
     command is a string of the form: "commandname %1 %2" and it will be execed with infile as %1 and a
     temporary file as %2. Then, that temporary file will be moved over %1.
     Example usage:
     runinplace("yui-compressor %1 -o %2", "myfile.css")
     That will replace myfile.css with a minified version.
     You can also supply command as a list.
nikola.filters.typogrify(data)
     Prettify text with typogrify.
nikola.filters.typogrify_oldschool(data)
     Prettify text with typogrify.
nikola.filters.typogrify_sans_widont(data)
     Prettify text with typogrify, skipping the widont filter.
```

```
nikola.filters.xmlminify (data)
Minify XML files (strip whitespace and use minimal separators).

nikola.filters.yui_compressor (infile, executable=None)
Run YUI Compressor on a file.
```

31.1.4 nikola.image_processing module

```
Process images.
class nikola.image_processing.ImageProcessor
     Bases: :class:'object'
     Apply image operations.
     filter_exif (exif, whitelist)
          Filter EXIF data as described in the documentation.
     image_date(src)
          Try to figure out the date of the image.
     image_ext_list_builtin = ['.jpg', '.png', '.jpeg', '.gif', '.svg', '.svgz', '.bmp', '.
     resize_image (src,
                            dst,
                                   max_size,
                                               bigger_panoramas=True,
                                                                        preserve exif data=False,
                      exif_whitelist={}, preserve_icc_profiles=False)
          Make a copy of the image in the requested size.
     resize_svg(src, dst, max_size, bigger_panoramas)
```

31.1.5 nikola.nikola module

```
The main Nikola site object.
```

```
class nikola.nikola.Nikola(**config)
    Bases: :class:'object'
```

Class that handles site generation.

Takes a site config as argument on creation.

Make a copy of an svg at the requested size.

GLOBAL_CONTEXT

Initialize some parts of GLOBAL_CONTEXT only when it's queried.

MESSAGES

THEMES

```
abs_link (dst, protocol_relative=False)
```

Get an absolute link.

apply_shortcodes (data, filename=None, lang=None, extra_context=None)

Apply shortcodes from the registry on data.

apply_shortcodes_uuid (data, _shortcodes, filename=None, lang=None, extra_context=None) Apply shortcodes from the registry on data.

atom_feed_renderer (lang, posts, output_path, filters, extra_context)

Render Atom feeds and archives with lists of posts.

Feeds are considered archives when no future updates to them are expected.

category_path_to_category_name (category_path)

Translate a category path to a category name.

clean_task_paths(task)

Normalize target paths in the task.

file_exists (path, not_empty=False)

Check if the file exists. If not_empty is True, it also must not be empty.

filename path(name, lang)

Link to post or page by source filename.

Example:

link://filename/manual.txt => /docs/handbook.html

gen_tasks (name, plugin_category, doc=")

Generate tasks.

generic_atom_renderer(lang, posts, context_source, kw, basename, classification, kind, additional_dependencies=None)

Create an Atom feed.

lang: The language posts: A list of posts context_source: This will be copied and extended and used as every

page's context

kw: An extended version will be used for uptodate dependencies basename: Basename for task classification: name of current classification (used to generate links) kind: classification kind (used to generate links) additional_dependencies: a list of dependencies which will be added

to task['uptodate']

generic_index_renderer (lang, posts, indexes_title, template_name, context_source, kw, basename, page_link, page_path, additional_dependencies=None)

Create an index page.

lang: The language posts: A list of posts indexes_title: Title template_name: Name of template file context_source: This will be copied and extended and used as every

```
page's context
```

kw: An extended version will be used for uptodate dependencies basename: Basename for task page_link: A function accepting an index i, the displayed page number,

the number of pages, and a boolean force_addition which creates a link to the i-th page (where i ranges between 0 and num_pages-1). The displayed page (between 1 and num_pages) is the number (optionally) displayed as 'page %d' on the rendered page. If force_addition is True, the appendum (inserting '-%d' etc.) should be done also for i == 0.

page_path: A function accepting an index i, the displayed page number, the number of pages, and a boolean force_addition, which creates a path to the i-th page. All arguments are as the ones for page_link.

additional_dependencies: a list of dependencies which will be added to task['uptodate']

Note: if context['featured'] is present, it must be a list of posts, whose dependencies will be taken added to task['uptodate'].

generic_page_renderer (lang, post, filters, context=None)

Render post fragments to final HTML pages.

generic_post_list_renderer (lang, posts, output_name, template_name, filters, extra_context)
Render pages with lists of posts.

Create tasks for rendering pages and post lists and other related pages.

lang is the current language. output_name is the destination file name. template_name is the template to be used. filters is the list of filters (usually site.config['FILTERS']) which will be used to post-process the result. file_deps (optional) is a list of additional file dependencies (next to template and its dependencies). uptodate_deps (optional) is a list of additional entries added to the task's uptodate list. context (optional) a dict used as a basis for the template context. The lang parameter will always be added. context_deps_remove (optional) is a list of keys to remove from the context after using it as an uptodate dependency. This should name all keys containing non-trivial Python objects; they can be replaced by adding JSON-style dicts in post_deps_dict. post_deps_dict (optional) is a dict merged into the copy of context which is used as an uptodate dependency. url_type (optional) allows to override the URL_TYPE configuration. is_fragment (optional) allows to write a HTML fragment instead of a HTML document.

Take all necessary data, and render a RSS feed in output_path.

```
get_compiler (source_name)
```

Get the correct compiler for a post from conf. COMPILERS.

To make things easier for users, the mapping in conf.py is compiler->[extensions], although this is less convenient for us. The majority of this function is reversing that dictionary and error checking.

```
init_plugins (commands_only=False, load_all=False)
```

Load plugins as needed.

```
link(*args, **kwargs)
```

Create a link.

parse_category_name (category_name)

Parse a category name into a hierarchy.

