Math 461 Homework 3

Paul Hacking

September 26, 2018

- (1) Let $\triangle ABC$ be a triangle. Let \mathcal{C} be the unique circle passing through A, B, and C. Let L be the tangent line to the circle at the point A. Prove that the angle between the line L and the line segment AC is equal to the angle $\angle ABC$.
- (2) Let $\triangle ABC$ be a triangle. Let PQRS be a square with vertices P,Q lying on the line BC, vertex R lying on the line segment CA, and vertex S lying on the line segment AB. Given that |BC| = a and the perpendicular height from A to BC equals h, determine the side length of the square PQRS.
- (3) Let ABCD be a convex quadrilateral. Let L be the line which bisects the angle $\angle BAD$ and M the line which bisects the angle $\angle BCD$. Suppose that L intersects the line segment BC at a point E, M intersects the line segment AD at a point F, and L is parallel to M. Prove that $\angle ABC = \angle ADC$.
- (4) Let $\triangle ABC$ be a triangle. Let \mathcal{C} be the unique circle passing through A, B, and C. Let L be line through C which bisects the external angle of the triangle $\triangle ABC$ at C. (Here, by the external angle of the triangle $\triangle ABC$ at C, we mean the angle $\angle ACP$ where P is a point on the line BC on the opposite side of C to B.) Let D be the other intersection point of L with the circle \mathcal{C} (besides C). Prove that |AD| = |BD|.
- (5) Let ABC be a triangle. Let D be the midpoint of the line segment BC, and let E be a point on the line segment AD such that |AE|/|ED| = 1/3. Let L be the line through the point E parallel to the line AC, and let E be the intersection point of E and the line E0. Determine |E|/|FC|.

- (6) Let ABCDEF be a convex hexagon such that AB is parallel to CF, CD is parallel to EB, and EF is parallel to AD. Show that the two triangles $\triangle ACE$ and $\triangle BDF$ have equal area.
- (7) Let $\triangle ABC$ and $\triangle CDE$ be two equilateral triangles with a common vertex C. Determine the angle between the lines AD and BE.
- (8) Let ABCD be a parallelogram of area 1. Let E be a point on the line segment |BC| such that |BE|/|EC|=3/2. Let F be the intersection point of the lines AE and BD. Determine the area of the quadrilateral CDFE.