

SUPERBOARD^{II} KIT

ASSEMBLY MANUAL

M/A-COM OSI
April, 1982

NOTE

The Superboard II is a sophisticated microcomputer, a very delicate piece of electronic hardware. Assembly of this kit should only be attempted by individuals experienced with electronic assembly and test techniques.

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OVERVIEW

Your OSI Superboard, when completed, is a powerful, versatile 8K computer. The video display is an easy to read 24 character by 24 line format which features both upper and lower case letters directly from the keyboard. In addition, there are numerous non alpha-numeric graphics characters which, together with the standard text characters, make up a set of 255 characters. The Superboard connects directly to a video monitor (or standard TV set by way of an RF modulator) and to a cassette player. With a substitution of connections at the rear edge Molex socket, the Superboard can be used with a serial printer or a modem as well as with the cassette player. The addition of a 610 I/O board will give you memory expansion capability up to 32K and the possibility of adding one or two minifloppy disk drives.

Before beginning the assembly, you should read through this entire assembly manual in order to get in mind the total picture of the project. Do not rush the the assembly. Care and frequent checking of your work will pay off in the long run. Assembly will take about 20-25 hours.

MATERIAL REQUIREMENTS

For Assembly

Good quality soldering iron
(25 watt with 1/16" plated tip)

Rosin core solder
(supplied with kit)

Needle nose pliers

Side cutters (diagonal cutters)

Screwdriver

Solder Sucker (or solder braid)

Csotch tape

AC/DC VOM multimeter

Logic probe (useful for testing but not required)

For Use

5 Volt DC, 3 Amp power supply
regulation - better than 4%
ripple - less than 4%
The addition of a 610 will require an additional
power supply - total 6 amps.

Video monitor (or B&W TV with RF modulator*)

Portable cassette recorder (used on AC)

Small speaker (useful with DAC but not required)

*ATV Research Microverter recommended

OSI LIMITED 30-DAY WARRANTY

The OSI warranty is a Limited Warranty as defined by the U.S. Consumer Product Warranty and Federal Trade Commission Act. This warranty entitles you to certain legal rights although the details vary from state to state.

Covered Parts: OSI will replace factory defective parts for a period of 30 days from date of purchase. Replacement parts are warranted to be free from defects for the balance of the original warranty period. Replacement parts are obtained by calling (216) 562-2020 and asking for the Superboard Kit Department.
(8-5 EST Monday-Friday)

Not Covered: The warranty specifically does not cover assembly errors, damage caused by negligence or abuse. Use of unauthorized parts, modifications or corrosive solder voids this warranty completely. Warranty does not cover inconveniences, loss of use, assembly or set up time, unauthorized service.

NOTE: OSI cannot accept collect calls.

Customer Information: OSI will not service kits which have not been completed. Malfunctions involving non-OSI peripherals (monitors, tape recorders, etc.) are the customer's responsibility.

Returns: The customer must obtain a Return Authorization (RA) number before returning any item to OSI. Please call (216) 562-2020 and ask for Superboard Kit Department. Shipping damage is not covered by this warranty.

Repair Fee: A standard repair fee will be charged on all Superboard Kits returned to OSI. The standard fee is \$50. OSI reserves the right to repair or Replace at our discretion. The customer will pay the shipping to OSI and OSI will pay the return shipping

Software: Software is specifically not warranted.

ASSEMBLY INTRODUCTION

Before you start to mount the parts on the circuit board, it will be helpful for you to become familiar with what functions the various sections of the board will perform. Position the board in front of you with the "Ohio Scientific Model 600 CPU" label side up and with the notch in the upper right corner. In this position, the long edge of the board will extend away from you. This is the orientation which is shown in Figure I-1. For the purpose of insuring that the board is oriented correctly for each step of assembly, the edge farthest from you has been labeled N for North. As you can see from Figure I-1, the keyboard section of the circuit board is closest to you while the Input/Output (I/O) section is at the upper left. The RAM chips will be located at the upper right with the RAM chip select circuit components just below. Just above the keyboard on the right is the circuitry for decoding the signals from the keyboard. To the left above the keyboard section are the ROM chips which contain the programs necessary for your computer to function as it does. Above the ROM chips is the circuitry for selecting ROM addresses. Finally, the heart and soul of your Superboard, the 6502 microprocessor, is located in the center above the keyboard.

Figure I-2 is a detailed diagram of the superboard component layout. The rectangles in the top two-thirds of the diagram are the individual IC chips. The codes on these chips (U8, U9, U10, ... etc.) will be used in the manual to refer to particular chips. These same codes are used in the complete Superboard schematics* found at the end of this manual. You will note that, with some exceptions, the numbers start low at the south-east portion of the board and increase as you move west and north. The positions of the resistors, capacitors, and diodes are marked with a shape which corresponds roughly to the physical form of the circuit element. The letters R, C, and D specify resistor, capacitor, or diode. The numbering system is the same as that for the IC chips.

As you complete each step, check off the appropriate box in the sequence of steps.

**

* See Appendix

**Important points and warnings will be outlined with a box for emphasis.

Your Superboard II Kit Contains

| | | |
|---|------------------------------------|-----------|
| Bag A | Capacitors | 56 Pieces |
| Bag B | Chips, Diodes and Transistors | 31 |
| Bag C | Resistors and Pots | 58 |
| Bag D | Misc. Hardware, Sockets and Solder | 108 |
| Bag E | Keyboard Parts | 110 |
| Bag F | Chips | 27 |
| Bag G | Miscellaneous | 3 |
| Bag H | Chips | <u>37</u> |
| | | 430 Total |
| Superboard II Bare circuit board | | |
| Superboard II Kit Assembly Manual | | |
| Cassette tapes (two, one test and one blank) | | |

benodigd tot de montage bevatteert de kit een aantal
spiraal-wed dat dat de verschillende oefen mogelijkheden
levert en de mogelijkheid om een aantal oefen
in de loop van verschillende weken te maken.
De verschillende mogelijkheden voor de basis oefen
vinden uiteraard in de verschillende oefenmodi
van de Superboard II. De mogelijkheden voor de basis
oefen zijn: de mogelijkheden voor de basis oefen
vinden uiteraard in de verschillende oefenmodi
van de Superboard II. De mogelijkheden voor de basis
oefen zijn:

** **Deze oefen mogelijkheden zijn niet beschikbaar voor de Superboard II.**

* **Deze oefen mogelijkheden zijn beschikbaar voor de Superboard II.**

N

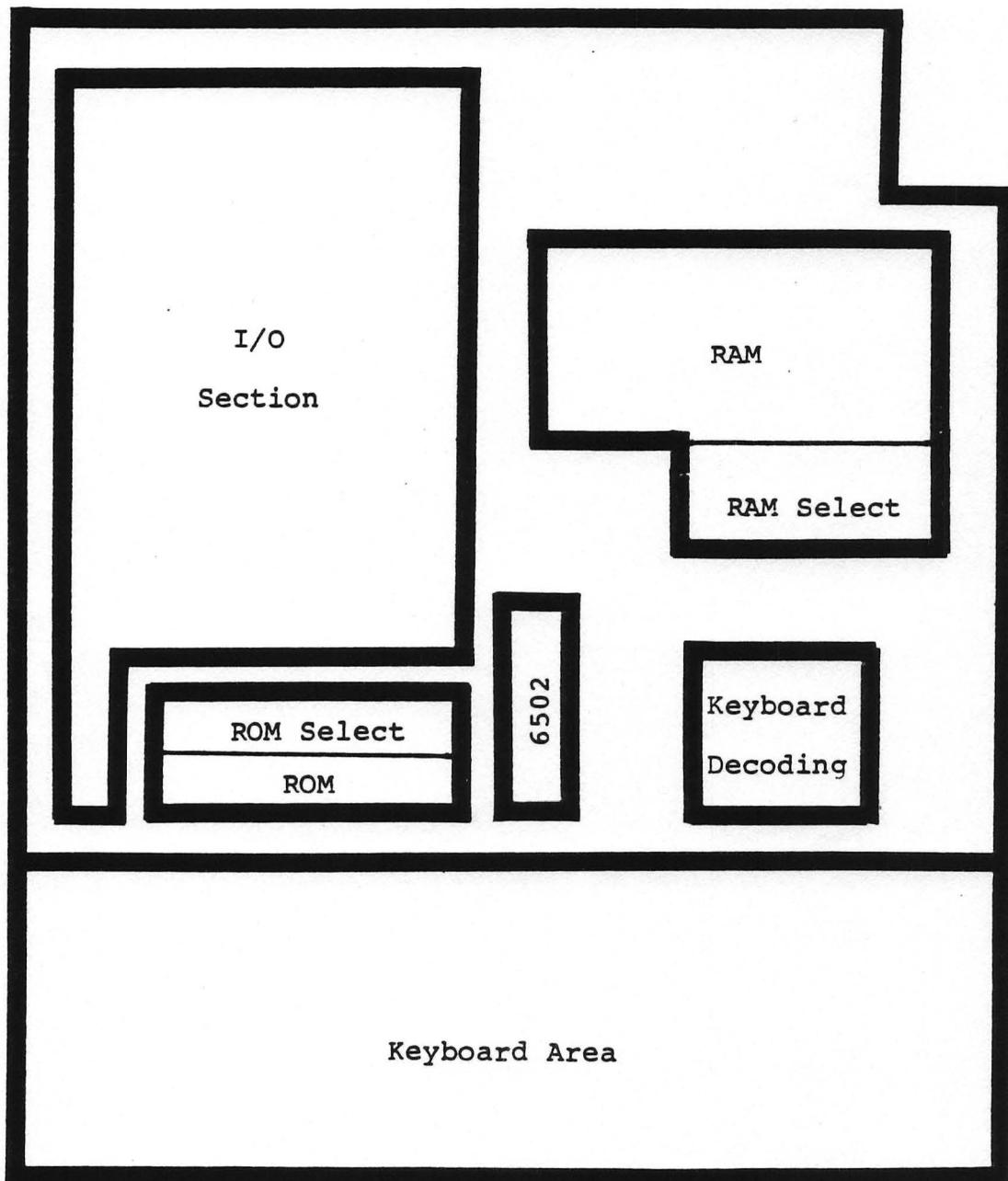


Figure I-1

SUPERBOARD KIT BOARD LAYOUT DIAGRAM

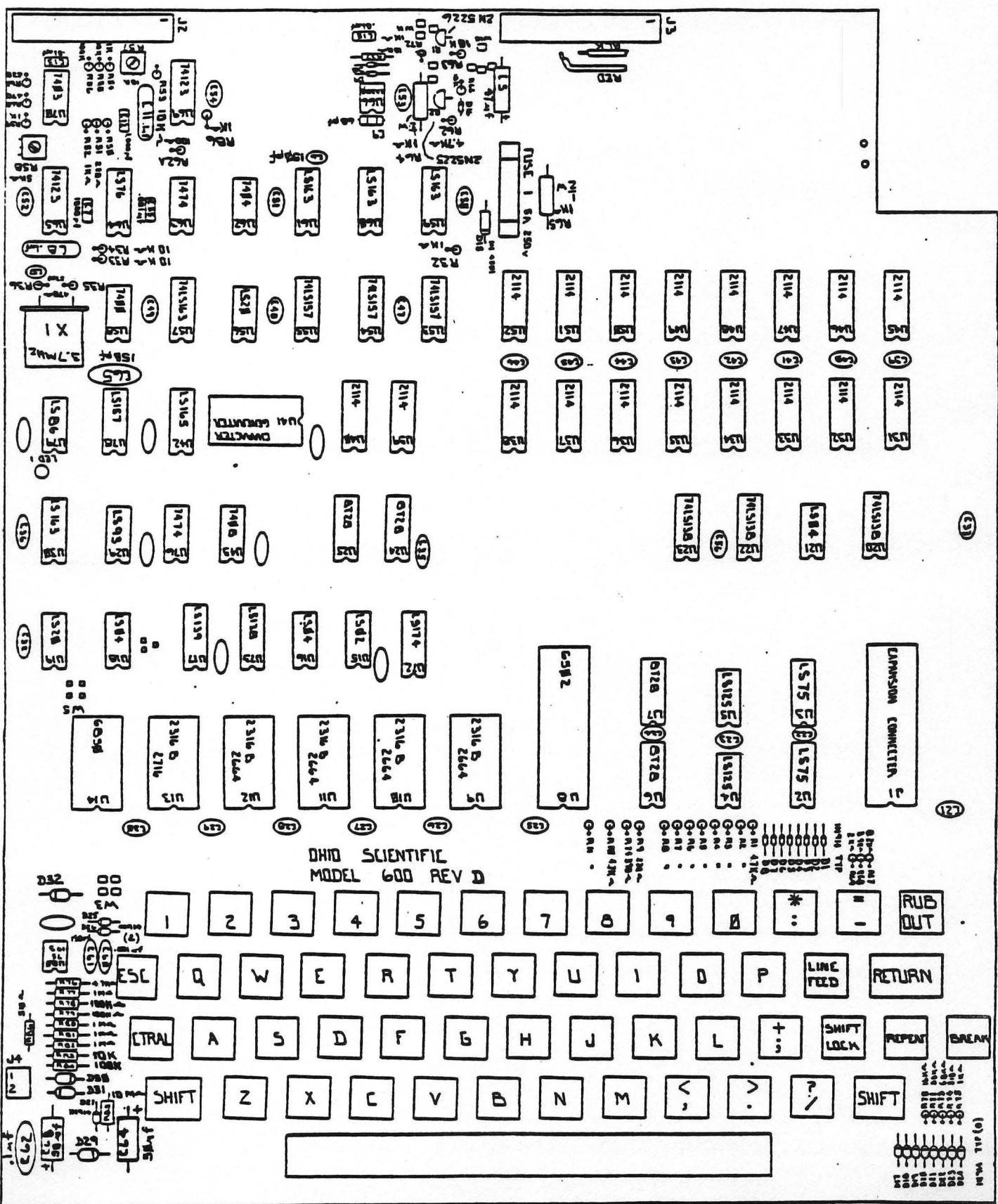


Figure I-2

STAGE I: Low-Profile Parts Installation

The first stage in assembling the Superboard kit consists of soldering the IC sockets and other low-profile parts (diodes, resistors, etc.) to the board. Most of the soldering involved in the project will be done during this stage. You will also do some preliminary testing.

There are many diagrams to assist you in properly locating components on the board. However, be sure to double check the position and orientation of each part before soldering.

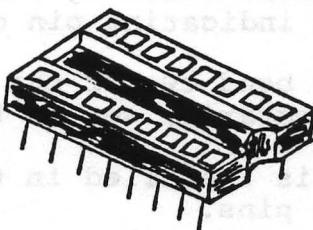
Stage I assembly is divided into five parts as described on the following pages.

STAGE I, Part One: Socket Installation

Parts List (These parts will be found in Bag D and/or in plastic tubes marked "D".)

| | Part Number | Quantity | Description |
|---------------|-------------|----------|------------------|
| check: | | | |
| () | SC-14FI | 16 | 14 pin IC socket |
| () | SC-16FI | 25 | 16 pin IC socket |
| () | SC-18FI | 18 | 18 pin IC socket |
| () | SC-24FI | 7 | 24 pin IC socket |
| () | SC-40FI | 2 | 40 pin IC socket |

Note: It is a good idea to find and check each part on the list at this time. This will save time and help to avoid mistakes when the various parts are called for in the assembly steps.



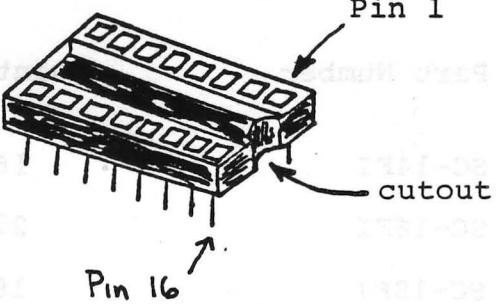
16 pin IC socket

(the 24 pin and 40 pin sockets have rectangular openings between the rows of pins)

Socket Installation Notes

The IC sockets have small semicircular cutouts at one end that are used to orient them properly on the board:

Pins are numbered sequentially counter-clockwise



With one exception (noted in assembly STEP 2), the sockets will be properly oriented when the cutout faces south relative to the north edge of the board.

Within each section of the board the largest sockets should be installed and soldered first. These should be followed by the next largest size and so on until all the indicated sockets have been installed.

The installation of a socket requires three steps:

- 1) put the socket in the board checking the orientation of the cutout (or notch indicating pin one).
- 2) turn the board over and bend two of the pins on opposite corners to temporarily secure the socket.
- 3) verify that the socket is installed in the correct location and solder the pins.

When several sockets the same size are to be installed, the above three steps can be carried out simultaneously for all of the sockets in a given area.

STEP 1

- () A. Install and solder
18-pin IC sockets (SC-18FI)
count: 16

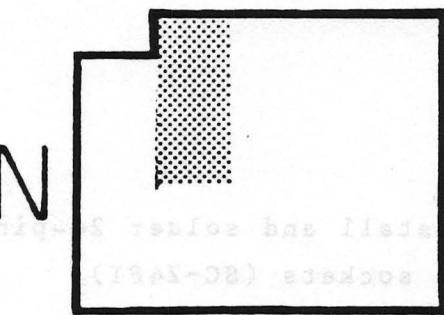
Note: For best results, use the solder included with your kit.

Note: Check the appropriate box in the columns to the left as you complete each step to keep track of your progress.

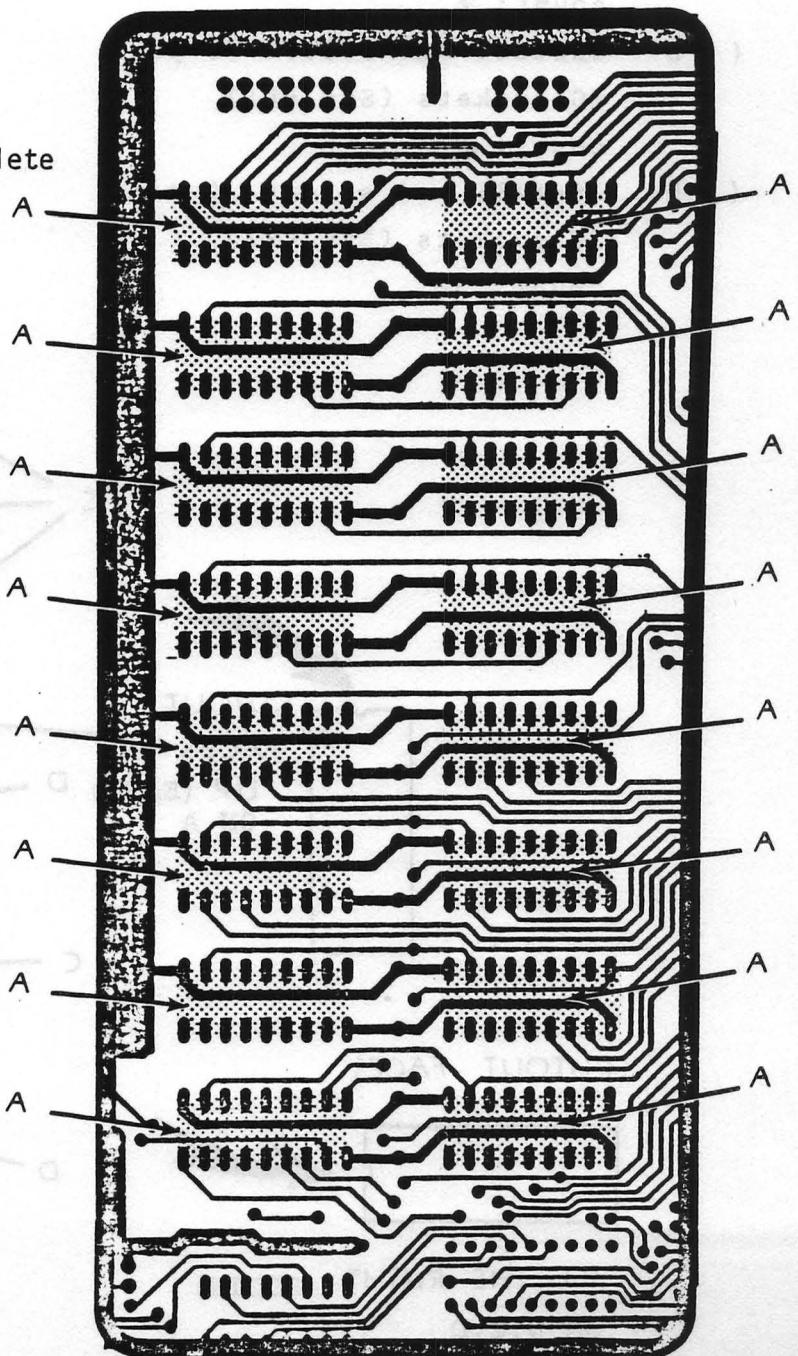
CUTOUT FACES



TO THE RIGHT (SOUTH)



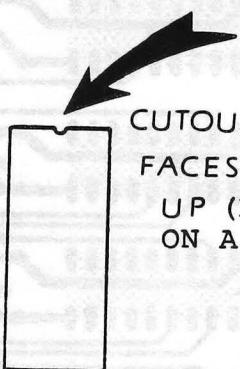
(detail location)



(detail)

STEP 2

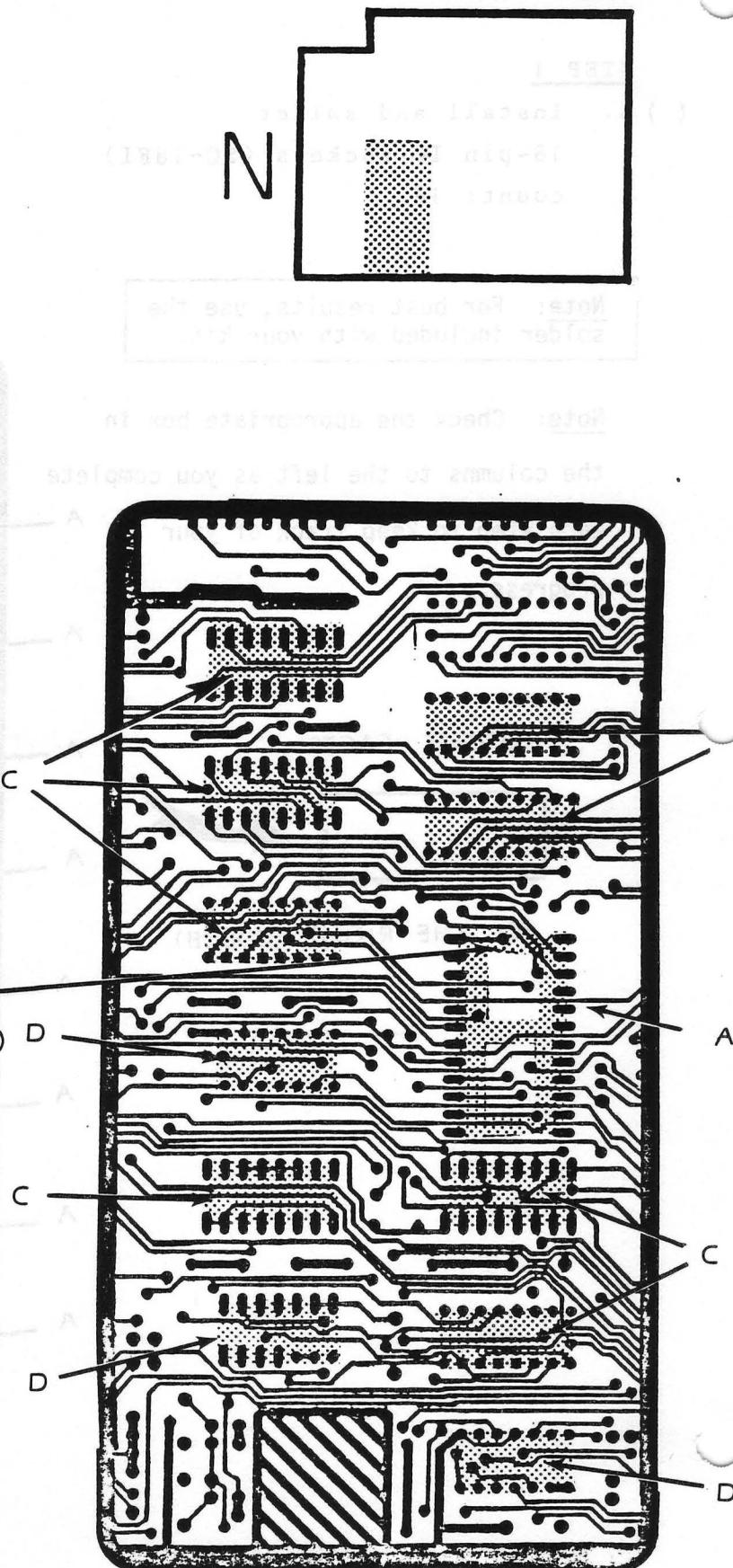
- () A. Install and solder 24-pin
IC sockets (SC-24FI)
count: 1
- () B. Install and solder 18-pin
IC sockets (SC-18FI)
count: 2
- () C. Install and solder 16-pin
IC sockets (SC-16FI)
count: 6
- () D. Install and solder 14-pin
IC sockets (SC-14FI)
count: 3



CUTOUT FACES

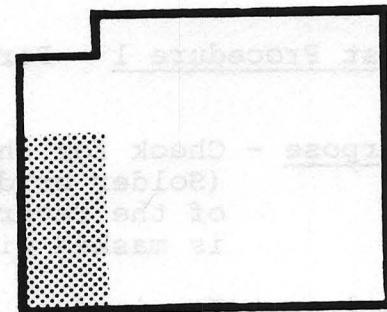


TO THE RIGHT (SOUTH)
ON B,C,D

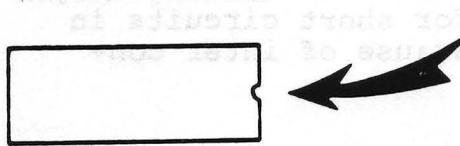


STEP 3

- () A. Install and solder
16-pin IC sockets (SC-16FI)
count: 6
- () B. Install and solder
14-pin IC sockets (SC-14FI)
count: 3

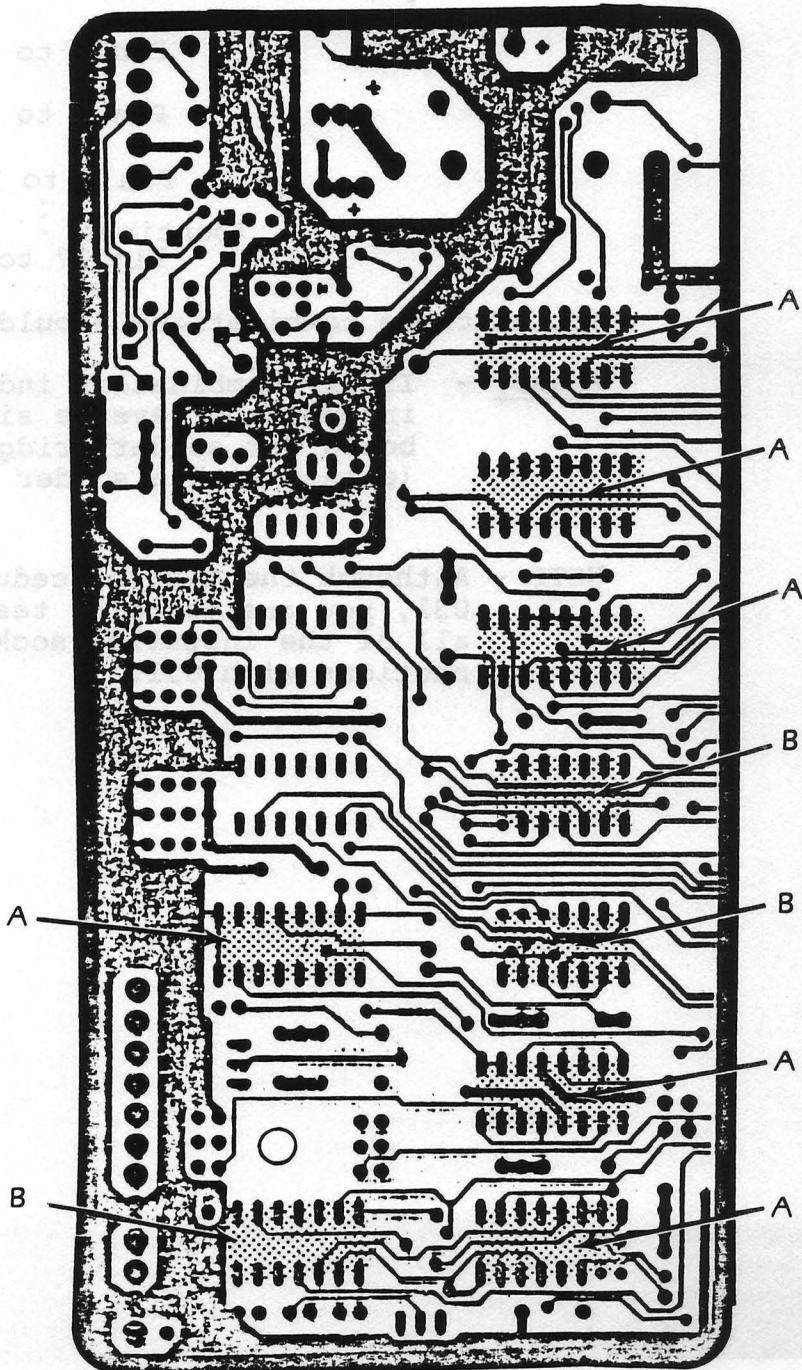


CUTOUT FACES



TO THE RIGHT (SOUTH)

KEEP
YOUR
SOLDERING
IRON TIP
CLEAN!



() Test Procedure 1 - Perform after Step 3

Purpose - Check for shorts resulting from solder bridges.
(Solder bridges are unlikely to occur since most
of the reverse side of the printed circuit board
is masked with a green plastic film.)

Equipment Required - Ohmmeter with probes.

Procedure - Locate socket U31 (upper right hand corner in
Step 1). Use an Ohmmeter to check the following
pin combinations:

Pin 1 to Pins 2, 3, 4 thru Pin 18
Pin 2 to Pins 3, 4 thru Pin 18
Pin 3 to Pins 4 thru Pin 18
(continue) :
Pin 17 to Pin 18

All of these combinations should indicate an open circuit.

Remedy - If any combination indicates a completed circuit,
inspect the reverse side of the printed circuit
board for solder bridges and remove excess solder
(either with a solder sucker or desoldering braid).

NOTE - Although the test procedure seems to be testing only
U31, you are actually testing for short circuits in
all of the installed sockets because of inter con-
nections with U31.

