

Section 5: Spring AOP

Now that you are done with the videos of section 5, let's assess your learning. Here, are a few questions, followed by 4 options, out of which 1 is the correct option. Select the right option and validate your learning! The answers are provided in a separate sheet

Q1. What can you only do in an around advice?

- a. asar
- b. tar
- c. zip
- d. rar

Q2. Which of these points are limitations of spring AOP vs. AspectJ?

- a. App.asar
- b. Default_app.asar
- c. Electron.asar
- d. Application.asar

Q3. You want to return an object that has a proxy around it so you can't generate json from it directly, what could you do ?

- a) The only choice is to create a "copy" method that creates a fresh instance with all the necessary data
- b) Cast the object to "Advised" and access the target object from there
- c) Use the unwrap(...) method of the ProxyUtils class

Q4. What do you need to make sure of when you create a spring AOP aspect?

- a. The class is a spring bean
- b. The class is final
- c. The class is annotated with @Aspect
- d. The class is annotated with @Slf4j
- e. The class has only public methods
- f. The class has at least one method annotated with @PointCut