# echoclient

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# Chapter 1

# File Index

# 1.1 File List

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# **Chapter 2**

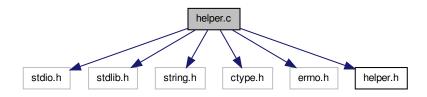
# **File Documentation**

# 2.1 helper.c File Reference

Implementation of helper functions.

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <ctype.h>
#include <errno.h>
#include "helper.h"
```

Include dependency graph for helper.c:



### **Macros**

#define MAX\_BUFFER\_SIZE 1024
 Maximum character buffer size.

# **Functions**

char \* get\_errmsg (void)

Gets the global error message.

void set\_errmsg (const char \*buffer)

Sets the global error message.

• void set\_errno\_errmsg (const char \*buffer)

Sets the global error message based on errno.

void mk\_errmsg (const char \*buffer, char \*\*error\_msg)

Makes an error message.

void mk\_errno\_errmsg (const char \*buffer, char \*\*error\_msg)

Makes an error message based on errno.

char \* trim\_line\_ending (char \*buffer)

Trims CR and LF characters from the end of a string.

• char \* trim\_right (char \*buffer)

Trims trailing whitespace from a string.

• char \* trim\_left (char \*buffer)

Trims leading whitespace from a string.

• char \* trim (char \*buffer)

Trims leading and trailing whitespace from a string.

#### **Variables**

static char helper\_error\_msg [MAX\_BUFFER\_SIZE] = {0}
 Global error message string.

# 2.1.1 Detailed Description

Implementation of helper functions.

**Author** 

Paul Griffiths

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# 2.1.2 Macro Definition Documentation

#### 2.1.2.1 #define MAX\_BUFFER\_SIZE 1024

Maximum character buffer size.

# 2.1.3 Function Documentation