```
path (kind, name, lang=None, is_link=False, **kwargs)
```

Build the path to a certain kind of page.

These are mostly defined by plugins by registering via the register_path_handler method, except for slug, post_path, root and filename which are defined in this class' init method.

Here's some of the others, for historical reasons:

- root (name is ignored)
- tag_index (name is ignored)
- tag (and name is the tag name)
- tag_rss (name is the tag name)
- category (and name is the category name)
- category_rss (and name is the category name)

- archive (and name is the year, or None for the main archive index)
- index (name is the number in index-number)
- rss (name is ignored)
- gallery (name is the gallery name)
- listing (name is the source code file name)
- post path (name is 1st element in a POSTS/PAGES tuple)
- slug (name is the slug of a post or page)
- filename (name is the source filename of a post/page, in DEFAULT_LANG, relative to conf.py)

The returned value is either a path relative to output, like "categories/whatever.html", or an absolute URL ("https://getnikola.com/"), if path handler returns a string.

If is_link is True, the path is absolute and uses "/" as separator (ex: "/archive/index.html"). If is_link is False, the path is relative to output and uses the platform's separator. (ex: "archiveindex.html") If the registered path handler returns a string instead of path component list - it's considered to be an absolute URL and returned as is.

post_path (name, lang)

Link to the destination of an element in the POSTS/PAGES settings.

Example:

link://post_path/posts => /blog

register filter (filter name, filter definition)

Register a filter.

filter_name should be a name not confusable with an actual executable. filter_definition should be a callable accepting one argument (the filename).

$register_path_handler(kind, f)$

Register a path handler.

register_shortcode (name, f)

Register function f to handle shortcode "name".

rel_link (src, dst)

Get a relative link.

${\tt render_template}\ (\textit{template_name}, \textit{output_name}, \textit{context}, \textit{url_type=None}, \textit{is_fragment=False})$

Render a template with the global context.

If output_name is None, will return a string and all URL normalization will be ignored (including the link:// scheme). If output_name is a string, URLs will be normalized and the resultant HTML will be saved to the named file (path must start with OUTPUT_FOLDER).

The argument url_type allows to override the URL_TYPE configuration.

If is_fragment is set to True, a HTML fragment will be rendered and not a whole HTML document.

rewrite_links (doc, src, lang, url_type=None)

Replace links in document to point to the right places.

root_path (name, lang)

Link to the current language's root.

Example:

link://root path => /

```
link://root_path => /translations/spanish/
scan_posts (really=False, ignore_quit=False, quiet=False)
    Scan all the posts.
    The quiet option is ignored.
slug_path (name, lang)
    Return a link to a post with given slug, if not ambiguous.
    Example:
    link://slug/yellow-camaro => /posts/cars/awful/yellow-camaro/index.html
static sort_posts_chronologically (posts, lang=None)
    Sort a list of posts chronologically.
    This function also takes priority, title and source path into account.
template_system
url_replacer (src, dst, lang=None, url_type=None)
```

- Replaces link:// URLs with real links
- · Makes dst relative to src

Mangle URLs.

- · Leaves fragments unchanged
- · Leaves full URLs unchanged
- Avoids empty links

src is the URL where this link is used dst is the link to be mangled lang is used for language-sensitive URLs in link:// url_type is used to determine final link appearance, defaulting to URL_TYPE from config

31.1.6 nikola.plugin_categories module

```
Nikola plugin categories.
```

```
class nikola.plugin_categories.Command (*args, **kwargs)

Bases: :class:'nikola.plugin_categories.BasePlugin', :class:'doit.cmd_base.Command'

Doit command implementation.

cmd_options = ()

doc_description = None

doc_purpose = 'A short explanation.'

doc_usage = ''

execute (options=None, args=None) → int

Check if the command can run in the current environment, fail if needed, or call _execute.

name = 'dummy_command'

needs_config = True

class nikola.plugin_categories.LateTask

Bases: :class:'nikola.plugin_categories.BaseTask'

Late task generator (plugin executed after all Task plugins).

name = 'dummy_latetask'
```

```
class nikola.plugin_categories.PageCompiler
     Bases: :class:'nikola.plugin_categories.BasePlugin'
     Compile text files into HTML.
     compile (source: str, dest: str, is_two_file=True, post=None, lang=None)
          Compile the source file into HTML and save as dest.
     compile\_string(data: str, source\_path=None, is\_two\_file=True, post=None, lang=None) \rightarrow str
          Compile the source file into HTML strings (with shortcode support).
          Returns a tuple of at least two elements: HTML string [0] and shortcode dependencies [last].
     config_dependencies = []
     create_post (path: str, content=None, onefile=False, is_page=False, **kw)
          Create post file with optional metadata.
                                                                          'description':
     default_metadata = {'category':
                                                       'date':
                                                                                                 '', 'link':
     demote_headers = False
     extension() \rightarrow str
          Return the preferred extension for the output of this compiler.
     friendly_name = ''
     \texttt{get\_compiler\_extensions}() \rightarrow list
          Activate all the compiler extension plugins for a given compiler and return them.
     get\_dep\_filename (post: nikola.post.Post, lang: str) \rightarrow str
          Return the .dep file's name for the given post and language.
     get_extra_targets (post: nikola.post.Post, lang: str, dest: str) \rightarrow typing.List[str]
          Return a list of extra targets for the render_posts task when compiling the post for the specified language.
     metadata_conditions = []
     name = 'dummy_compiler'
     read_metadata(post: nikola.post.Post, lang=None) → typing.Dict[str, str]
          Read the metadata from a post, and return a metadata dict.
     register_extra_dependencies (post: nikola.post.Post)
          Add dependency to post object to check .dep file.
     split_metadata (data: str, post=None, lang=None) -> (<class 'str'>, <class 'str'>)
          Split data from metadata in the raw post content.
     supports metadata = False
     supports_onefile = True
     use_dep_file = True
class nikola.plugin_categories.RestExtension
     Bases: :class:'nikola.plugin_categories.CompilerExtension'
     Extensions for reStructuredText.
     compiler_name = 'rest'
     name = 'dummy_rest_extension'
class nikola.plugin categories.MarkdownExtension
     Bases: :class:'nikola.plugin_categories.CompilerExtension'
```