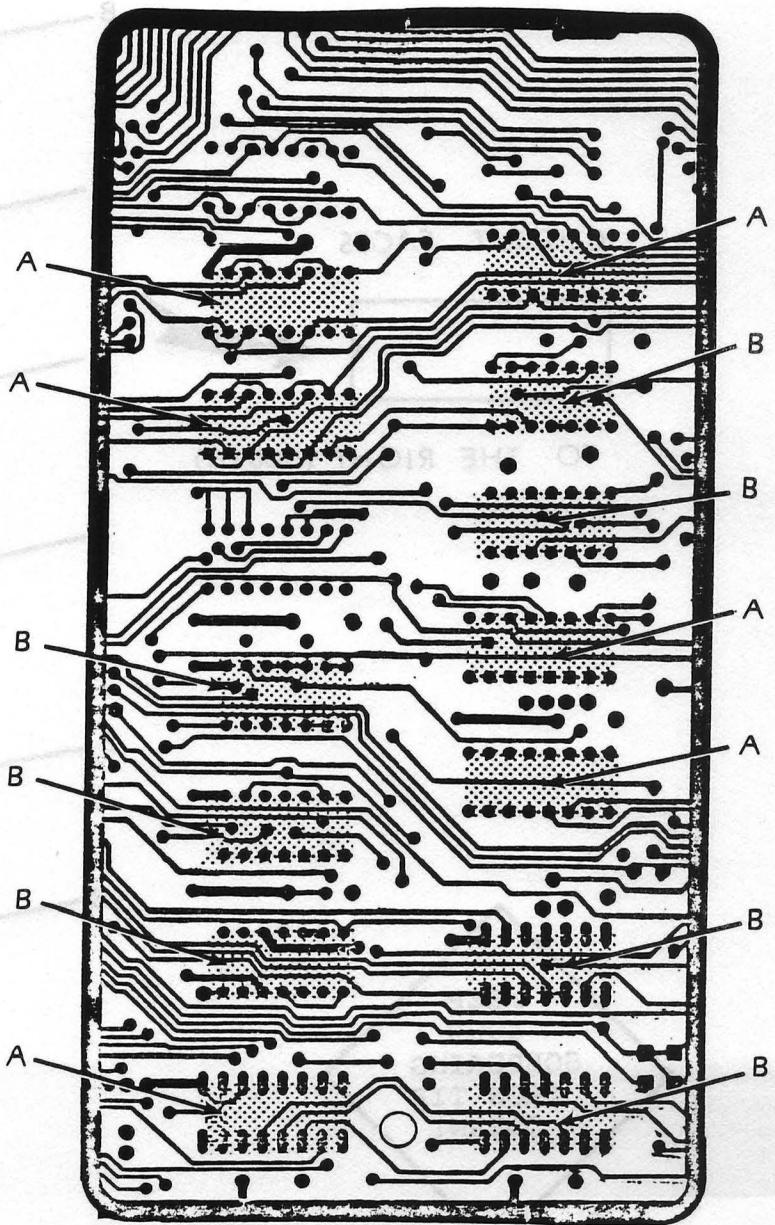
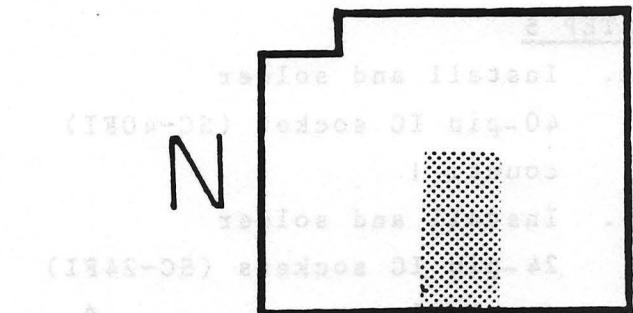
STEP 4

- () A. Install and solder
16-pin IC sockets (SC-16FI).
count: 6
- () B. Install and solder
14-pin IC sockets (SC-14FI)
count: 7

CUTOUT FACES

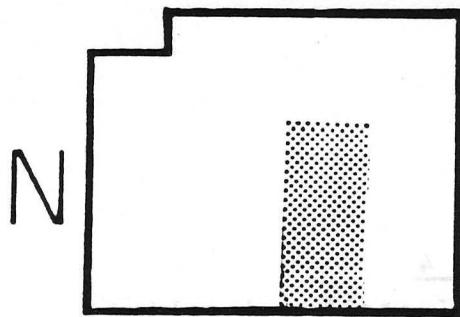


TO THE RIGHT (SOUTH)



STEP 5

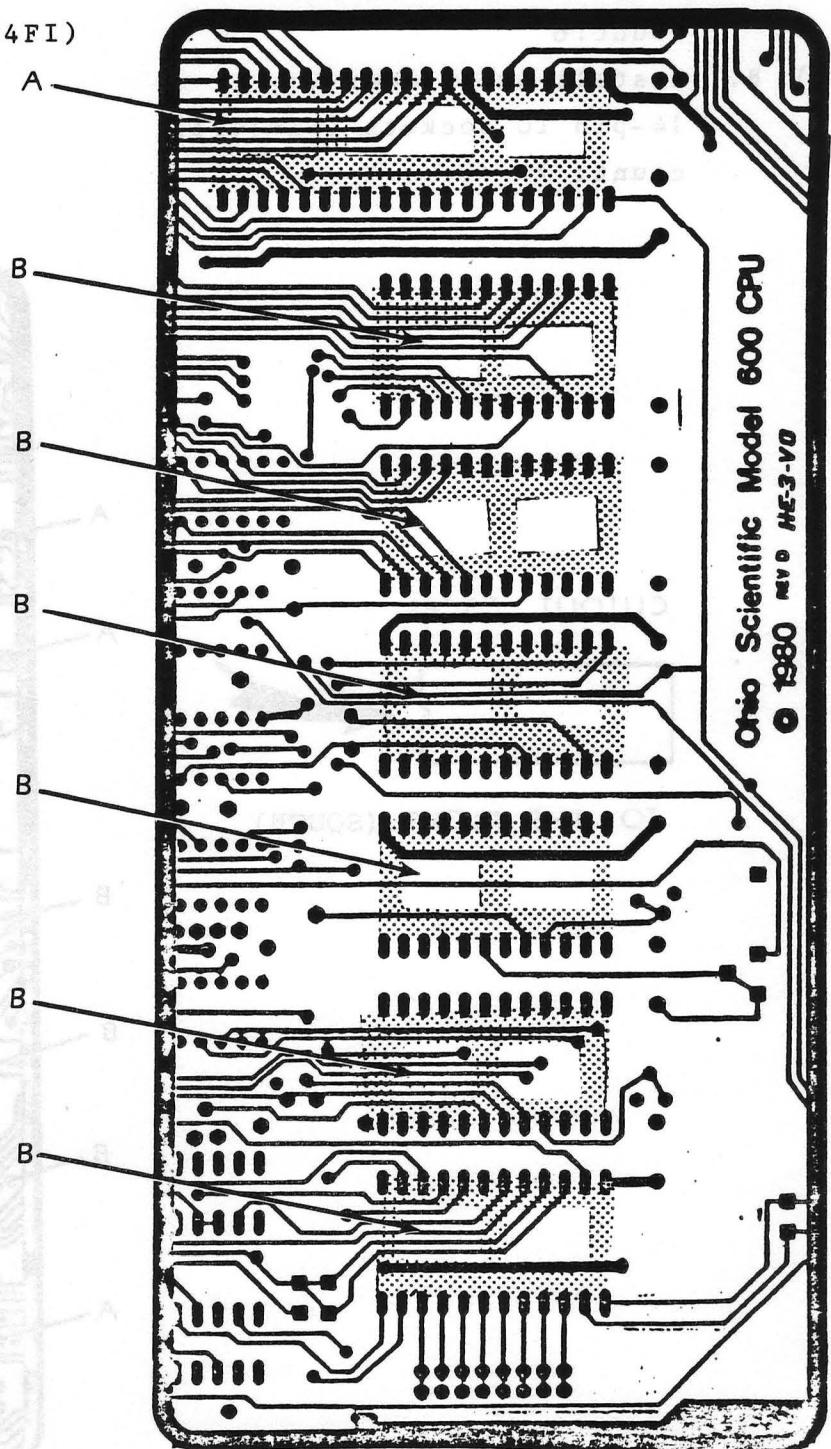
- () A. Install and solder
40-pin IC socket (SC-40FI)
count: 1
- () B. Install and solder
24-pin IC sockets (SC-24FI)
count: 6



CUTOUT FACES



TO THE RIGHT (SOUTH)



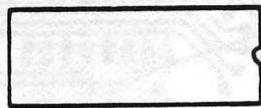
KEEP
YOUR
SOLDERING
IRON TIP
CLEAN!

STEP 6

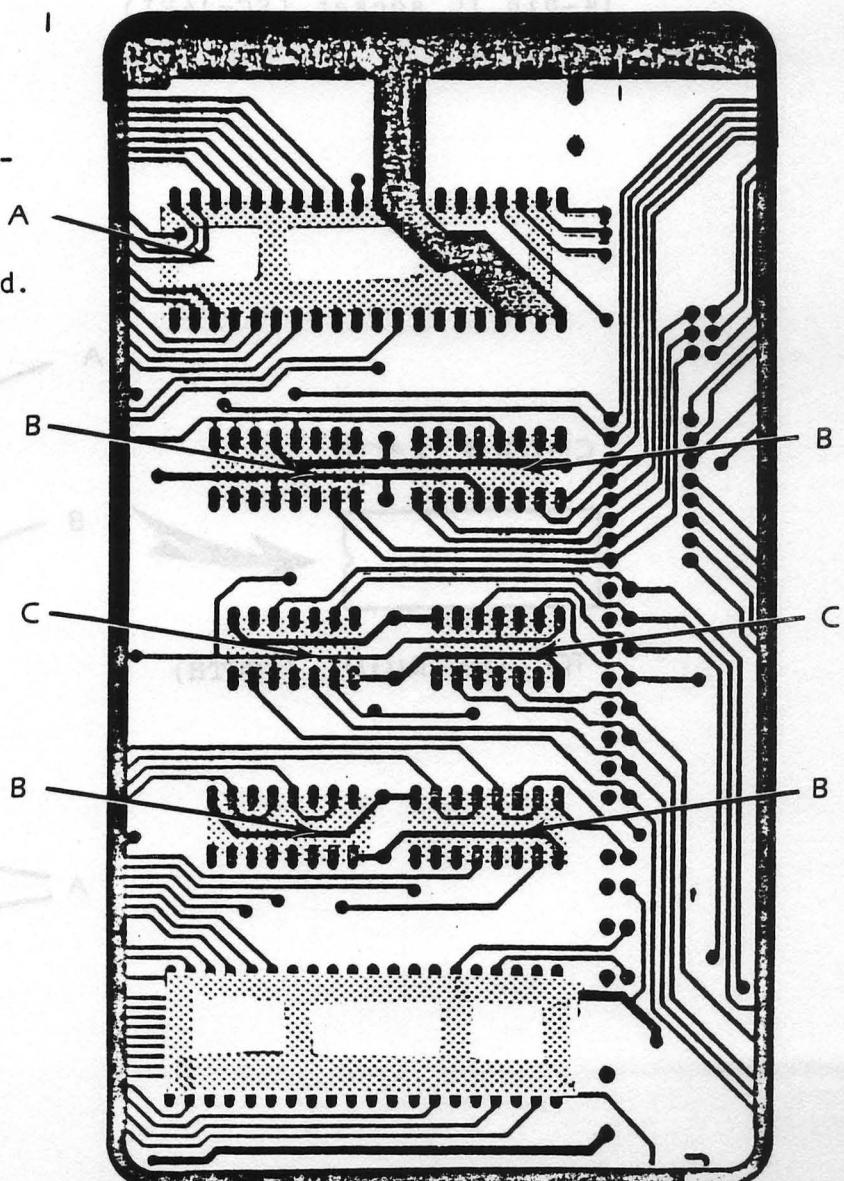
- () A. Install and solder
40-pin IC socket (SC-40FI)
count: 1
- () B. Install and solder *
16-pin IC sockets (SC-16FI)
count: 4
- () C. Install and solder
14-pin IC sockets (SC-14FI)
count: 2

*Note: These sockets are only populated when a 610 I/O Expander Board is attached to the Superboard.

CUTOUT FACES



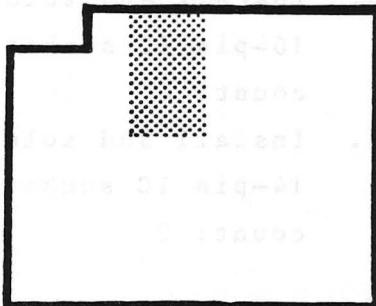
TO THE RIGHT (SOUTH)



KEEP
YOUR
SOLDERING
IRON TIP
CLEAN!

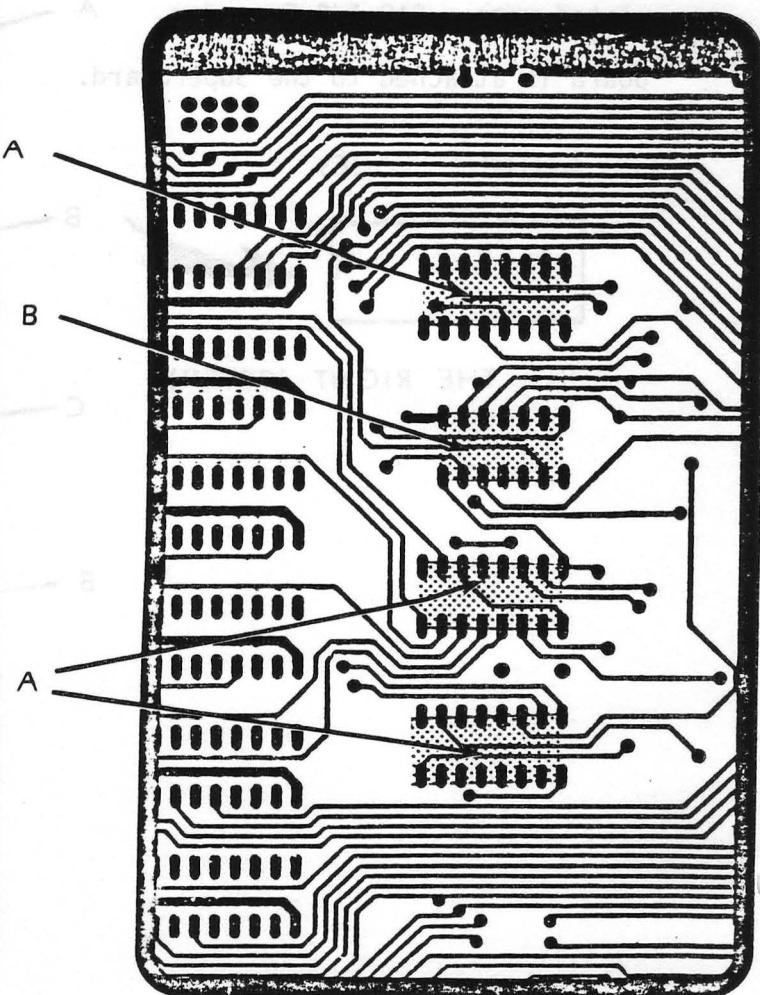
STEP 7

- () A. Install and solder
16-pin IC sockets (SC-16FI)
count: 3
- () B. Install and solder
14-pin IC socket (SC-14FI)
count: 1



CUTOUT FACES

TO THE RIGHT (SOUTH)



() Test Procedure 2 - Perform after STEP 7

Purpose - Check for shorts resulting from solder bridges.

Equipment Required - Ohmmeter with probes.

Procedure - Locate socket U9 (the uppermost 24 pin socket in STEP 5). Use an ohmmeter to check the following pin combinations:

Pin 1 to Pins 2, 3, 4, ---, 24

Pin 2 to Pins 3, 4, ---, 24

Pin 3 to Pins 4, 5, ---, 24

• •

(continue) : •

• •

Pin 23 to Pin 24

All of these combinations except Pin 18 to Pin 21, Pin 18 to Pin 24 and Pin 21 to Pin 24 should indicate an open circuit. The connections among Pins 18, 21 and 24 should all indicate completed circuits (these are all connected to +5V).

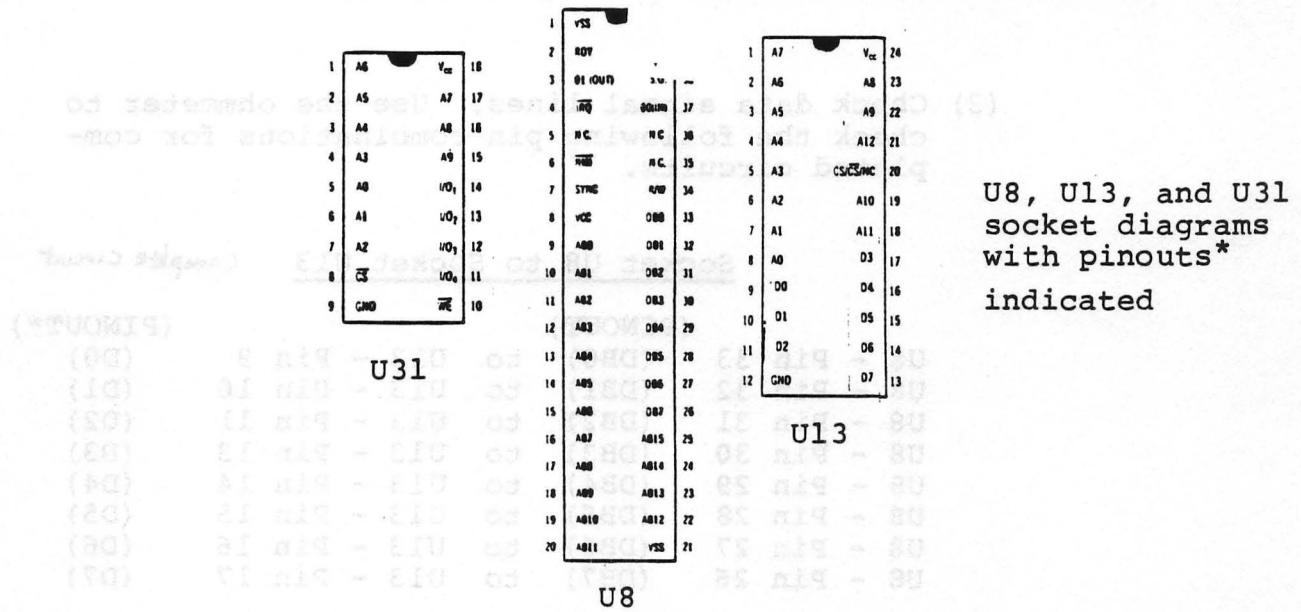
Remedy - If any combination (other than those among Pins 18, 21 and 24) indicates a completed circuit, inspect the reverse side of the printed circuit board for solder bridges and remove excess solder with a solder sucker or desoldering braid.

() Test Procedure 3 - Perform after STEP 7

Purpose - Check for continuity of address and data signal lines.

Equipment Required - Ohmmeter with probes.

Procedure - (1) Locate sockets U31 (upper right hand corner of STEP 1), U8 (40 pin socket in STEP 5) and U13 (second from bottom 24 pin socket in STEP 5).



(2) Check address lines. Use the ohmmeter to check the following pin combinations for circuits.

| <u>Socket U31 - Socket U8: completed</u> | <u>circuit</u> | <u>(PINOUT*)</u> |
|--|----------------|------------------|
| U31 - Pin 5 and U8 - Pin 9 | | (A0) |
| U31 - Pin 6 and U8 - Pin 10 | | (A1) |
| U31 - Pin 7 and U8 - Pin 11 | | (A2) |
| U31 - Pin 4 and U8 - Pin 12 | | (A3) |
| U31 - Pin 3 and U8 - Pin 13 | | (A4) |
| U31 - Pin 2 and U8 - Pin 14 | | (A5) |
| U31 - Pin 1 and U8 - Pin 15 | | (A6) |
| U31 - Pin 17 and U8 - Pin 16 | | (A7) |
| U31 - Pin 16 and U8 - Pin 17 | | (A8) |
| U31 - Pin 15 and U8 - Pin 18 | | (A9) |

*PINOUT refers to notation on schematics and PINOUT charts at end of manual.

7. ~~ICU~~ test machine - 6 numbered feet ()

7. ~~ICU~~ Service book has descriptive definitions for ~~ICU~~ - ~~ICU~~

reading data sheet and required connections

to service board circuit diagram ICU address switch (1) - ~~ICU~~ board
ICU bus (2 sets of decimal dig 0A) S1, S2, S3
(2 sets of decimal dig 0C section must be used)



- (3) Check data signal lines. Use the ohmmeter to check the following pin combinations for completed circuits.

ICU bus ,ICU ,PC
emphasize decimal
*assuming decimal
designation

Socket U8 to Socket U13 Complete circuit

| | (PINOUT) | | (PINOUT*) |
|-------------|----------|----|-----------------------|
| U8 - Pin 33 | (DB0) | to | U13 - Pin 9 (D0) |
| U8 - Pin 32 | (DB1) | to | U13 - Pin 10 (D1) |
| U8 - Pin 31 | (DB2) | to | U13 - Pin 11 (D2) |
| U8 - Pin 30 | (DB3) | to | U13 - Pin 13 (D3) |
| U8 - Pin 29 | (DB4) | to | U13 - Pin 14 (D4) |
| U8 - Pin 28 | (DB5) | to | U13 - Pin 15 (D5) |
| U8 - Pin 27 | (DB6) | to | U13 - Pin 16 (D6) |
| U8 - Pin 26 | (DB7) | to | U13 - Pin 17 (D7) |

Address of zeroing out end ~~ICU~~ service book (2)

*PINOUT refers to notation on schematics and PINOUT charts at end of manual.

(700124)

Designation: 80 socket - ICU address

| | |
|------|------------------------------|
| (0A) | SI n19 - 80 bus 3, n17 - 100 |
| (1A) | SI n19 - 80 bus 3, n19 - 100 |
| (2A) | SI n19 - 80 bus 3, n19 - 100 |
| (3A) | SI n19 - 80 bus 3, n19 - 100 |
| (4A) | SI n19 - 80 bus 3, n19 - 100 |
| (5A) | SI n19 - 80 bus 3, n19 - 100 |
| (6A) | SI n19 - 80 bus 3, n19 - 100 |
| (7A) | SI n19 - 80 bus 3, n19 - 100 |
| (8A) | SI n19 - 80 bus 3, n19 - 100 |
| (9A) | SI n19 - 80 bus 3, n19 - 100 |

TUCKED bus collector does no selection or switch function
is connected to line to battery

STAGE I, Part Two: Diode Installation

Parts List: (Found in Bag B)

| | Part Number | Quantity | Description |
|--------|-------------|----------|-----------------|
| check: | | | |
| () | Q-1N914 | 26 | Diode |
| () | Q-1N4001 | 1 | Diode Rectifier |



typical diode; polarity is indicated by black band at one end

Note: As you locate each part check the appropriate box.

Diode Installation Notes

The next few steps involve the insertion of the small diodes on the Superboard. There are 26 Q-1N914 diodes in the kit. They are orange with a silver stripe around the middle and a black stripe at one end. The black stripe enables the builder to orient the diode properly. The leads on all the diodes (except one) should be bent to a 90° angle so that the center section is 3/8" wide. The last diode is installed in a "Standup" or vertical position.

The procedure for installing one diode is:

- 1) Bend the leads to the correct length.
- 2) Insert the diode into the board, checking for the correct orientation.
- 3) Turn the board over and solder the diode into place. Do not apply any more heat than necessary.
- 4) Cut the extra wire from the leads on the non-component side of the board.

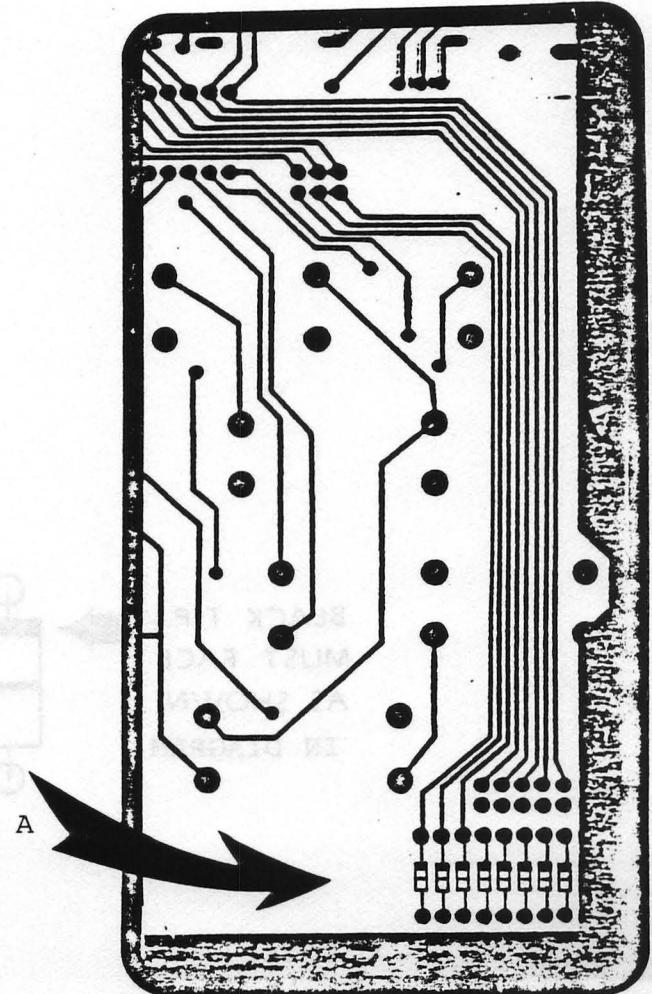
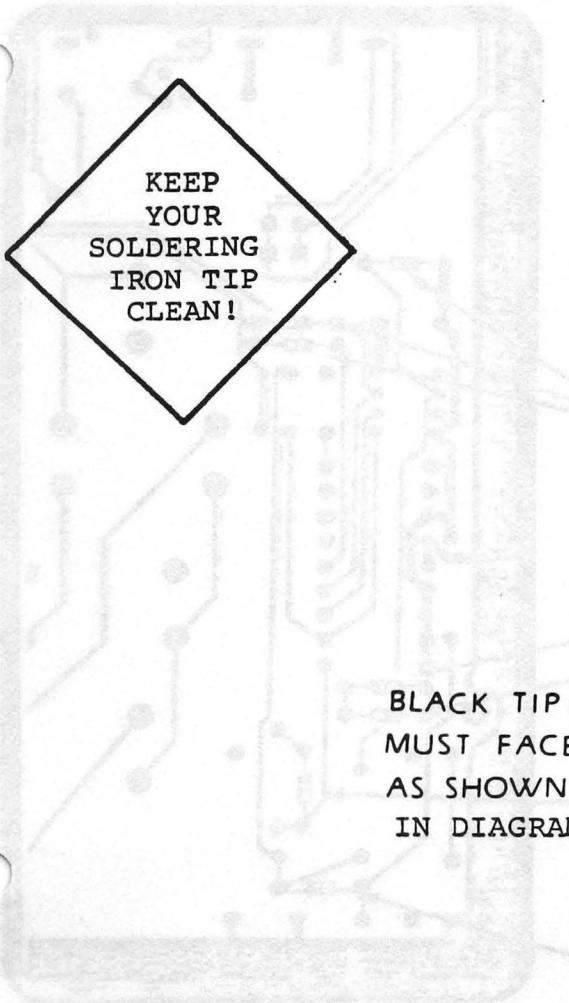
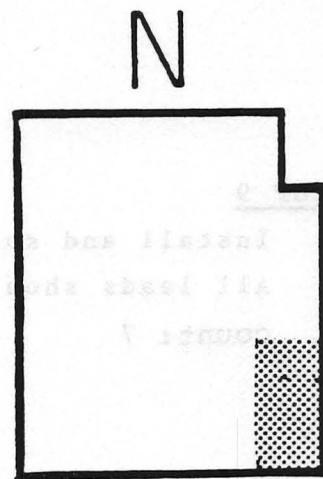
NOTE: Groups of diodes may be soldered instead of one at a time.