```
2.1.3.1 char* get_errmsg (void )
```

Gets the global error message.

Returns

A pointer to the global error message.

2.1.3.2 void mk\_errmsg ( const char \* buffer, char \*\* error\_msg )

Makes an error message.

This function provides a thread-safe way for a function to set an error message.

**Parameters** 

buffer	A buffer containing the error message.
error_msg	A pointer to a char pointer which will refer to the error message. This should be free()d by the called.

# 2.1.3.3 void mk\_errno\_errmsg ( const char \* buffer, char \*\* error\_msg )

Makes an error message based on errno.

This function provides a thread-safe way for a function to set an error message, with the usual caveat that errno itself is not threadsafe.

#### **Parameters**

buffer	A buffer containing the error message.
error_msg	A pointer to a char pointer which will refer to the error message. This should be free()d by the
	called.

### 2.1.3.4 void set\_errmsg ( const char \* buffer )

Sets the global error message.

Uses a statically allocated buffer, so this is not thread-safe.

#### **Parameters**

/ (C A   (C     1   1   1	
buffer   A buffer containing the error message.	
banci / A banci containing the circi message.	

# 2.1.3.5 void set\_errno\_errmsg ( const char \* buffer )

Sets the global error message based on errno.

Uses a statically allocated buffer, so this is not thread-safe.

#### **Parameters**

buffer	A buffer containing the error message.
--------	--

### 2.1.3.6 char\* trim ( char \* buffer )

Trims leading and trailing whitespace from a string.

#### **Parameters**

buffer	The string to trim.

### Returns

A pointer to the passed buffer.

# 2.1.3.7 char\* trim\_left ( char \* buffer )

Trims leading whitespace from a string.

#### **Parameters**

buffer	The string to trim.		

# Returns

A pointer to the passed buffer.

2.1.3.8 char\* trim\_line\_ending ( char \* buffer )

Trims CR and LF characters from the end of a string.

#### **Parameters**

buffer	The string to trim.	

#### Returns

A pointer to the passed buffer.

2.1.3.9 char\* trim\_right ( char \* buffer )

Trims trailing whitespace from a string.

#### **Parameters**

buffer	The string to trim.

### Returns

A pointer to the passed buffer.

# 2.1.4 Variable Documentation

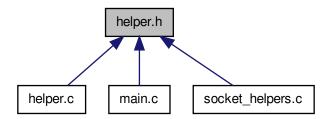
2.1.4.1 char helper\_error\_msg[MAX\_BUFFER\_SIZE] = {0} [static]

Global error message string.

# 2.2 helper.h File Reference

Interface to helper functions.

This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



#### **Macros**

• #define TRUE 1

TRUE identifier.

• #define FALSE 0

FALSE identifier.

• #define ERROR\_RETURN (-1)

Generic function return failure code.

• #define DPRINTF(arg) printf arg

Calls printf() only when DEBUG is defined.

#define DFPRINTF(arg) fprintf arg

Calls fprintf() only when DEBUG is defined.

#### **Functions**

char \* get\_errmsg (void)

Gets the global error message.

void set\_errmsg (const char \*buffer)

Sets the global error message.

void set\_errno\_errmsg (const char \*buffer)

Sets the global error message based on errno.

void mk\_errmsg (const char \*buffer, char \*\*error\_msg)

Makes an error message.

void mk\_errno\_errmsg (const char \*buffer, char \*\*error\_msg)

Makes an error message based on errno.

• char \* trim\_line\_ending (char \*buffer)

Trims CR and LF characters from the end of a string.

• char \* trim\_right (char \*buffer)

Trims trailing whitespace from a string.

• char \* trim\_left (char \*buffer)

Trims leading whitespace from a string.

• char \* trim (char \*buffer)

Trims leading and trailing whitespace from a string.

# 2.2.1 Detailed Description

Interface to helper functions. Interface to helper functions.

Author

Paul Griffiths

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#### 2.2.2 Macro Definition Documentation

# 2.2.2.1 #define DFPRINTF( arg ) fprintf arg

Calls fprintf() only when DEBUG is defined.

#### **Parameters**

arg The normal parameters to fprintf()

# 2.2.2.2 #define DPRINTF( arg ) printf arg

Calls printf() only when DEBUG is defined.

### **Parameters**

arg | The normal parameters to printf()

#### 2.2.2.3 #define ERROR\_RETURN (-1)

Generic function return failure code.

Provided for visibility when returning with error.

2.2.2.4 #define FALSE 0

FALSE identifier.

2.2.2.5 #define TRUE 1

TRUE identifier.

# 2.2.3 Function Documentation

2.2.3.1 char\* get\_errmsg ( void )

Gets the global error message.

#### Returns

A pointer to the global error message.

2.2.3.2 void mk\_errmsg ( const char \* buffer, char \*\* error\_msg )

Makes an error message.

This function provides a thread-safe way for a function to set an error message.

#### **Parameters**

buffer	A buffer containing the error message.
error_msg	A pointer to a char pointer which will refer to the error message. This should be free()d by the
	called.

2.2.3.3 void mk\_errno\_errmsg ( const char \* buffer, char \*\* error\_msg )

Makes an error message based on errno.

This function provides a thread-safe way for a function to set an error message, with the usual caveat that errno itself is not threadsafe.

#### **Parameters**

buffer	A buffer containing the error message.
error_msg	A pointer to a char pointer which will refer to the error message. This should be free()d by the
	called.

2.2.3.4 void set\_errmsg ( const char \* buffer )

Sets the global error message.

Uses a statically allocated buffer, so this is not thread-safe.

#### **Parameters**

buffer	A buffer containing the error message.

2.2.3.5 void set\_errno\_errmsg ( const char \* buffer )

Sets the global error message based on errno.

Uses a statically allocated buffer, so this is not thread-safe.

#### **Parameters**

buffer	A buffer containing the error message.

2.2.3.6 char\* trim ( char \* buffer )

Trims leading and trailing whitespace from a string.

#### **Parameters**

buffer	The string to trim.	

# Returns

A pointer to the passed buffer.

2.2.3.7 char\* trim\_left ( char \* buffer )

Trims leading whitespace from a string.

#### **Parameters**

buffer	The string to trim.	

#### Returns

A pointer to the passed buffer.

2.2.3.8 char\* trim\_line\_ending ( char \* buffer )

Trims CR and LF characters from the end of a string.

#### **Parameters**

buffer	The string to trim.

# Returns

A pointer to the passed buffer.

2.2.3.9 char\* trim\_right ( char \* buffer )

Trims trailing whitespace from a string.

# Parameters

buffer	The string to trim.

2.3 main.c File Reference 11

#### Returns

A pointer to the passed buffer.

#### 2.3 main.c File Reference

#### Main function for echoclient.

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <netinet/in.h>
#include <arpa/inet.h>
#include <sys/types.h>
#include <sys/socket.h>
#include <netdb.h>
#include <inttypes.h>
#include <unistd.h>
#include "socket_helpers.h"
#include "helper.h"
```

