# FEDERAL TAX CREDIT GUIDE Save up to 26% off your solar project. WHOLESALE SOLAR



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## Introduction

If you've bought solar, you'll want to claim the federal solar tax credit and alleviate some of your tax liability!

Filing your taxes is already a hassle, and the forms for claiming residential tax credits just add another layer of complexity. We're here to help you out. This step-by-step guide helps make your filing process as easy as possible.

This guide will give you everything you need to file for your Residential Renewable Energy Tax Credit for your solar system purchase. Under the incentive program, you receive 26% of the total installed cost of your system as a credit toward any taxes you owe at the end of the year.

## Topics we'll cover:

- Am I Eligible?
- How Much Can I Claim?
- How Do I File?



## **Am I Eligible?**

## Yes, You Probably Are!

If you purchased a solar system before the end of the year, and owe federal taxes in the US, you are eligible for the tax credit.

Eligible solar systems also must have been purchased after Jan 1, 2006 (so if you're buying now, you're fine!) and before the end of the most recent tax period in order to claim the credit on your tax return.

## Was your system purchased:







If you meet all these criteria, you're eligible to claim the Federal Solar Tax Credit when you file.

## **Eligibility FAQs**



## Does my system need to be up and running to get the credit?

**Yes**. Your system needs to be installed and running in the year you wish to claim the credit. For example, if you want to claim the credit when you file your 2020 tax return, the system needs to be switched on by December 31st, 2020.

## Can I split my claim between two or more years?

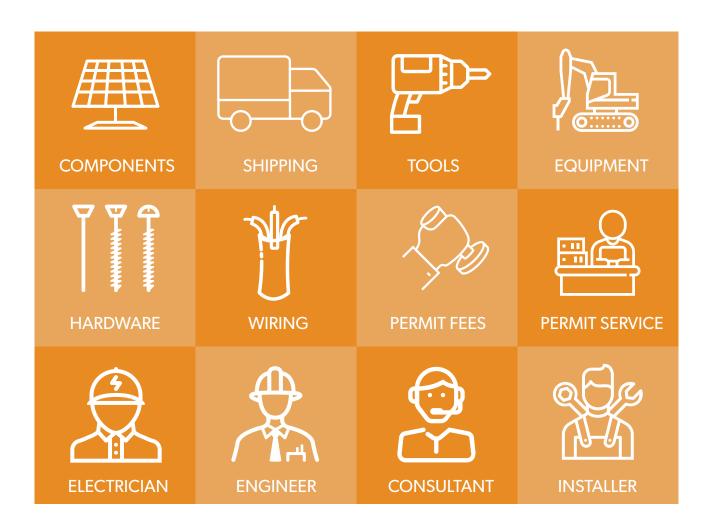
**Yes**. If you spend \$10,000 to install a system, you'd get a credit of \$2,600 (26% of the amount you spent) applied to the taxes you owe. If you only owe \$2,000 in taxes this year, you can cover the full amount with the credit and still have the remaining \$600 in credit roll over to next year.

## Do the credits roll over?

**Yes.** You can claim a 26% credit for systems installed before the end of 2020. It drops to 22% in 2021. The credit for residential solar projects will be phased out in 2022.



You can claim anything that contributes to the total expense of your solar project, from parts to permitting and contractor fees. Below are some potential expenses frequently used in solar installations.



Fill out the worksheet on the next page to add up your expenses and find your total.



You can work out how much you've spent with some simple math. Below is a worksheet of potential expenses. Just add them up line-by-line and total it out at the bottom.

Expense	Cost
Solar components (panels, racking, charge controller, inverter, etc.)	
Shipping cost of components	
Solar consulting fees	
Professional installer	
Electrician fees	
Engineer fees	
Tools purchased or rented	
Wiring	
Screws, bolts, nails, etc.	
Equipment purchased or rented (scaffolding, man-lift, auger, etc.)	
Permitting fees	
Permitting service costs	
Other costs	
Total	



### Solar Pro Tip:

Don't forget to save your receipts for these expenses!

## **How Do I File?**

## **Step 1:** Get The Forms

So you're eligible for the tax credit and you know how much money you spent on your solar installation. Now what? First, you need to know what forms to file. Get one of each of these three forms:



#### Form 5695

This is the Residential Energy Credits Form. We'll be paying the most attention to this one.

Download 5695 Here »



#### Form i5695

This is an information form about the 5695 that contains a worksheet we'll be filling out.