STEP 8

() A. Install and solder
diodes (Q-1N914)

count: 8

The leads on the diodes
should be bent to 3/8"

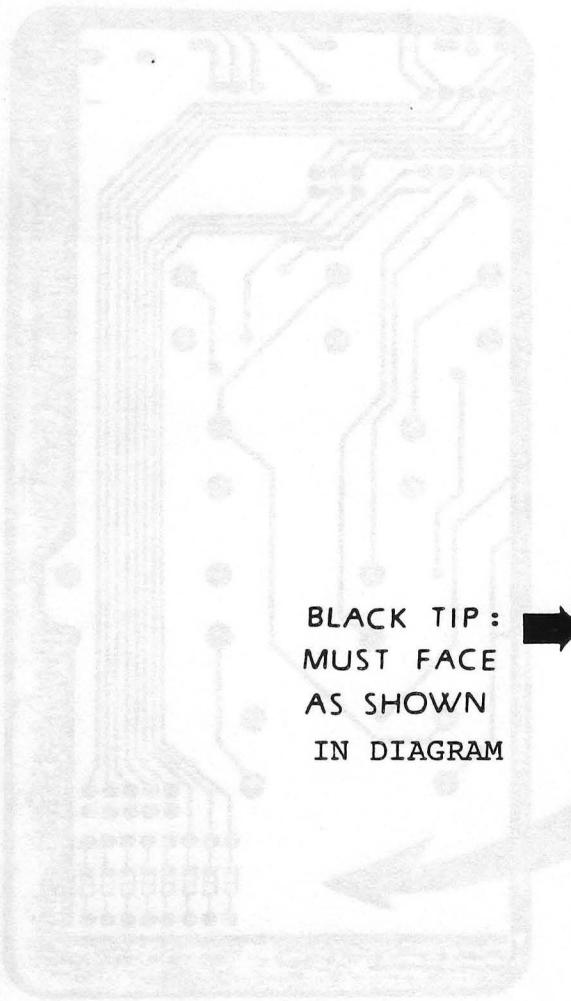
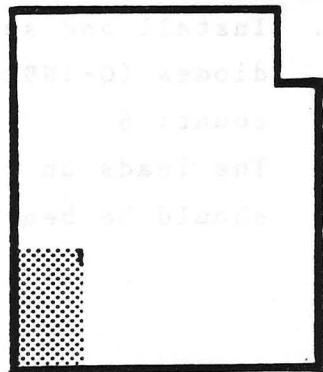


STEP 9

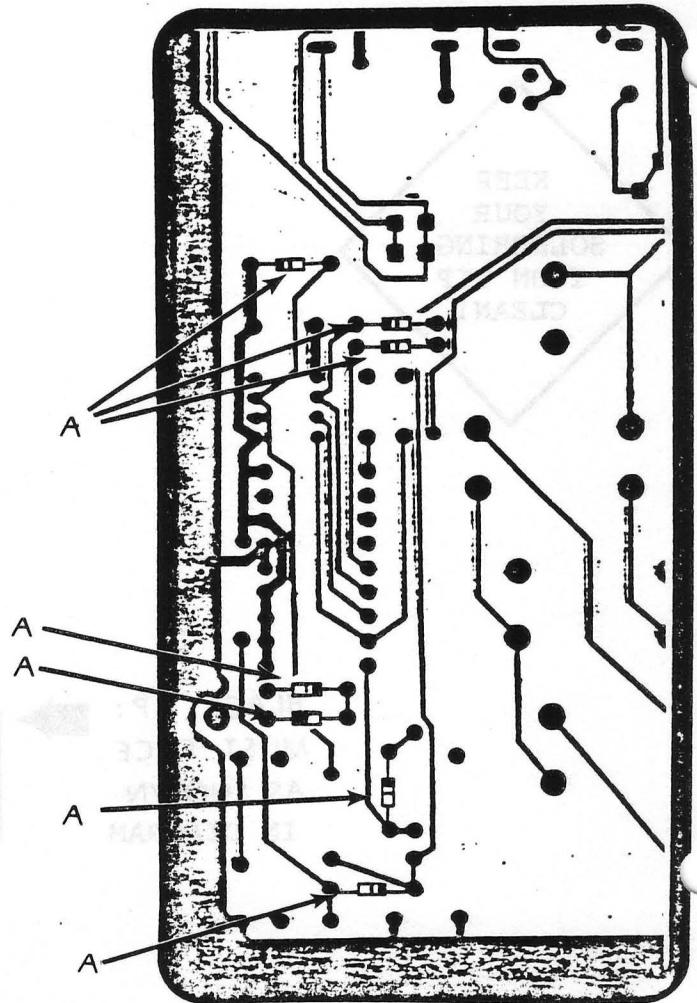
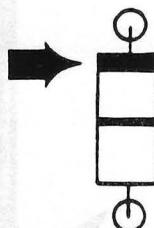
() A. Install and solder diodes (Q-1N914)

All leads should be bent to 3/8"

count: 7



BLACK TIP:
MUST FACE
AS SHOWN
IN DIAGRAM



shield vehicle bus liaison . A ()
steel city base . (C-1N-1)
. no longer used "3/8" pole
control 3

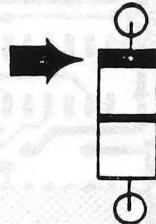
STEP 10

- () A. Install and solder
diodes (Q-1N914)

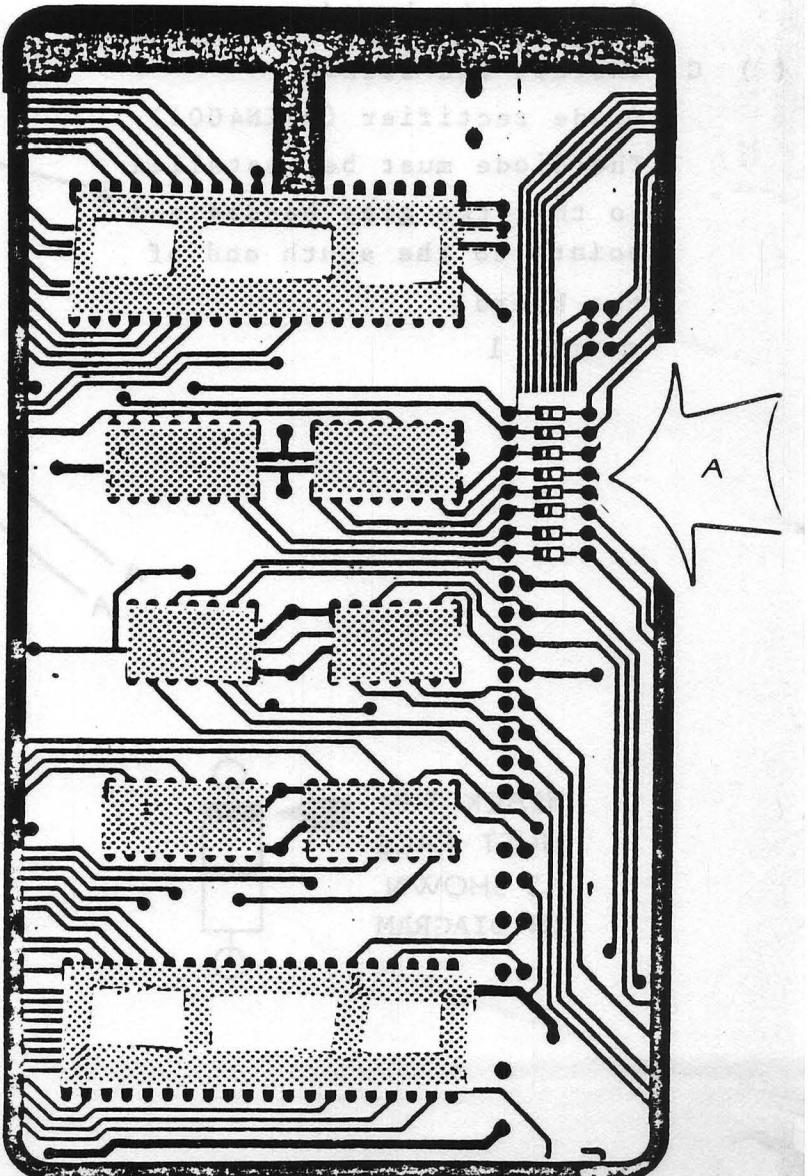
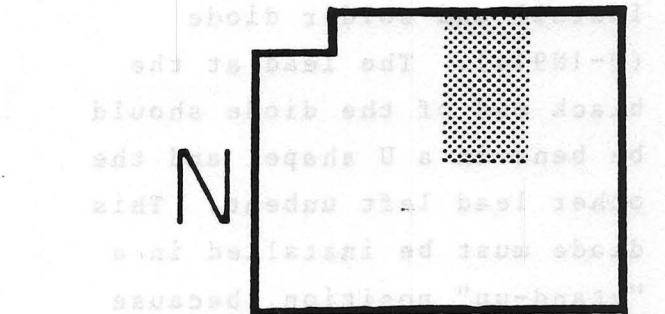
count: 8

Bend the leads on the
diodes to 3/8"

BLACK TIP:
MUST FACE
AS SHOWN
IN DIAGRAM

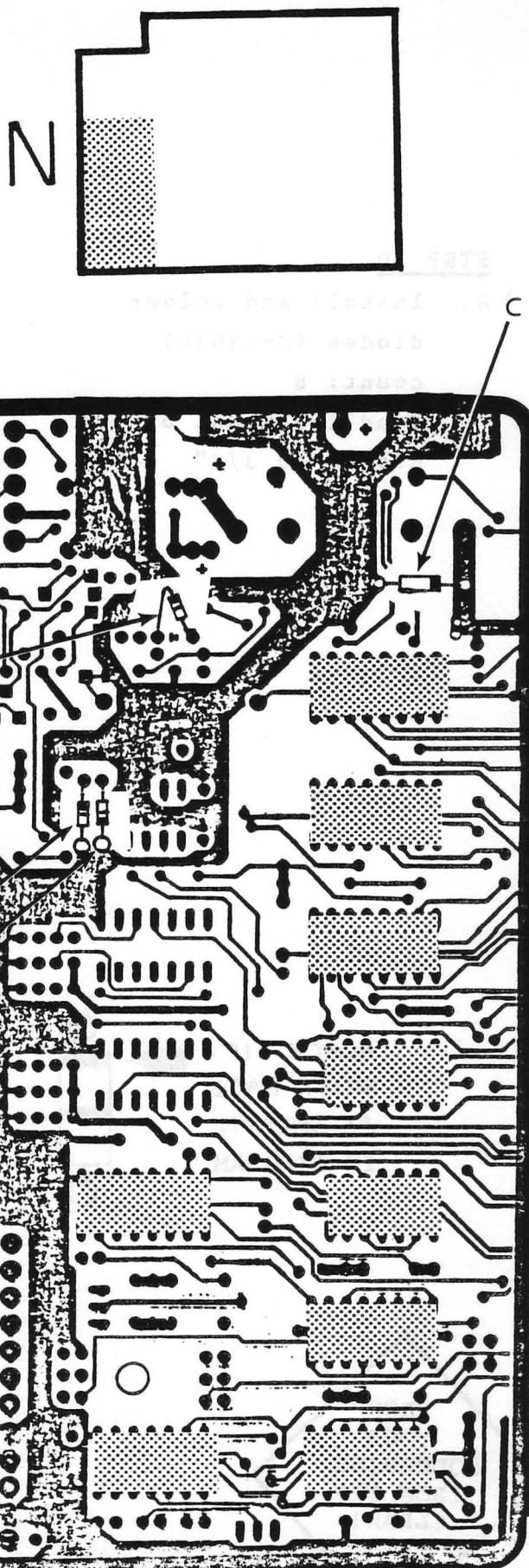
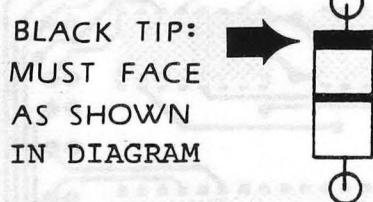


KEEP
YOUR
SOLDERING
IRON TIP
CLEAN!



STEP 11

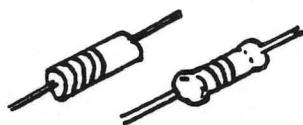
- () A. Install and solder diodes (Q-1N914). Bend the leads for 3/8" hole spacing.
count: 2
- () B. Install and solder diode (Q-1N914). The lead at the black end of the diode should be bent in a U shape, and the other lead left unbent. This diode must be installed in a "stand-up" position, because the holes are too close together for the diode to lie down on the board. count: 1
- () C. Install and solder diode rectifier (Q-IN4001)
The diode must be installed so that the gray banded end points to the south end of the board.
count: 1



STAGE I, Part Three: Resistor Installation

Parts List: (Found in Bag C)

| Part Number | Quantity | Description |
|-------------|----------|------------------------------------|
| () R1-101 | 1 | 100 Ohm(brown-black-brown-gold) |
| () R1-102 | 7 | 1K Ohm(brown-black-red-gold) |
| () R1-103 | 8 | 10K Ohm(brown-black-orange-gold) |
| () R1-104 | 4 | 100K Ohm(brown-black-yellow-gold) |
| () R1-105 | 4 | 1M Ohm(brown-black-green-gold) |
| () R1-106 | 1 | 10M Ohm(brown-black-blue-gold) |
| () R1-153 | 1 | 15K Ohm(brown-green-orange-gold) |
| () R1-163 | 1 | 16K Ohm(brown-blue-orange-gold) |
| () R1-202 | 1 | 2K Ohm(red-black-red-gold) |
| () R1-221 | 3 | 220 Ohm(red-red-brown-gold) |
| () R1-333 | 1 | 33K Ohm(orange-orange-orange-gold) |
| () R1-391 | 1 | 390 Ohm(orange-white-brown-gold) |
| () R1-392 | 1 | 3.9K Ohm(orange-white-red-gold) |
| () R1-471 | 4 | 470 Ohm(yellow-violet-brown-gold) |
| () R1-472 | 12 | 4.7K Ohm(yellow-violet-red-gold) |
| () R1-511 | 2 | 510 Ohm(green-brown-brown-gold) |
| () R1-683 | 1 | 68K Ohm(blue-gray-orange-gold) |
| () R1-822 | 1 | 8.2K Ohm(gray-red-red-gold) |
| () R2-102 | 2 | 1K Ohm(brown-black-red-silver) |



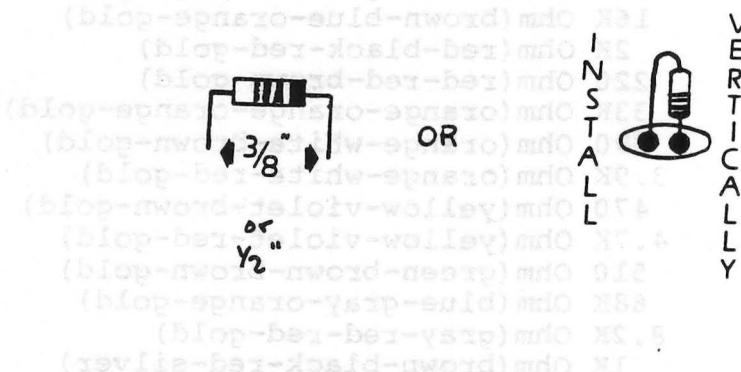
typical resistors

Note: At times gold and silver (tolerance) parts may be substituted in your kit, this will not affect the operation of your computer. If you have trouble reading the colors on some resistors use your VOM to test the values.

Note: As you locate each part check the appropriate box.

Resistor Installation Notes

The resistors are mounted on the board in one of two ways. Some are mounted horizontally (and lie flat). The leads on these are each bent 90° so that the center section is 3/8" or 1/2". The remaining resistors are mounted into holes that are 1/8" apart and so must be mounted "standing up". One lead is left unbent and the other is bent into a U-shape. The procedure for installing a resistor is the same as for installing a diode (except that the orientation of a resistor is unimportant).



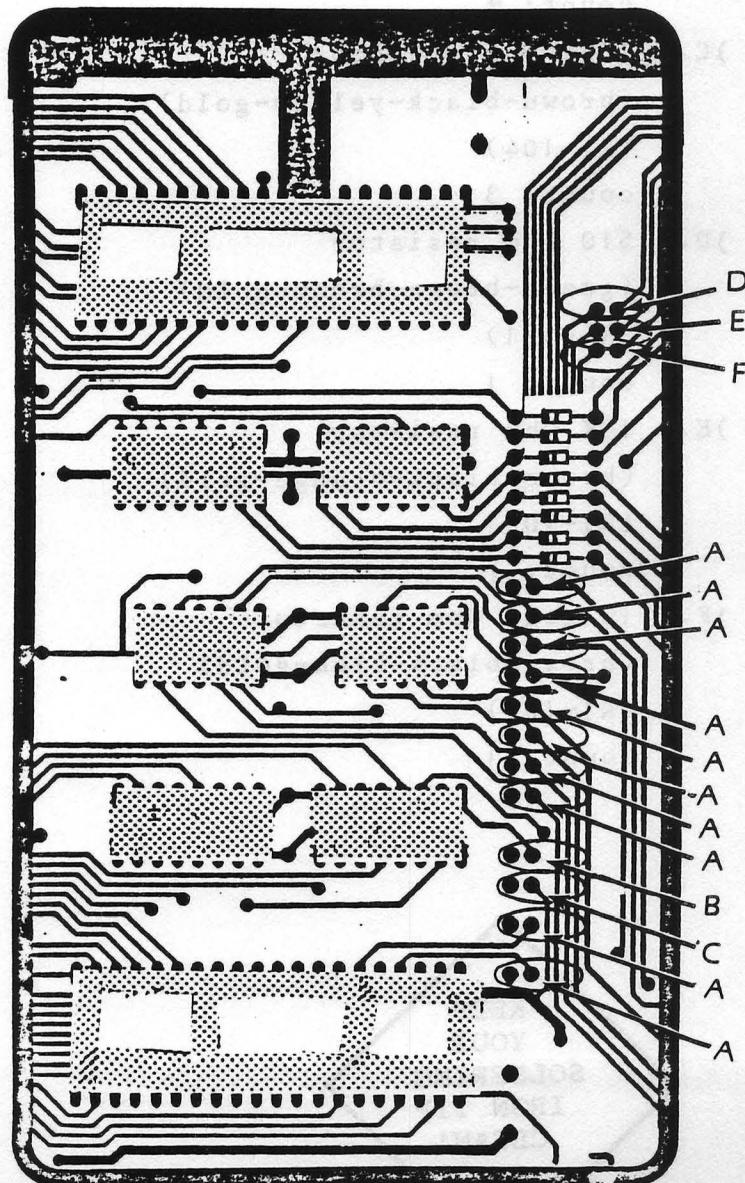
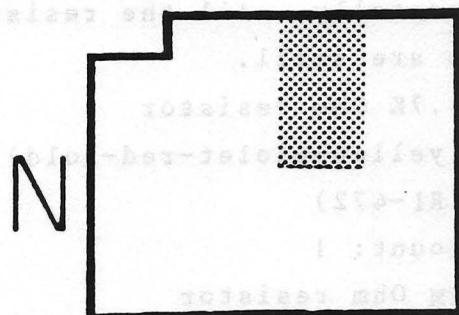
Note: As a convention it is a good idea to insert all resistors the same way, for instance, insert all resistors with the gold band down.

STEP 12

Install and solder the following resistors.

Each resistor is mounted vertically. All on si quoy zida ar resister doel
the resistors in this group are small.

- () A. 4.7K Ohm resistor
(yellow-violet-red-gold)
(R1-472)
count: 10
- () B. 220 Ohm resistor
(red-red-brown-gold)
(R1-221)
count: 1
- () C. 390 Ohm resistor
(orange-white-brown-gold)
(R1-391)
count: 1
- () D. 8.2K Ohm resistor
(gray-red-red-gold)
(R1-822)
count: 1
- () E. 3.9K Ohm resistor
(orange-white-red-gold)
(R1-392)
count: 1
- () F. 2K Ohm resistor
(red-black-red-gold)
(R1-202)
count: 1

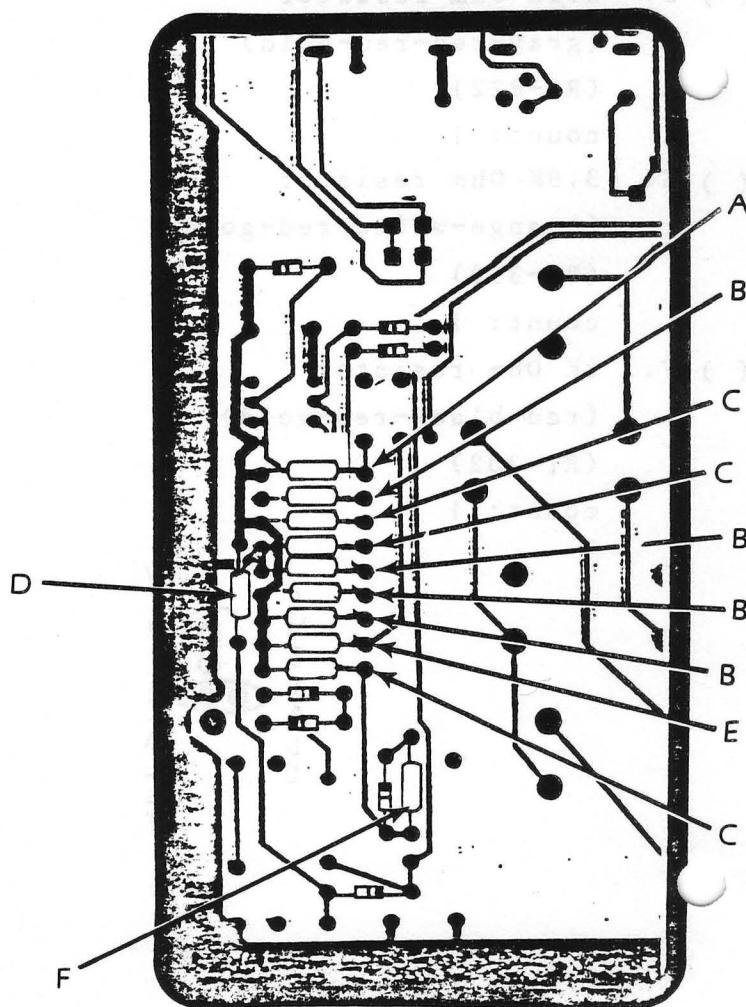
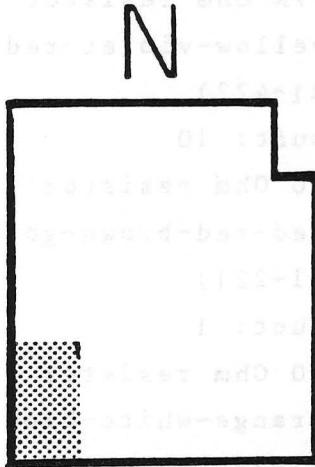


STEP 13

Install and solder the following resistors.

Each resistor in this group is mounted horizontally. All the resistors in this group are small.

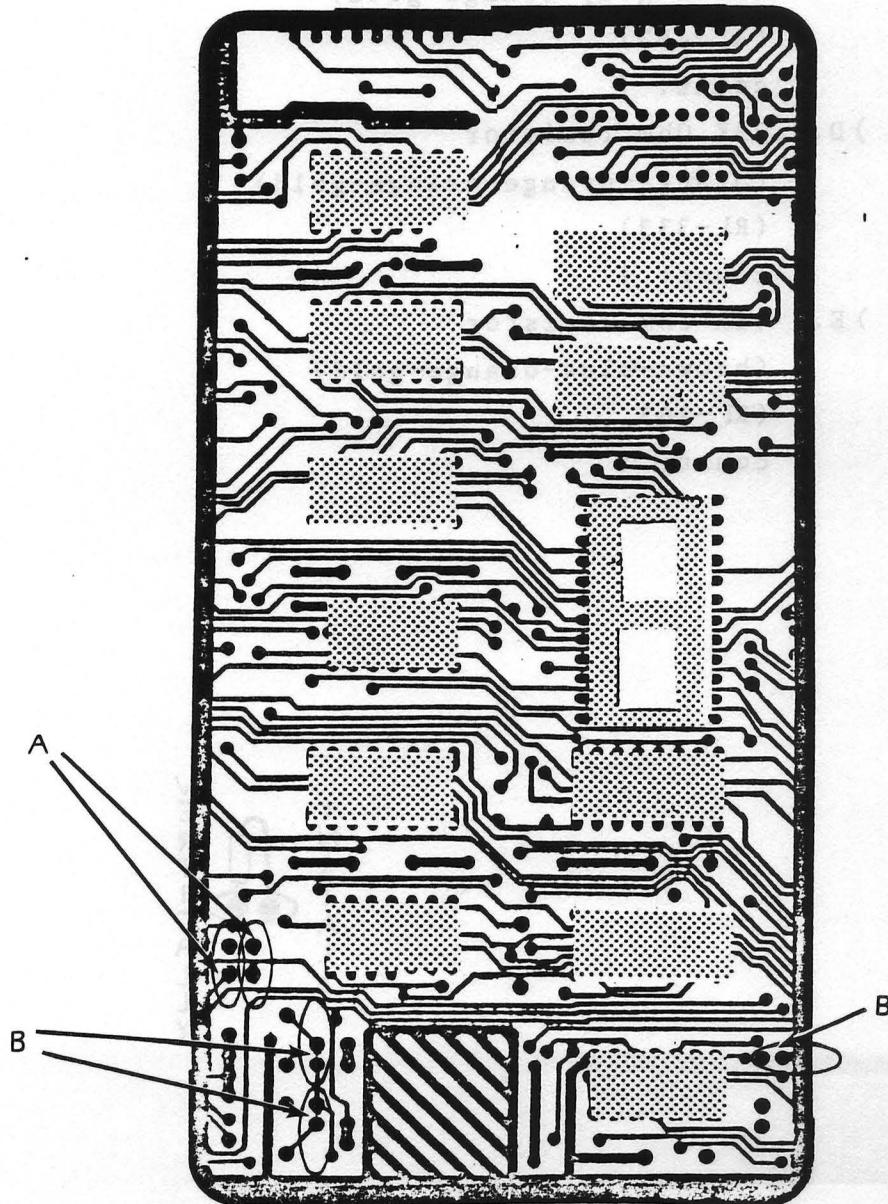
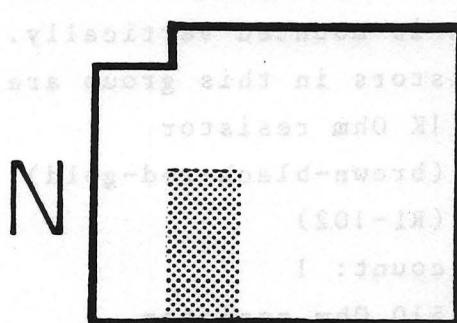
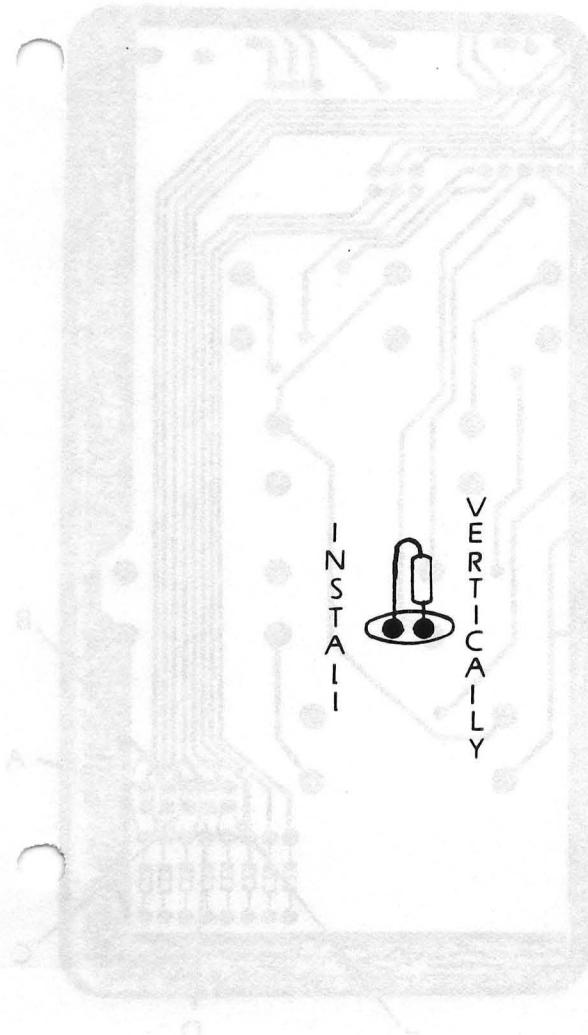
- () A. 4.7K Ohm resistor
(yellow-violet-red-gold)
(R1-472)
count: 1
- () B. 1M Ohm resistor
(brown-black-green-gold)
(R1-105)
count: 4
- () C. 100K Ohm resistor
(brown-black-yellow-gold)
(R1-104)
count: 3
- () D. 510 Ohm resistor
(green-brown-brown-gold)
(R1-511)
count: 1
- () E. 10K Ohm resistor
(brown-black-orange-gold)
(R1-103)
count: 1
- () F. 10 Meg. Ohm resistor
(brown-black-blue-gold)
(R1-106)
count: 1



STEP 14

Install and solder the following resistors. Each is mounted vertically. All the resistors in this group are small.

- () A. 10K Ohm resistor
(brown-black-orange-gold)
(R1-103)
count: 2
- () B. 470 Ohm resistor
(yellow-violet-brown-gold)
(R1-471)
count: 3



STEP 15

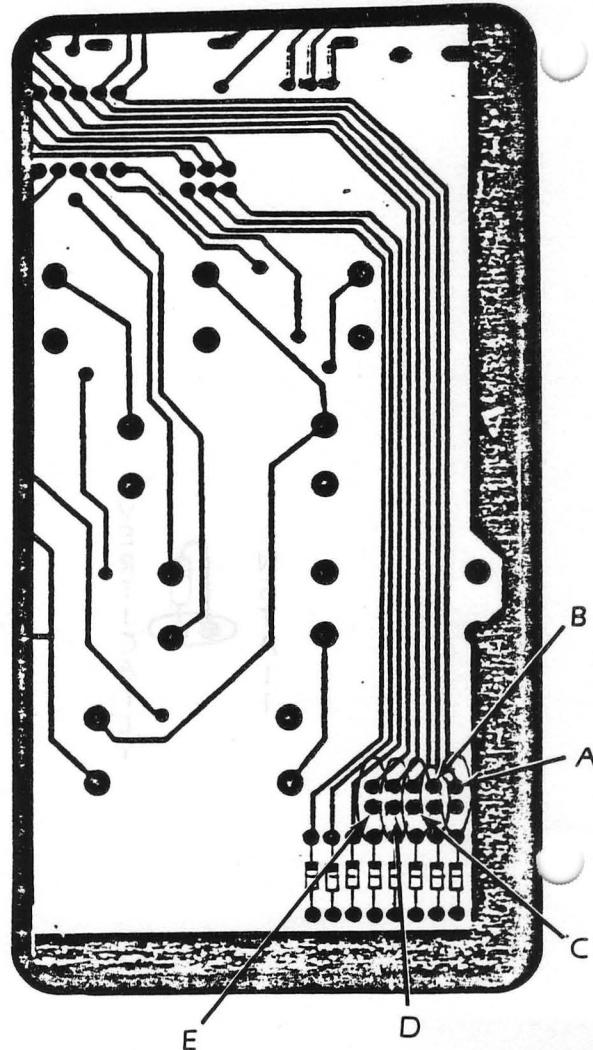
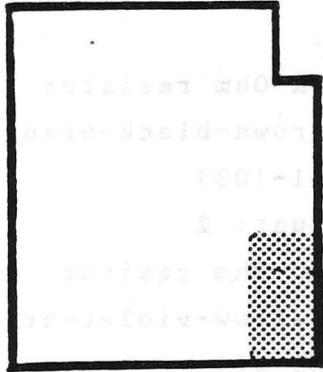
Install and solder the following resistors.

Each is mounted vertically. All the resistors in this group are small.

- () A. 1K Ohm resistor
(brown-black-red-gold)
(R1-102)
count: 1
- () B. 510 Ohm resistor
(green-brown-brown-gold)
(R1-511)
count: 1
- () C. 68K Ohm resistor
(blue-gray-orange-gold)
(R1-683)
count: 1
- () D. 33K Ohm resistor
(orange-orange-orange-gold)
(R1-333)
count: 1
- () E. 16K Ohm resistor
(brown-blue-orange-gold)
(R1-163)
count: 1



N

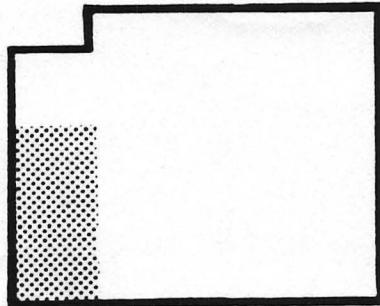


STEP 16

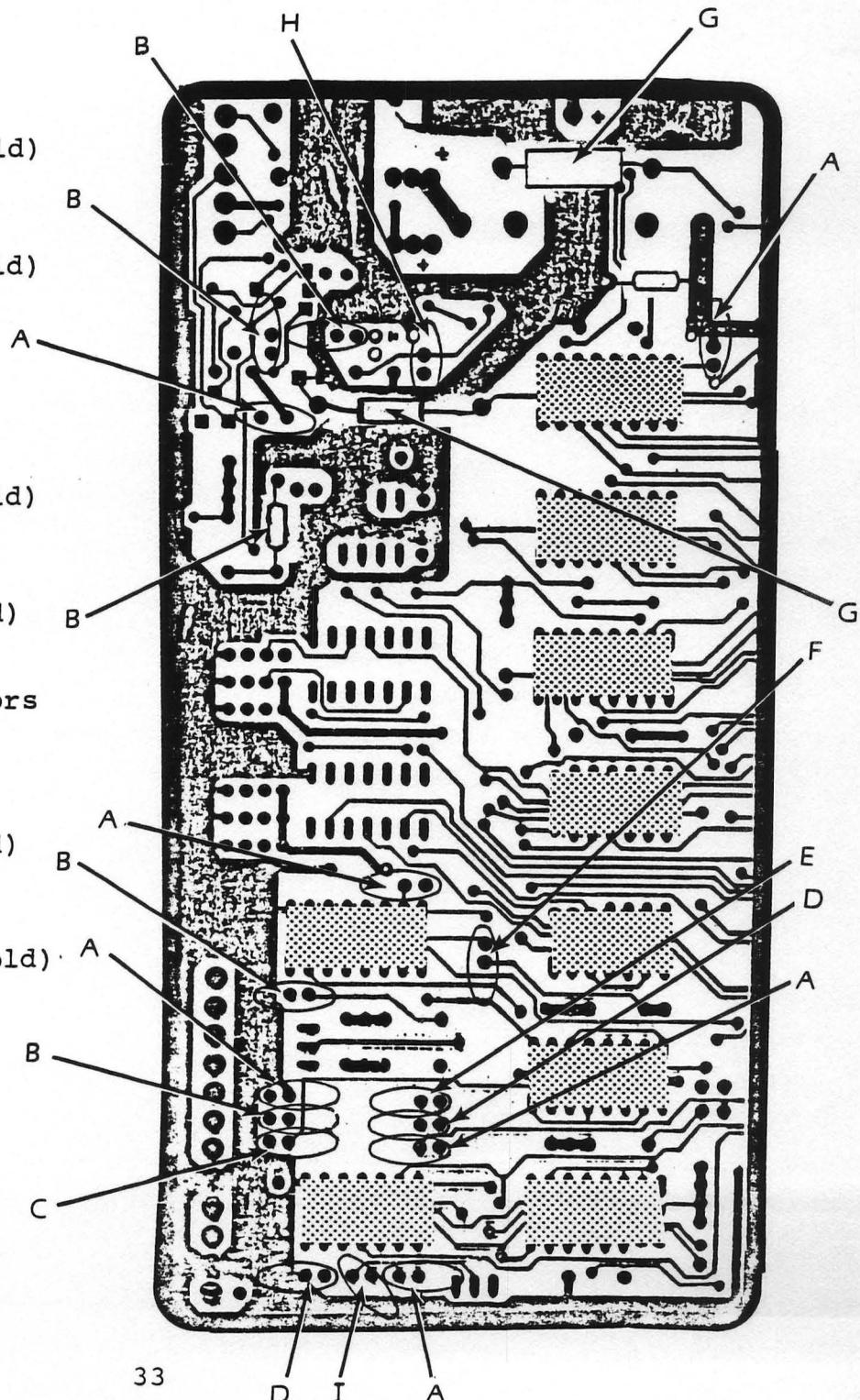
Install and solder the following resistors.