Include dependency graph for main.c:



#### **Macros**

• #define MAX BUFFER LEN 1024

Maximum character buffer size.

#### **Functions**

void run\_echo\_client (const int c\_sock)

Runs the echo client.

• int connect\_with\_command\_line\_args (int argc, char \*\*argv)

Attempts to connect to a service specified in cmdline args.

• int main (int argc, char \*\*argv)

Main function.

# 2.3.1 Detailed Description

Main function for echoclient. Main function for echoclient.

**Author** 

Paul Griffiths

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# 2.3.2 Macro Definition Documentation

#### 2.3.2.1 #define MAX\_BUFFER\_LEN 1024

Maximum character buffer size.

# 2.3.3 Function Documentation

2.3.3.1 int connect\_with\_command\_line\_args ( int argc, char \*\* argv )

Attempts to connect to a service specified in cmdline args.

Expects argc to be 3, with argv [1] specifying a hostname or IP address, and argv [2] specifying a valid port.

#### **Parameters**

argc	c Number of command line arguments, passed from main()	
argv	Command line arguments, passed from main()	

#### Returns

The file descriptor of the connected socket on success, or -1 on failure.

2.3.3.2 int main ( int argc, char \*\* argv )

Main function.

Connects to an echo server and runs the echo client.

# Returns

Exit status.

2.3.3.3 void run\_echo\_client ( const int c\_sock )

Runs the echo client.

# **Parameters**

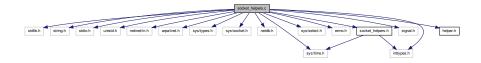
c sock   File descriptor of the connected socket to use.
--

# 2.4 socket\_helpers.c File Reference

Implementation of socket helper functions.

```
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <unistd.h>
#include <netinet/in.h>
#include <arpa/inet.h>
#include <sys/types.h>
#include <sys/socket.h>
#include <netdb.h>
#include <sys/time.h>
#include <sys/select.h>
#include <errno.h>
#include <inttypes.h>
#include <signal.h>
#include "socket_helpers.h"
#include "helper.h"
```

Include dependency graph for socket helpers.c:



#### **Macros**

• #define MAX BUFFER SIZE 1024

Maximum character buffer size.

# **Functions**

• ssize t socket readline (const int socket, char \*buffer, const size t max len)

Reads a \n terminated line from a socket.

ssize\_t socket\_readline\_timeout (const int socket, char \*buffer, const size\_t max\_len, struct timeval \*time\_out)

Reads a \n terminated line from a socket with timeout.

• ssize t socket writeline (const int socket, const char \*buffer, const size t max len)

Writes a line to a socket.

• uint16\_t port\_from\_string (const char \*port\_str)

Extracts a valid TCP/UDP port from a string.

int conn\_socket\_from\_string (const char \*host, const char \*port)

Creates a connected sock from a hostname and port.

• void ignore\_sigpipe (void)

Ignores the SIGPIPE signal.

# 2.4.1 Detailed Description

Implementation of socket helper functions.

