

Now that you've completed the section, let's see if you can answer these questions. The answer sheet is available as a PDF in the "Support Files" folder.

Section 9: Peeking under the Hood

- 1) You have two beans of the same type and you want to have one of them active based on a profile **test**, how can you solve this?
 - a. Add **@Profile("test")** to the designated bean.
 - b. Add **@Profile("test")** to the designated bean and **@Profile("!test")** to the other.
 - c. Add **@Profile("test")** to the designated bean and **@Profile("-test")** to the other.
 - d. Add **@Profile("test")** to the designated bean and **@Primary** to the other.
 - e. Add **@Profile("test")** and **@Primary** to the designated bean.
- 2) Given that you have two beans of the same type with **@ConditionalOnProperty** and **matchIfMissing=true** and the given property is not set. What is the result?
 - a. The property is missing. So, none of the beans is in the context.
 - b. The first bean that is found is added to the context.
 - c. Both beans are added to the context.
 - d. Spring refuses to start because it has two beans of the same type in the context.
- 3) You are creating the Spring expression language based **@Value** annotation to a field and you want to get the value of the property **test.prop** and if this is not there you want the value of the property **fallback.prop** or the default value of **defaultvalue**. Which among the following is the correct expression?
 - a. `${'test.prop':'fallback.prop':'defaultvalue'}`
 - b. `${'test.prop':${'fallback.prop':'defaultvalue'}}`
 - c. `${test.prop:${fallback.prop}:defaultvalue}`
 - d. `${test.prop:${fallback.prop:defaultvalue}}`
 - e. `${test.prop:${fallback.prop:'defaultvalue'}}`
- 4) You have added a **@Value** annotation which calls a bean that fetches something from the database. When is Spring going to evaluate this and fetch the data?
 - a. When the spring context is built
 - b. When the bean is instantiated
 - c. When the property is read
 - d. You can't access the database from a SpEL expression
- 5) You have a bean that has the request scope and you want to autowire it in a regular service that has singleton scope. Which of the statements are true?
 - a. The autowired field is null and only has a value when the service is processing a request.
 - b. Autowiring will fail, because there is no request.
 - c. Spring creates a proxy which returns the correct instance based on the request.
 - d. You need to specify the proxy mode on the bean definition.
 - e. You need to specify the proxy mode on the field definition.
 - f. You don't need to specify the proxy mode anywhere. Spring does this for you.