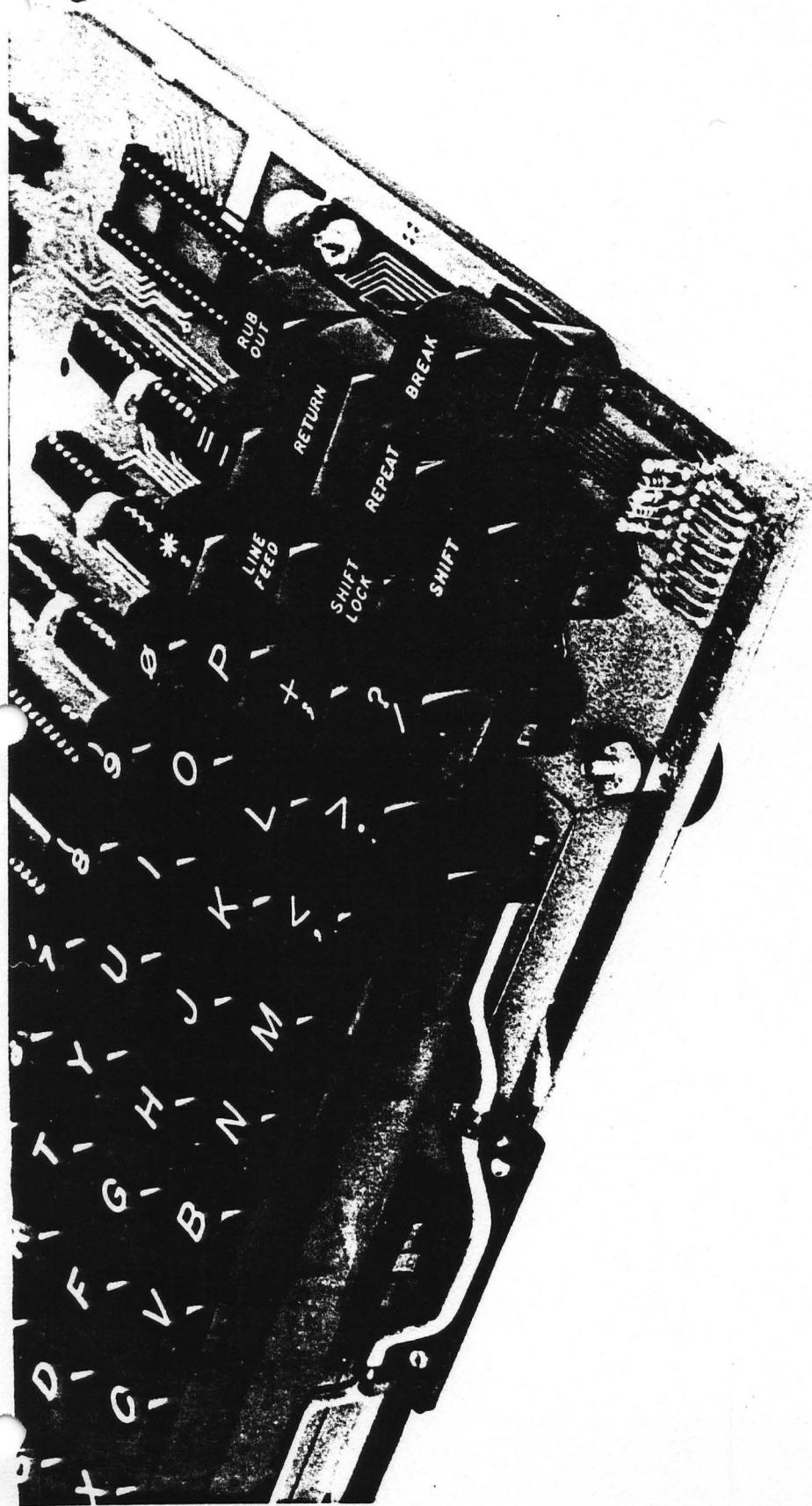
The two resistors in part G and one of those in part B are mounted horizontally and the rest are mounted vertically. The two in part G are the larger 1/2 watt resistors and the rest are the smaller 1/4 watt resistors.

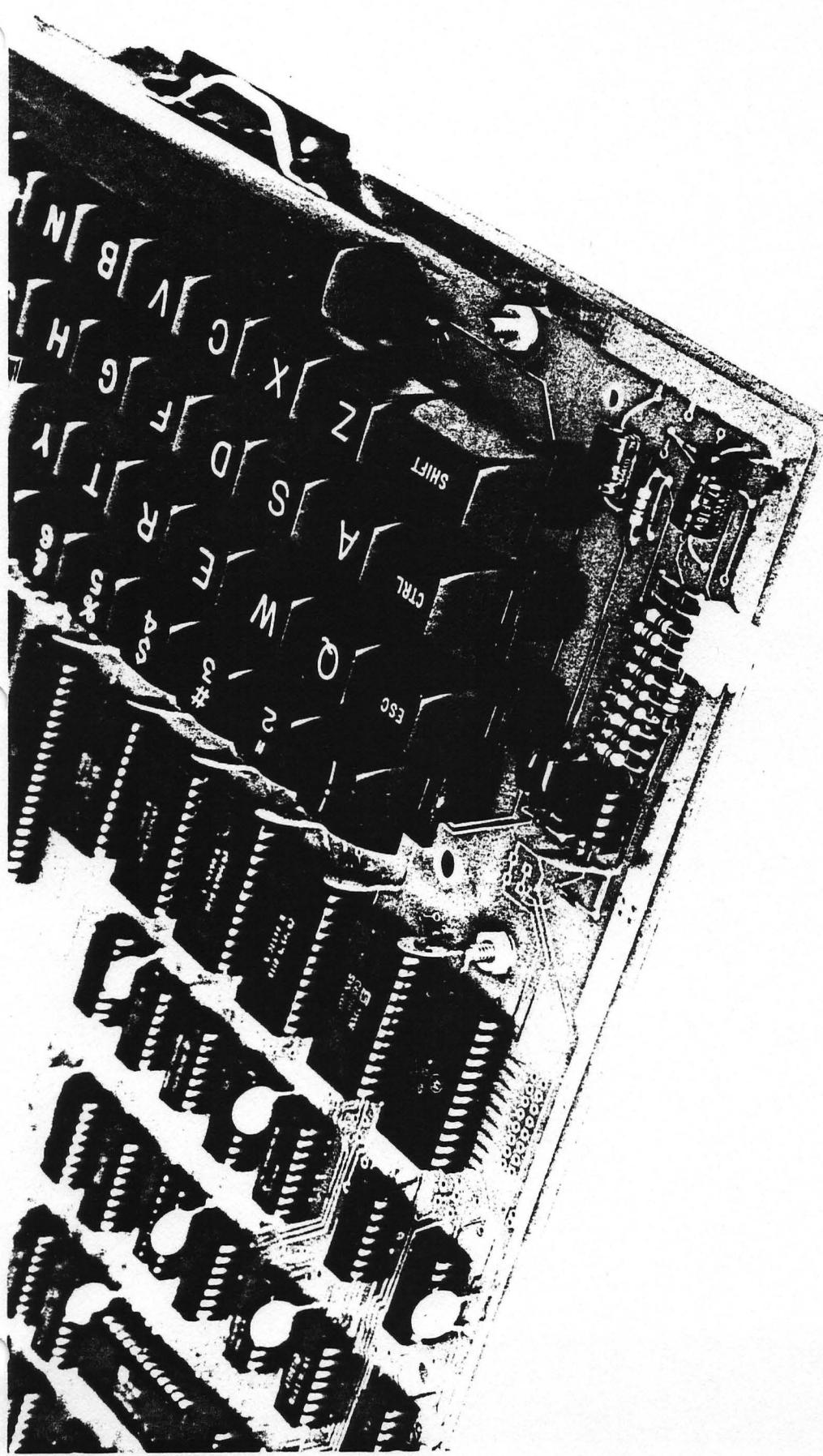
N



- () A. 1K Ohm resistors
(brown-black-red-gold)
(R1-102)
count: 6
- () B. 10K Ohm resistors
(brown-black-orange-gold)
(R1-103)
count: 5
- () C. 100K Ohm resistor
(brown-black-yellow-gold)
(R1-104)
count: 1
- () D. 220 Ohm resistors
(red-red-brown-gold)
(R1-221)
count: 2
- () E. 15 K Ohm resistor
(brown-green-orange-gold)
(R1-153)
count: 1
- () F. 100 Ohm resistor
(brown-black-brown-gold)
(R1-101)
count: 1
- () G. 1K Ohm 1/2 watt resistors
(brown-black-red-gold)
(R2-102) Bend to 1"
count: 2
- () H. 4.7KOhm resistor
(yellow-violet-red-gold)
(R1-472)
count: 1
- () I. 470 Ohm resistor
(yellow-violet-brown-gold)
(R1-471)
count: 1







STAGE I, Part Four: Capacitor Installation

Parts List (Bag A)

| Part Number | Quantity | Description |
|---------------|----------|--|
| check: | | |
| () C-102 | 4 | .001 μ f capacitor |
| () C-103 | 2 | .01 μ f capacitor |
| () C-104 | 3 | .1 μ f capacitor |
| () C-151 | 3 | 150 pf capacitor |
| () C-270 | 1 | 27 pf capacitor |
| () C-506 | 3 | 50 μ f electrolytic capacitor (may be 47 μ f) |
| () C-680 | 1 | 68 pf capacitor* |
| () CB-10410 | 39 | .1 μ f bypass capacitor |

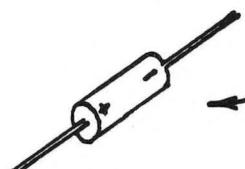
Note: As you locate each part check the appropriate box.



typical ceramic capacitors



(Note: see next page for help with identification)



electrolytic capacitor; polarity
is indicated usually with "+" signs
at one end or with arrows pointing
to the "-" end.

* - this may have the appearance of either
a ceramic or an electrolytic capacitor;
see step 19, E.

Capacitor Installation Notes

There are two types of capacitors used on the Superboard. Ceramic capacitors are shaped like a small disk, square or "blob" with two leads. Their installation is similar to that for resistors. However, often the ceramic coating material extends down the leads. This insulating material must be removed so that a good solder connection can be made. This can be done with a needlenose pliers. Be careful not to damage the body of the capacitor.

Electrolytic capacitors are cylindrical in shape, significantly larger than the resistors and diodes on the Superboard. These capacitors are polarized and must be installed with the orientation indicated in the diagrams.

Labelling of capacitors can be confusing to the inexperienced. Frequently the units (microfarads, etc.) are not indicated on ceramic capacitors. As a general rule, if the number is less than one, then the units are microfarads (μF); if the number is greater than 10, the units are picofarads (PF). Also, the numerical value may be preceded or followed by a numerical-letter code that has meaning only to the component's manufacturer. In a few cases, the part-number (indicated in the assembly steps) may appear instead of the numerical value of the capacitor.

Recommendation: Do a "dry run" of STEPS 17 through 24; i.e., position all of the various capacitors on the board and be sure that you have identified them correctly. Then go back to STEP 17 and begin soldering.

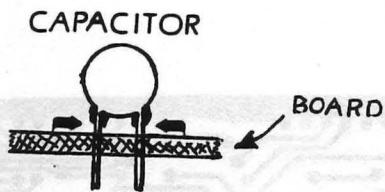
STEP 17

Install and solder the following ceramic capacitors.

() A. .1 μ f 10 volt bypass capacitor

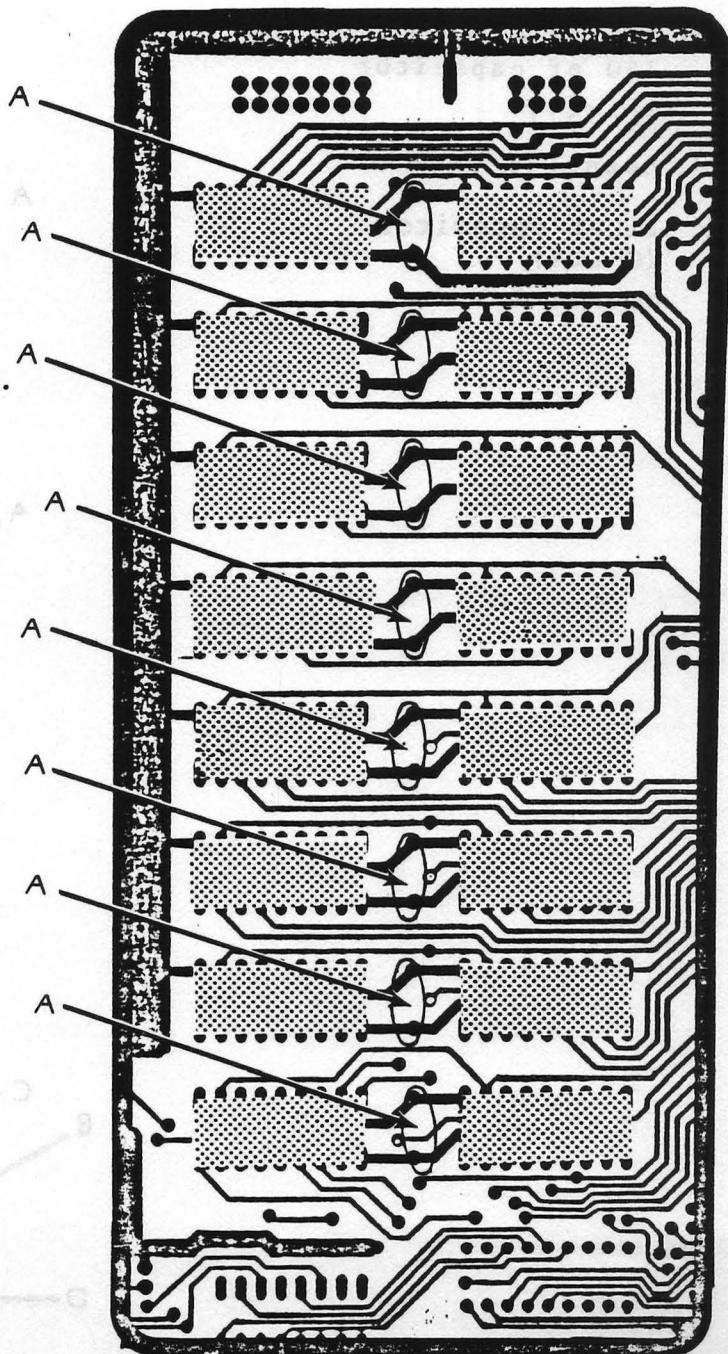
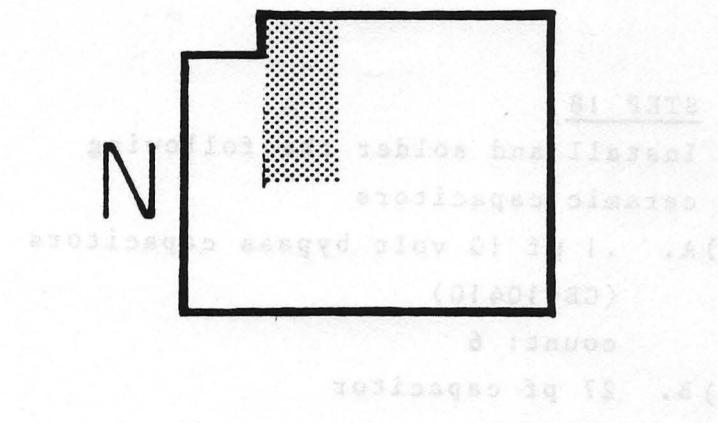
(CB-10410)

count: 8



REMOVE
INSULATION so that it does not extend down into the insertion hole.

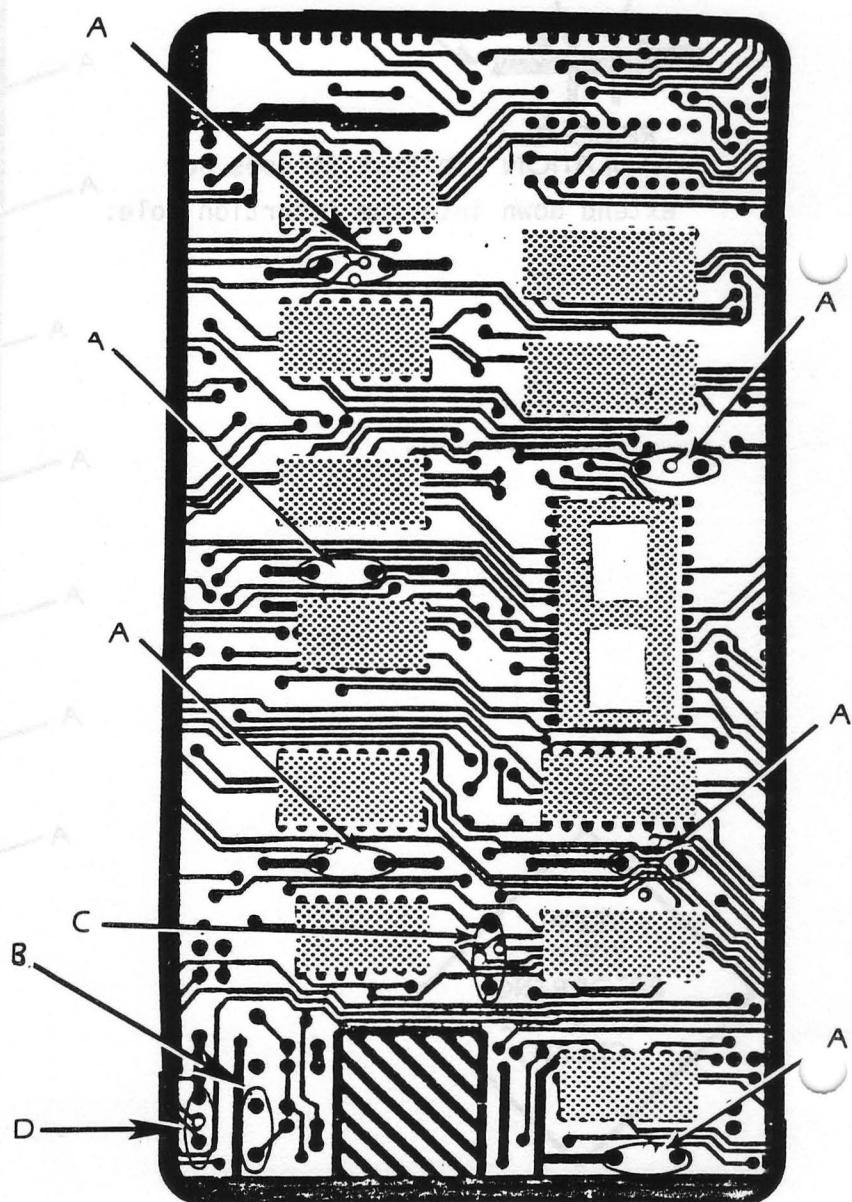
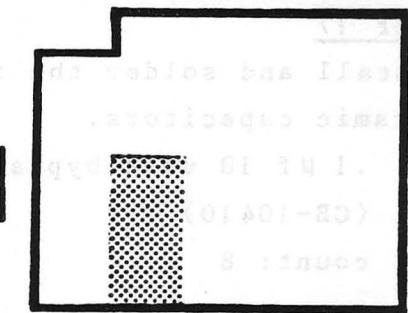
KEEP
YOUR
SOLDERING
IRON TIP
CLEAN!



STEP 18

Install and solder the following
ceramic capacitors

- () A. .1 μ f 10 volt bypass capacitors
(CB-10410)
count: 6
- () B. 27 pf capacitor
(C-270)
count: 1
- () C. 150 pf capacitor
(C-151)
count: 1
- () D. .1 μ f capacitor
(C-104)
count: 1



STEP 19 Install and solder the
following capacitors

() A. .1 μ f 10 volt bypass
capacitors (CB-10410)

count: 5

() B. .001 μ f capacitors
(C-102)

count: 3

() C. .01 μ f capacitors
(C-103)

count: 2

() D. 150 pf capacitor
(C-151)

count: 1

() E. 68 pf capacitor
(C-680) This capacitor
may have a disk or
tubular shape. If it
is tubular, it should
be oriented so that the
end with the black
ring is east.

count: 1

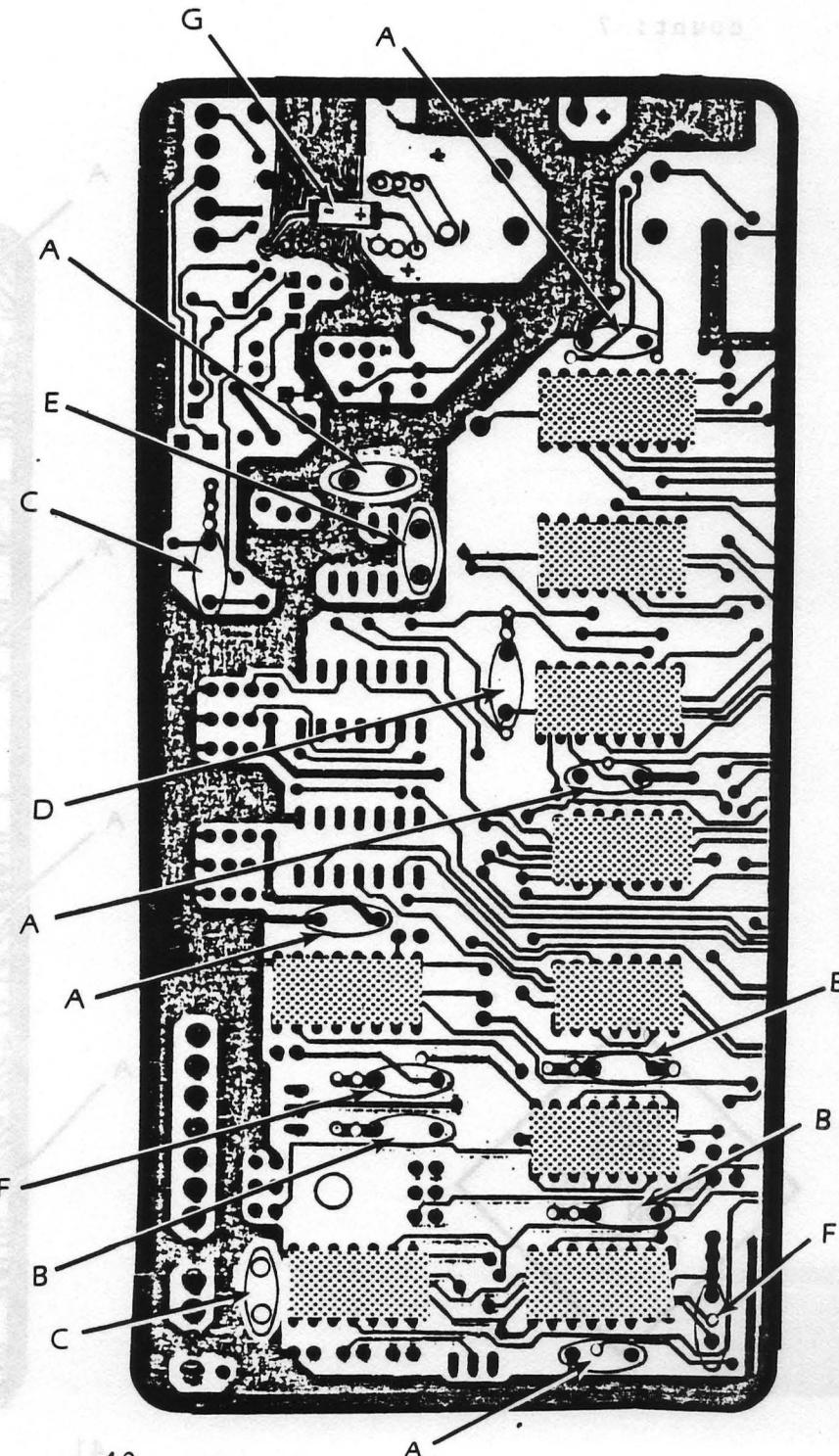
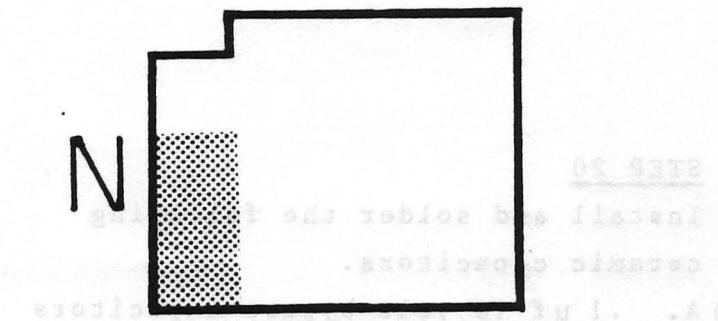
() F. .1 μ f capacitor
(C-104)

count: 1

() G. 47 μ f electrolytic
capacitor. (In some
kits this is a 50 μ f
electrolytic
capacitor.) (C-506)

count: 1

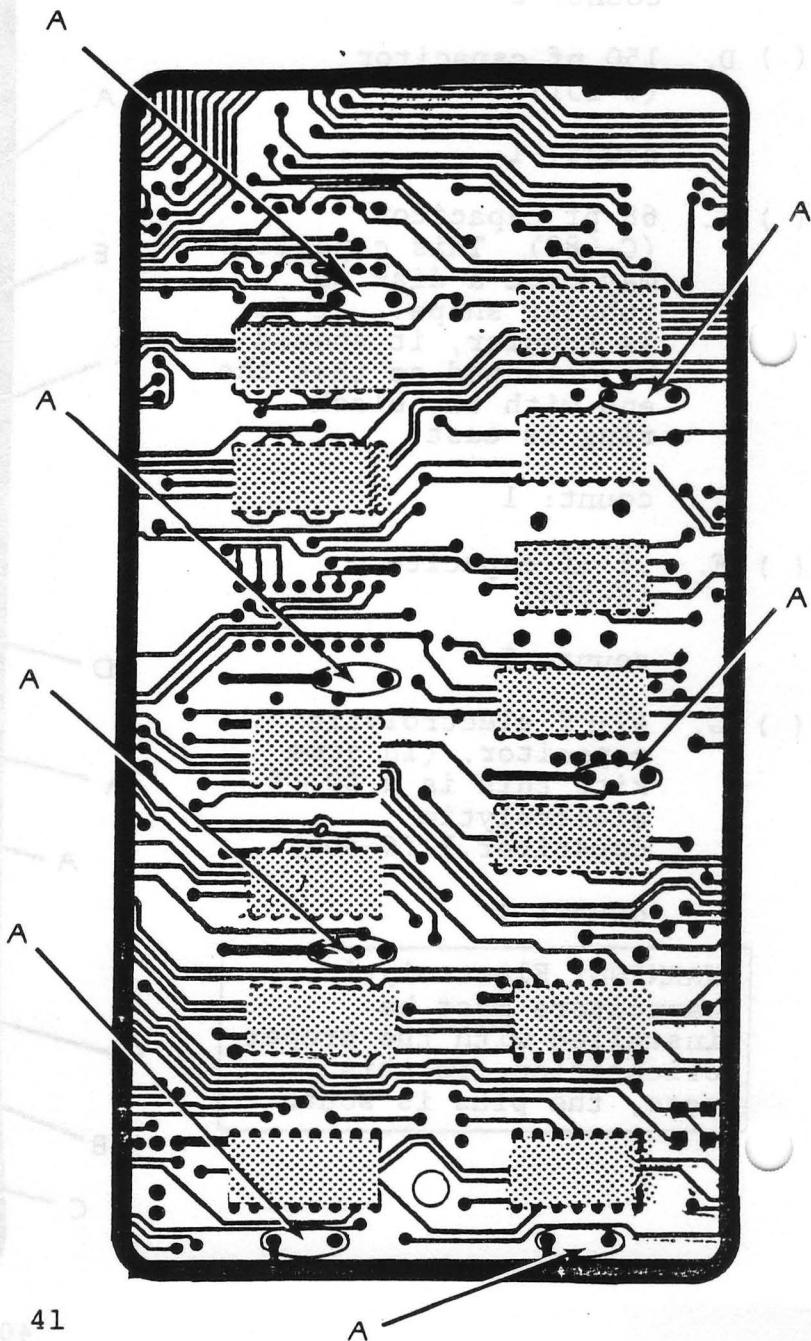
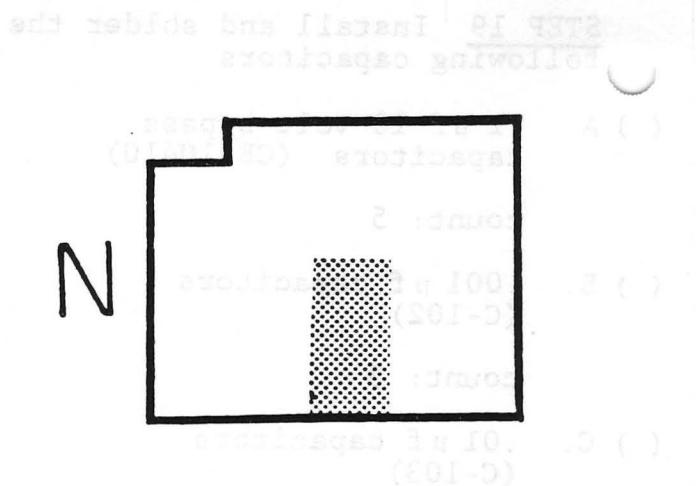
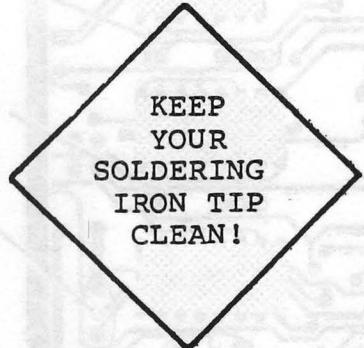
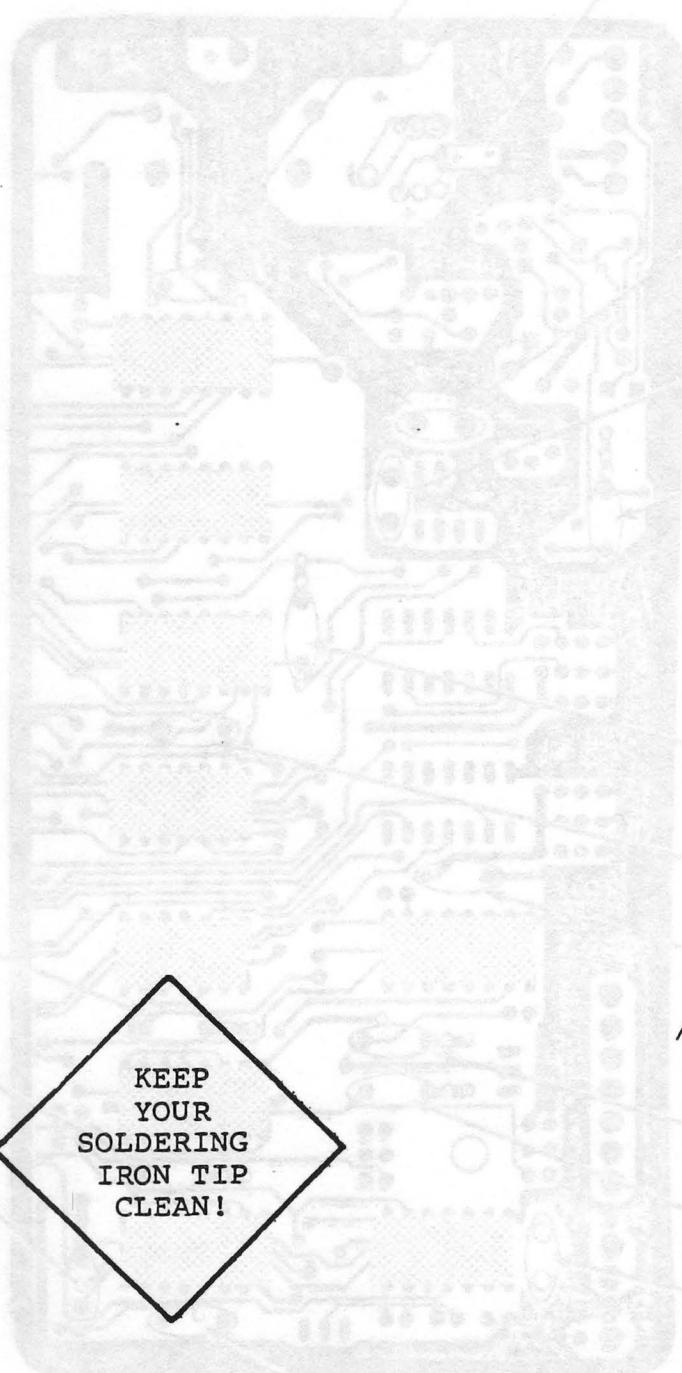
WARNING: Electrolytic
capacitors must be
installed with the proper
orientation, in this
case, the plus is south.