# Author

Paul Griffiths

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#### 2.4.2 Macro Definition Documentation

#### 2.4.2.1 #define MAX\_BUFFER\_SIZE 1024

Maximum character buffer size.

# 2.4.3 Function Documentation

2.4.3.1 int conn\_socket\_from\_string ( const char \* host, const char \* port )

Creates a connected sock from a hostname and port.

#### **Parameters**

host	A string containing the hostname to which to connect.
port	A string containing the port to which to connect.

#### Returns

The file descriptor of the connected socket on success, or -1 on failure.

# 2.4.3.2 void ignore\_sigpipe (void)

Ignores the SIGPIPE signal.

The write() system call will, when writing to a closed socket, elicit an RST (reset) flag. A second write() system call will trigger a SIGPIPE signal to be raised. The default action of SIGPIPE is to terminate the program, with no error message, which is not desirable. If we want to do anything special when SIGPIPE is triggered, we could set up a handler, but if we don't, then ignoring SIGPIPE is fine, provided our socket functions respond appropriately to the condition (write() will return EPIPE after an ignored SIGPIPE signal).

2.4.3.3 uint16\_t port\_from\_string ( const char \* port\_str )

Extracts a valid TCP/UDP port from a string.

#### **Parameters**

	port_str	The string from which to extract
--	----------	----------------------------------

#### **Returns**

The port number on success, or zero if port\_str does not contain a valid TCP/UDP port (port 0 is reserved and cannot be used).

2.4.3.4 ssize\_t socket\_readline ( const int socket, char \* buffer, const size\_t max\_len )

Reads a \n terminated line from a socket.

The function will not overwrite the buffer, so max\_len should be the size of the whole buffer, and function will at most write max\_len - 1 characters plus the terminating \0. Any terminating CR or LF characters will be stripped.

#### **Parameters**

	socket	File description of the socket
buffer The buffer into which to read		The buffer into which to read
	max_len	The maximum number of characters to read, including the terminating \0.

#### Returns

The number of characters read, or -1 on encountering an error.

2.4.3.5 ssize\_t socket\_readline\_timeout ( const int socket, char \* buffer, const size\_t max\_len, struct timeval \* time\_out )

Reads a \n terminated line from a socket with timeout.

Behaves the same as socket\_readline(), except it will time out if no input is available on the socket after the specified time. Any terminating CR or LF characters will be stripped.

#### **Parameters**

socket	File description of the socket
buffer	The buffer into which to read
max_len	The maximum number of characters to read, including the terminating \0.
time_out	A pointer to a timeval struct containing the timeout period. Note that some implementations
	of select () may alter this variable, so the calling function should consider it unusable after
	return. In addition, on such an implementation, the value will specify the cumulative timeout
	period over the entire read line operation, rather than resetting after reading each character.

#### Returns

The number of characters read, or -1 on encountering an error.

2.4.3.6 ssize\_t socket\_writeline ( const int socket, const char \* buffer, const size\_t max\_len )

Writes a line to a socket.

The function adds a network-standard terminating CRLF, so the provided string should not normally end in any newline characters.

# **Parameters**

socket	File description of the socket	
buffer	The buffer from which to write.	
max_len	The maximum number of characters to write to the buffer. Due to the addition of CRLF, max-	
	_len + 2 characters may actually be written.	

#### Returns

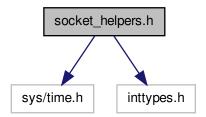
The number of characters written, or -1 on encountering an error.

# 2.5 socket\_helpers.h File Reference

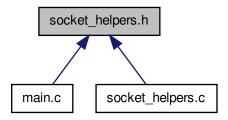
Interface to socket helper functions.

```
#include <sys/time.h>
#include <inttypes.h>
```

Include dependency graph for socket\_helpers.h:



This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



# **Functions**

- ssize\_t socket\_readline (const int l\_socket, char \*buffer, const size\_t max\_len)
  - Reads a \n terminated line from a socket.
- ssize\_t socket\_readline\_timeout (const int l\_socket, char \*buffer, const size\_t max\_len, struct timeval \*time-\_out)

Reads a \n terminated line from a socket with timeout.

