Set of peripherals for Digilent Inc. boards

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Overview

This document only describes the modules operation for the components included in this project. You can get more information in the README.md files available in some directories.

The components are common designs to use with the peripherals included in low range Digilent boards like Basys and Nesys. The modules interface is ready to be easily connected as peripheral to microcontrollers. For this purpose has been added to the project some examples of use with the Picoblaze microcontroller.

The components definitions in package $\mathit{digilent_peripherals_pk}$ are the following:

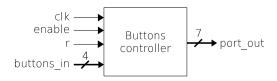
- Inputs buttons synchronizer
- Switches controller, two versions, 8 bits and 16 bits
- Display controller, two versions, 16 bits and 32 bits.
- Leds out controller

Functional description

All peripherals are very similar and easy to use. Each peripheral contains an internal register to store the input or output data and a signal enable ready to be used as the peripheral selection signal. The figures and the tables details the signal and its behavior.

The Nexsys5 board has two 4-digit 7-segment displays, for this board a new version of display controller is available in file port_display32_dig.vhd.

For more info about how to use it, you can see the examples included with this mini-project.



 $Figure \ 1: \ Buttons \ controller$

enable	r	Operation
0	-	-
1	1	$internal_reg[7:0] \leftarrow "0000" \& digit_in[3:0]$

Table 1: Buttons controller signals behavior

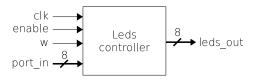


Figure 2: Leds controller

enable	r	Operation
0	-	-
1	1	$internal_reg \leftarrow port_in$

Table 2: Leds controller signals behavior

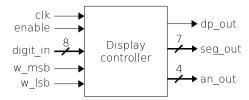


Figure 3: Display controller

enable	w_msb	w_lsb	Operation
0	-	-	-
1	0	1	$lsb_reg \leftarrow digit_in$
1	1	0	$msb_reg \leftarrow digit_in$

Table 3: Display controller signals behavior

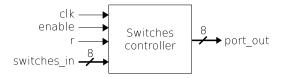


Figure 4: Switches controller

enable	r	Operation
0	-	-
1	1	$internal_reg \leftarrow switches_in$

Table 4: Switches controller signals behavior

The 32 bits display controller has 8+1 bit input, the display point is loaded using a extra wire. The controller acts like a 4x9 bits memory and the signal byte_sel is used to select the word where the data is written.

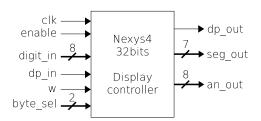


Figure 5: 32 bits display controller

enable	W	Operation
0	-	-
1	1	$\operatorname{digit}(\operatorname{byte_sel}) \leftarrow \operatorname{digit_in}$
		$dp(byte_sel) \leftarrow dp_in$

Table 5: 32 bits display controller signals behavior

About Picoblaze peripheral examples

See README.md file included in examples directory