

CLASS 10: EVIDENCE FROM CAPM AND APT

II

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If CAPM only cares about beta, why do firm size and book-to-market also predict returns?

Is beta dead?

Where We've Been	Where We Are	Where We're Going
Testing CAPM predictions against real data	Anomalies that challenge the CAPM	Factor models as a response (FF3)

By the end of today's class, you should be able to:

1. Describe additional CAPM predictions beyond the basic SML
2. Identify key anomalies (size, value, leverage) that challenge the CAPM
3. Interpret the Fama-French (1992) double-sort evidence
4. Explain Roll's critique and why "testing the CAPM" is harder than it looks

CAPM predicts no other measures of risk will predict cross-sectional returns.

In particular, CAPM says only covariance risk matters:

- What about idiosyncratic risk?
- Fama-Macbeth (1973) control for idiosyncratic risk by including residual variances from firm time-series regressions in second-stage regression
- Also beta squared

$$r_i - r_f = \lambda_0 + \lambda_1 \hat{\beta}_i + \lambda_2 \hat{\beta}_i^2 + \lambda_3 \hat{\sigma}_\varepsilon^2 + e_i$$

They find that only β seems to matter — it's a linear relationship.

However, we can go beyond beta-squared and residual variation to predict returns...

For example:

1. Earnings-to-price ratio → high returns (Basu, 1977)
2. Market cap → low returns (Banz, 1981)
3. Leverage → high returns (Bhandari, 1988)
4. Book-to-market → high returns (Statman, 1980)

All turn out to have predictive power over beta, in particular, size (market cap) and book-to-market.

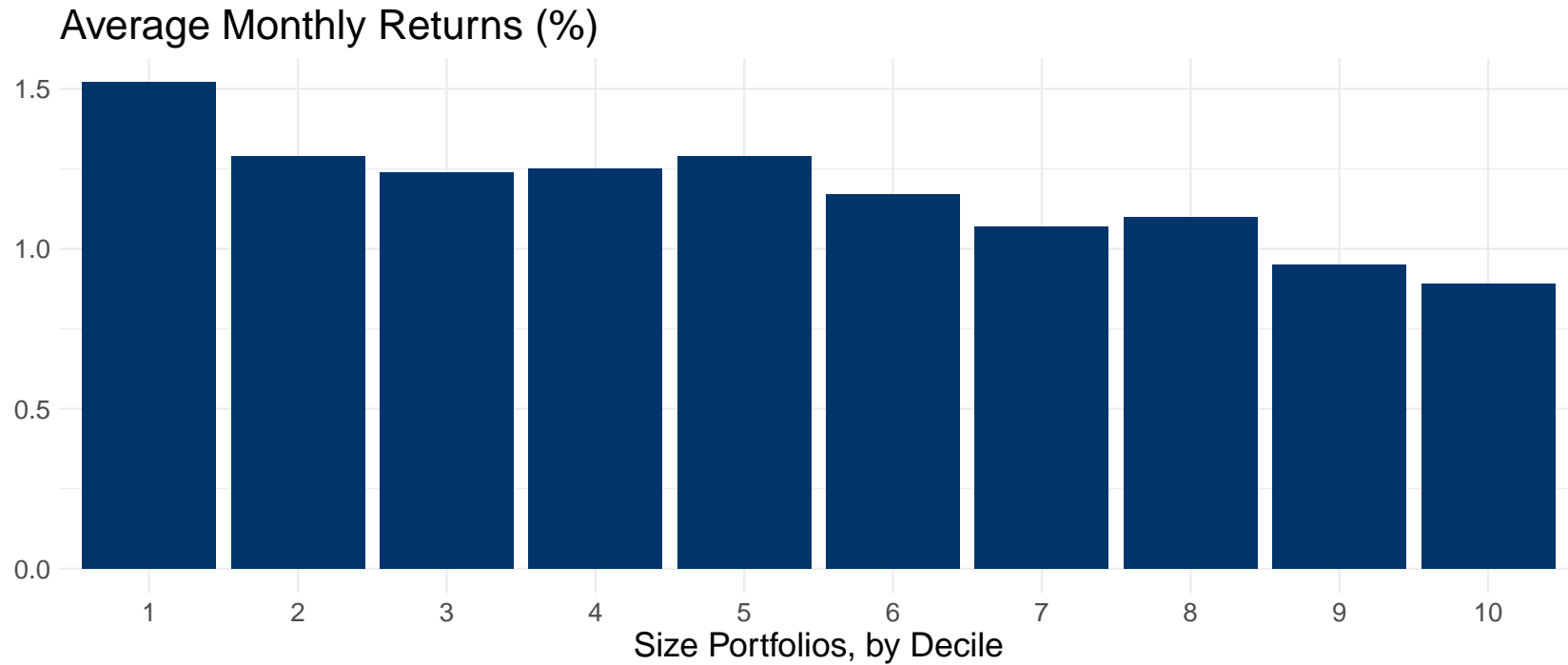
So which wins in a race, beta or size?