```
Extensions for Markdown.
     compiler name = 'markdown'
     name = 'dummy_markdown_extension'
class nikola.plugin_categories.MetadataExtractor
     Bases: :class:'nikola.plugin categories.BasePlugin'
     Plugins that can extract meta information from post files.
     check_requirements()
          Check if requirements for an extractor are satisfied.
     conditions = []
     extract_filename (filename: str, lang: str) \rightarrow Dict[str, str]
          Extract metadata from filename.
     extract_text (source_text: str) → Dict[str, str]
          Split file, return metadata and the content.
     map from = None
     name = 'unknown'
     priority = None
     requirements = []
     source = None
     split_metadata_from_text (source_text: str) -> (<class 'str'>, <class 'str'>)
          Split text into metadata and content (both strings).
     split_metadata_re = None
     supports_write = False
     write_metadata (metadata: Dict[str, str], comment_wrap=False) → str
          Write metadata in this extractor's format.
          comment_wrap is either True, False, or a 2-tuple of comments to use for wrapping, if necessary. If it's
          set to True, defaulting to ('<!--', '-->') is recommended.
          This function should insert comment markers (if applicable) and must insert trailing newlines.
class nikola.plugin_categories.Task
     Bases: :class:'nikola.plugin categories.BaseTask'
     Task generator.
     name = 'dummy_task'
class nikola.plugin_categories.TaskMultiplier
     Bases: :class:'nikola.plugin_categories.BasePlugin'
     Take a task and return more tasks.
     name = 'dummy multiplier'
     process (task) \rightarrow list
          Examine task and create more tasks. Returns extra tasks only.
class nikola.plugin_categories.TemplateSystem
     Bases: :class:'nikola.plugin categories.BasePlugin'
     Provide support for templating systems.
```

get deps (filename: str)

```
Return paths to dependencies for the template loaded from filename.
     get_string_deps (text: str)
           Find dependencies for a template string.
     get template path (template name: str) \rightarrow str
           Get the path to a template or return None.
     inject directory (directory: str)
           Inject the directory with the lowest priority in the template search mechanism.
     name = 'dummy_templates'
     render_template (template_name: str, output_name: str, context: Dict[str, str])
           Render template to a file using context.
           This must save the data to output_name and return it so that the caller may do additional processing.
     render\_template\_to\_string(template: str; context: Dict[str, str]) \rightarrow str
           Render template to a string using context.
     set_directories (directories: List[str], cache_folder: str)
           Set the list of folders where templates are located and cache.
     template_deps (template_name: str)
           Return filenames which are dependencies for a template.
class nikola.plugin categories.SignalHandler
     Bases: :class:'nikola.plugin categories.BasePlugin'
     Signal handlers.
     name = 'dummy_signal_handler'
class nikola.plugin_categories.ConfigPlugin
     Bases: :class:'nikola.plugin_categories.BasePlugin'
     A plugin that can edit config (or modify the site) on-the-fly.
     name = 'dummy_config_plugin'
class nikola.plugin_categories.PostScanner
     Bases: :class:'nikola.plugin_categories.BasePlugin'
     The scan method of these plugins is called by Nikola.scan posts.
     scan() → typing.List[nikola.post.Post]
           Create a list of posts from some source. Returns a list of Post objects.
     supported_extensions() \rightarrow Optional[List]
           Return a list of supported file extensions, or None if such a list isn't known beforehand.
class nikola.plugin_categories.Taxonomy
     Bases: :class:'nikola.plugin_categories.BasePlugin'
     Taxonomy for posts.
     A taxonomy plugin allows to classify posts (see #2107) by classification strings. Classification plugins must
     adjust a set of options to determine certain aspects.
     The following options are class attributes with their default values. These variables should be set in the class
```

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classification name = "taxonomy": The classification name to be used for path handlers. Must be overridden!

definition, in the constructor or latest in the set_site function.

overview_page_items_variable_name = "items": When rendering the overview page, its template will have a list of pairs

```
(friendly_name, link)
```

for the classifications available in a variable by this name.

The template will also have a list (friendly_name, link, post_count)

for the classifications available in a variable by the name overview_page_items_variable_name + 'with postcount'.

overview_page_variable_name = "taxonomy": When rendering the overview page, its template will have a list of classifications available in a variable by this name.

overview_page_hierarchy_variable_name = "taxonomy_hierarchy": When rendering the overview page,
 its template will have a list of tuples

