

# Problem Set 2

Due 14<sup>th</sup> September 2021

## Abstract

Only the questions with a star (\*) are compulsory for submission;  
It is however *strongly* advised to attempt all question.

## 1 Functions Properties

**Question 1.** (\*) Show that an injection between two sets of the same size is bijective.

## 2 Finite Cardinalities

**Question 2** (Counting the number of functions between two finite sets). Let  $X$  and  $Y$  be two non-empty finite sets. We want to count the number of functions in  $Y^X$ .

a. Let us assume that  $|X| = n$  with  $X = \{x_1, \dots, x_n\}$ . Prove that the function

$$\Phi: \begin{array}{ccc} Y^X & \longrightarrow & Y^n \\ f & \longmapsto & (f(x_1), \dots, f(x_n)) \end{array}$$

is a bijection.

b. Deduce the value of  $|Y^X|$ .

c. Let  $n \in \mathbb{N}^*$ . Let us consider the set  $\mathfrak{S}_n \subset \llbracket 1; n \rrbracket^{\llbracket 1; n \rrbracket}$  containing the bijections from  $\llbracket 1; n \rrbracket$  to itself. Prove that the sequence  $(|\mathfrak{S}_n|)_{n \in \mathbb{N}^*}$  is defined by the recurrence relation

$$\begin{cases} |\mathfrak{S}_1| = 1 \\ \forall n \in \mathbb{N}, |\mathfrak{S}_{n+1}| = (n+1)|\mathfrak{S}_n| \end{cases}$$

(hint : we can use the bijections  $\forall k \in \llbracket 1; n \rrbracket, g_k : \llbracket 1; n \rrbracket \setminus \{k\} \rightarrow \llbracket 1; n-1 \rrbracket$ )

d. The cardinal of  $\mathfrak{S}_n$  is the factorial of  $n$ , denoted as  $n!$ . Write a function returning the value of the factorial for a given  $n \in \mathbb{N}$  (by convention  $0! = 1$ ).

**Question 3** (Counting the number of sub-parts). (\*) We study the function  $(n, p) \in \mathbb{N}^2 \mapsto \binom{n}{p} \in \mathbb{N}$  the binomial coefficient, which is the number of subsets containing  $p$  elements in a set containing  $n$  elements.

a. Prove that  $\forall n, p \geq 1, \binom{n}{p} = \binom{n-1}{p-1} + \binom{n-1}{p}$ .

b. Deduce from this recurrence equation that

$$\forall n \in \mathbb{N}, \forall p \leq n, \binom{n}{p} = \frac{n!}{(n-p)!p!}$$

c. Prove the formula

$$\forall n \in \mathbb{N}, \sum_{k=0}^n \binom{n}{k} = 2^n$$

d. Derive the value of  $|\mathcal{P}(\llbracket 1; n \rrbracket)|$  (power set).

### 3 Infinite Cardinalities

**Question 4.** (\*) Find an explicit bijection between  $[a, b]$  and  $[c, d]$

**Question 5.** (\*) Show that there is a bijection between  $[0, 1[$  and  $\{0, 1\}^{\mathbb{N}}$

**Question 6.** (\*) Let  $\mathcal{A} = \{a, b, c, \dots, z\}$  be the set of letters in the alphabet. Show explicitly that  $|\mathcal{A} \cup \mathbb{N}| = |\mathbb{N}|$ .

**Question 7.** Let  $\mathbb{C}$  be the set of complex numbers. Compare  $\mathbb{R}$  and  $\mathbb{C}$ .

**Question 8.** Let  $\mathbb{P}$  be the set of prime numbers. Compare  $\mathbb{P}$  with the usual sets (in particular with  $\mathbb{N}$ ,  $\mathbb{Z}$ ,  $\mathbb{Q}$ ,  $\mathbb{R}$ ).