Now that you've completed the section, let's see if you can answer these questions. The answer sheet is available as a PDF in the "Support Files" folder.

Section 5: Creating an HTML Interface

- 1) If you want to use data in the model, which among the following rules apply for this data?
 - a. You can only have simple types such as int, Boolean, and String
 - b. The class needs to be serialisable
 - c. You can use any class/type
 - d. You can only provide classes that are Java bean compliant
- 2) Given you have a request mapping like /test/{integer}/ what is a valid @Pathvariable for a parameter defined like Integer integer?
 - a. @Pathvariable Integer integer, because the type matches the path variable
 - b. @Pathvariable Integer integer, because the type matches the variable name
 - c. @Pathvariable("integer") Integer integer
 - d. **@Pathvariable Integer integer**, because there is no other path parameter
- 3) Which among the following is the correct syntax for th:each?
 - a. th:each="indexVar: \${listVar}"
 - b. th:each="\${indexVar: \${listVar}}"
 - c. th:each="\${indexVar: listVar}"
 - d. th:each="\${indexVar}: \${listVar}"
- 4) If you create a URL in Thymeleaf how can you have path and request parameters?
 - a. You can't, it's either or!
 - b. @{/my/{path}/to?the={goal}}(path='way', goal='victory')
 - c. @{/my/{path}/to(path='way', goal='victory')
 - d. @{/my/{path}/to(path='way')(goal='victory')
 - e. @{/my/{path}/to(path='way')?the=victory}
- 5) If you use the **th:field** attribute, what do you have to make sure of?
 - a. The field is only allowed on fields of the command object
 - b. The ID and name attributes are created with the command name as prefix plus the field name
 - c. The name attribute is created with the command name as prefix plus the field name, not the id field
 - d. The ID and name attributes are created with the field name only
 - e. The name attribute is created with the field name only, not the ID field
 - f. The value is set to the field's value