```
(friendly_name, classification, classification_path, link, indent_levels, dent_change_before, indent_change_after)
```

available in a variable by this name. These tuples can be used to render the hierarchy as a tree.

The template will also have a list

(**friendly_name, classification, classification_path, link,** indent_levels, indent_change_before, indent_change_after, number_of_children, post_count)

available in the variable by the name overview_page_hierarchy_variable_name + '_with_postcount'.

more_than_one_classifications_per_post = False: If True, there can be more than one classification per post; in that case, the classification data in the metadata is stored as a list. If False, the classification data in the metadata is stored as a string, or None when no classification is given.

has_hierarchy = False: Whether the classification has a hierarchy.

include_posts_from_subhierarchies = False: If True, the post list for a classification includes all posts with a sub-classification (in case has_hierarchy is True).

include_posts_into_hierarchy_root = False: If True, include_posts_from_subhierarchies == True will also insert posts into the post list for the empty hierarchy [].

show_list_as_subcategories_list = False: If True, for every classification which has at least one subclassification, create a list of subcategories instead of a list/index of posts. This is only used when has_hierarchy = True. The template specified in subcategories_list_template will be used. If this is set to True, it is recommended to set include_posts_from_subhierarchies to True to get correct post counts.

show_list_as_index = False: Whether to show the posts for one classification as an index or as a post list.

subcategories_list_template = "taxonomy_list.tmpl": The template to use for the subcategories list when show_list_as_subcategories_list is True.

template_for_single_list = "tagindex.tmpl": The template to use for the post list for one classification.

template_for_classification_overview = "list.tmpl": The template to use for the classification overview page. Set to None to avoid generating overviews.

always_disable_atom = False: Whether to always disable Atom feed generation.

always_disable_rss = False: Whether to always disable RSS feed generation.

apply_to_posts = True: Whether this classification applies to posts.

apply_to_pages = False: Whether this classification applies to pages.

- minimum post count per classification in overview = 1: The minimum number of posts a classification must have to be listed in the overview.
- omit empty classifications = False: Whether post lists resp. indexes should be created for empty classifica-
- add other languages variable = False: In case this is *True*, each classification page will get a list of triples (other lang, other classification, title) of classifications in other languages which should be linked. The list will be stored in the variable other languages.
- path_handler_docstrings: A dictionary of docstrings for path handlers. See eg. nikola.py for examples. Must be overridden, keys are "taxonomy_index", "taxonomy", "taxonomy_atom", "taxonomy_rss" (but using classification_name instead of "taxonomy"). If one of the values is False, the corresponding path handler will not be created.

```
add_other_languages_variable = False
always_disable_atom = False
always_disable_rss = False
apply_to_pages = False
apply to posts = True
classification_name = 'taxonomy'
classify (post: nikola.post.Post, lang: str) \rightarrow typing.Iterable[str]
```

Classify the given post for the given language.

Must return a list or tuple of strings.

```
extract_hierarchy (classification: str) → List[str]
```

Given a classification, return a list of parts in the hierarchy.

For non-hierarchical taxonomies, it usually suffices to return [classification].

```
get_classification_friendly_name (classification:
                                                                                  lang:
                                                                                                  str,
                                               only\_last\_component=False) \rightarrow str
```

Extract a friendly name from the classification.

The result of this function is usually displayed to the user, instead of using the classification string.

The argument only_last_component is only relevant to hierarchical taxonomies. If it is set, the printable name should only describe the last component of *classification* if possible.

```
get implicit classifications (lang: str) \rightarrow List[str]
```

Return a list of classification strings which should always appear in posts_per_classification.

```
get_other_language_variants (classification: str, lang: str, classifications_per_language:
                                        List[str] \rightarrow List[str]
```

Return a list of variants of the same classification in other languages.

Given a classification in a language lang, return a list of pairs (other_lang, other_classification) with lang != other_lang such that classification should be linked to other_classification.

Classifications where links to other language versions makes no sense should simply return an empty list.

Provided is a set of classifications per language (classifications per language).

```
get_overview_path (lang: str, dest_type='page') → str
```

Return path for classification overview.

This path handler for the classification overview must return one or two values (in this order):

• a list or tuple of strings: the path relative to OUTPUT DIRECTORY;

 a string with values 'auto', 'always' or 'never', indicating whether INDEX_FILE should be added or not.

Note that this function must always return a list or tuple of strings; the other return value is optional with default value 'auto'.

In case INDEX_FILE should potentially be added, the last element in the returned path must have no extension, and the PRETTY_URLS config must be ignored by this handler. The return value will be modified based on the PRETTY_URLS and INDEX_FILE settings.

dest_type can be either 'page', 'feed' (for Atom feed) or 'rss'.

```
get_path (classification: str, lang: str, dest_type='page') \rightarrow str Return path to the classification page.
```

This path handler for the given classification must return one to three values (in this order):

- a list or tuple of strings: the path relative to OUTPUT_DIRECTORY;
- a string with values 'auto', 'always' or 'never', indicating whether INDEX_FILE should be added or not:
- an integer if a specific page of the index is to be targeted (will be ignored for post lists), or *None* if the most current page is targeted.

Note that this function must always return a list or tuple of strings; the other two return values are optional with default values 'auto' and None.

In case INDEX_FILE should potentially be added, the last element in the returned path must have no extension, and the PRETTY_URLS config must be ignored by this handler. The return value will be modified based on the PRETTY_URLS and INDEX_FILE settings.

```
dest_type can be either 'page', 'feed' (for Atom feed) or 'rss'.
```

For hierarchical taxonomies, the result of extract_hierarchy is provided as *classification*. For non-hierarchical taxonomies, the classification string itself is provided as *classification*.

```
has_hierarchy = False
include_posts_from_subhierarchies = False
include_posts_into_hierarchy_root = False
is_enabled(lang=None) \rightarrow bool
Return True if this taxonomy is enabled, or False otherwise.
```

If lang is None, this determins whether the classification is made at all. If lang is not None, this determines whether the overview page and the classification lists are created for this language.

```
minimum_post_count_per_classification_in_overview = 1
more_than_one_classifications_per_post = False
name = 'dummy_taxonomy'
omit_empty_classifications = False
overview_page_hierarchy_variable_name = 'taxonomy_hierarchy'
overview_page_items_variable_name = 'items'
overview_page_variable_name = 'taxonomy'
path_handler_docstrings = {'taxonomy': '', 'taxonomy_atom': '', 'taxonomy_index':
```

Rearrange, modify or otherwise use the list of posts per classification and per language.

For compatibility reasons, the list could be stored somewhere else as well.

In case has_hierarchy is True, flat_hierarchy_per_lang is the flat hierarchy consisting of hierarchy_utils.TreeNode elements, and hierarchy_lookup_per_lang is the corresponding hierarchy lookup mapping classification strings to hierarchy_utils.TreeNode objects.

