

612 Final Exam

Paul Hacking

2 May 2011

This is a take home exam, due Monday May 9 at 5PM in my mailbox. You are allowed to consult your notes and textbooks. Please do not discuss the exam with other students. There are 5 questions worth 10 points each. Show all your work and justify your answers carefully.

- (1) (a) Let A_1 and A_2 be commutative rings. The direct product $A_1 \times A_2$ is the ring given by the set $A_1 \times A_2$ of pairs (a_1, a_2) with addition

$$(a_1, a_2) + (b_1, b_2) = (a_1 + b_1, a_2 + b_2)$$

and multiplication

$$(a_1, a_2) \cdot (b_1, b_2) = (a_1 b_1, a_2 b_2).$$

Show that the prime ideals of $A_1 \times A_2$ are of the form $\mathfrak{p}_1 \times A_2$ and $A_1 \times \mathfrak{p}_2$ for prime ideals $\mathfrak{p}_1 \subset A_1$ and $\mathfrak{p}_2 \subset A_2$.

- (b) Let p_1, \dots, p_r be prime numbers (not necessarily distinct) and m_1, \dots, m_r positive integers. Consider the ring

$$A = \mathbb{Z}/p_1^{m_1}\mathbb{Z} \times \cdots \times \mathbb{Z}/p_r^{m_r}\mathbb{Z}.$$

Describe the primes \mathfrak{p} of A and the corresponding localizations $A_{\mathfrak{p}}$.

- (2) Let A be a ring and $J \subset A$ an ideal.

- (a) Define the radical \sqrt{J} of J .
(b) Suppose A is Noetherian. Show carefully that $(\sqrt{J})^N \subseteq J$ for some positive integer N .
(c) Give an example of a ring A and ideal J such that $(\sqrt{J})^N$ is not contained in J for any N .

- (3) Let $A = \mathbb{C}[x, y]/(y^5 - x^{19})$.
- (a) Show that A is an integral domain.
 - (b) Compute the integral closure of A in its field of fractions. Justify your answer carefully.
- (4) Let $G = D_4$ be the dihedral group of order 8 (the symmetries of the square).
- (a) Compute the character table of G .
 - (b) Consider the action of G on the set of vertices of the square. Let ρ be the associated permutation representation. Compute the decomposition of ρ into irreducible representations.
- (5) Let \mathbb{F}_q be the finite field of order q . Let G be the finite group of affine linear maps

$$g: \mathbb{F}_q \rightarrow \mathbb{F}_q, \quad x \mapsto ax + b$$

where $a \in \mathbb{F}_q^\times$ and $b \in \mathbb{F}_q$, with the group law being composition of maps.

- (a) List the conjugacy classes of G .
- (b) Find the abelianization of G .
- (c) Compute the dimensions of the irreducible complex representations of G .
- (d) By its definition G acts on the set \mathbb{F}_q . Let ρ be the associated permutation representation. Then we can write $\rho = \rho_1 \oplus \rho'$ where ρ_1 is the trivial representation. Compute the character of ρ' and show that ρ' is irreducible.