

3.

a. Support Vectors:

$[-0.5 \ -0.5]$

$[0.2 \ 0.8]$

$[2.0 \ -1.0]$

b. Weight Vector: $[1.0 \ 1.0]$

Bias: 0.0

$$w = c - d = [0.49982183 \ 0.50013169] - [-0.49997676 \ -0.49997676]$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Decision Function: } y &= \text{np.sign}(w.T * X + b) \\ &= \text{np.sign}([0.999799 \ 1.000108].T * X + 0.000139) \end{aligned}$$

c. Distance = $(w.T * X + b) / \text{norm}(w)$

Distance from $[0.2 \ 0.8]$: $[0.70727111]$

Distance from $[1.5 \ 1.]$: $[1.76781076]$

Distance from $[-2. \ -1.]$: $[2.12111216]$

d. Removing $(-0.5, -0.5)$ will change the decision boundary because the point is a support vector. $(0.8, 0.2)$ is not, so removing that point will not affect the decision boundary

e. This would lie on the positive decision boundary, and would certainly affect it. We would proceed to then use RBF to fit the test data without error.

f. Any value other than 1 will change the hard margin SVM to a soft margin SVM. The bigger C is, the 'tighter' the decision boundary would become in order to fit all of the training samples. The smaller C is, the 'looser' it would get, putting less emphasis on a perfect fit, allowing 'stragglers' to be misclassified. Only support vectors are affected.

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a. Support vectors:

```
[[ -0.5 -0.5]
 [  0.2  0.8]
 [  2.  -1. ]]
```

b. Weight Vector: [0.999799 1.000108]

Bias: 0.000139

c. $w = c - d =$

$w = c - d = [0.49982183 \ 0.50013169] - [-0.49997676 \ -0.49997676]$

Decision Function: $y = \text{np.sign}(w.T * X + b)$

$= \text{np.sign}([0.999799 \ 1.000108].T * X + 0.000139)$

c. Distance = $(w.T * X + b) / \text{norm}(w)$

Distance from [0.2 0.8]: [0.70727111]

Distance from [1.5 1.]: [1.76781076]

Distance from [-2. -1.]: [2.12111216]

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[Juke95 says: /Dev/classes/comp5531/machine-learning-hw4/comp5531-hw4/hw5](#) □

4. Answer found by running program NN2

```
luke@ScaryFeet: ~/Dev/classes/csci5521/machine-learning-hw4/csci5521-hw4/hw5
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[0.9880844 ]
[0.00205368]
[0.98656139]
[0.007943  ]]
to see convergence, type: plot_error()
luke@ScaryFeet:~/Dev/classes/csci5521/machine-learning-hw4/csci5521-hw4/hw5$ ato
m .
luke@ScaryFeet:~/Dev/classes/csci5521/machine-learning-hw4/csci5521-hw4/hw5$ ato
m .
luke@ScaryFeet:~/Dev/classes/csci5521/machine-learning-hw4/csci5521-hw4/hw5$ pyt
hon3 NN2pruned.py
final coefficients
[[-22.52998438  -9.06859334   9.21414367   1.82615525]
 [-20.32916602   8.1709755  -15.20483478  46.48153248]
 [  0.40645494   1.54775046  -8.8922147   -2.78229687]]
[[ 10.07096998 -11.5603813  -1.83689772]
 [-6.53343357   7.49518666  -1.31884973]
 [-4.8437361    3.18934661   0.02161765]
 [ 6.13411511  -6.04480838  -2.45174336]]
[[-13.68963598]
 [ 15.41124442]
 [ 2.49959651]]

OUTPUTS
[[2.45558814e-03]
 [9.99126258e-01]
 [9.97064558e-01]
 [3.56980591e-04]
 [9.97712894e-01]
 [3.05759847e-03]]
to see convergence, type: plot_error()
luke@ScaryFeet:~/Dev/classes/csci5521/machine-learning-hw4/csci5521-hw4/hw5$
```