```
provide\_context\_and\_uptodate (classification: str, lang: str, node=None) \rightarrow Tuple[Dict] Provide data for the context and the uptodate list for the list of the given classification.
```

Must return a tuple of two dicts. The first is merged into the page's context, the second will be put into the uptodate list of all generated tasks.

For hierarchical taxonomies, node is the *hierarchy_utils.TreeNode* element corresponding to the classification.

Context must contain title, which should be something like 'Posts about <classification>'.

```
provide\_overview\_context\_and\_uptodate(lang: str) \rightarrow str
```

Provide data for the context and the uptodate list for the classification overview.

Must return a tuple of two dicts. The first is merged into the page's context, the second will be put into the uptodate list of all generated tasks.

Context must contain title.

```
recombine\_classification\_from\_hierarchy (hierarchy: List[str]) \rightarrow str
```

Given a list of parts in the hierarchy, return the classification string.

For non-hierarchical taxonomies, it usually suffices to return hierarchy[0].

```
\begin{tabular}{ll} \textbf{should\_generate\_atom\_for\_classification\_page} (classification: str, post\_list: typ-ing.List[nikola.post.Post], lang: str) \\ &\rightarrow bool \end{tabular}
```

Only generates Atom feed for list of posts for classification if this function returns True.

Only generates list of posts for classification if this function returns True.

Only generates RSS feed for list of posts for classification if this function returns True.

Allows the plugin to order the classifications as it wants. The classifications will be ordered by *natsort* before calling this function. This function must sort in-place.

For hierarchical taxonomies, the elements of the list are a single path element of the path returned by *extract_hierarchy()*. The index of the path element in the path will be provided in *level*.

```
sort_posts (posts: typing.List[nikola.post.Post], classification: str, lang: str)
Sort the given list of posts.
```

Allows the plugin to order the posts per classification as it wants. The posts will be ordered by date (latest first) before calling this function. This function must sort in-place.

```
subcategories_list_template = 'taxonomy_list.tmpl'
template_for_classification_overview = 'list.tmpl'
template_for_single_list = 'tagindex.tmpl'
```

31.1.7 nikola.post module

The Post class.

Bases: :class:'object'

Represent a blog post or site page.

```
add_dependency (dependency, add='both', lang=None)
```

Add a file dependency for tasks using that post.

The dependency should be a string specifying a path, or a callable which returns such a string or a list of strings.

The add parameter can be 'both', 'fragment' or 'page', to indicate that this dependency shall be used

- when rendering the fragment to HTML ('fragment' and 'both'), or
- when creating a page with parts of the Post embedded, which includes the HTML resulting from compiling the fragment ('page' or 'both').

If lang is not specified, this dependency is added for all languages.

```
add_dependency_uptodate (dependency, is_callable=False, add='both', lang=None)
Add a dependency for task's uptodate for tasks using that post.
```

This can be for example an utils.config_changed object, or a list of such objects.

The is_callable parameter specifies whether dependency is a callable which generates an entry or a list of entries for the uptodate list, or whether it is an entry which can directly be added (as a single object or a list of objects).

The add parameter can be 'both', 'fragment' or 'page', to indicate that this dependency shall be used

- when rendering the fragment to HTML ('fragment' and 'both'), or
- when creating a page with parts of the Post embedded, which includes the HTML resulting from compiling the fragment ('page' or 'both').

If lang is not specified, this dependency is added for all languages.

Example:

```
\textbf{post.add\_dependency\_uptodate}(\ \ \textbf{utils.config\_changed}(\{1: some\_data\}, \ \ \textbf{`uniqueid'}), \ False, \ \ \textbf{`page'})
```

alltags

Return ALL the tags for this post.

author(lang=None)

Return localized author or BLOG_AUTHOR if unspecified.

If lang is not specified, it defaults to the current language from templates, as set in LocaleBorg.

compile (lang)

Generate the cache/ file with the compiled post.

deps (lang)

Return a list of file dependencies to build this post's page.

deps_uptodate(lang)

Return a list of uptodate dependencies to build this post's page.

These dependencies should be included in uptodate for the task which generates the page.

description (lang=None)

Return localized description.

destination_path (lang=None, extension='.html', sep='/')

Destination path for this post, relative to output/.

If lang is not specified, it's the current language. Extension is used in the path if specified.

formatted_date (date_format, date=None)

Return the formatted date as string.

formatted_updated(date_format)

Return the updated date as string.

fragment deps(lang)

Return a list of dependencies to build this post's fragment.

fragment_deps_uptodate(lang)

Return a list of file dependencies to build this post's fragment.

guid(lang=None)

Return localized GUID.

has math

Return True if this post has has_math set to True or is a python notebook.

Alternatively, it will return True if it has set the mathjax tag in the current language and the USE_TAG_METADATA config setting is True.

has_pretty_url(lang)

Check if this page has a pretty URL.

hyphenate

is_translation_available(lang)

Return True if the translation actually exists.

next_post

Return next post.

paragraph_count

Return the paragraph count for this post.

permalink (lang=None, absolute=False, extension='.html', query=None)

Return permalink for a post.

prev_post

Return previous post.

previewimage

Return the previewimage path.

reading_time

Return reading time based on length of text.

register_depfile (dep, dest=None, lang=None)

Register a dependency in the dependency file.

remaining_paragraph_count

Return the remaining paragraph count for this post (does not include teaser).

remaining_reading_time

Remaining reading time based on length of text (does not include teaser).

source_ext (prefix=False)

Return the source file extension.

If *prefix* is True, a .src. prefix will be added to the resulting extension if it's equal to the destination extension.

source link(lang=None)

Return absolute link to the post's source.

tags

Return tags for the current language.

tags_for_language(lang)

Return tags for a given language.

template_name

Return template name for this post.