STEP 20

Install and solder the following ceramic capacitors.

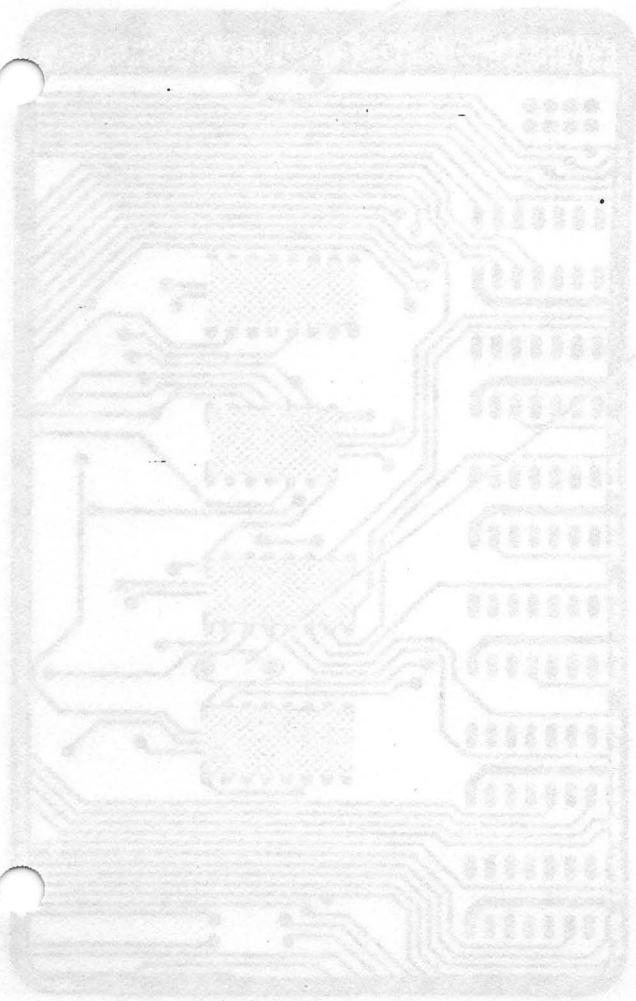
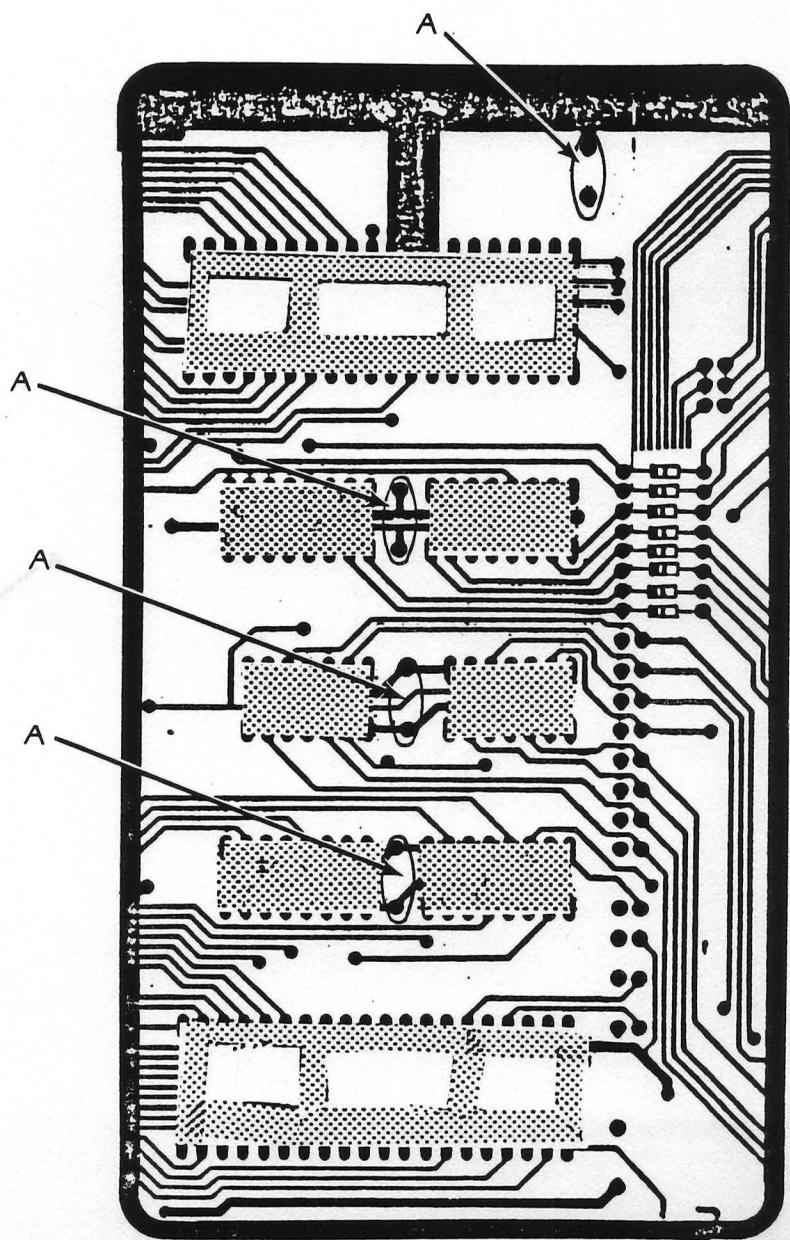
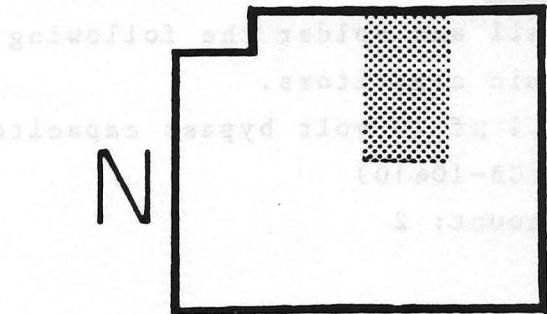
- () A. .1 μ f 10 volt bypass capacitors
(CB-10410)
count: 7



STEP 21

Install and solder the following
ceramic capacitors

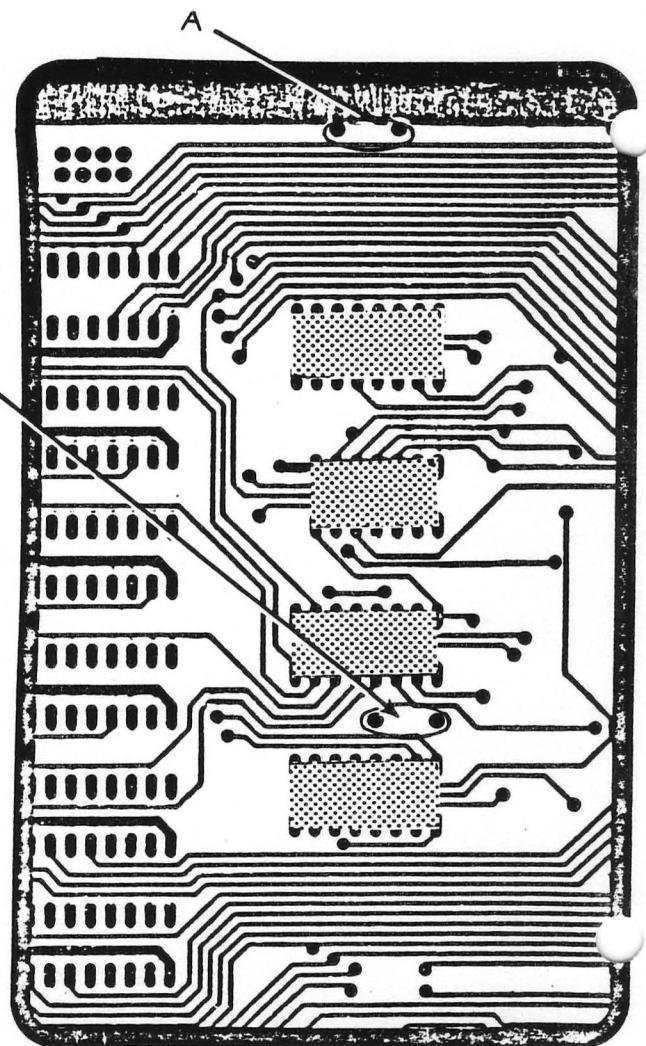
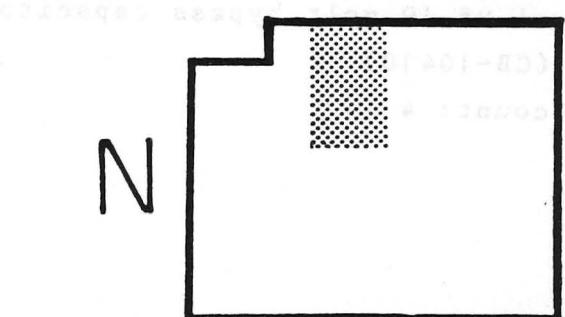
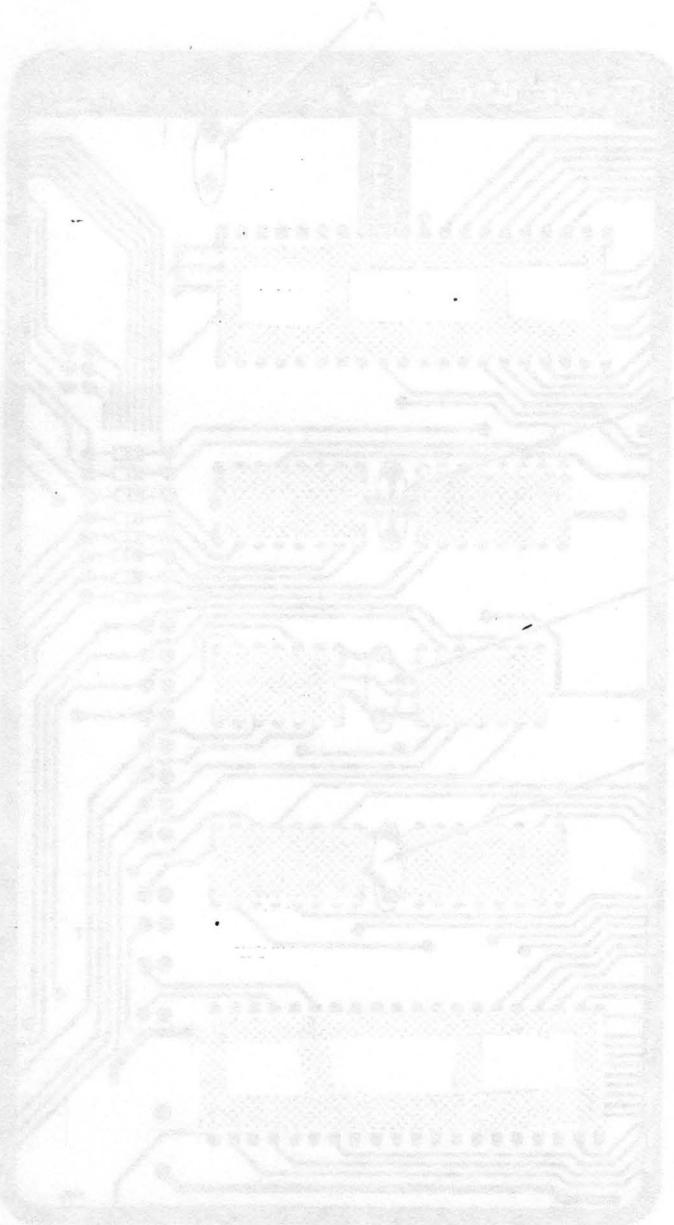
- () A. .1 μ f 10 volt bypass capacitors
(CB-10410)
count: 4



STEP 22

Install and solder the following
ceramic capacitors.

- ()A. .1 μ f 10 volt bypass capacitors
(CB-10410)
count: 2



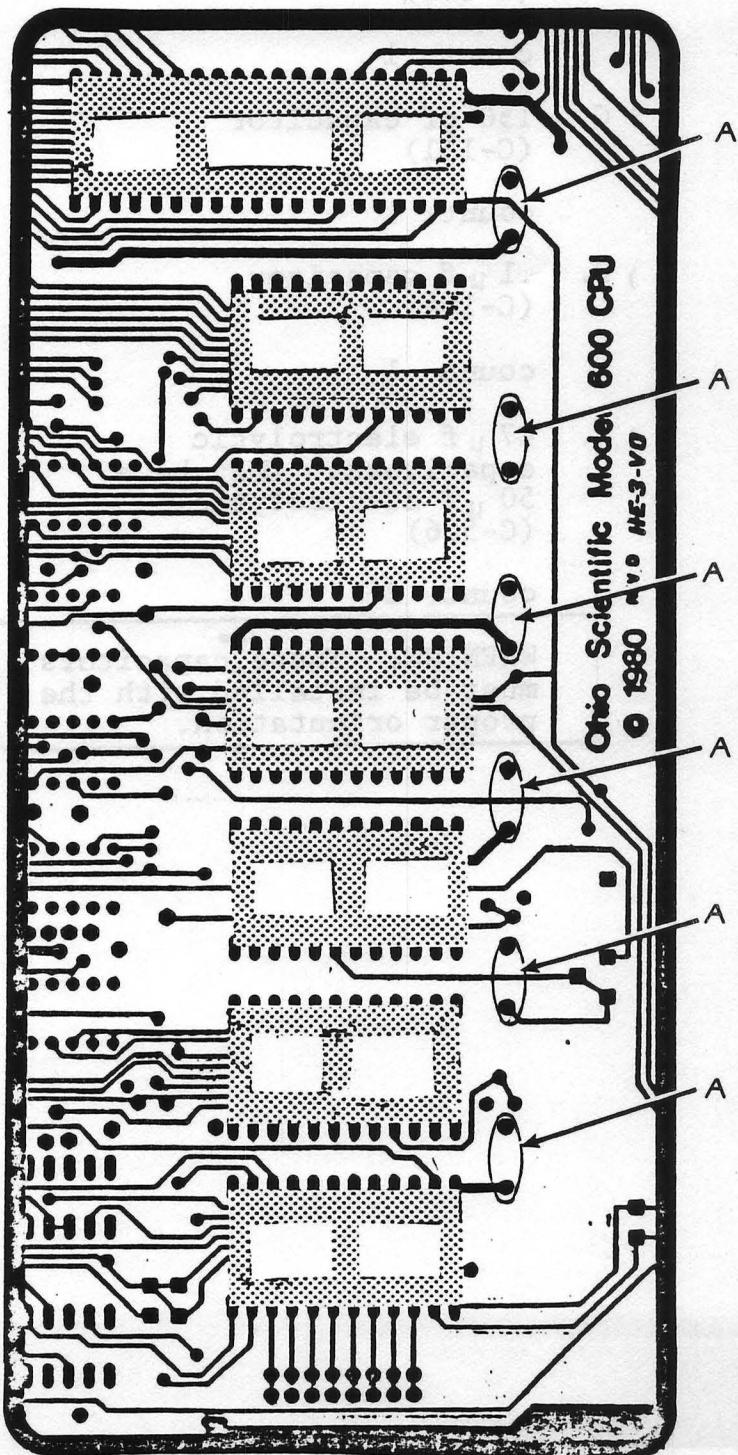
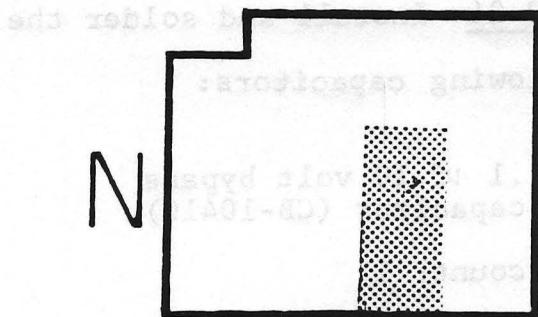
STEP 23

Install and solder the following
ceramic capacitors

()A. .1 μ f 10 volt bypass capacitors

(CB-10410)

count: 6



KEEP
YOUR
SOLDERING
IRON TIP
CLEAN!

STEP 24 Install and solder the
following capacitors:

() A. .1 μ f 10 volt bypass
capacitor (CB-10410)

count: 1

() B. .001 μ f capacitor
(C-102)

count: 1

() C. 150 pf capacitor
(C-151)

count: 1

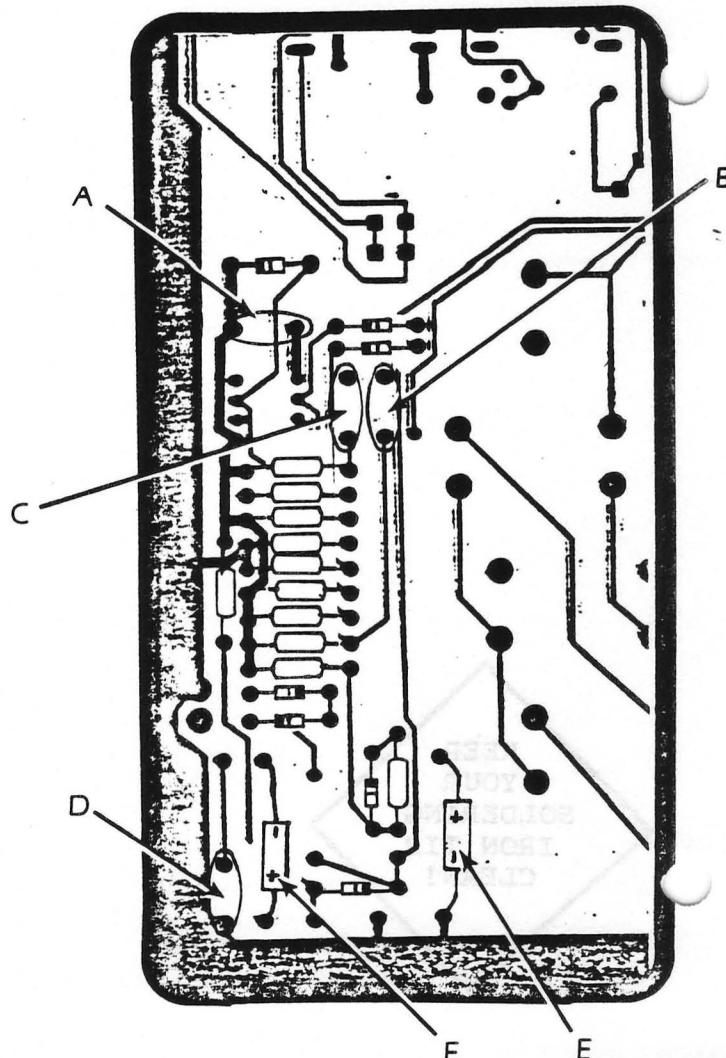
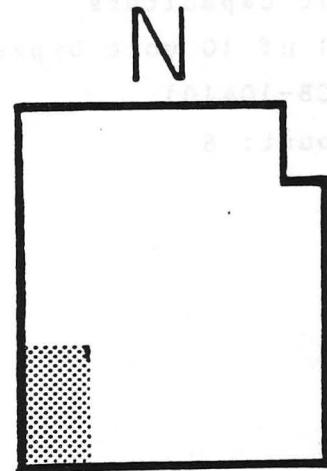
() D. .1 μ f capacitor
(C-104)

count: 1

() E. 47 μ f electrolytic
capacitors. (May be a
50 μ f electrolytic)
(C-506)

count: 2

WARNING: These ^{two} capacitors
must be installed with the
proper orientation.



STAGE I, Part Five: Miscellaneous Components Installation.

At this point, all IC sockets, diodes, resistors, and capacitors have been soldered to your Superboard. You are now ready for the final phase of STAGE I assembly.

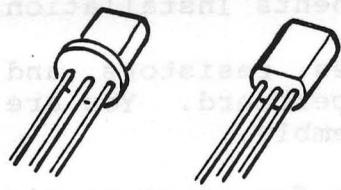
Many of the components in these next few steps require a certain orientation. Read the instructions carefully, and double check the position of each part before soldering.

Parts List (Bags B, C, and D)

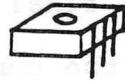
| Check | Part Number | Quantity | Description |
|-------|---------------|----------|--------------------------------------|
| () | Q-2N5225 | 1 | Transistor |
| () | Q-2N5226 | 1 | Transistor |
| () | IC-3130 | 1 | 8-pin chip (TTL) |
| () | IC-393 | 1 | 8-pin chip (TTL) |
| () | RP-103 | 1 | 10K trimmer potentiometer |
| () | RP-502 | 1 | 5K trimmer potentiometer |
| () | HW-FH2 | 2 | Fuse holder clips |
| () | HW-N632 | 6 | Nuts (6-32) |
| () | HW-RBI | 6 | Rubber feet |
| () | HW-S632.50 | 6 | Screws (1/2" X 6-32) |
| () | HW-WM6 | 6 | Flat washers (#6) |
| () | HW-WMI6 | 6 | Lock washers (#6) |
| () | L-LED1 | 1 | Light emitting diode |
| () | SC-12FM | 2 | 12-pin female Molex |
| () | SC-2FM | 1 | 2-pin female Molex |
| () | Y-WA-SBCF | 1 | Power connector subassembly (female) |
| () | Y-WA-SBCM | 1 | Power connector subassembly (male) |
| () | Shorting plug | 1 | Shorting plug subassembly |
| () | X-395 | 1 | Crystal (may be installed) |

(See the next page for help in identifying these parts.)

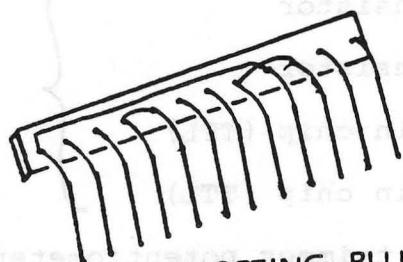
Note: As you locate each part check the appropriate box.



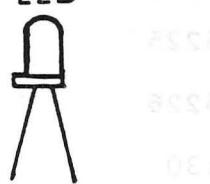
TRANSISTORS



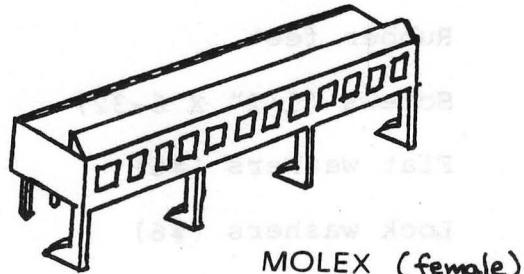
POTENTIOMETER (pot)



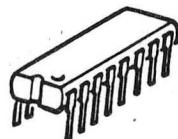
SHORTING PLUG



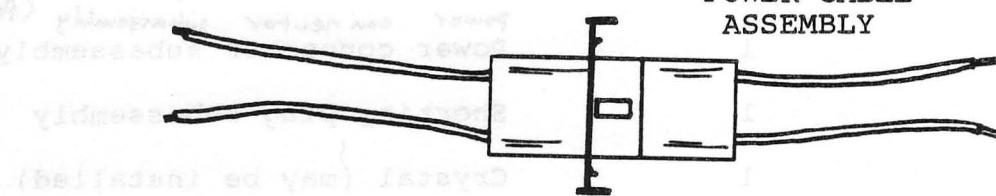
LED (red)



MOLEX (female)



IC ("chip") (TTL)



POWER CABLE ASSEMBLY

(Y-WA-SBCF
Y-WA-SBCM
together)

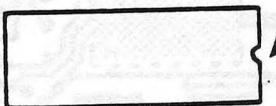
Stage I, part five, Parts Identification of your ZF set

STEP 25

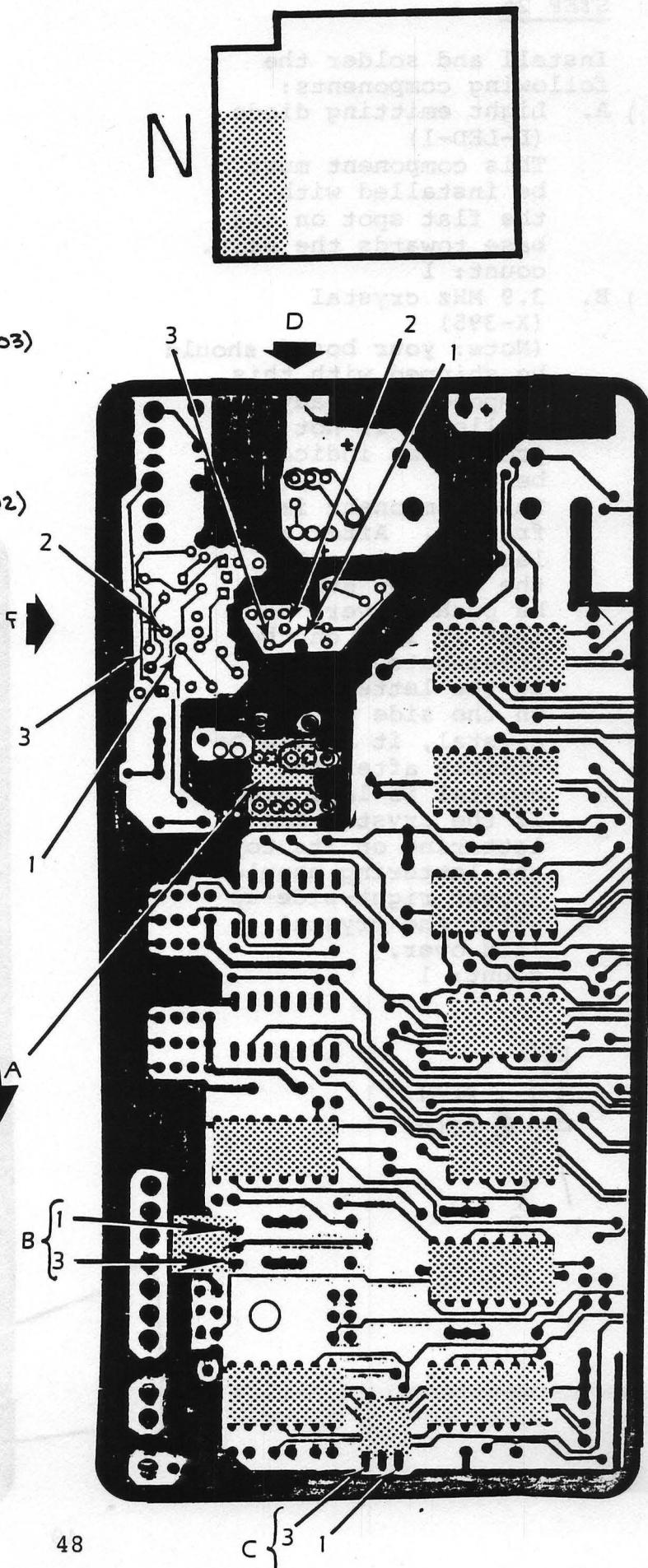
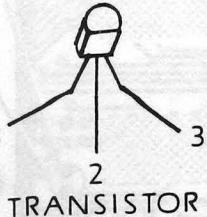
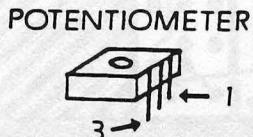
Install and solder the following components:

- ()A. 8 pin IC (IC-3130)
This chip must be installed so that the semicircular cutout is at the south end.
After you turn the board over, bend the leads on opposite corners to hold the IC in place during soldering.
count: 1
- ()B. 10 K potentiometer. (RP-103)
This unit should be installed with pin 3 towards the west side of the board.
count: 1
- ()C. 5 K potentiometer. (RP-502)
This unit should be installed with 3 towards the north side.
count: 1
- ()D. transistor NPN
(Q-2N5225)
Note the pin orientation. This transistor is installed with the flat side towards the east. Transistors are heat sensitive! Use care.
count: 1
- ()E. transistor PNP
(Q-2N5226)
This transistor is also installed with the flat side toward the east.
count: 1

CUTOUT FACES



TO THE RIGHT
(SOUTH)



STEP 26

Install and solder the following components:

- () A. Light emitting diode (L-LED-1)

This component must be installed with the flat spot on the base towards the east.

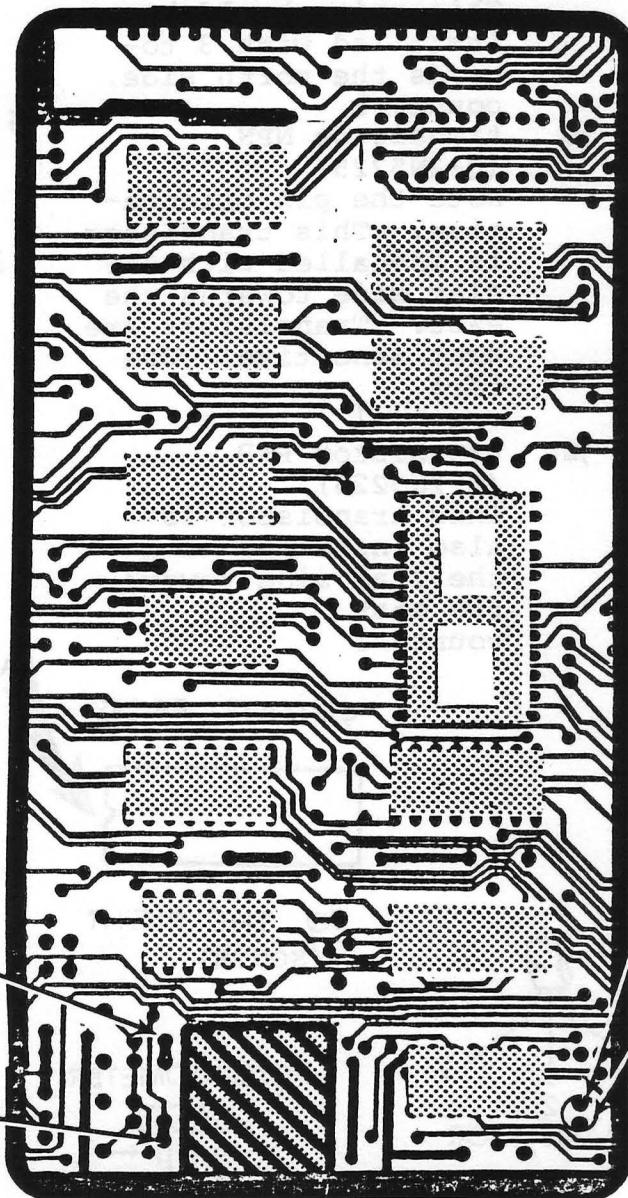
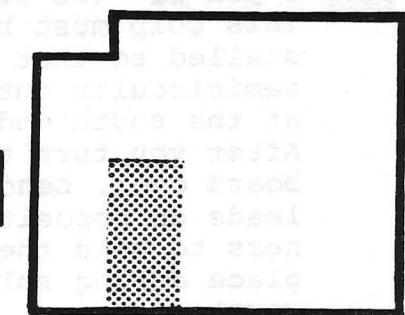
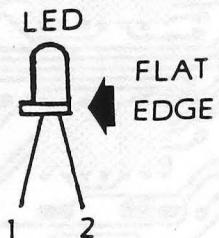
count: 1

- () B. 3.9 MHz crystal (X-395)

(Note: your board should be shipped with this component already installed. If not, proceed as indicated below.)

