#### Random Fractals

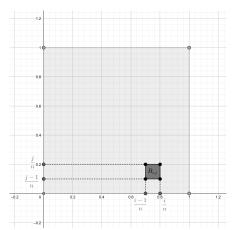
Paul Dubois

Oxford University

10th March 2021

Plain:  $P \sim \text{Perc}(n, p, 1)$ 

$$B_{i,j} = \left[\frac{i-1}{n}, \frac{i}{n}\right] \times \left[\frac{j-1}{n}, \frac{j}{n}\right]$$







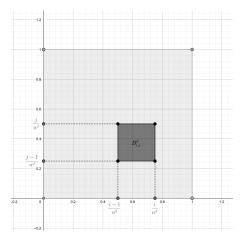
Plain:  $P \sim \text{Perc}(n, p, 1)$ 

$$B_{i,j} = \left[ rac{i-1}{n}, rac{i}{n} 
ight] imes \left[ rac{j-1}{n}, rac{j}{n} 
ight]$$
  $arepsilon_{i,j} \in \{0,1\}$  with  $\mathbb{P}\left(arepsilon_{i,j} = 1 
ight) = p$  (i.e.  $arepsilon_{i,j} \sim \mathcal{B}(p)$ )  $P = igcup_{i,j} B_{i,j}$   $Z = |\{(i,j) \mid \epsilon_{i,j} = 1\}|$   $D = rac{Z}{pn^2}$ 



Recursive:  $P_d \sim \text{Perc}(n, p, d)$ 

$$B_{i,j}^d = \left[\frac{i-1}{n^d}, \frac{i}{n^d}\right] \times \left[\frac{j-1}{n^d}, \frac{j}{n^d}\right]$$







Recursive:  $P_d \sim \text{Perc}(n, p, d)$ 

$$\begin{split} B_{i,j}^d &= \left[\frac{i-1}{n^d}, \frac{i}{n^d}\right] \times \left[\frac{j-1}{n^d}, \frac{j}{n^d}\right] \\ \varepsilon_{i,j}^d &\in \{0,1\} \text{ with } \mathbb{P}\left(\varepsilon_{i,j}^d = 1\right) = p \quad (\text{ i.e. } \varepsilon_{i,j}^d \sim \mathcal{B}(p)) \\ P_0 &= [0,1]^2 \quad ; \quad P_d = P_{d-1} \bigcap \left(\bigcup_{\substack{i,j \\ \varepsilon_{i,j}^d = 1}} B_{i,j}^d\right) \\ Z_d &= \left|\left\{(i,j) \mid \epsilon_{i,j}^d = 1\right\}\right| \\ D_d &= \frac{Z_d}{(pn^2)^d} \end{split}$$



Limit:  $P_{\infty} \sim \operatorname{Perc}(n, p)$ 

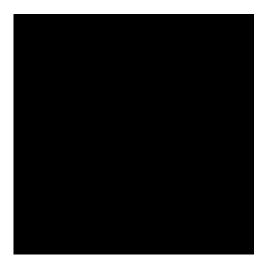
$$P_{\infty} = \bigcap_{d \in \mathbb{N}} P_d$$
$$D_{\infty} = \lim_{d \to \infty} D_d$$

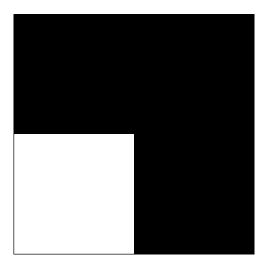


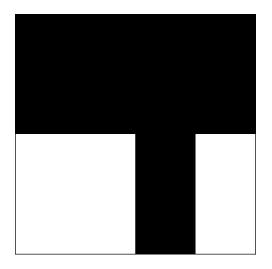
Limit:  $P_{\infty} \sim \operatorname{Perc}(n, p)$ 

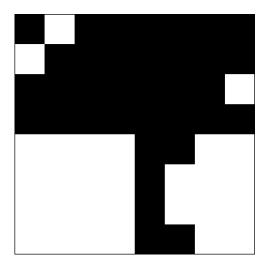
$$P_{\infty} = \bigcap_{d \in \mathbb{N}} P_d$$
 $D_{\infty} = \lim_{d \to \infty} D_d$ 
 $D_{\infty} > 0 \iff P_{\infty} \neq \emptyset$ 
 $\mathbb{E}(D_{\infty}) = 1$ 

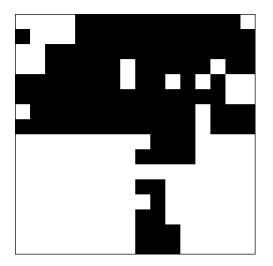








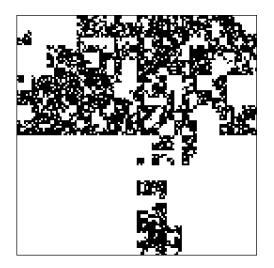




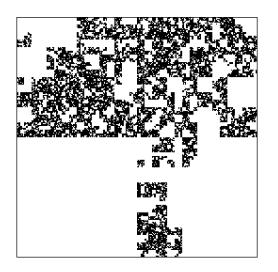


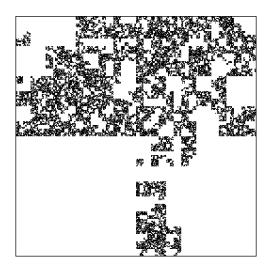




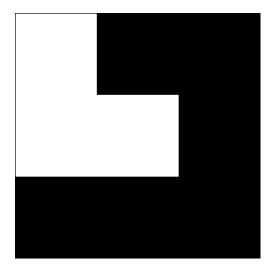


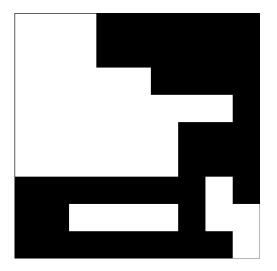


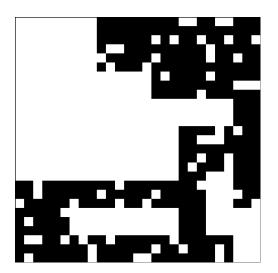








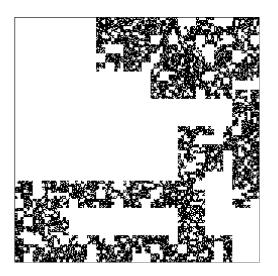




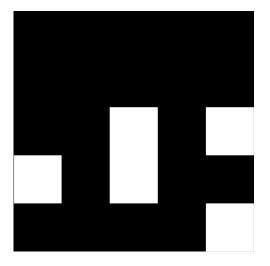






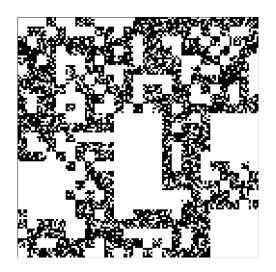














#### **Dimensions**

Percolation dimensions



# Crossings straight



# Blob

