

Untitled1

May 15, 2018

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In [104]: import numpy as np
import h5py as h5
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import scipy.ndimage
import skimage.color
import skimage.feature
import sklearn.ensemble
from matplotlib.colors import LinearSegmentedColormap
import ipywidgets as widgets
from ipywidgets import interact, interactive, fixed
import ipywidgets as widgets

In [110]: # Functions:

def daijkstra(chain, p_prior, u_prior):
    updated_chain = np.zeros((chain.shape[0]))
    paths = np.zeros((p_prior.shape[0], chain.shape[0])).astype(int) # param for saving paths
    path_costs = np.zeros((p_prior.shape[0])).astype(int) # param for saving path costs
    temp_costs = np.zeros((p_prior.shape[0])).astype(int) # param for temporary costs
    for x in range(chain.shape[0]-1):
        for state in range(p_prior.shape[0]): # current node
            for next_state in range(p_prior.shape[0]): # all paths that lead to the current node
                temp_costs[next_state] = p_prior[next_state][paths[next_state][x]] + u_prior[next_state]
                if(next_state == chain[x]): # if the possible path equals to the current path
                    temp_costs[next_state] += u_prior[next_state]
                paths[state][x+1] = np.random.choice(np.where(temp_costs == np.amin(temp_costs))[0])
                path_costs[state] += temp_costs[paths[state][x+1]]

    return paths[np.argmin(path_costs)] # return the labels of the path with the minimum cost

def get_p_prior_r(C1, C2):
    prior = np.ones((5, 5))
    prior[np.where(np.eye(5))] = 0
    for i in range(prior.shape[0]):
        for j in range(prior.shape[1]):
            if(abs(i-j)==1):
                prior[i][j]=C1
            if(abs(i-j)>1):
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        prior[i][j]=C2
    return prior

def get_p_prior_c(C1, C2, C3):
    prior = np.ones((5, 5))
    prior[np.where(np.eye(5))]= 0
    for i in range(prior.shape[0]):
        for j in range(prior.shape[1]):
            if((j-i) <= -1 ):
                prior[i][j]=C3
            if((j-i) == -4):
                prior[i][j]=C1
            if((j-i) == 1):
                prior[i][j]=C1
            if((j-i) > 1):
                prior[i][j]=C2
    return prior

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In [111]: #EX 3b)

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predictions_set = h5.File('predictions.h5','r')
pred_img = []

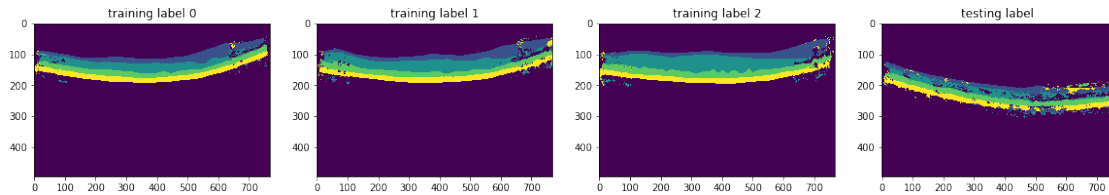
for key in predictions_set:
    pred_img.append(predictions_set[key][...])

predictions_set.close()
pred_img=np.array(pred_img)

test_label = np.argmax(pred_img[0], axis=2)
train_label = np.array([np.argmax(pred_img[1], axis=2),
                        np.argmax(pred_img[2], axis=2),
                        np.argmax(pred_img[3], axis=2)])

colors = ['w','r','b','g','y']
cmap_name = 'my_list'
cm = LinearSegmentedColormap.from_list(
    cmap_name, colors, N=5)
fig,ax = plt.subplots(1,4)
for i in range(3):
    ax[i].imshow(train_label[i])
    ax[i].set_title("training label "+str(i))
ax[3].imshow(test_label)
ax[3].set_title("testing label ")
fig.set_size_inches(20,40)

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In [112]: #EX 3c)

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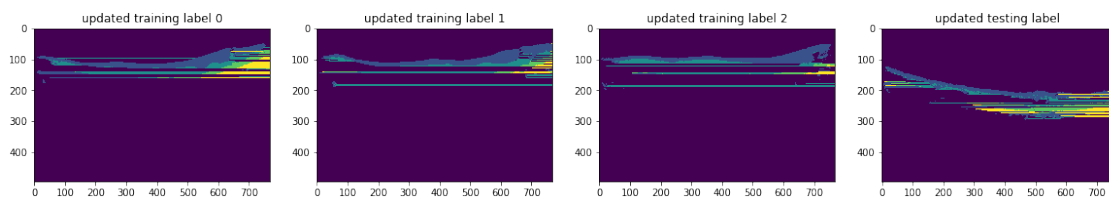
C1 = 2
C2 = 3
u_prior_r = -2

p_prior_r = get_p_prior_r(C1, C2)
#print(test_label[200])
#ret = daijkstra(test_label[200], p_prior, u_prior)
#print(ret)
updated_test_label = np.zeros((test_label.shape[0],
                               test_label.shape[1]))
updated_train_label = np.zeros((train_label.shape[0],
                                train_label.shape[1],
                                train_label.shape[2]))

for i in range(test_label.shape[0]):
    updated_test_label[i] = daijkstra(test_label[i], p_prior_r, u_prior_r)
    for j in range(updated_train_label.shape[0]):
        updated_train_label[j][i] = daijkstra(train_label[j][i], p_prior_r, u_prior_r)

fig1,ax1 = plt.subplots(1,4)
for i in range(3):
    ax1[i].imshow(updated_train_label[i])
    ax1[i].set_title("updated training label "+str(i))
ax1[3].imshow(updated_test_label)
ax1[3].set_title("updated testing label ")
fig1.set_size_inches(20,40)

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In [113]: # EX 3e)
C1 = 1
C2 = 2*C1
C3 = 1000 * C1
u_prior_c = -3

p_prior_c = get_p_prior_c(C1, C2, C3)

transposed_train_label = np.zeros((train_label.shape[0],
                                   train_label.shape[2],
                                   train_label.shape[1]))
transposed_test_label = test_label.transpose()
transposed_train_label[0] = train_label[0].transpose()
transposed_train_label[1] = train_label[1].transpose()
transposed_train_label[2] = train_label[2].transpose()

transposed_updated_test_label = np.zeros((transposed_test_label.shape[0],
                                           transposed_test_label.shape[1]))
transposed_updated_train_label = np.zeros((transposed_train_label.shape[0],
                                           transposed_train_label.shape[1],
                                           transposed_train_label.shape[2]))

for i in range(test_label.shape[0]):
    transposed_updated_test_label[i] = daijkstra(transposed_test_label[i], p_prior_c)
    for j in range(updated_train_label.shape[0]):
        transposed_updated_train_label[j][i] = daijkstra(transposed_train_label[j][i], p_prior_c)

updated_test_label = transposed_updated_test_label.transpose()
updated_train_label[0] = transposed_updated_train_label[0].transpose()
updated_train_label[1] = transposed_updated_train_label[1].transpose()
updated_train_label[2] = transposed_updated_train_label[2].transpose()

fig2, ax2 = plt.subplots(1, 4)
for i in range(3):
    ax2[i].imshow(updated_train_label[i])
    ax2[i].set_title("updated training label "+str(i))
ax2[3].imshow(updated_test_label)
ax2[3].set_title("updated testing label ")
fig2.set_size_inches(20, 40)

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