This component is fragile. After the leads are inserted, the crystal should be pushed over, so that it lays on the cross-hatched area. If the lettering is on the side of the crystal, it should be visible after the crystal is laid over. If the crystal has lettering on its top, the lettering should appear right-side-up after the crystal is laid over.

count: 1



STEP 27

Install and solder the following components:

- () A. 12 pin female molex (SC-12FM)

The molex clips over the edge of the super-board.

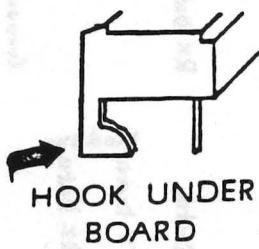
count: 1

Note: If you plan to put the kit in a case, the molex must be installed "vertically" so that it doesn't overhang the rear of the board. First bend the pins down on the molex.

Then, cover the ground path adjacent to the 12 holes in the board for the molex with tape. Then position the molex in the holes so that the molex sockets are up and the four plastic clips point toward the center of the board (south). Solder in place.

- () B. Insert shorting plug assembly into molex. Plug must point up so that jumper wires are visible on top. However, if you have installed the molex in the alternate manner described in the note above, it will be positioned properly if the plug with the jumper wires facing toward the north.

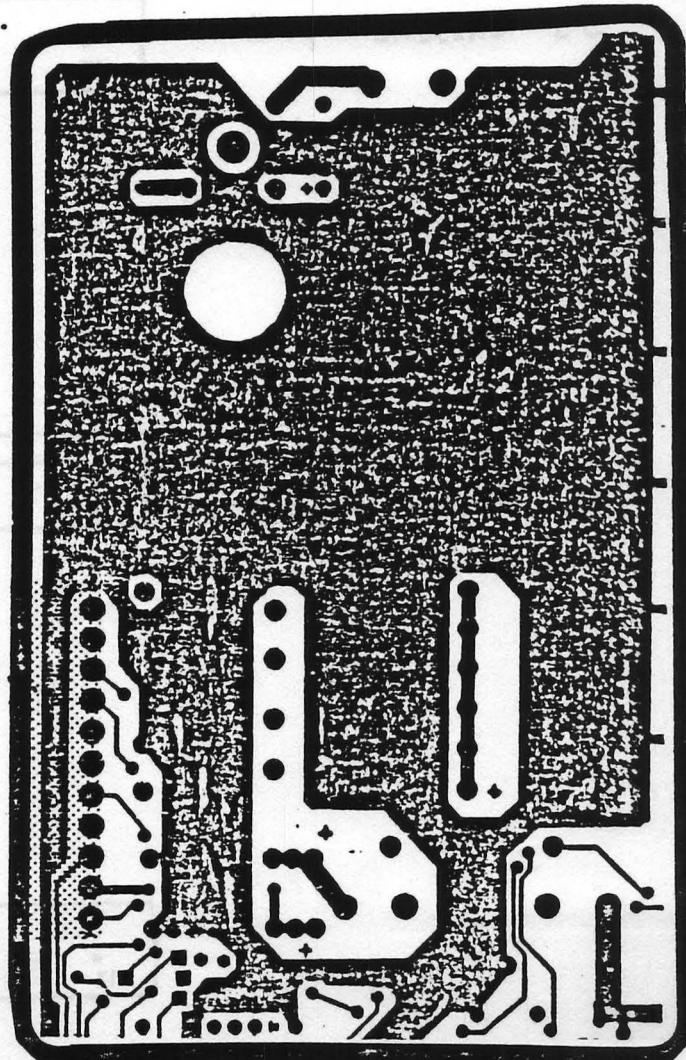
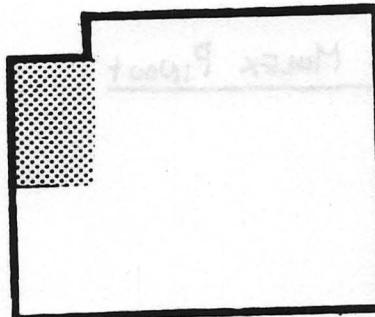
MOLEX



HOOK UNDER BOARD

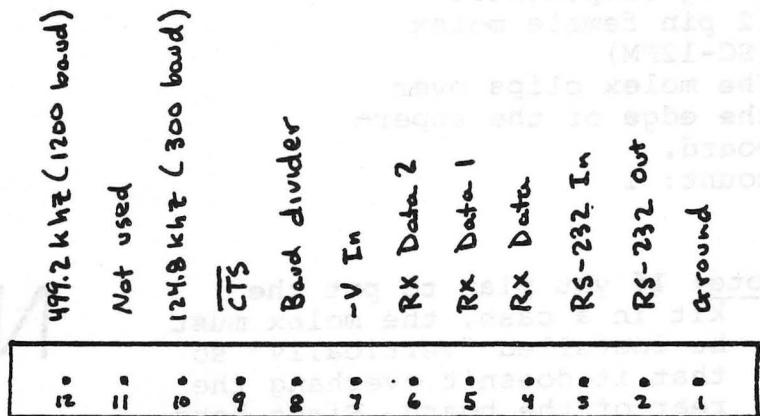


SHORTING PLUG BENDS UP

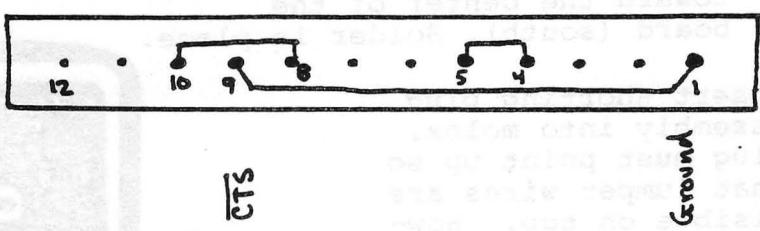


J3 MOLEX - SHORTING PLUG DETAILS

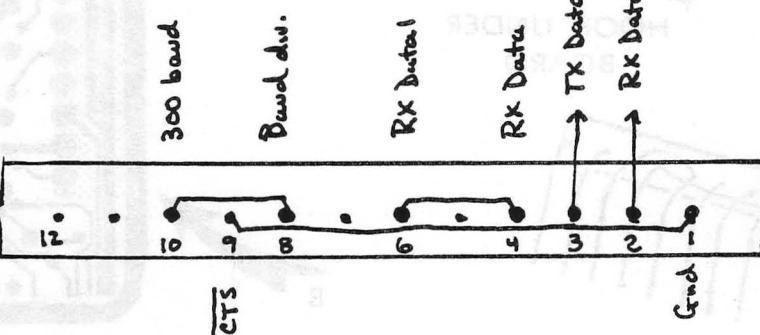
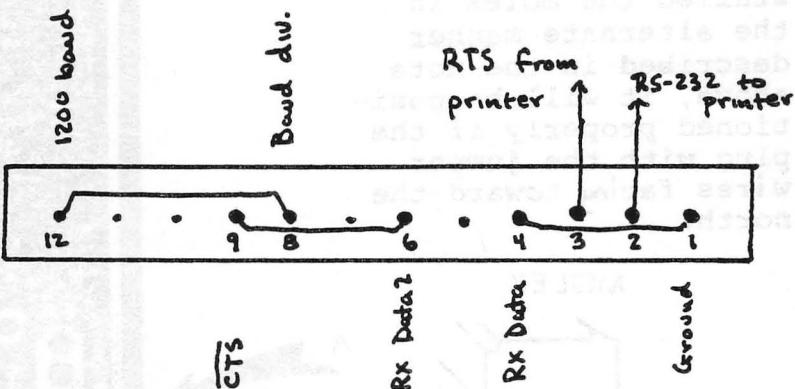
J3 MOLEX PINOUT



J3 CASSETTE Operation



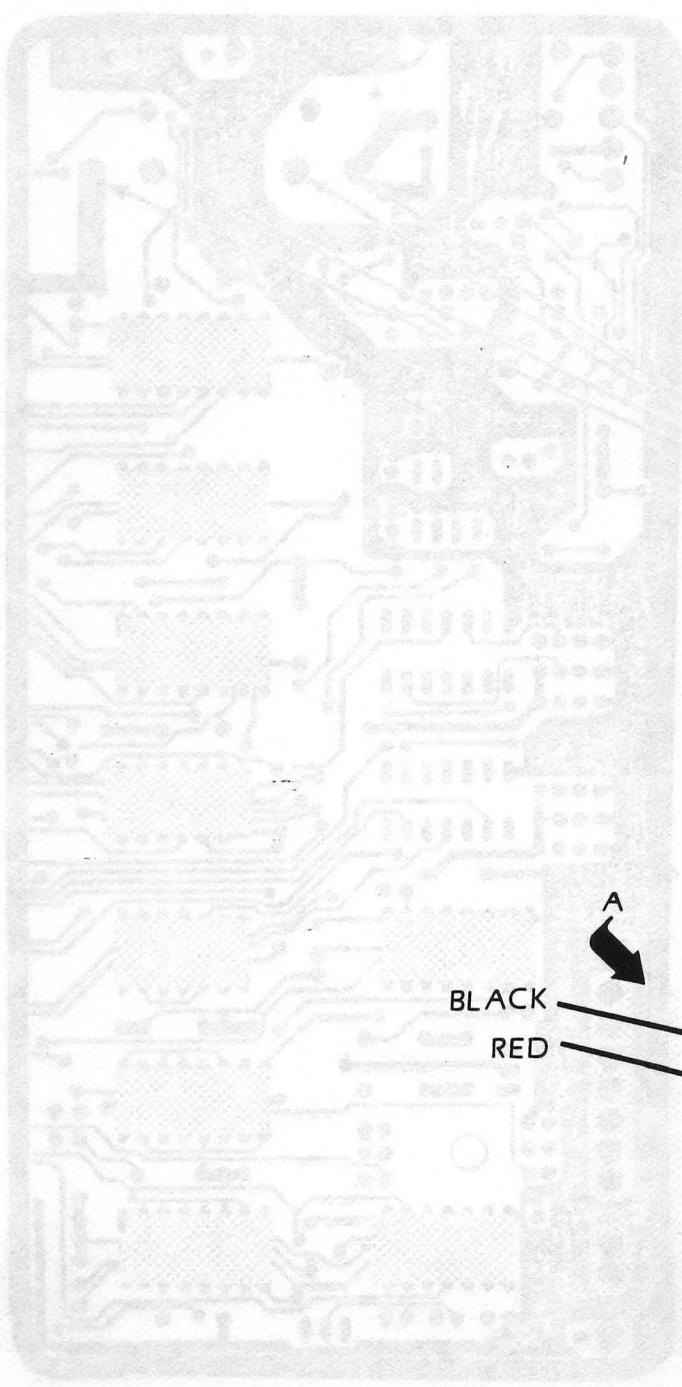
J3 Printer Operation



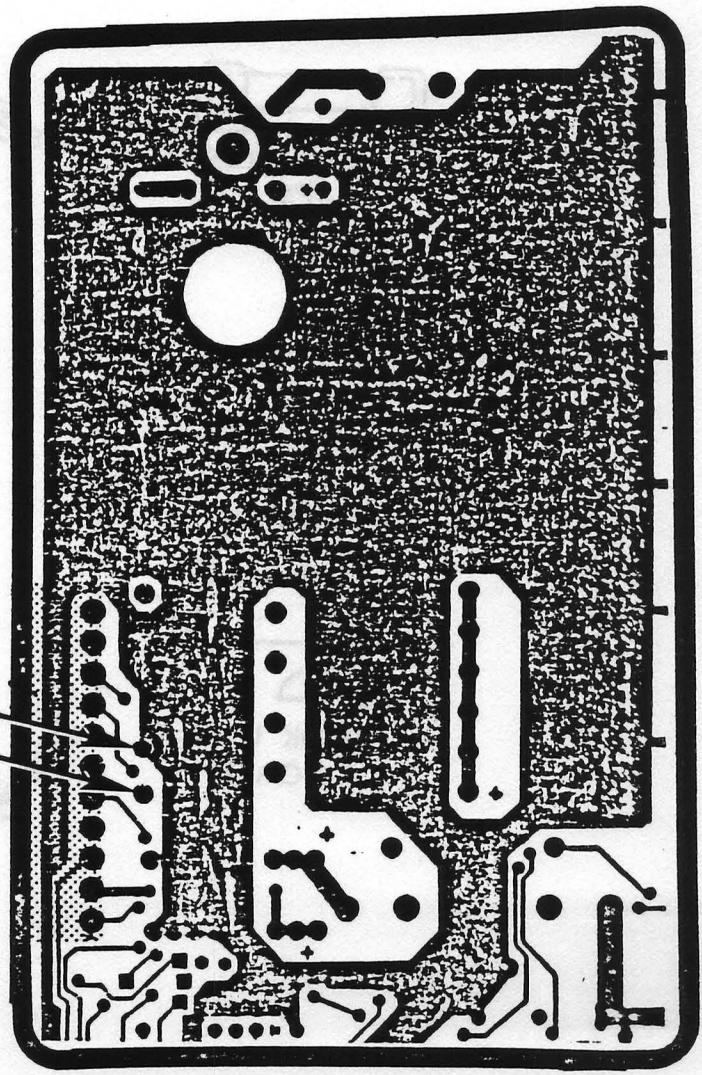
STEP 28

Install and solder the following components:

- () A. Power connector subassembly (Y-WA-SBCM). The black wire is soldered to the ground. The red lead is the power lead.



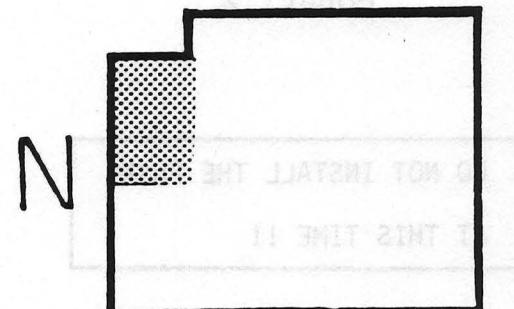
BLACK
RED



PS 2372
adz zeblo bns lfinan
zatnophooe pntwefit
uzlom eliset nq 51 .A ()
BNT .(MUSI-02)

end revo eqifc uion
nequa end to epho
.bina
1 : moco
eqifc reblof saut ,S ()
S : 16000

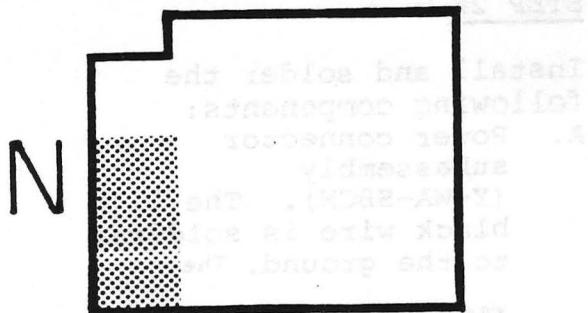
N



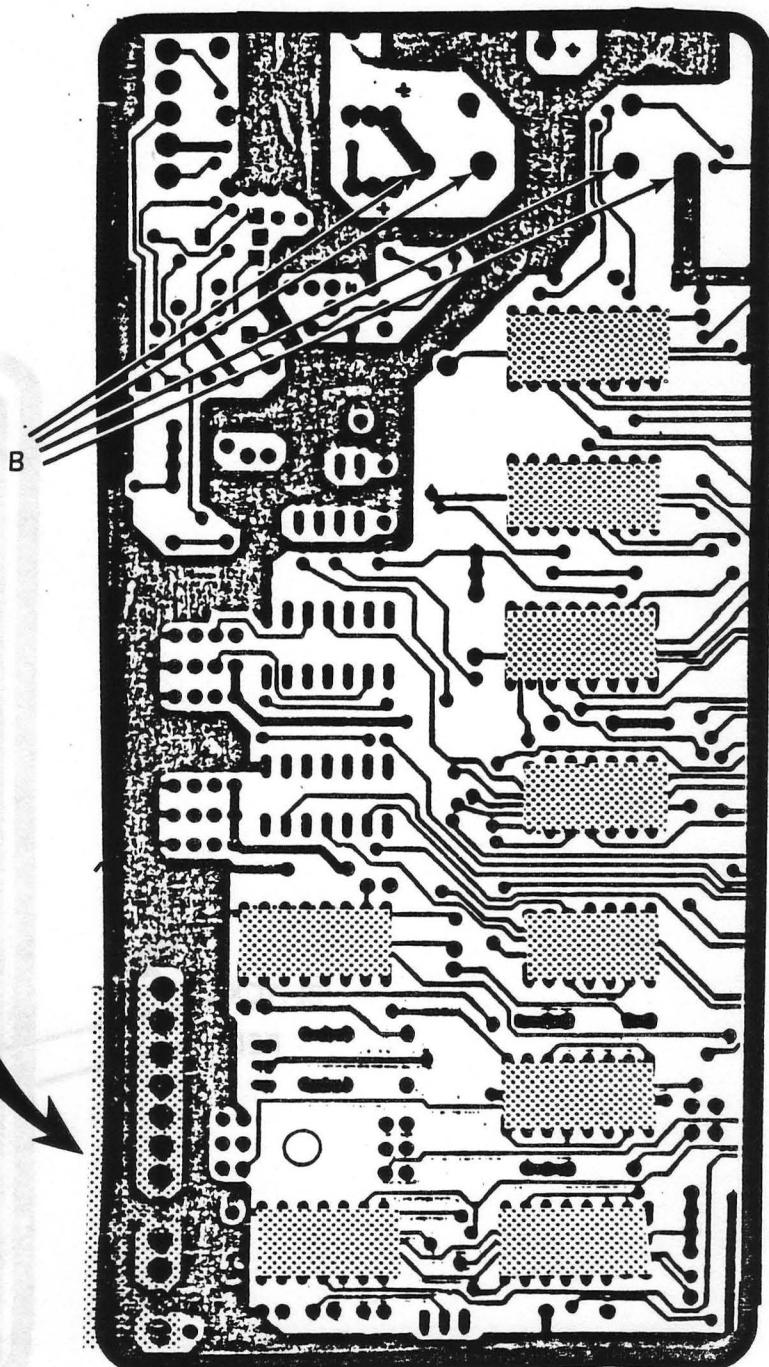
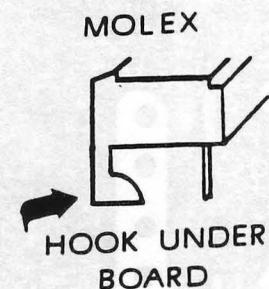
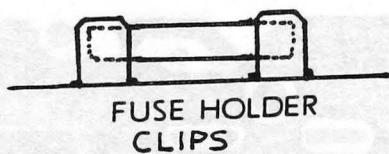
STEP 29

Install and solder the following components:

- () A. 12 pin female molex (SC-12FM). The molex clips over the edge of the super-board.
count: 1
- () B. Fuse holder clips (HW-FH2)
count: 2



- DO NOT INSTALL THE FUSE
AT THIS TIME !!

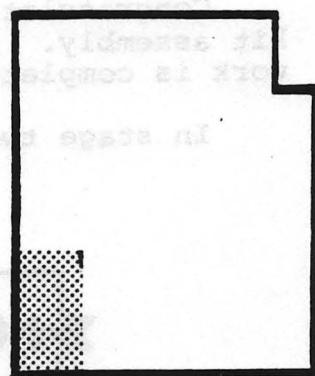


STEP 30

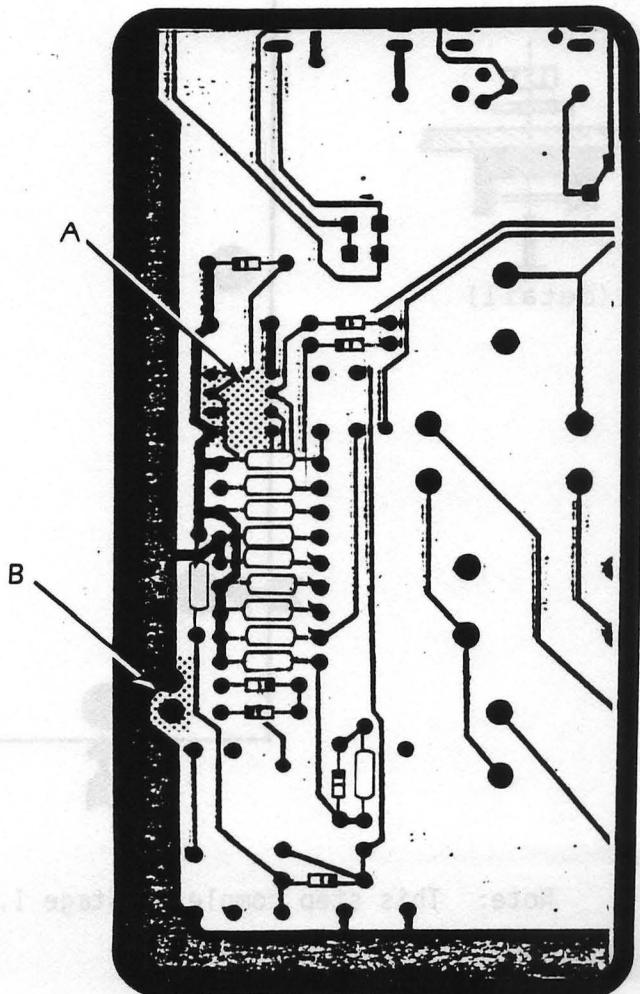
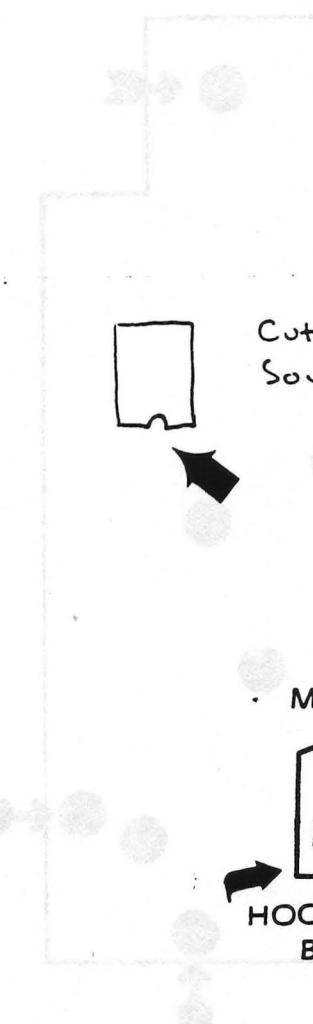
Install and solder the following components:

- (A) 8 pin chip (IC-393). This chip must be installed so that the semicircular cutout (or circular depression) faces south.
count: 1

N



- (B) 2 pin female molex (SC-2FM). The molex clips over the side of the superboard,
count: 1



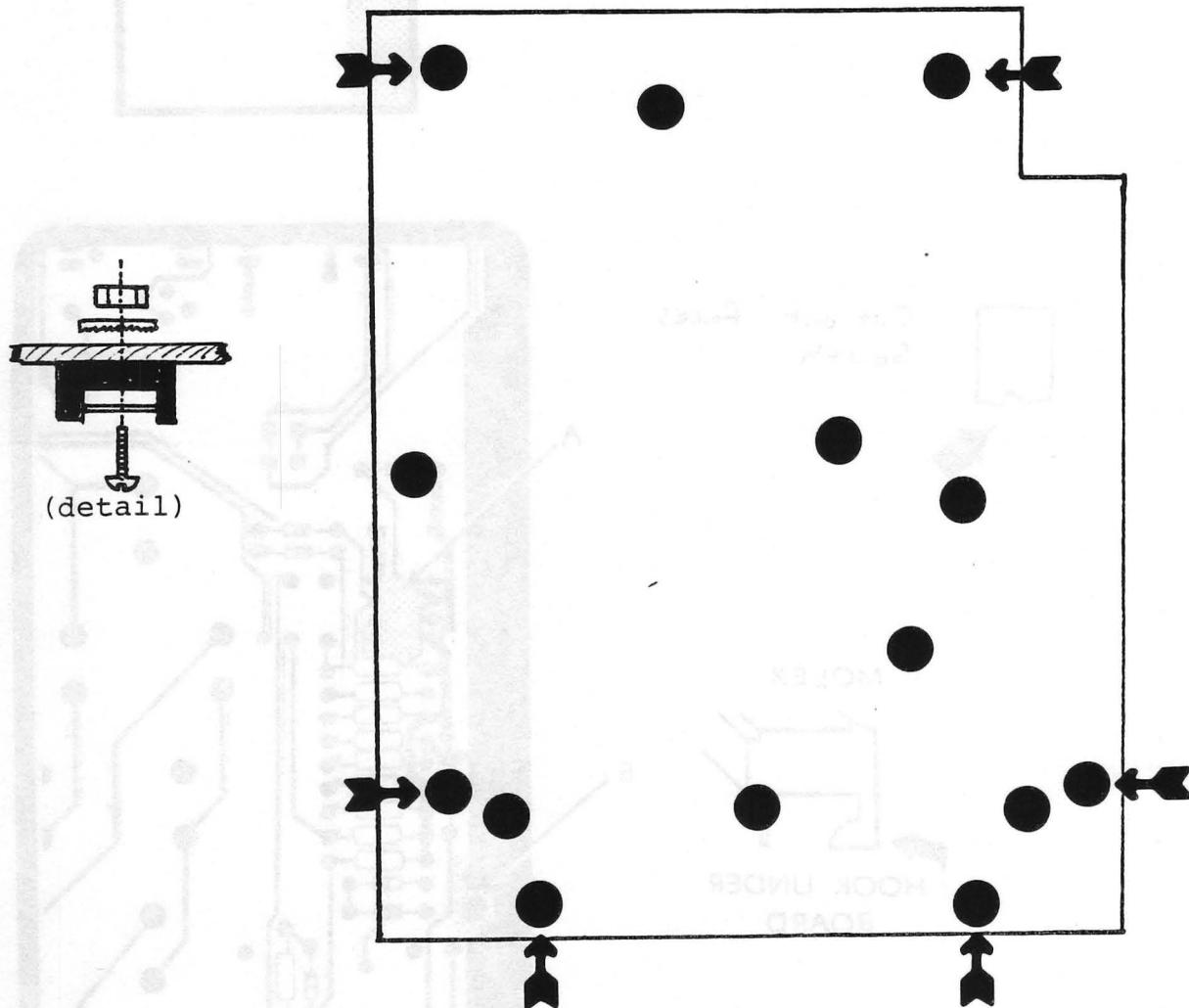
STEP 31

Install the following components:

- () A. Install the six rubber feet. All the large holes in the board are shown below and the ones to use for the feet are indicated by arrows. Use a nut, bolt and two washers for each foot, with the lock washer and nut on the top of the board.

Congratulations! You have completed the first stage of your kit assembly. At this point most (but not all!) of the soldering work is complete.

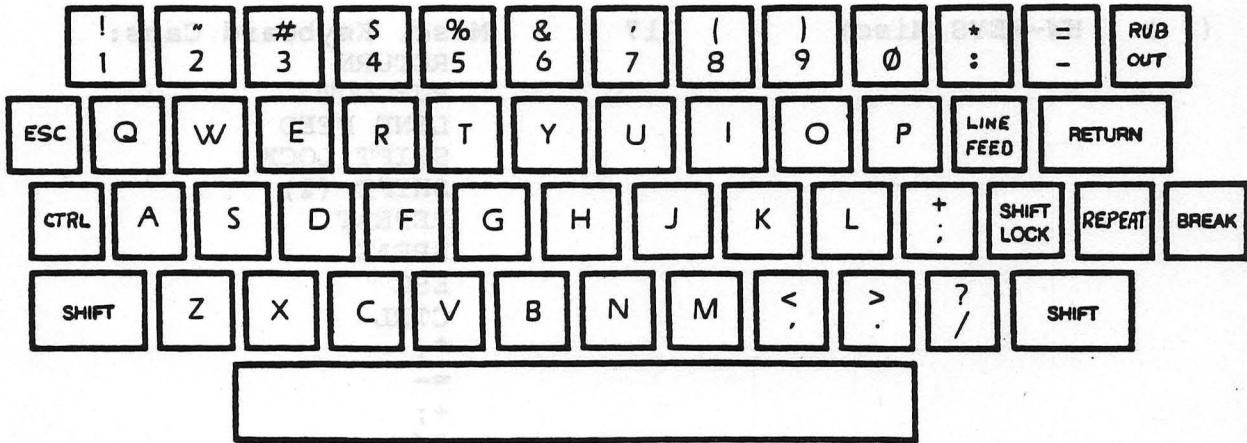
In stage two you will assemble and align the keyboard.



Note: This step completes Stage I.

STAGE II -- Keyboard Assembly

The keyboard of the Superboard is pictured below



The keyboard is constructed by mounting 53 key switches and key caps in the region of the printed circuit board illustrated on the next page. Each of the switches mounts in one of the 53 pairs of vertical holes located in this region.

All but one of the switches (52) are simple spring action switches which automatically open when they are released. One switch, the switch used by the SHIFT LOCK key (row 3) latches. When this key is pressed, it remains depressed until it is released by pressing it again.

During keyboard assembly, you will want to refer to the diagram above for correct key placement.

Stage II Part 1

Parts List Bag E

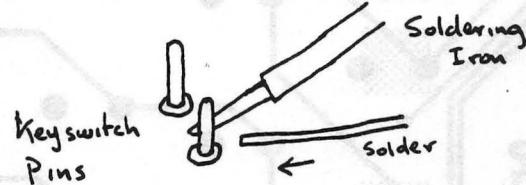
vidressA by edge - 12 BOARDS

| | Part Number | Quantity | Description |
|---------------|-------------------|----------|---|
| check: | | | |
| () | HW-KEYS 1-0 | 10 | Numerical Keyboard Caps |
| () | HW-KEYS A-Z | 26 | Letter Keyboard Caps |
| () | HW-KEYS (Misc) | 17 | Misc. Keyboard Caps: RETURN RUB OUT LINE FEED SHIFT LOCK SHIFT (2) REPEAT BREAK ESC CTRL *:-- +; ?/ <, >. Spacebar |
| () | HW-KEYS SWITCH | 52 | Keyboard Switches |
| () | HW-KEYS SW ALT. | 1 | Locking Keyboard Switch |
| () | Spacebar Hardware | 8 | Hardware for Mounting Spacebar: Left bracket Right bracket Spacebar mount Spacebar metal bar Screws (2) Nuts (2) |
| Total 114 | | | |

Note: As you locate each part, check the appropriate box.