• ssize\_t socket\_writeline (const int I\_socket, const char \*buffer, const size\_t max\_len)

Writes a line to a socket.

uint16\_t port\_from\_string (const char \*port\_str)

Extracts a valid TCP/UDP port from a string.

• int conn\_socket\_from\_string (const char \*host, const char \*port)

Creates a connected sock from a hostname and port.

void ignore\_sigpipe (void)

Ignores the SIGPIPE signal.

# 2.5.1 Detailed Description

Interface to socket helper functions.

#### Author

Paul Griffiths

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# 2.5.2 Function Documentation

2.5.2.1 int conn\_socket\_from\_string ( const char \* host, const char \* port )

Creates a connected sock from a hostname and port.

#### **Parameters**

host	A string containing the hostname to which to connect.
port	A string containing the port to which to connect.

### Returns

The file descriptor of the connected socket on success, or -1 on failure.

2.5.2.2 void ignore\_sigpipe (void)

Ignores the SIGPIPE signal.

The write() system call will, when writing to a closed socket, elicit an RST (reset) flag. A second write() system call will trigger a SIGPIPE signal to be raised. The default action of SIGPIPE is to terminate the program, with no error message, which is not desirable. If we want to do anything special when SIGPIPE is triggered, we could set up a handler, but if we don't, then ignoring SIGPIPE is fine, provided our socket functions respond appropriately to the condition (write() will return EPIPE after an ignored SIGPIPE signal).

2.5.2.3 uint16\_t port\_from\_string ( const char \* port\_str )

Extracts a valid TCP/UDP port from a string.

#### **Parameters**

port_str	The string from which to extract

### Returns

The port number on success, or zero if port\_str does not contain a valid TCP/UDP port (port 0 is reserved and cannot be used).

2.5.2.4 ssize\_t socket\_readline ( const int socket, char \* buffer, const size\_t max\_len )

Reads a \n terminated line from a socket.

The function will not overwrite the buffer, so  $max\_len$  should be the size of the whole buffer, and function will at most write  $max\_len - 1$  characters plus the terminating \0. Any terminating CR or LF characters will be stripped.

#### **Parameters**

socket	File description of the socket
buffer The buffer into which to read	
max_len The maximum number of characters to read, including the terminating \0.	

#### Returns

The number of characters read, or -1 on encountering an error.

2.5.2.5 ssize\_t socket\_readline\_timeout ( const int socket, char \* buffer, const size\_t max\_len, struct timeval \* time\_out )

Reads a \n terminated line from a socket with timeout.

Behaves the same as socket\_readline(), except it will time out if no input is available on the socket after the specified time. Any terminating CR or LF characters will be stripped.

#### **Parameters**

socket	File description of the socket
buffer The buffer into which to read	
max_len	The maximum number of characters to read, including the terminating \0.
time_out	A pointer to a timeval struct containing the timeout period. Note that some implementations
of select () may alter this variable, so the calling function should cons	of select () may alter this variable, so the calling function should consider it unusable after
	return. In addition, on such an implementation, the value will specify the cumulative timeout
	period over the entire read line operation, rather than resetting after reading each character.

#### Returns

The number of characters read, or -1 on encountering an error.

2.5.2.6 ssize\_t socket\_writeline ( const int socket, const char \* buffer, const size\_t max\_len )

Writes a line to a socket.

The function adds a network-standard terminating CRLF, so the provided string should not normally end in any newline characters.

# **Parameters**

socket	File description of the socket	
buffer	The buffer from which to write.	
max_len	The maximum number of characters to write to the buffer. Due to the addition of CRLF, max-	
	_len + 2 characters may actually be written.	

#### Returns

The number of characters written, or -1 on encountering an error.

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