```
text (lang=None, teaser_only=False, strip_html=False, show_read_more_link=True, feed_read_more_link=False, feed_links_append_query=None)
Read the post file for that language and return its contents.
```

teaser_only=True breaks at the teaser marker and returns only the teaser. strip_html=True removes HTML tags show_read_more_link=False does not add the Read more... link feed_read_more_link=True uses FEED_READ_MORE_LINK instead of INDEX_READ_MORE_LINK lang=None uses the last used to set locale

All links in the returned HTML will be relative. The HTML returned is a bare fragment, not a full document.

title (lang=None)

Return localized title.

If lang is not specified, it defaults to the current language from templates, as set in LocaleBorg.

translated_base_path(lang)

Return path to the translation's base_path file.

translated_source_path(lang)

Return path to the translation's source file.

static write_depfile (dest, deps_list, post=None, lang=None)

Write a depfile for a given language.

31.1.8 nikola.rc4 module

31.1.9 nikola.shortcodes module

Support for Hugo-style shortcodes.

```
exception nikola.shortcodes.ParsingError
Bases: :class:'Exception'
```

Used for forwarding parsing error messages to apply_shortcodes.

```
nikola.shortcodes.apply_shortcodes(data, registry, site=None, filename=None, raise_exceptions=False, lang=None, extra context=None)
```

Apply Hugo-style shortcodes on data.

 $\{\{\% \text{ name parameters } \%\}\}\$ will end up calling the registered "name" function with the given parameters. $\{\{\% \text{ name parameters } \%\}\}\$ something $\{\{\% \text{ /name } \%\}\}\$ will call name with the parameters and one extra "data" parameter containing "something ".

If raise_exceptions is set to True, instead of printing error messages and terminating, errors are passed on as exceptions to the caller.

The site parameter is passed with the same name to the shortcodes so they can access Nikola state.

nikola.shortcodes.extract_shortcodes(data)

Return data with replaced shortcodes, shortcodes.

data is the original data, with the shortcodes replaced by UUIDs.

a dictionary of shortcodes, where the keys are UUIDs and the values are the shortcodes themselves ready to process.

31.1.10 nikola.state module

Persistent state implementation.

```
class nikola.state.Persistor(path)
    Bases: :class:'object'
```

Persist stuff in a place.

This is an intentionally dumb implementation. It is *not* meant to be fast, or useful for arbitrarily large data. Use lightly.

Intentionally it has no namespaces, sections, etc. Use as a responsible adult.

```
delete (key)
     Delete key and the value it contains.
get (key)
```

Get data stored in key.

```
set (key, value)
Store value in key.
```

31.1.11 nikola.utils module

```
Utility functions.
```

Bases: :class:'json.encoder.JSONEncoder'

Custom JSON encoder.

default (obj)

Create default encoding handler.

nikola.utils.get_theme_path(theme)

Return the theme's path, which equals the theme's name.

nikola.utils.get_theme_path_real(theme, themes_dirs)

Return the path where the given theme's files are located.

Looks in ./themes and in the place where themes go when installed.

nikola.utils.get_theme_chain(theme, themes_dirs)

Create the full theme inheritance chain including paths.

nikola.utils.load_messages (themes, translations, default_lang, themes_dirs)

Load theme's messages into context.

All the messages from parent themes are loaded, and "younger" themes have priority.

nikola.utils.copy_tree(src, dst, link_cutoff=None, ignored_filenames=None)

Copy a src tree to the dst folder.

Example:

src = "themes/default/assets" dst = "output/assets"

should copy "themes/defauts/assets/foo/bar" to "output/assets/foo/bar"

If link_cutoff is set, then the links pointing at things *inside* that folder will stay as links, and links pointing *outside* that folder will be copied.

ignored filenames is a set of file names that will be ignored.

```
nikola.utils.copy_file(source, dest, cutoff=None)
```

Copy a file from source to dest. If link target starts with *cutoff*, symlinks are used.

```
nikola.utils.slugify(value, lang=None, force=False)
```

Normalize string, convert to lowercase, remove non-alpha characters, convert spaces to hyphens.

From Django's "django/template/defaultfilters.py".

```
>>> print(slugify('áéí.óú', lang='en'))
aeiou
```

```
>>> print(slugify('foo/bar', lang='en'))
foobar
```

```
>>> print(slugify('foo bar', lang='en'))
foo-bar
```

nikola.utils.unslugify(value, lang=None, discard_numbers=True)

Given a slug string (as a filename), return a human readable string.

If discard_numbers is True, numbers right at the beginning of input will be removed.

```
nikola.utils.to_datetime (value, tzinfo=None)
```

Convert string to datetime.

```
nikola.utils.apply_filters (task, filters, skip_ext=None)
```

Apply filters to a task.

If any of the targets of the given task has a filter that matches, adds the filter commands to the commands of the task, and the filter itself to the uptodate of the task.

```
class nikola.utils.config_changed(config, identifier=None)
```

Bases: :class:'doit.tools.config_changed'

A copy of doit's config_changed, using pickle instead of serializing manually.

```
configure_task(task)
```

Configure a task with a digest.

```
nikola.utils.get_crumbs (path, is_file=False, index_folder=None, lang=None)
```

Create proper links for a crumb bar.

index_folder is used if you want to use title from index file instead of folder name as breadcrumb text.

```
>>> crumbs = get_crumbs('galleries')
>>> len(crumbs)
1
>>> crumbs[0]
['#', 'galleries']
```

```
>>> crumbs = get_crumbs(os.path.join('galleries','demo'))
>>> len(crumbs)
2
>>> crumbs[0]
['..', 'galleries']
>>> crumbs[1]
['#', 'demo']
```

```
>>> crumbs = get_crumbs(os.path.join('listings','foo','bar'), is_file=True)
>>> len(crumbs)
3
>>> crumbs[0]
['..', 'listings']
>>> crumbs[1]
['.', 'foo']
>>> crumbs[2]
['#', 'bar']
```

$nikola.utils.get_tzname(dt)$

Given a datetime value, find the name of the time zone.

DEPRECATED: This thing returned basically the 1st random zone that matched the offset.