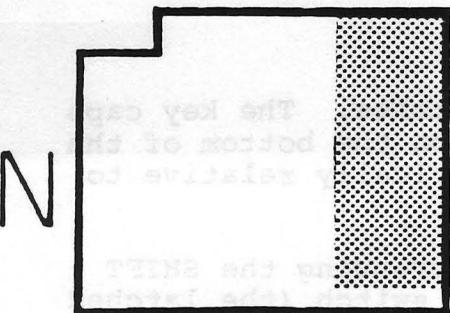
STEP 32: Install the key caps on the key switches. The key caps must be installed so that the pins on the bottom of the key switches are positioned vertically relative to the key character.

- () A) Assemble the SHIFT LOCK key by pressing the SHIFT LOCK key cap on the latched key switch (the latched key switch is the only one with a black top; the others have white tops).
- () B) Assemble the remaining keys for the top four rows of the keyboard by installing the key caps on the spring action key switches. One key switch will remain for use with the space bar.



SPECIAL SOLDERING INSTRUCTIONS

DO NOT APPLY SOLDER DOWN ONTO THE PINS OF THE KEY SWITCHES. APPLY THE SOLDER FROM ONE SIDE WHILE HOLDING THE SOLDERING IRON ON THE OTHER SIDE OF THE PIN.

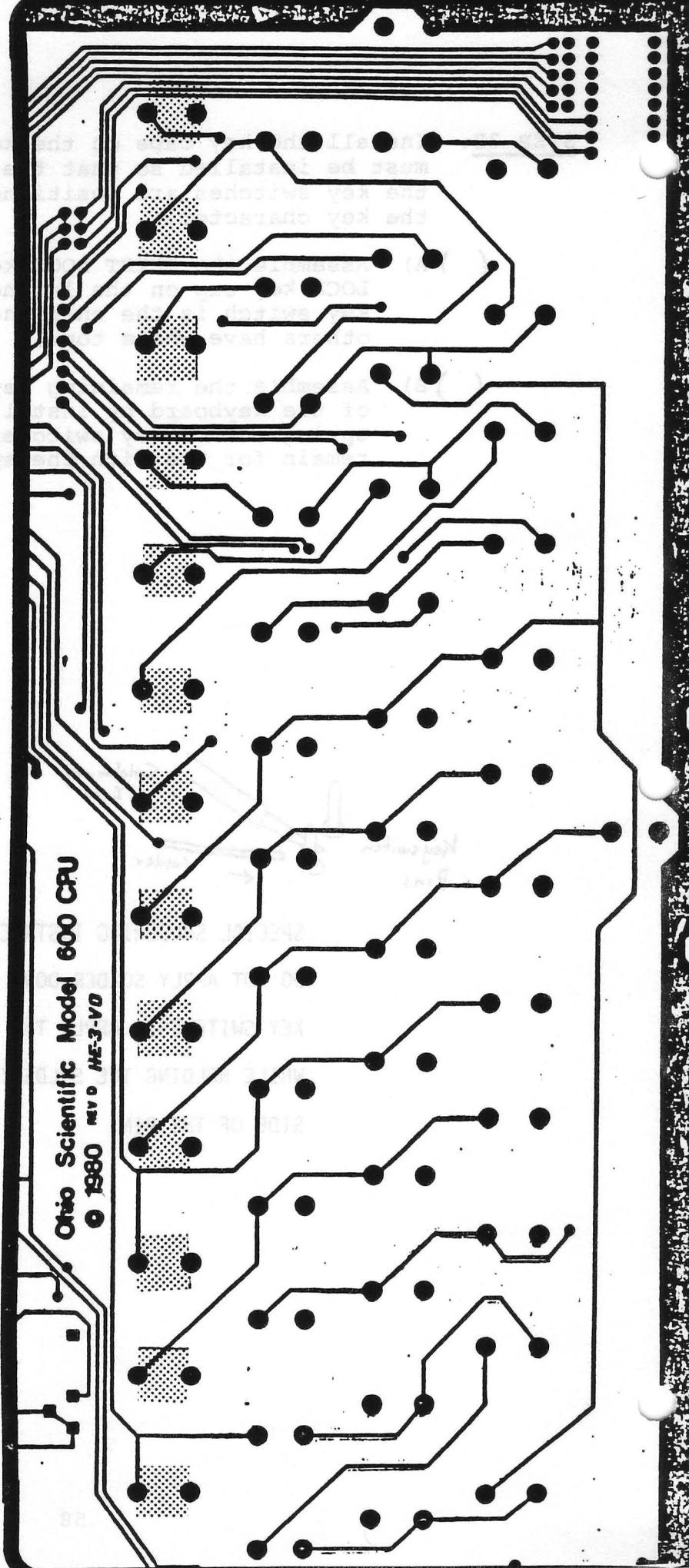


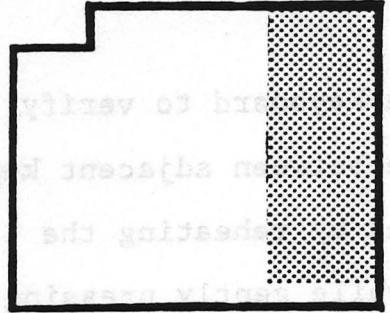
SOLDER INSTRUCTIONS --

DO NOT APPLY SOLDER DOWN ONTO THE PINS OF THE KEY SWITCHES. APPLY THE SOLDER FROM ONE SIDE WHILE HOLDING THE SOLDERING IRON ON THE OTHER SIDE OF THE PIN.

STEP 33: TOP ROW OF KEYBOARD

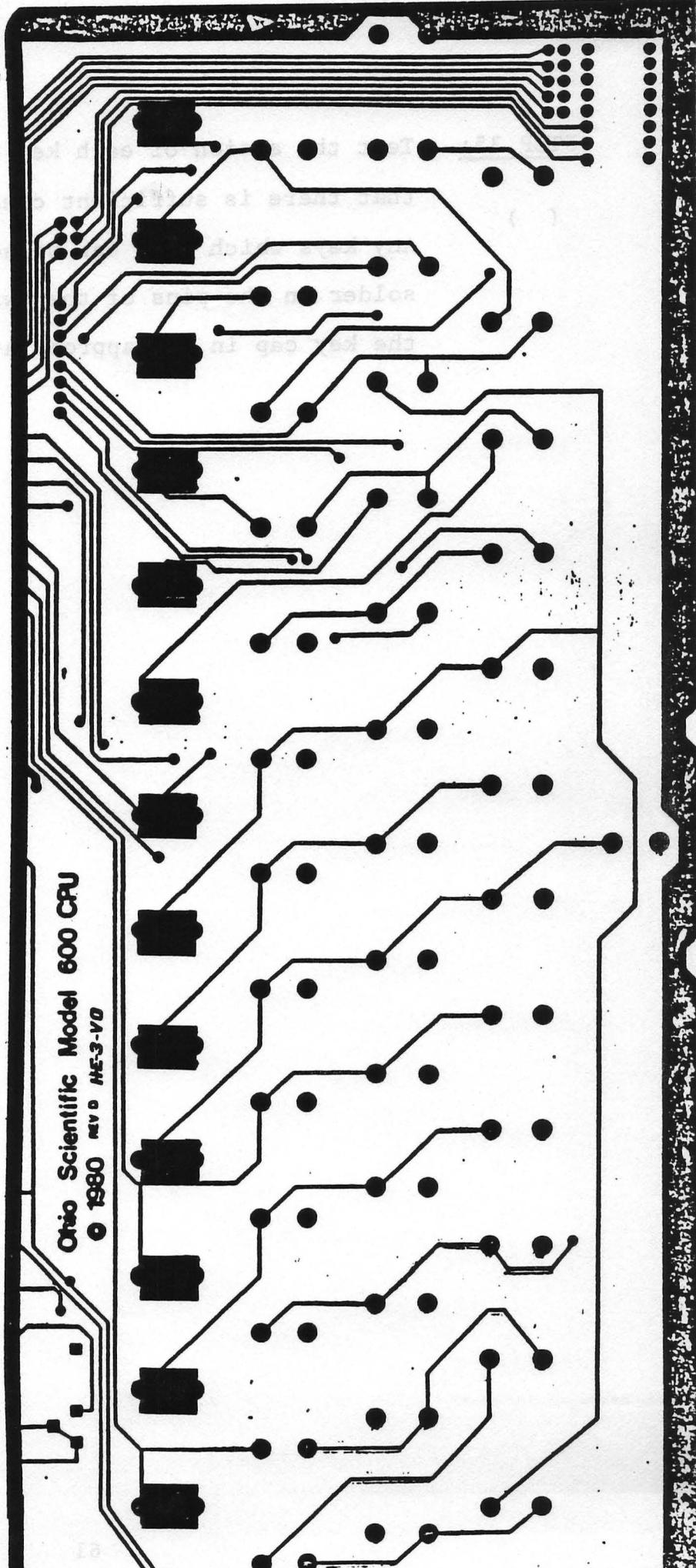
- ()A Insert the keys for the top row of the keyboard in the 13 pairs of vertical contacts in the top row of the keyboard area of the printed circuit board.
- ()B Check to be sure that there is clearance between each pair of keys and then put a strip of masking tape over the keys to hold this alignment. Cover the keys with a piece of stiff cardboard to hold them in place as you turn the board over on the workspace.
- ()C Solder the top pin of each switch in the top row. Apply a small amount of downward pressure as you solder to insure that the switches remain fully seated in the board.
- ()D Turn the board over and check that each key is correctly aligned and fully seated in the board. Make any necessary adjustments and then solder the bottom pin of each key.



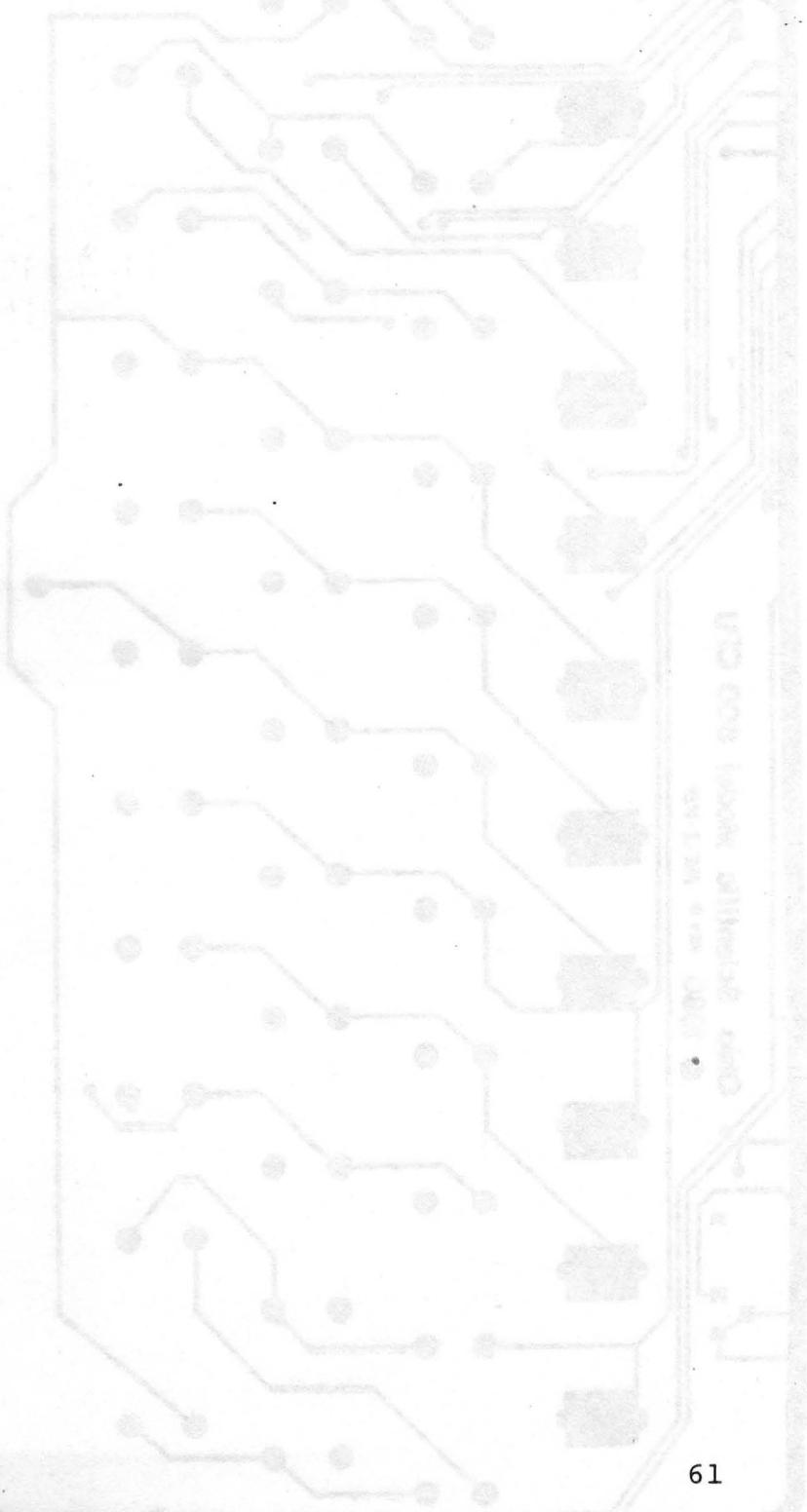


STEP 34: (REPEAT FOR ROWS
2, 3 AND 4 OF
KEYBOARD)

- ()A) Insert the keys for the next row of the keyboard in the next row of contact in the keyboard area of the printed circuit board.
- ()B) Slide a 1 $\frac{1}{4}$ " x 11" strip of thin cardboard (such as found on the back of tablets of paper) between the new row of keys immediately above to aid in aligning the keys.
- ()C) Check to be sure that there is clearance between each pair of keys and then put a strip of masking tape over the keys to hold this alignment. Cover the keys with a piece of stiff cardboard to hold them in place as you turn the board over on the workspace.
- ()D) Solder the top pin of each switch in the new row of keys. Apply a small amount of downward pressure as you solder to insure that the switches remain fully seated in the board.
- ()E) Turn the board over and check that each key is correctly aligned and fully seated in the board. Make any necessary adjustments and then solder the bottom pin of each key.
- ()F) Remove the strip of cardboard between the rows.



STEP 35: Test the action of each key on the keyboard to verify that there is sufficient clearance between adjacent keys. Any keys which bind can be adjusted by reheating the solder on the pins of the switch while gently pressing the key cap in the appropriate direction.



STEP 36: THE SPACE BAR

The following 10 parts are required to assemble and install the space bar on the Superboard keyboard.

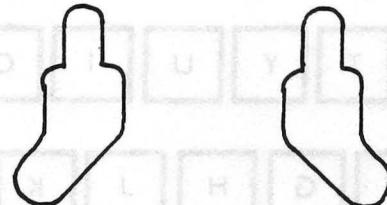
() -- one regular spring action key switch

(This part is identical to the regular key switches used in rows 1 through 4 of the keyboard)

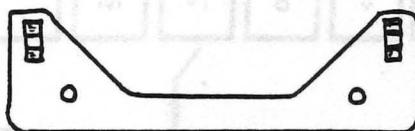
() -- one space bar key cap

This key cap is a plastic bar 5 3/4 inches long.

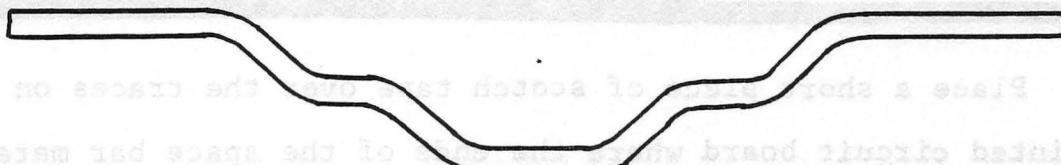
() -- two support brackets for the space bar (plastic)



() -- one space bar mount (plastic)



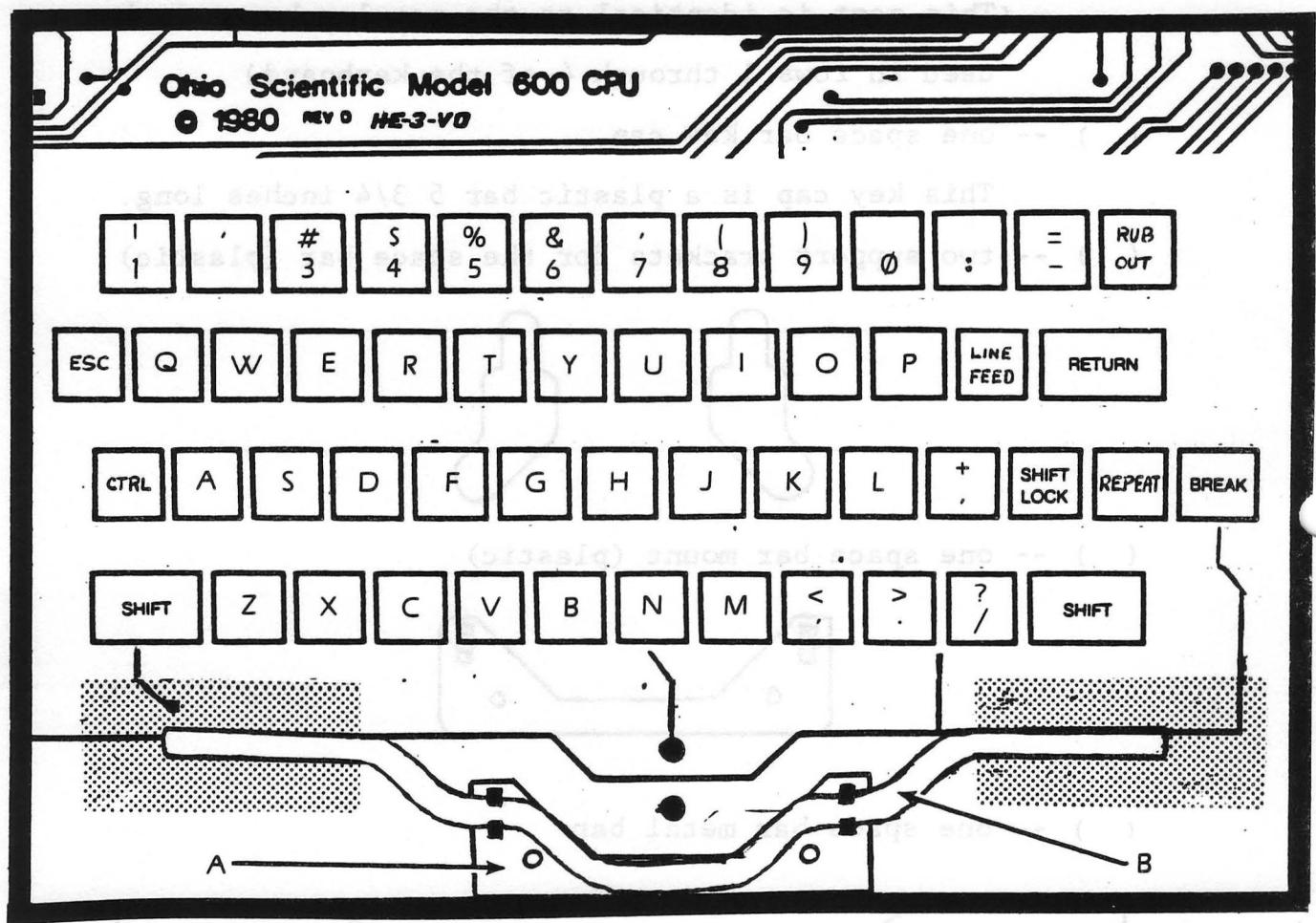
() -- one space bar metal bar



() -- two small nuts and bolts (4 pieces)

Step 36 (continued)

- () A) Use the two small nuts and bolts to attach the space bar mount to the front edge of the printed circuit board as shown below. Do not fully tighten these screws yet.
- () B) Snap the space bar metal bar into the space bar mount as shown below.

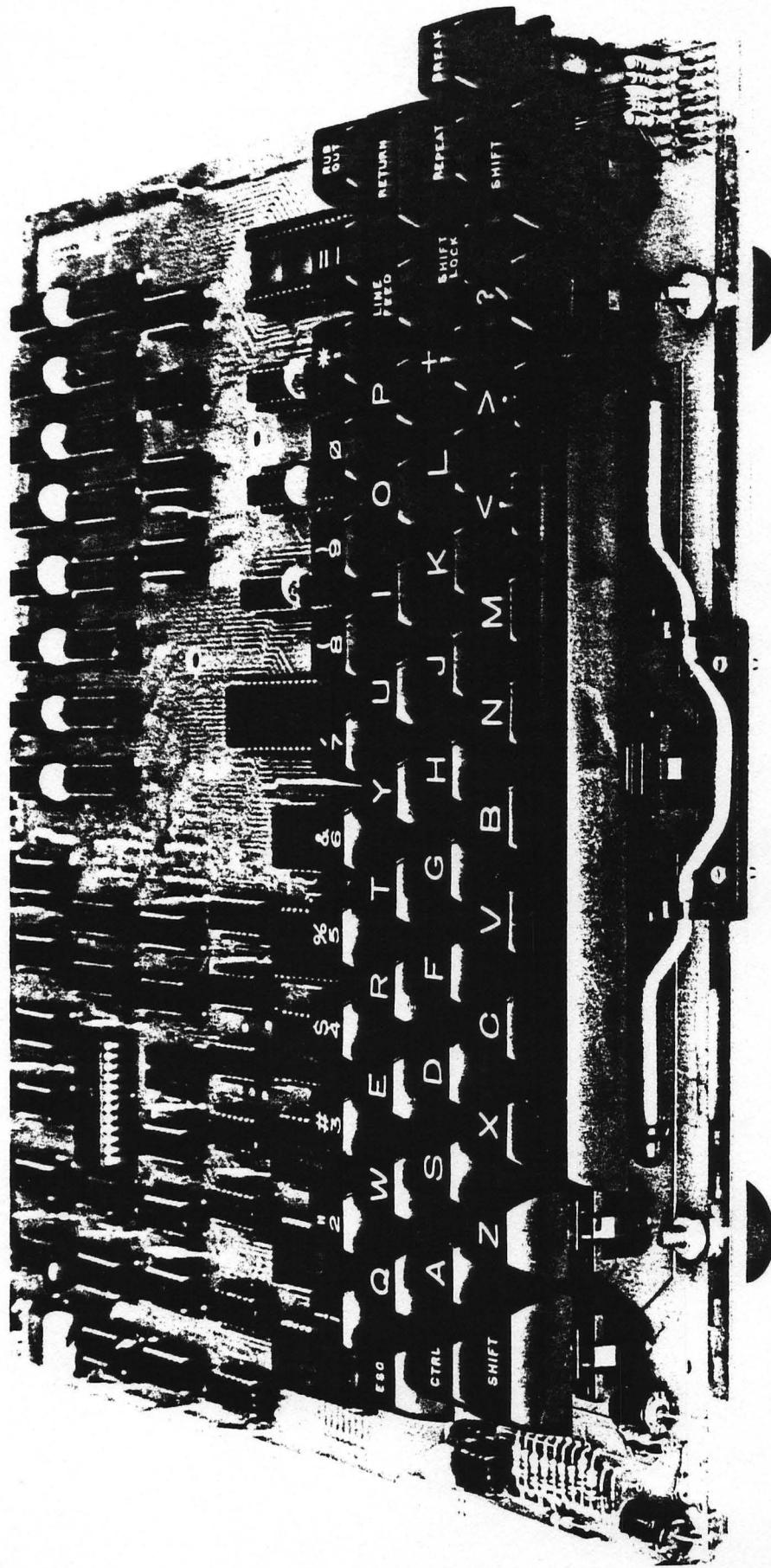


- () C) Place a short piece of scotch tape over the traces on the printed circuit board where the ends of the space bar metal bar strike the board. The pieces of tape should extend about 1/2 inch beyond the ends of the space bar metal bar as illustrated by the shaded regions in the above figure.

Step 36 (continued)

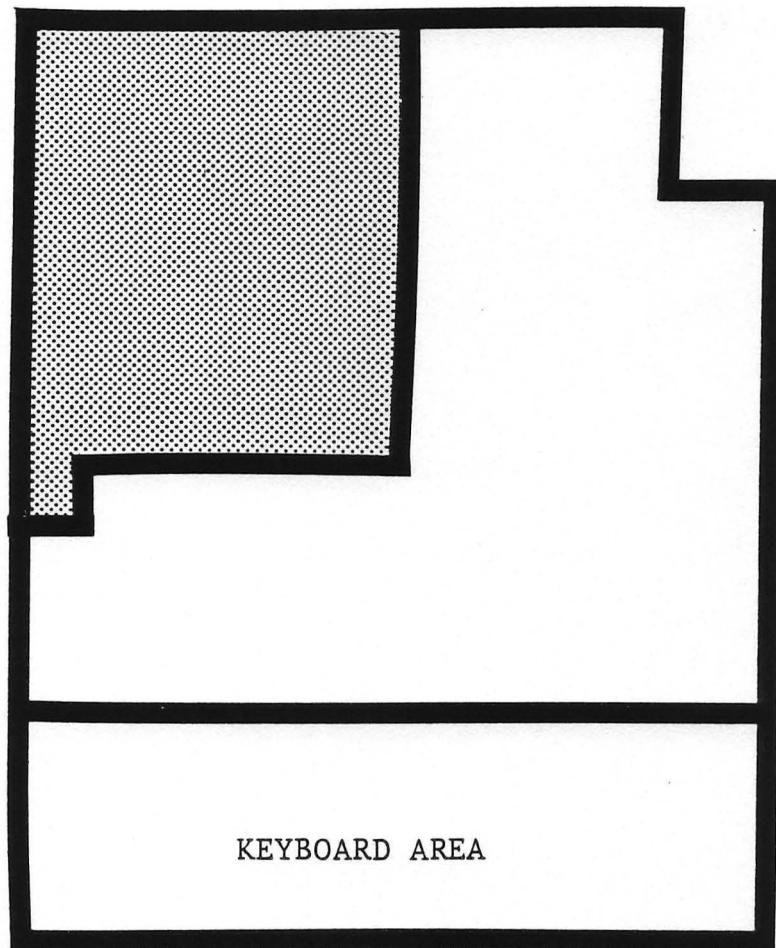
- () D) Insert the regular spring action key switch into the center hole on the underside of the space bar key cap.
- () E) Insert one support bracket into each of the end holes on the underside of the space bar key cap. The holes on the lower end of each support bracket should face inward toward the center of the space bar and the ends of the support brackets should angle toward the bottom row of the keyboard. The support brackets should be fully seated (up to the shoulder) in the key cap.
- () F) Position the space bar assembly so that the pins on the key switch align with the holes on the printed circuit board and the holes on the inside of the support brackets align with the ends of the space bar metal bar. Insert the pins on the key switch into the holes on the printed circuit board and gently spread the ends of the support brackets and insert the ends of the space bar metal bar.
- () G) Insert the cardboard strip between the space bar and lower row of keys to insure clearance. Turn the board over and solder both pins of the switch for the space bar.
- () H) Test the action of the space bar. If it binds, it may be necessary to reheat the solder on the pins of the switch and slightly adjust the alignment. When the alignment looks good, tighten the two nuts and bolts securing the space bar mount to the board.

This completes Stage II. All soldering work is complete. You are now ready to insert IC chips and test the video portion of your computer.



STAGE III: Assembly and Testing of Video Portion

The video portion of the Superboard is located in the shaded region of the following diagram. During this stage of construction, IC chips are inserted in the sockets in this region and the video output is tested and adjusted.



Stage III Part 1

PARTS LIST (found in bags and/or tubes marked F and G)

| PART NUMBER | QUANTITY | DESCRIPTION | |
|----------------|----------|---|--|
| () IC-2114 | 2 | RAM | |
| () IC-7400 | 1 | TTL | |
| () IC-7403 | 1 | TTL | |
| () IC-7408 | 1 | TTL | |
| () IC-74123 | 2 | TTL | |
| () IC-7474 | 2 | TTL | |
| () IC-74LS04 | 1 | TTL | |
| () IC-74LS157 | 4 | TTL | |
| () IC-74LS163 | 5 | TTL | |
| () IC-74LS165 | 1 | TTL | |
| () IC-74LS20 | 2 | TTL | |
| () IC-74LS76 | 1 | TTL | |
| () IC-74LS86 | 1 | TTL | |
| () IC-74LS93 | 1 | TTL | |
| () IC-8T28 | 2 | BUFFER | |
| () IC-CARGEN | 1 | CHAR. GEN. 38129 | |
| () Y-WA-3SB | 1 | 3-cable Video/Cassette wiring harness assembly | |
| () F-005 | 1 | Fuse | |

Bag F

Bag G

Note: As you locate each part, check the appropriate box.

CAUTION: OBSERVE THE FOLLOWING GUIDELINES WHEN
INSERTING IC CHIPS IN THE SOCKETS MOUNTED
ON THE SUPERBOARD

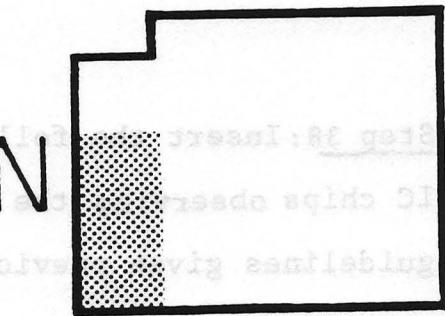
- 1) Pin one is marked on IC chips in one of two ways. On some chips a small dot is placed at one end, off center and near pin one. A notch at one end of the chip (on the center line of the chip) is often used to indicate the end containing pin one. Some manufacturers use both a dot and a notch to mark pin one. Look out for misleading mold marks.
- 2) Pin one of each IC chip should be inserted in the end of the socket with the semicircular cutout. With the exception of IC-CARGEN all IC chips mount with pin one pointed toward the keyboard. Pin one on IC-CARGEN points toward the side of the board with the notched corner.
- 3) Before inserting an IC chip in its socket check to make sure that the legs are perpendicular to the body of the chip. If necessary gently press the legs against a flat surface to bend them perpendicular to the body of the chip.
- 4) Begin inserting an IC chip by partially inserting the pins at one end and then carefully press the entire chip into place after verifying that the remaining pins are properly aligned.
- 5) Removing an IC chip requires extreme care to avoid bending or breaking the pins. Loosen one end of the chip and then insert a small screwdriver or narrow knife blade under the chip and slowly pry up first one end and then the other without tilting the chip very much in either direction.

Note: It is advisable to support the center of the Superboard while inserting IC chips to prevent the board from "bending". A magazine or thickness of newspaper will work well.

CAUTION: IC's should never be installed or removed when the power to the board is on!