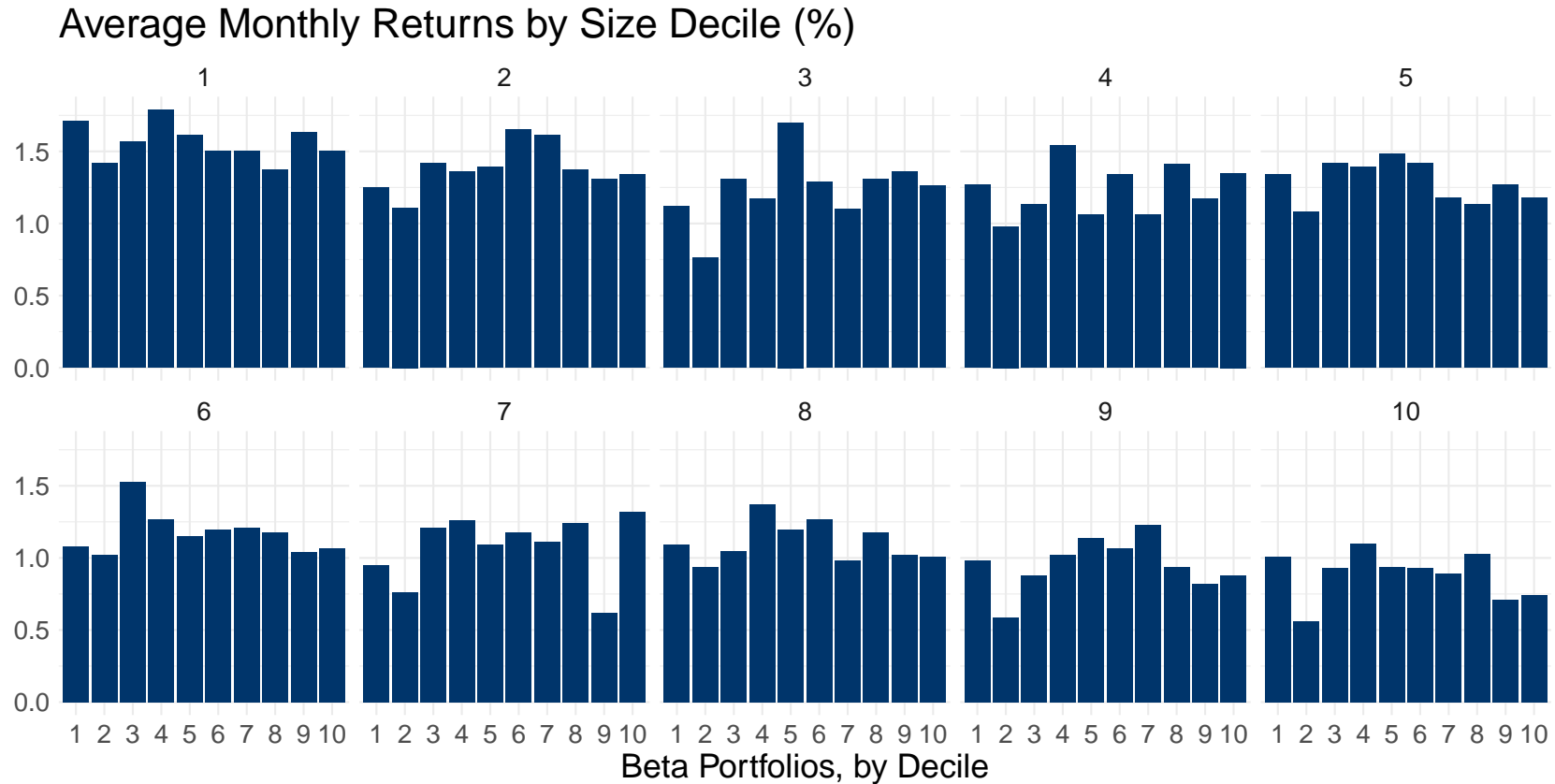
Fama-French (1992) test this by creating double sorted portfolios:

