## THE COPPERBELT UNIVERSITY SCHOOL OF MATHEMATICS AND NATURAL SCIENCES DEPARTMENT OF MATHEMATICS

TUTORIAL SHEET 1: MA110 - Mathematical Methods

W.SAKALA MA110 TUTORIALS SMNS CBU 2022/2023

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<ul> <li>1. A) List the elements of each of the following sets <ol> <li>i) {x: x is natural number less than 5}</li> <li>ii) {x: x is a negative integer greater than - 3}</li> <li>iii) {x: x is a positive number less than - 5} ∪ {1,2,3}</li> <li>iv) {x: x is a positive even number less than 10} ∩ {x: x is an integer.}</li> <li>v) {x: x = 4k - 1, where k = 0,1,2,3,4,5}</li> <li>vi) {x: x is an integer} ∩ {1,√2, 3.14,7}</li> <li>B) Given that A = {-2,-1,0,1,2}. List the elements of the following sets</li> </ol> </li> </ul>
i) $\{x^3: x \in A\}$ ii) $\{x^2 + x: x \in A\}$ iii) $\{2/x + 1: x \in A\}$ iv) $\{3x^2 + 1: x \in A\}$ 2. Describe each of the following in set builder notation a) $A = \{1,4,9,16,25\}$ b) $B = \{-7,-5,-3,-1\}$ c) $C = \{2,4,6,8,10,12,16\}$ d) $D = \{1,2,4,8,16,32\}$
3. Let $A = \{1,2,3,4,5\}$ , $B = \{2,4,6\}$ , $C = \{3,4,5\}$ and let $E = \{0,1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8\}$ Find i) $B'$ ii) $A \cup B$ iii) $A \cap B$ iv) $(A \cup B)'$ v) $(A \cap B)'$ vi) $C - B$
vii) $(U - A) \cap (B - C)'$ Viii) $A \cup (C - B)$ 4. Verify or show the following properties: a) Associative Laws: $(A \cup B) \cup C = A \cup (B \cup C)$ and $(A \cap B) \cap C = A \cap (B \cap C)$ b) Distributive Laws: $A \cap (B \cup C) = (A \cap B)U(A \cap C)$ and $A \cup (B \cap C) = (A \cup B) \cap (A \cup C)$
5. i) Prove the De Morgan's Laws a) $(B \cap C)' = B' \cup C'$ b) $(B \cup C)' = B' \cap C'$ ii) Prove the $(A')' = A$ iii) Verify or show the De Morgan's Laws a) $(B \cap C)' = B' \cup C'$ b) $(B \cup C)' = B' \cap C'$
6. If $C \subset D$ , then simplify if possible i) $C \cap D$ ii) $C' \cup D'$ iii) $C \cup D'$ iv) $C' \cap (C \cup D)$
7. If $C$ and $D$ are disjoint, simplify if possible i) $C' \cap D'$ ii) $C' \cup D'$ iii) $(C \cap D)'$ iv) $(C \cup D)'$
8. Represent each of the following on a Venn diagram

i) $A \cap B'$ ii) $(A \cap B)'$ iii) $(A \cap B') \cup (A' \cap B)$ iv) $(A \cup B) \cap (A \cup B')$ v) $[A' \cup (A \cap B)']'$ Vi) $A' \cap B' \cap C$ 9. Using the associative and distributive properties of union and intersection of sets .Show that i) $A = (A \cap B) \cup (A \cap B')$ ii) $A \cup B = (A \cap B) \cup (A \cap B') \cup (A' \cap B)$ iii) $A \cup (A' \cap B) = A \cup B$ 10. a) Given that $X$ , $Y$ and $Z$ are sets, simplify the following if possible i) $[X' \cup (Y \cap Z)]'$ ii) $Y' \cap (X \cup Y)$ iii) $(X \cap Y) \cup (X \cap Y')$ iv) $(X \cup Y) \cap (X \cup Y')$
<ul> <li>v) [X' ∪ (X - Z)]</li> <li>b) Given that X and Y are subsets of some universal set U, simplify the following:</li> <li>(i) X ∩ (X' ∪ Y).</li> <li>(ii) [(X ∩ Y)' ∩ (X' ∪ Y)]'.</li> </ul>
11 a) Using the symbol " $\subset$ " put the set of numbers in ascending order given
$\mathbb{C}$ , $\mathbb{N}$ , $\mathbb{R}$ , $\mathbb{Z}$ and $\mathbb{Q}$ b) Give the definition of the following sets $\mathbb{Q}^*$ , $\mathbb{R}^*$ , $\mathbb{C}^*$ and $\mathbb{Z}^*$
12.a) Let $A = \{x \in \mathbb{R}: -4 \le x < 2\}$ and $B = \{x \in \mathbb{R}: x \ge -1\}$ . Find a) $A \cap B$ b) $A'$ b) Let $U = (-6,9]$ be the universal set, $= [-2,4]$ , $B = (-1,5)$ and $C = (-6,9]$ . Find the following sets:  i) $A \cap B$ ii) $U - C$ iii) $B'UA$ iv) $(A \cup C)'$ c) Given that $\mathbb{R}$ , the set of real numbers is the universal set, $A = (-4,7]$ and $B = [4,\infty)$ , Find  i) $A'$ ii) $B'$ iii) $A - B$ iv) $B - A$ d) Let $A = (-9,9)$ be the universal set and $X = (-1,5]$ , $Y = [-5,3]$ and $Z = [-1,7)$ . Find each of the following sets and display it on the number line:  i) $X'$ ii) $A - X$ iii) $(X \cap Z)'$ iv) $(Y - X) \cap Z$ e) Let $A = \{1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9\}$ ; $B = [1,5)$ and $C = (3,8)$ . The universal set
is a set of real numbers. If necessary use the real number line and find:
(i). $(A \cap B) \cup (A \cap C)$ (ii). $B \cap C$ (iii). $(B \cup C)$
(iv). $(B' \cup C') \cap A$
13. a) Express the following in the form of $\frac{a}{b}$ where $a$ and $b$ are intergers, $b \neq 0$ . i) $0.\overline{33}$ ii) $0.\overline{16}$ iii) $2.\overline{143}$ iv) $3.\overline{7}$ v)1.171717 vi) $2.\overline{590}$
<ul> <li>b) Prove that i) √3 is an irrational number.</li> <li>ii) √2 is an irrational number</li> <li>c) Given that √3 and √5 are irrational, show that the following are not rational numbers</li> <li>i) √3 +5 is an irrational number.</li> <li>ii) √5 - 1 is an irrational number</li> <li>iii) 1 - √3 is an irrational number</li> </ul>