```
nikola.utils.get_asset_path (path, themes, files_folders={'files': "}, output_dir='output')
Return the "real", absolute path to the asset.
```

By default, it checks which theme provides the asset. If the asset is not provided by a theme, then it will be checked for in the FILES_FOLDERS. If it's not provided by either, it will be chacked in output, where it may have been created by another plugin.

```
nikola.utils.unicode_str
alias of :class:'builtins.str'
nikola.utils.bytes_str
alias of :class:'builtins.bytes'
nikola.utils.unichr()
```

Return a Unicode string of one character with ordinal i; $0 \le i \le 0x10ffff$.

```
class nikola.utils.Functionary(default, default_lang)
```

Bases: :class:'collections.defaultdict'

Class that looks like a function, but is a defaultdict.

```
class nikola.utils.TranslatableSetting(name, inp, translations)
    Bases: :class:'object'
```

A setting that can be translated.

You can access it via: SETTING(lang). You can omit lang, in which case Nikola will ask LocaleBorg, unless you set SETTING.lang, which overrides that call.

You can also stringify the setting and you will get something sensible (in what LocaleBorg claims the language is, can also be overriden by SETTING.lang). Note that this second method is deprecated. It is kept for backwards compatibility and safety. It is not guaranteed.

The underlying structure is a defaultdict. The language that is the default value of the dict is provided with init ().

```
default_lang = 'en'
format (*args, **kwargs)
```

Format ALL the values in the setting the same way.

```
get_lang()
```

Return the language that should be used to retrieve settings.

```
lang = None
```

langformat (formats)

Format ALL the values in the setting, on a per-language basis.

```
class nikola.utils.TemplateHookRegistry (name, site)
```

Bases: :class:'object'

A registry for template hooks.

Usage:

```
>>> r = TemplateHookRegistry('foo', None)
>>> r.append('Hello!')
>>> r.append(lambda x: 'Hello ' + x + '!', False, 'world')
>>> repr(r())
'Hello!\nHello world!'
```

```
append (inp, wants_site_and_context=False, *args, **kwargs)
```

Register an item.

inp can be a string or a callable returning one. *wants_site* tells whether there should be a *site* keyword argument provided, for accessing the site.

Further positional and keyword arguments are passed as-is to the callable.

wants_site, args and kwargs are ignored (but saved!) if inp is not callable. Callability of inp is determined only once.

calculate deps()

Calculate dependencies for a registry.

generate()

Generate items.

```
class nikola.utils.LocaleBorg
```

Bases: :class:'object'

Provide locale related services and autoritative current_lang.

This class stores information about the locales used and interfaces with the Babel library to provide internationalization services.

Usage: # early in cmd or test execution LocaleBorg.initialize(...)

any time later lang = LocaleBorg().<service>

Available services: .current_lang: autoritative current_lang, the last seen in set_locale .formatted_date: format a date(time) according to locale rules .format date in string: take a message and format the date in it

The default implementation uses the Babel package and completely ignores the Python *locale* module. If you wish to override this, write functions and assign them to the appropriate names. The functions are:

- LocaleBorg.datetime_formatter(date, date_format, lang, locale)
- LocaleBorg.in_string_formatter(date, mode, custom_format, lang, locale)

current_lang

Return the current language.

```
datetime_formatter = None
```

```
format_date_in_string (message: str, date: datetime.date, lang: Optional[str] = None) → str
    Format date inside a string (message).

Accepted modes: month, month_year, month_day_year. Format: {month} for standard, {month:MMMM} for customization.

formatted_date (date_format: str, date: datetime.date, lang: Optional[str] = None) → str
    Return the formatted date/datetime as a string.

in_string_formatter = None

classmethod initialize (locales: Dict[str, str], initial_lang: str)
    Initialize LocaleBorg.
```

initialized = False

classmethod reset()

Reset LocaleBorg.

Used in testing to prevent leaking state between tests.

locales: dict with custom locale name overrides.

set locale (*lang: str*) \rightarrow str

Set the current language and return an empty string (to make use in templates easier).

nikola.utils.sys_encode(thing)

Return bytes encoded in the system's encoding.

nikola.utils.sys_decode(thing)

Return Unicode.

nikola.utils.makedirs(path)

Create a folder and its parents if needed (mkdir -p).

nikola.utils.get_parent_theme_name (theme_name, themes_dirs=None) Get name of parent theme.

nikola.utils.demote_headers (doc, level=1)

Demote <hN> elements by one.

nikola.utils.get_translation_candidate(config, path, lang)

Return a possible path where we can find the translated version of some page, based on the TRANSLA-TIONS_PATTERN configuration variable.

(continues on next page)

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```
>>> print(get_translation_candidate(config, 'cache/pages/charts.html', 'en'))
     cache/pages/charts.html
     >>> config = {'TRANSLATIONS_PATTERN': '{path}.{ext}.{lang}', 'DEFAULT_LANG': 'en',
     → 'TRANSLATIONS': {'es':'1', 'en': 1}}
     >>> print(get_translation_candidate(config, '*.rst', 'es'))
     >>> print(get_translation_candidate(config, '*.rst.es', 'es'))
     *.rst.es
     >>> print(get_translation_candidate(config, '*.rst.es', 'en'))
     >>> print(get_translation_candidate(config, 'cache/posts/fancy.post.html.es', 'en
     '))
     cache/posts/fancy.post.html
     >>> print(get_translation_candidate(config, 'cache/posts/fancy.post.html', 'es'))
     cache/posts/fancy.post.html.es
nikola.utils.write_metadata(data, metadata_format=None, comment_wrap=False, site=None,
                                  compiler=None)
     Write metadata.
     Recommended usage: pass site, comment_wrap (True, False, or a 2-tuple of start/end markers), and optionally
     compiler. Other options are for backwards compatibility.
nikola.utils.ask (query, default=None)
     Ask a question.
nikola.utils.ask_yesno(query, default=None)
     Ask a yes/no question.
nikola.utils.options2docstring(name, options)
     Translate options to a docstring.
nikola.utils.os_path_split(path)
     Split a path.
nikola.utils.get_displayed_page_number(i, num_pages, site)
     Get page number to be displayed for entry i.
nikola.utils.adjust_name_for_index_path_list (path_list, i, displayed_i, lang, site,
                                                       force_addition=False, extension=None)
     Retrurn a path list for a given index page.
nikola.utils.adjust_name_for_index_path(name,
                                                           i,
                                                                 displayed i,
                                                                                lang,
                                                                                         site.
                                                 force_addition=False, extension=None)
     Return file name for a given index file.
nikola.utils.adjust name for index link (name,
                                                           i,
                                                                 displayed i,
                                                                                lang,
                                                                                         site.
                                                 force addition=False, extension=None)
     Return link for a given index file.
class nikola.utils.NikolaPygmentsHTML (anchor_ref, classes=None, linenos='table', linenos-
     Bases: :class:'pygments.formatters.html.HtmlFormatter'
     A Nikola-specific modification of Pygments' HtmlFormatter.
     wrap (source, outfile)
         Wrap the source, which is a generator yielding individual lines, in custom generators.
```

```
nikola.utils.create redirect(src, dst)
```