- First, sort firms on size; then, sort on beta (covariance with market)
- Can do the same with book-to-market

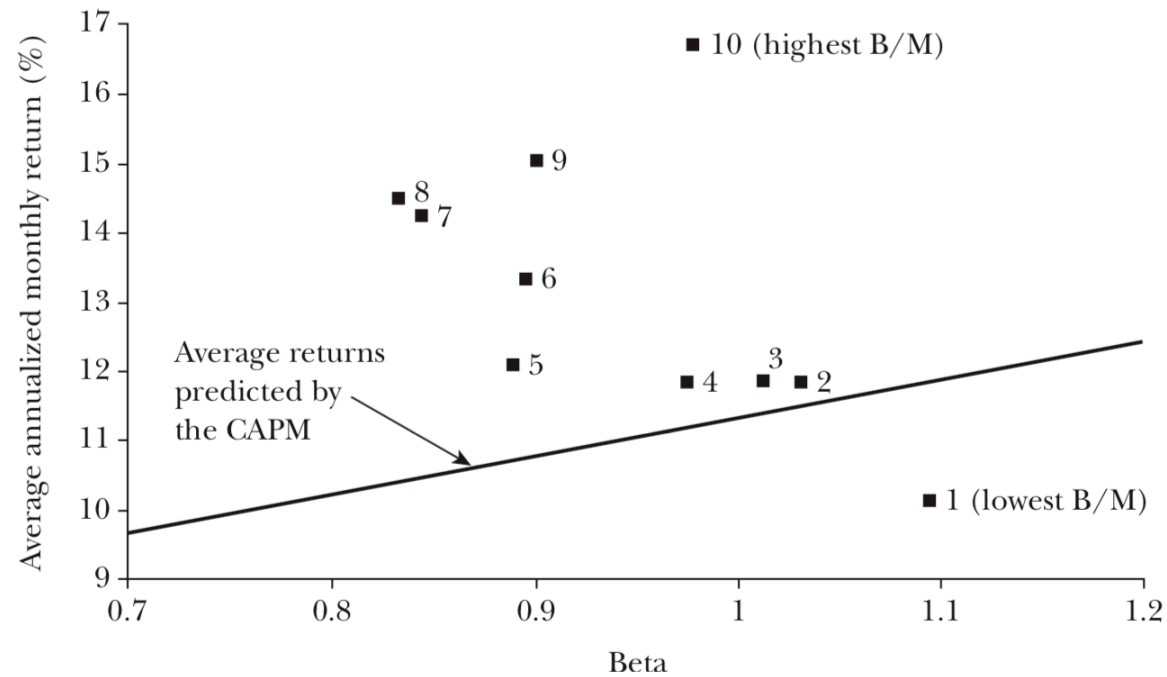
Set up a horse-race between beta and the two other factors.

If beta is a good predictor, it should predict even within a bin of similarly sized firms.





Average Annualized Monthly Return versus Beta for Value Weight Portfolios Formed on B/M, 1963–2003



30 years after its birth, hard to say that CAPM isn't dead.

In reality, however, hard to say if CAPM or tests of the CAPM are flawed.

Roll's critique:

- Tests of the CAPM are infeasible because the market portfolio is unobservable
- Tests of CAPM are only tests of the efficiency of the market proxy used

Key implication: We can never definitively reject the CAPM
— only reject specific proxies for the market portfolio.

Topics: Evidence from CAPM and APT III

- Factor models as a response
- Fama-French 3 factor model
- More factors: momentum, liquidity

Matt Levine Reading: TBD