Download i5695 Here »



#### Form 1040

This is the Individual Income Tax Return form. Add your Form 5695 results here to claim the credit.

Download 1040 Here »

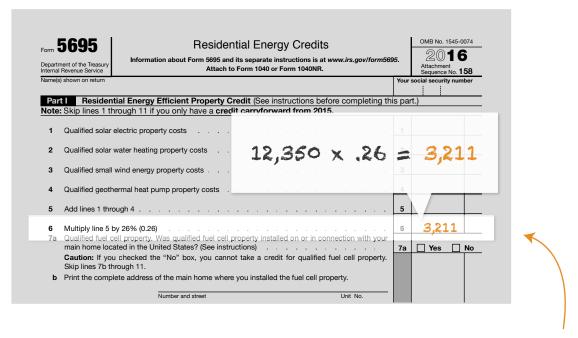
## **Step 2:** Fill out 5695

The 5695 is the form where you can claim any residential energy credits. We'll just be covering the solar electric credit in this walkthrough. If you invested in other renewable energy products, like a solar water heater, you can claim those here as well.

	Residential Energy Credits	L		B No. 15	45-0074
	Information about Form 5695 and its separate instructions is at www.irs.gov/form569	5.	6	201	6
Internal	nent of the Treasury Revenue Service Attach to Form 1040 or Form 1040NR.		Seq	achment quence N	
Name(s	s) shown on return	Your	social s	security	numbe
Par	Residential Energy Efficient Property Credit (See instructions before completing thi	s par	rt.)		
Note	: Skip lines 1 through 11 if you only have a credit carryforward from 2015.				
1	Qualified solar electric property costs	1	12,	350	2
2	Qualified solar water heating property costs	2			
3	Qualified small wind energy property costs	3			
4	Qualified geothermal heat pump property costs	4			
5	Add lines 1 through 4	5	12,	350	2
6	Multiply line 5 by 30% (0.30)	6			
7a	Qualified fuel cell property. Was qualified fuel cell property installed on or in connection with your main home located in the United States? (See instructions)	7a		Yes	□ No
	Caution: If you checked the "No" box, you cannot take a credit for qualified fuel cell property. Skip lines 7b through 11.	74			
b	Print the complete address of the main home where you installed the fuel cell property.				
	Number and street Unit No.				

The number here will be the same as the number from the Add It Up worksheet on page 6. It's simply the cost of all covered expenses. \$12,350 is just an example number - be sure to enter your own value from the worksheet in this guide.

Line 1 on the form is where you list the cost of qualified solar electric property installed. Line 5 on the form asks you to add lines 1-4. In our example, this will only be the total from Line 1. Make sure to have proof of purchases and costs associated.



Next, multiply your Total Qualified Energy Costs (line 5 of the form) by 26% and fill in Line 6 with your sum.

In our example, line 5 totaled out to \$12,350. We then multiplied that by .26 for line 6, which equaled \$3,211. The total amount of your federal tax credit is \$3,211.

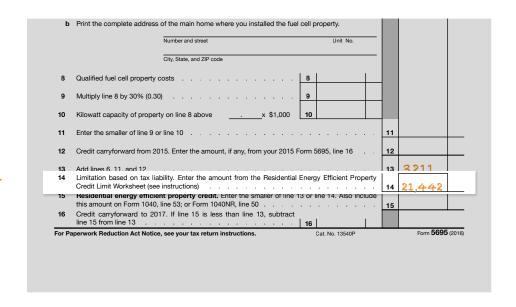


### Solar Pro Tip:

You don't have to spend all of your credit at once! It rolls over for up to 5 years. So let's say you owe \$2,000 on income tax at the end of 2020. In this example, you can use \$2,000 of your tax credit for 2020 to zero out your income taxes owed, leaving you with \$1,211 of tax credit left, which can be used in 2021.