Create a redirection.

```
nikola.utils.clean_before_deployment(site)
```

Clean drafts and future posts before deployment.

```
nikola.utils.sort posts(posts, *keys)
```

Sort posts by a given predicate. Helper function for templates.

If a key starts with '-', it is sorted in descending order.

Usage examples:

```
sort_posts(timeline, 'title', 'date')
sort_posts(timeline, 'author', '-section_name')
```

nikola.utils.**smartjoin**(*join_char: str, string_or_iterable*) → str

Join string or iterable with join char if it is iterable; otherwise converts it to string.

```
>>> smartjoin('; ', 'foo, bar')
'foo, bar'
>>> smartjoin('; ', ['foo', 'bar'])
'foo; bar'
>>> smartjoin(' to ', ['count', 42])
'count to 42'
```

nikola.utils.indent(text, prefix, predicate=None)

Add 'prefix' to the beginning of selected lines in 'text'.

If 'predicate' is provided, 'prefix' will only be added to the lines where 'predicate(line)' is True. If 'predicate' is not provided, it will default to adding 'prefix' to all non-empty lines that do not consist solely of whitespace characters.

```
nikola.utils.load data(path)
```

Given path to a file, load data from it.

```
nikola.utils.html_unescape(s)
```

Convert all named and numeric character references (e.g. >, >, &x3e;) in the string s to the corresponding unicode characters. This function uses the rules defined by the HTML 5 standard for both valid and invalid character references, and the list of HTML 5 named character references defined in html.entities.html5.

```
nikola.utils.rss_writer(rss_obj, output_path)
```

Write an RSS object to an xml file.

```
nikola.utils.map_metadata(meta, key, config)
```

Map metadata from other platforms to Nikola names.

This uses the METADATA_MAPPING and METADATA_VALUE_MAPPING settings (via config) and modifies the dict in place.

```
nikola.utils.req_missing(names, purpose, python=True, optional=False)
```

Log that we are missing some requirements.

names is a list/tuple/set of missing things. purpose is a string, specifying the use of the missing things.

It completes the sentence: In order to {purpose}, you must install ...

python specifies whether the requirements are Python packages or other software.

optional specifies whether the things are required (this is an error and we exit with code 5) or not (this is just a warning).

Returns the message shown to the user (which you can usually discard). If no names are specified, False is returned and nothing is shown to the user.

```
class nikola.utils.TreeNode (name, parent=None)
    Bases: :class:'object'

A tree node.

get_children()
    Get children of a node.

get_path()
    Get path.

indent_change_after = 0
    indent_change_before = 0
    indent_levels = None

nikola.utils.clone_treenode (treenode, parent=None, acceptor=<function <lambda>>)
    Clone a TreeNode.
```

Children are only cloned if *acceptor* returns *True* when applied on them.

Returns the cloned node if it has children or if *acceptor* applied to it returns *True*. In case neither applies, *None* is returned.

```
nikola.utils.flatten_tree_structure (root_list)
Flatten a tree.

nikola.utils.sort_classifications (taxonomy, classifications, lang)
Sort the given list of classifications of the given taxonomy and language.
```

taxonomy must be a Taxonomy plugin. classifications must be an iterable collection of classification strings for that taxonomy. lang is the language the classifications are for.

The result will be returned as a sorted list. Sorting will happen according to the way the complete classification hierarchy for the taxonomy is sorted.

```
nikola.utils.join_hierarchical_category_path(category_path)
Join a category path.

nikola.utils.parse_escaped_hierarchical_category_name(category_name)
Parse a category name.
```

31.1.12 nikola.winutils module

windows utilities to workaround problems with symlinks in a git clone.

```
nikola.winutils.fix_all_git_symlinked(topdir)
Convert git symlinks to real content.
```

Most (all?) of git implementations in windows store a symlink pointing into the repo as a text file, the text being the relative path to the file with the real content.

So, in a clone of nikola in windows the symlinked files will have the wrong content; a .zip download from Github has the same problem.

This function will rewrite each symlinked file with the correct contents, but keep in mind that the working copy will be seen as dirty by git after operation.

Expects to find a list of symlinked files at nikola/data/symlinked.txt

The list can be generated by scripts/generate_symlinked_list.sh, which is basically a redirect of cd nikola_checkout git ls-files -s | awk '/120000/{print \$4}'

Weakness: if interrupted of fail amidst a directory copy, next run will not see the missing files.

nikola.winutils.is_file_into_dir(filename, dirname)
Check if a file is in directory.

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