```
library(stationery)
## If theme directory does not have required
   images or TeX files
## we need to retrieve them and put them in
   "theme" directory.
logos <- c(logo = "logo.pdf",</pre>
             logomini = "logomini.png")
texfiles <- c("guidePreambleSweavel.tex",
   "mlm.bib")
getFiles(logos, pkg = "stationery")
getFiles(texfiles, pkg = "stationery")
```

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

Skeleton rmd2pdf-slides-sweave

Paul Johnson¹

¹Center for Research Methods and Data Analysis

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Outline

About slides

- 2 R Code chunks
 - Displaying R code and output
 - More Frame Options



Outline

About slides

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This is a default style we created

- The theme settings are in the preamble. No external dependency on a theme file needed.
- Once we saw how simple a Beamer theme is—just a designation theme types for the outer edges and inner content—we understood that it is quite easy to put that in the preamble.
- Our preferred theme uses the *right* shades of blue along with:

Key elements in our theme

```
\useoutertheme{infolines}
\useinnertheme{rounded}
\usetbeamertemplate{blocks}[default]
```

- The outer theme is a conservative use of screen real estate (narrow top boxes)
- The inner theme gives the jazzy 3-D bullets



This is a default style we created ...

- We don't want the rounded alert boxes, however, so we have blocks set to the default box style.
- As the Beamer documentation makes clear, there are just a few of these outer and inner themes that can be "mixed-and-matched" to suit the author's taste.



This is a default style we selected

- This document is formatted to create 16:9 resolution slides.
- To alter that, change document setting options.
- Citations use natbib with apacite (McCullagh & Nelder, 1989)
- A slide with not options is fine, except if you need to include R code chunks or listings objects. In that case, "containsverbatim" will be necessary



Outline

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Listings class is used to display code chunks

- R code chunks are displayed with LaTeX listings, a highly customizable class for code displays.
- We use 2 types of listings, one for R code input and one for R output. By default, the output listings use smaller font to fit more output within the page, but that is adjustable, either on a
 - document wide basis
 - per-code chunk basis



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Code chunks require "containsverbatim" frame

• Please name all chunks. Here is a chunk named dat10

```
x <- rnorm(100)
mean(x)
```

```
[1] 0.2451972
```

- An example of inline $Im(y \sim x, data = dat)$. That's in an environment "\code{lm(y \sim x, data = dat}"
- By marking text as "\code", a color box will be created that uses the same color scheme as the R input box. This is a visual gimmick, two environments colored to be similar.



Did you notice: no line numbers on code chunk in previous?

- The margins are adjustable, see preamble for example.
- Note the line numbers are NOT obscured if code chunk "nested" inside the item.

```
x <- rnorm(100)
mean(x)
```

```
1 [1] 0.04523311
```

Code chunk previous slide is so close to edge that numbering is not visible if margins are very small.

If margins are made any smaller, the numbers indexing code lines are "off the edge"



Slide with "allowframebreaks" can spill onto several slides

Some filler that causes the spill onto another slide. Note confusing equation labels

onefile

$$1 \times 1 \tag{1}$$

two

$$2 \times 1$$

three

$$3 \times 1$$
 (2)

four

$$4 \times 1$$



Slide with "allowframebreaks" can spill onto several slides ...

five

 5×1

six

 6×1

seven

 7×1



12 / 19

Both "allowframebreaks" and "containsverbatim" accomodate large R output

example(lm)

3

4

5 6

7

9

13

```
lm require(graphics)
lm ## Annette Dobson (1990) "An Introduction to Generalized Linear
     Models".
lm ## Page 9: Plant Weight Data.
lm ctl <- c(4.17.5.58.5.18.6.11.4.50.4.61.5.17.4.53.5.33.5.14)
lm trt <- c(4.81.4.17.4.41.3.59.5.87.3.83.6.03.4.89.4.32.4.69)
lm group <- gl(2, 10, 20, labels = c("Ctl","Trt"))</pre>
lm weight <- c(ctl, trt)</pre>
lm lm.D9 <- lm(weight ~ group)
|1m 1m.D90 <- 1m(weight \sim group - 1) # omitting intercept
lm ## No test:
lm ##D anova(lm.D9)
lm ##D summary(lm.D90)
```