5	Add lines 1 through 4	5	
6	Multiply line 5 by 26% (0.26)	6	3,211
b	main home located in the United States? (See instructions)  Caution: If you checked the "No" box, you cannot take a credit for qualified fuel cell property. Skip lines 7b through 11.  Print the complete address of the main home where you installed the fuel cell property.	7a	Yes No
	Number and street Unit No.		
	City, State, and ZIP code		
8	Qualified fuel cell property costs		
9	Multiply line 8 by 30% (0.30)		
10	Kilowatt capacity of property on line 8 abovex \$1,00010		
11	Enter the smaller of line 9 or line 10	11	
12	Credit carryforward from 2015. Enter the amount, if any, from your 2015 Form 5695, line 16	12	
13	Add lines 6, 11, and 12	13	3,211
	Credit Limit Worksheet (see instructions)	14	
15	Residential energy efficient property credit. Enter the smaller of line 13 or line 14. Also include	15	
16	Credit carryforward to 2017. If line 15 is less than line 13, subtract line 15 from line 13		

Line 13 is the next line to fill in and luckily it's straightforward. Since we're just talking solar here, you'll enter line 6's total: \$3,211 again.

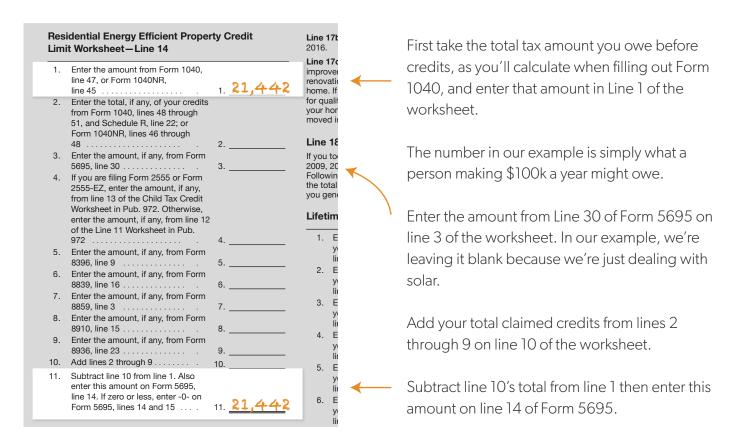


Line 14 throws you a bit of a curveball - asking you to enter in your Residential Energy Efficient Property Credit.

To get this number, you're referred to the worksheet on page 4 of the Instructions for Form 5695, which brings us to...

## Step 3: Fill out i5695

The next form we need is the Instructions for Form 5695, or i5695. This is by far the longest form, but luckily we only need to pay attention to one part of one page. Flip to page 4, the worksheet for Line 14 of the 5695.

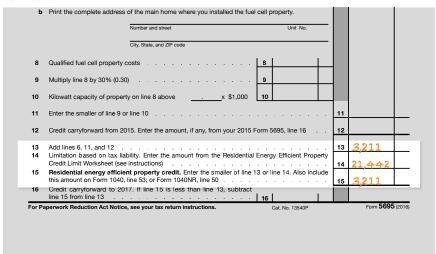


As you can see, you'll need some information from Form 1040 (or a similar form) for your individual tax return to complete this worksheet. You'll also need to fill in a line on the 1040, which brings us to our final form...

## Step 4: Fill out 1040

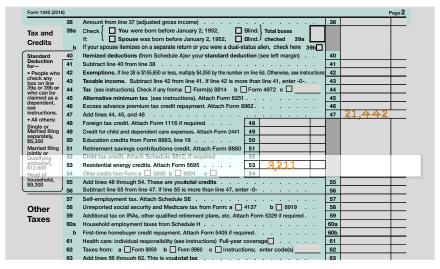
This is the form most US citizens file at tax time, simply their individual income. You'll likely fill one of these out as usual, but for our purposes, we only need to pay attention to Line 53. It will ask for the total number of energy credits you're claiming from Form 5695.

#### FORM 5695



All you need to do to is go back to Form 5695 and fill out Line 15, now that Line 14 is filled out. Take whichever number is lower between 13 and 14 and write it on Line 15.

#### FORM 1040



Then grab Form 1040, flip to the second page, and enter the number you just wrote on Line 53.

That's your residential energy credit!

Which means attach Form 5695 to 1040, file it, and **you're done**!

## CONTINUE YOUR RESEARCH

### More Resources

#### **Solar Panel Guide**

Learn the key factors that influence solar panel pricing and find the perfect panels for your system.

**Get the Guide** »

#### **Solar Battery Guide**

A poorly sized system can ruin your battery bank. Download our Solar Battery Guide and go off-grid with confidence.

**Get the Guide** »

#### **Solar Inverter Guide**

Inverters manage the flow of power through your system. Grab our Inverter Guide and get hooked up without hassle.

**Get the Guide** »



## Talk to a solar expert.

Ready to get to work? Connect with our design team for a free consultation.

**Request a Consultation »**