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Both "allowframebreaks" and "containsverbatim" accomodate large R output ...

```
lm ## End(No test)
  lm opar \leftarrow par(mfrow = c(2,2), oma = c(0, 0, 1.1, 0))
  lm plot(lm.D9, las = 1)  # Residuals, Fitted, ...
23
25
  lm par(opar)
  lm ## Don't show:
  lm ## model frame :
  |lm stopifnot(identical(lm(weight \sim group, method = "model.frame"),
                             model.frame(lm.D9)))
  1 m
31
  lm ## End(Don't show)
  lm ### less simple examples in "See Also" above
   1 m
   1 m
   llm
```



Using "allowframebreaks" and "containsverbatim"

- I usually use both "allowframebreaks" and "containsverbatim" on most slides
- "allowframebreaks" is now harmless. It has no effect in current configuration unless there are actually 2 or more slides worth of material
- However, containsverbatim is not harmless. It will break use of beamer overlay features, or one-at-a-time revelation of enumerated lists.



2 Columns

- Total width of page is 12cm
 - Author can set each column at 6cm

A Block Can be Nested

This is inside the content area of the block

- In LyX, I find it tricky to use the GUI tool for slides (in general)
- Columns often seem difficult, but I still use GUI because I don't want to write out lots of code
- But I do manually write Frames in LyX because I don't enjoy the GUI style these days.



References

McCullagh, P. & Nelder, J. A. (1989). Generalized Linear Models, Second Edition. Boca Raton: Chapman and Hall/CRC, 2 edition edition.



Session

sessionInfo()

```
1
  R version 3.4.3 (2017-11-30)
  Platform: x86_64-pc-linux-gnu (64-bit)
   Running under: Ubuntu 17.10
3
4
  Matrix products: default
5
  BLAS: /usr/lib/x86 64-linux-gnu/blas/libblas.so.3.7.1
6
  LAPACK: /usr/lib/x86_64-linux-gnu/lapack/liblapack.so.3.7.1
7
8
9
  locale:
    [1] LC_CTYPE=en_US.UTF-8
                                   LC_NUMERIC=C
    [3] LC TIME=en US.UTF-8
                                   LC COLLATE = en US.UTF-8
    [5] LC_MONETARY=en_US.UTF-8
                                   LC_MESSAGES=en_US.UTF-8
    [7] LC_PAPER=en_US.UTF-8
                                   LC NAME = C
    [9] LC ADDRESS=C
                                   LC TELEPHONE = C
   [11] LC_MEASUREMENT=en_US.UTF-8 LC_IDENTIFICATION=C
15
17
  attached base packages:
   [1] stats
                 graphics grDevices utils datasets
                                                          base
   other attached packages:
20
   [1] stationery_0.61
21
```



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Session ...

```
(and not attached):
loaded via a namespace
 [1] Rcpp_0.12.15
                         quadprog_1.5-5
                                             rprojroot_1.3-2
 [4] digest_0.6.15
                         plvr_1.8.4
                                             backports_1.1.2
 [7] xtable_1.8-2
                         magrittr_1.5
                                             stats4_3.4.3
[10]
     evaluate_0.10.1
                         stringi_1.1.6
                                             pbivnorm_0.6.0
[13]
     openxlsx_4.0.17
                         rmarkdown_1.8
                                             tools_3.4.3
[16] stringr_1.2.0
                         foreign_0.8-69
                                             kutils 1.34
[19]
     compiler_3.4.3
                         mnormt_1.5-5
                                             htmltools_0.3.6
[22]
     knitr 1.19
                         lavaan 0.5-23.1097 methods 3.4.3
```