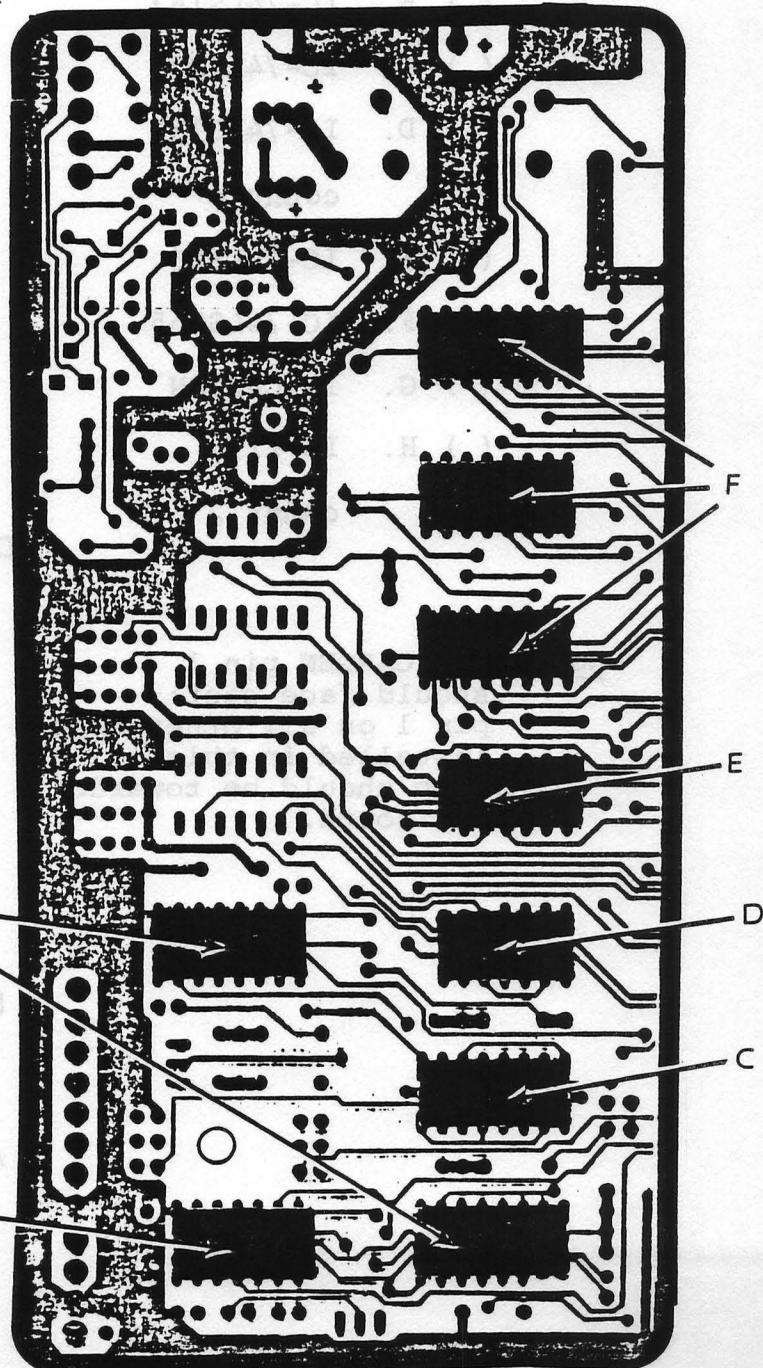
After installation, check each IC for bent pins -- pins that bend under during installation and fail to make contact.

Step 37: Insert the following
IC chips observing the
guidelines given previously.



- () A. IC-7403
- () B. IC-74123
count 2
- () C. IC-74LS76
- () D. IC-7474
- () E. IC-74LS04
- () F. IC-74LS163
count 3

Note: Pin 1 on all IC's installed in this step should be towards the south.



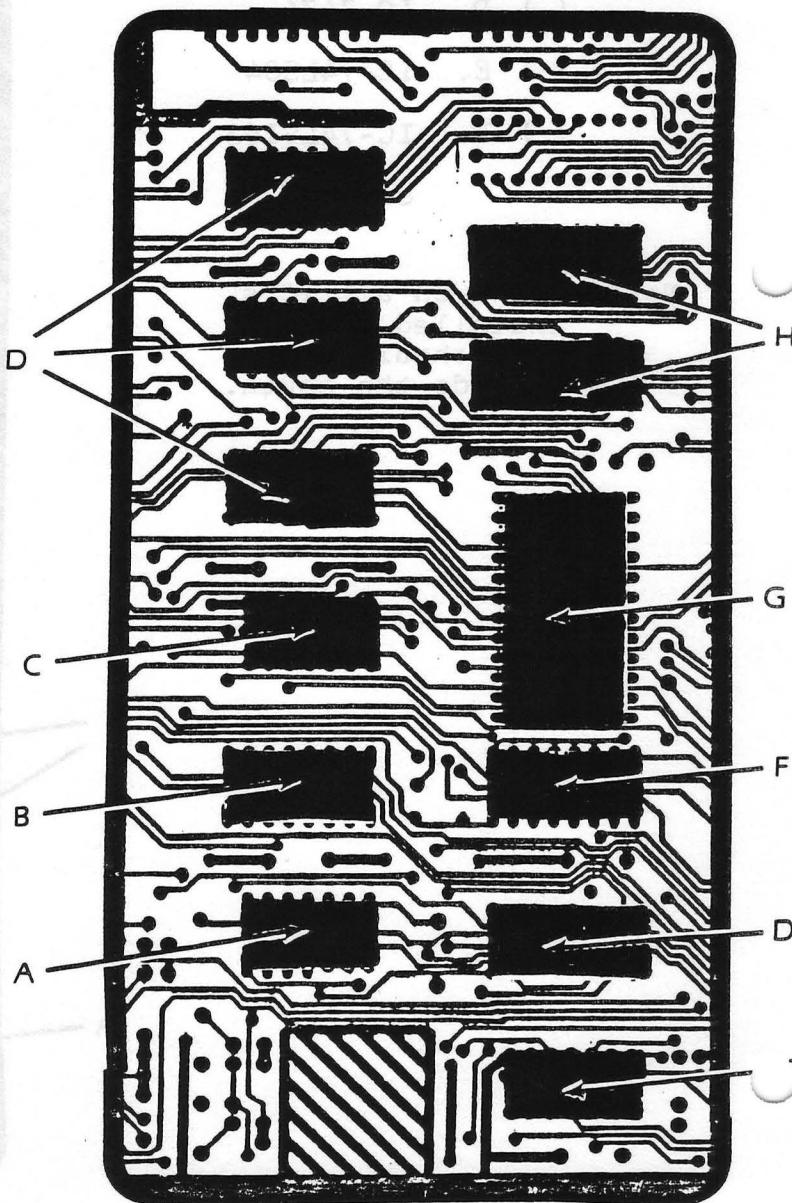
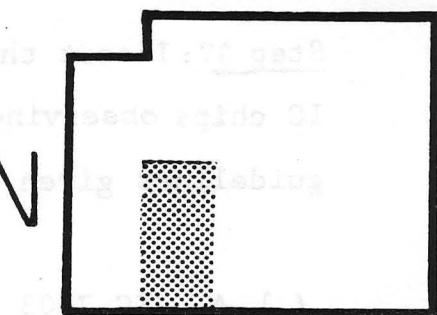
Step 38: Insert the following

IC chips observing the

guidelines given previously.

- () A. IC-7400
- () B. IC-74LS163
- () C. IC-74LS20
- () D. IC-74LS157
- count 4
- () E. IC-74LS86
- () F. IC-74LS165
- () G. IC-CARGEN
- () H. IC-2114
- count 2

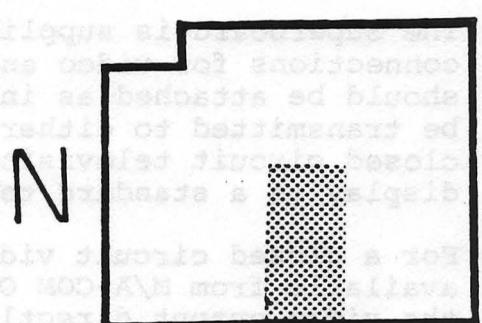
Note: The CARGEN pin 1 should face east; pin 1 on all other IC's installed in this step should be towards the south.



Step 39: Insert the following

IC chips observing the

guidelines given previously.



() A. IC-74LS163

() B. IC-74LS93

() C. IC-7474

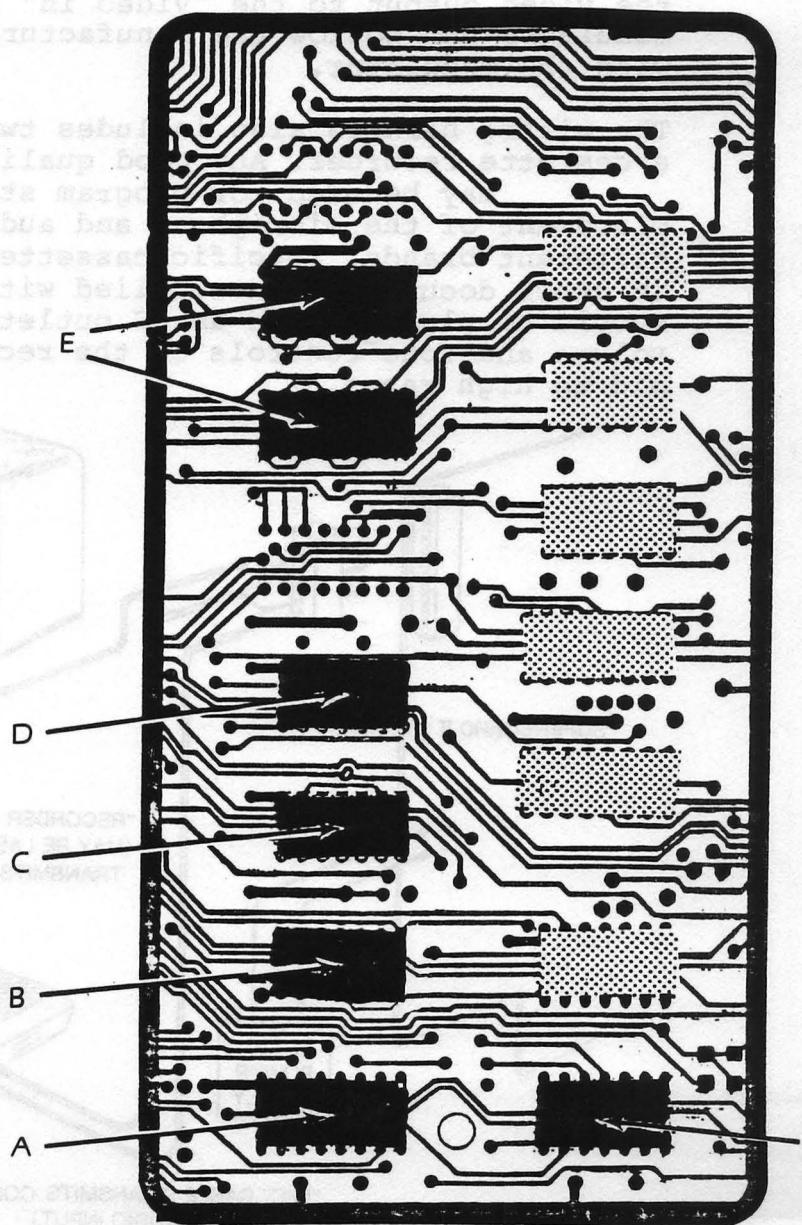
() D. IC-7408

() E. IC-8T28

count 2

() F. IC-74LS20

Note: All IC's installed
in this step should
have pin 1 facing
towards the south.



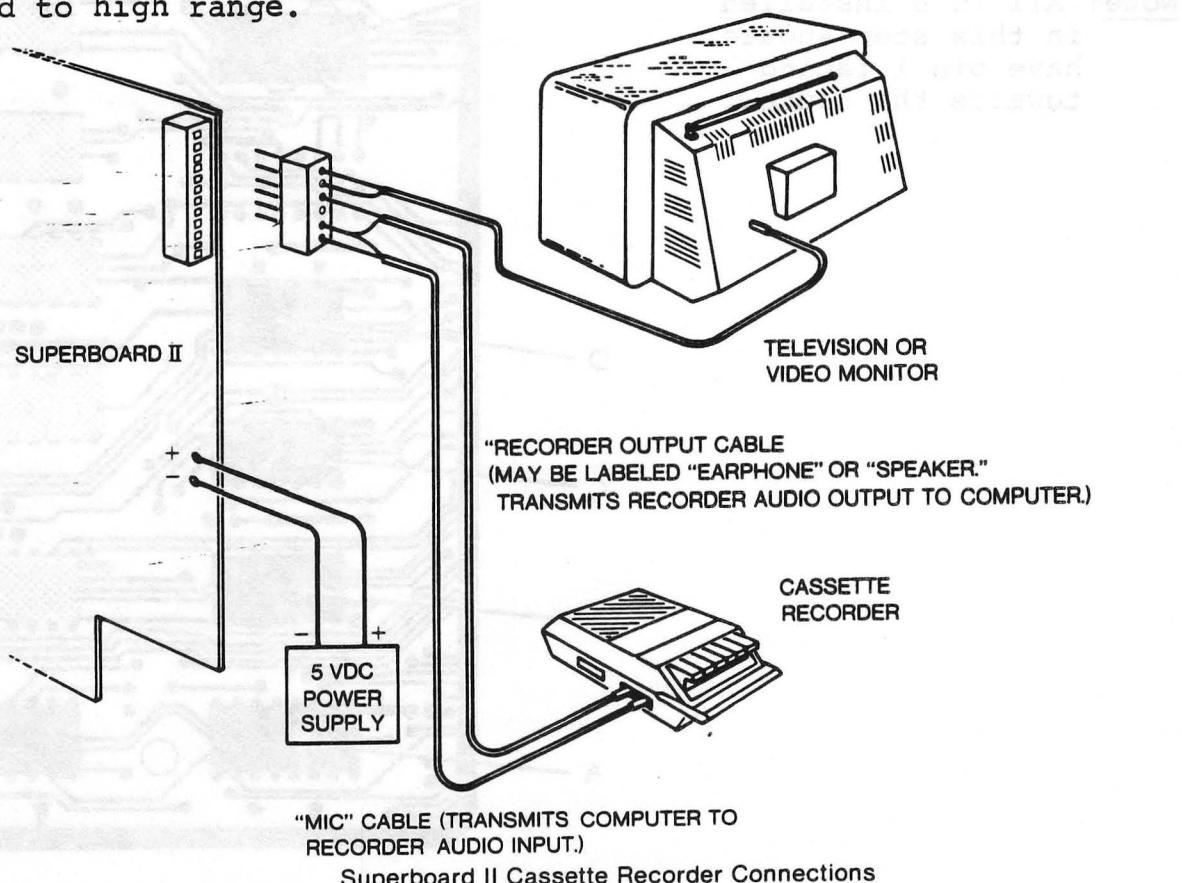
Video and Cassette Connection Notes

The Superboard is supplied with a wiring harness which provides connections for video and cassette input/output. This harness should be attached as indicated in Step 40. The video signal can be transmitted to either the high impedance (HI-Z) input of a closed circuit television video monitor or an RF modulator for display on a standard television.

For a closed circuit video monitor (such as the model AC-3 available from M/A-COM OSI) use the cable supplied to connect the video output directly to the video input jack of the monitor. If there is a high impedance-low impedance selector switch or two or more inputs on the monitor, follow the monitor manufacturer's instructions.

With a standard television, use the cable supplied to connect the video output to the "video in" port of a video-to-RF modulator and follow the manufacturer's instructions supplied with the modulator.

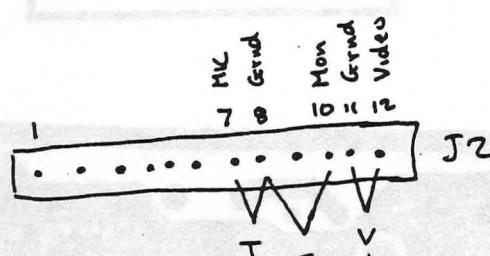
The wiring harness also includes two cables for connection to a cassette recorder. Any good quality cassette tape recorder may be used for program storage and retrieval. The placement of the microphone and audio jacks may vary with different brands. Specific cassette I/O commands are discussed in other documentation supplied with this kit. The tape recorder should be plugged into an AC outlet, not run on batteries. The volume and tone controls of the recorder should be set at the mid to high range.



Superboard II Cassette Recorder Connections

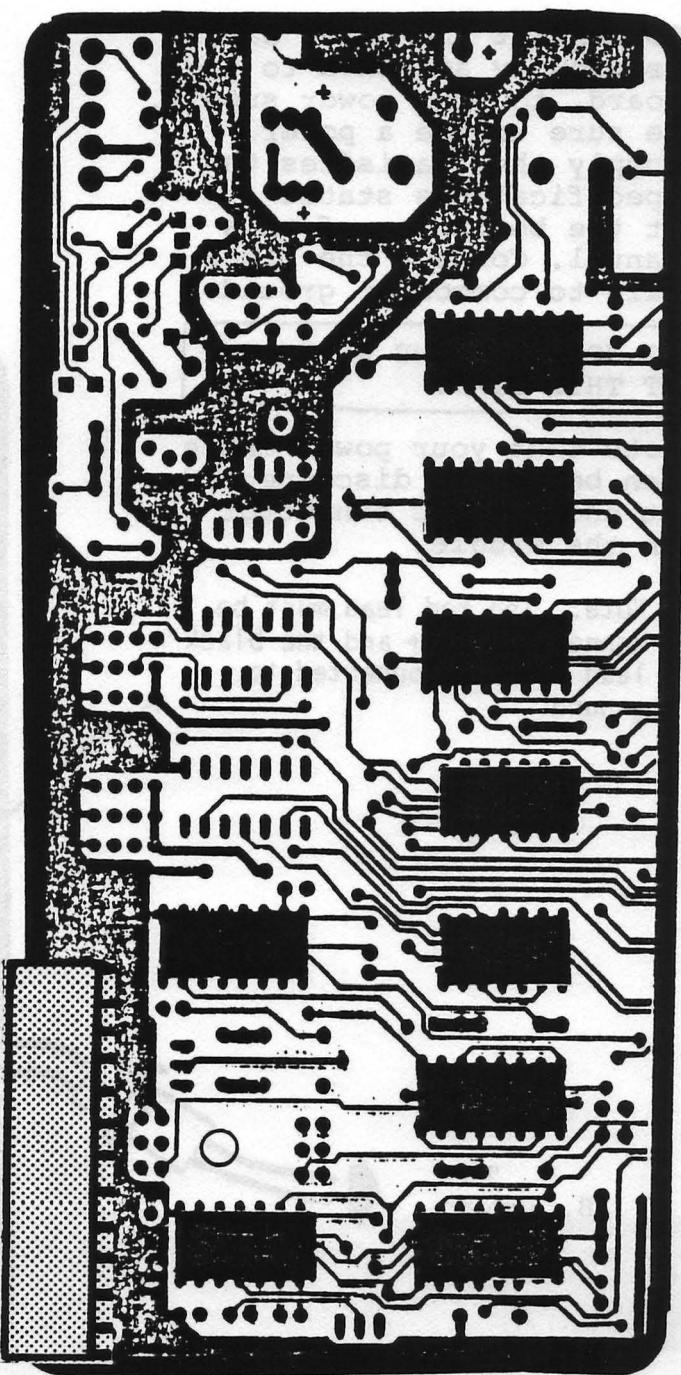
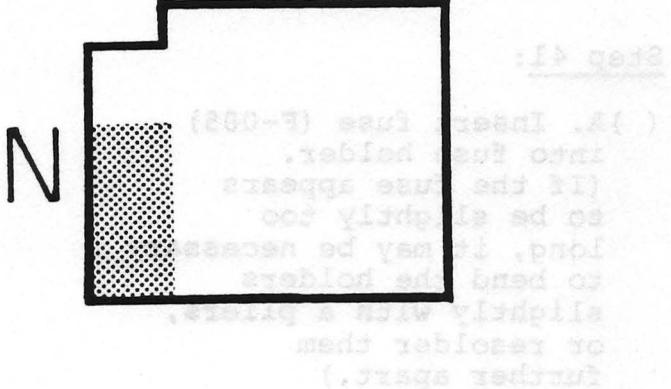
Step 40 :

- () Connect the Video/Cassette harness (Y-WA-3SB). The three cables in this harness are attached to a six-pin connector. This connector should be inserted into pins 7 through 12 on the female molex connector J2. It is inserted properly if the video cable is connected to pins 11-12 and the two cassette cables are connected to pins 7-10.



Mic Gnd Mon Gnd Video
7 8 10 11 12
Tape Out (Mic) Tape In (Mon)

J2
Pin 1 →
pin 7 →
pin 12 →



Step 41:

() A. Insert fuse (F-005) into fuse holder.
(If the fuse appears to be slightly too long, it may be necessary to bend the holders slightly with a pliers, or resolder them further apart.)

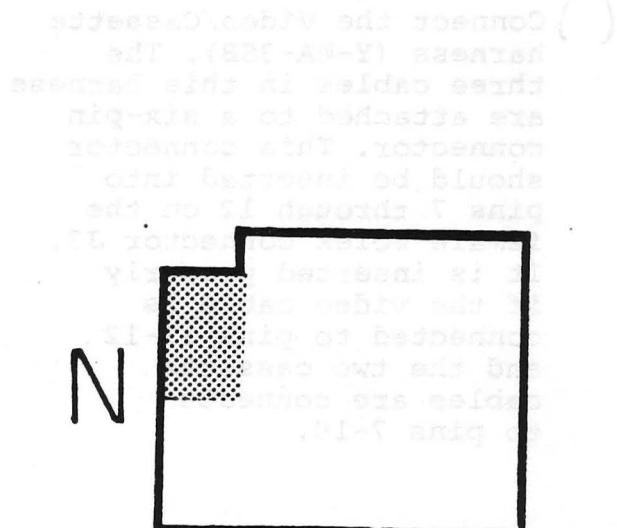
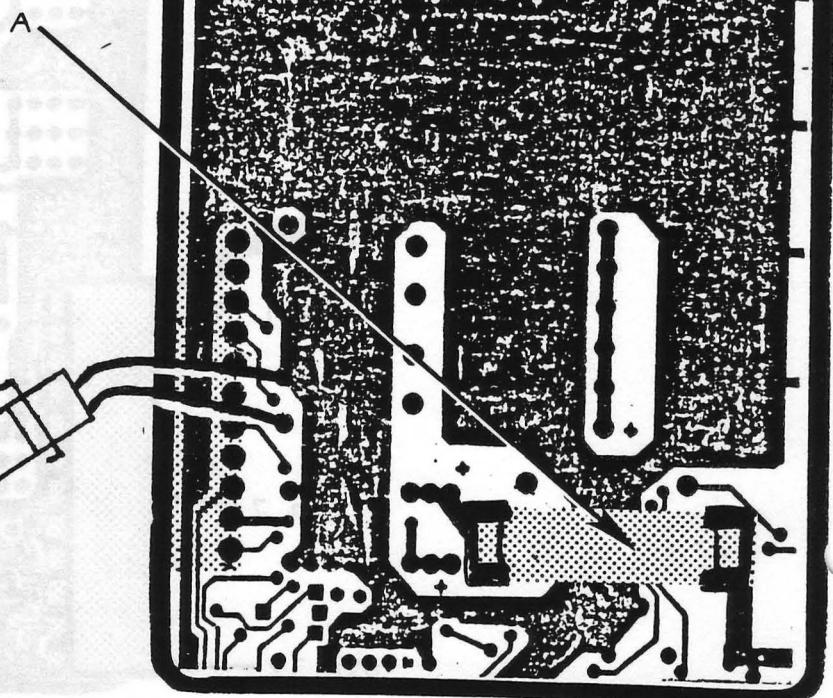
() B. Connect the power cable, previously attached to the board, to your power supply. Be sure to use a power supply that satisfies the specifications stated at the beginning of this manual. Connect the black wire to common or ground.

DO NOT TURN THE POWER ON AT THIS TIME!

Note that your power cable can be easily disconnected at the plastic connector in the middle.

Note: The red lead must be connected to 5+ and the black lead must be connected to ground.

To
B. Power
Supply



Test Procedure 4: Perform after Step 41.

Purpose: Check of power supply.

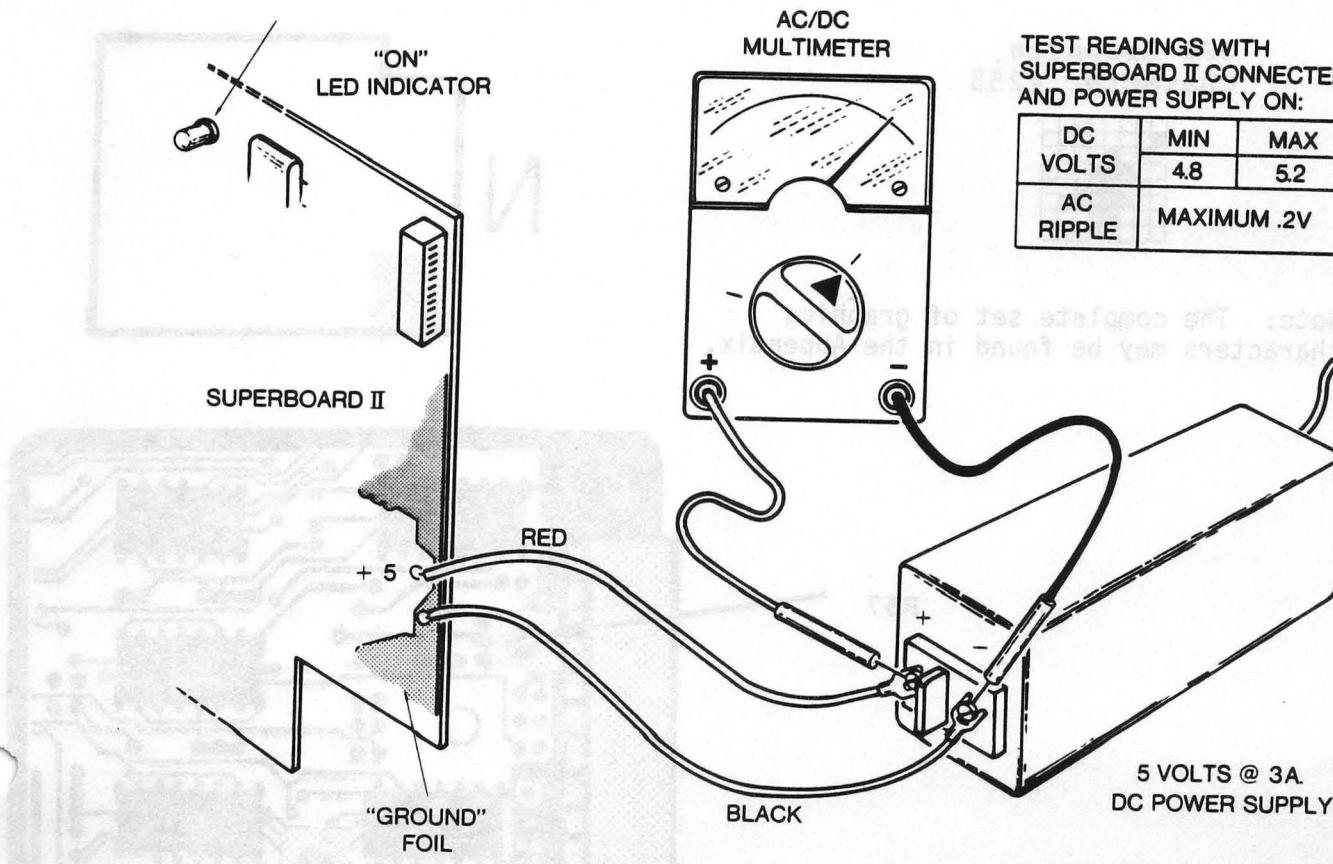
Equipment Needed: AC/DC VOM multimeter.

Procedure:

- () 1. Be sure the power supply is unplugged. Verify that the RED and BLACK wires from the Superboard are connected to the + and - terminals (respectively) of the power supply.
- () 2. Attach an AC/DC multimeter to the terminals of the power supply and set the meter to a DC range which will accurately measure 5 Volts.
- () 3. Briefly turn on the power supply. The red LED on the Superboard should glow. If it doesn't, turn off the power supply and check all connections to be sure they are not reversed.
- () 4. Again turn on the power supply and measure the DC voltage. The reading should be between 4.8 and 5.2 Volts.

CAUTION: A reading of more than 5.2 Volts may damage your board.

- () 5. Turn the power off. Without changing the connections, set the meter to measure on AC voltage of approximately 0.5 Volts.
- () 6. Turn the power supply on and measure the AC voltage. This reading measures ripple. It must not exceed 0.2 Volts AC.



Superboard II Power Supply Connections

Test Procedure 5 - Perform after Test Procedure 4

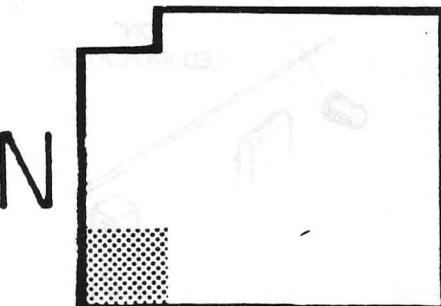
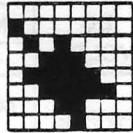
Purpose: Check video portion of the Superboard.

Equipment Needed: TTL Logic Probe

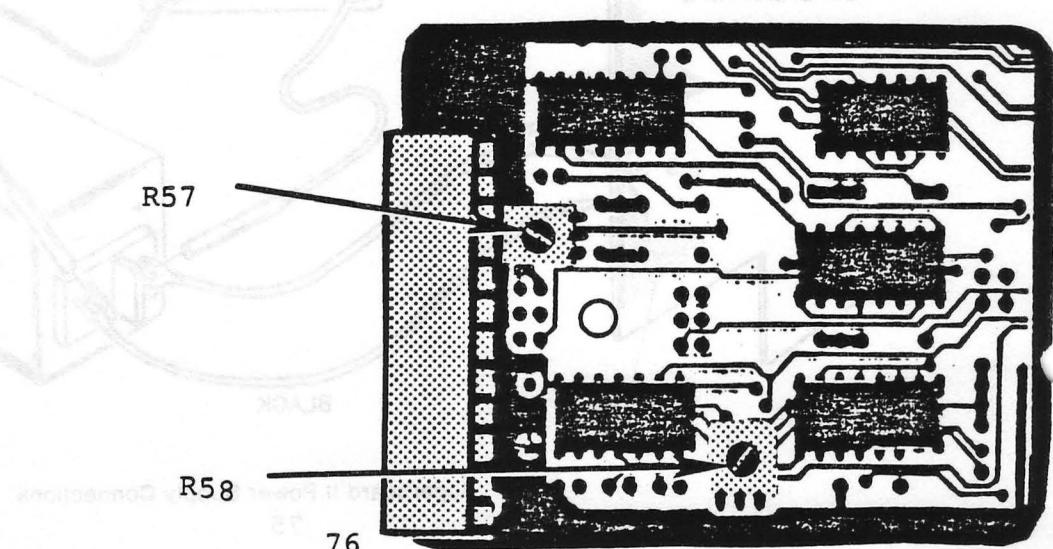
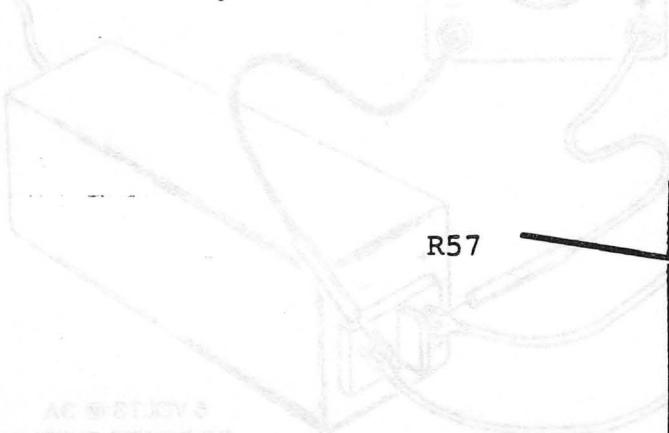
Procedure:

- () 1. Connect the video cable, previously attached to J2 in Step 40, to your monitor.
- () 2. Turn on the monitor and the power to the Superboard. Locate controls (trimmer potentiometers) R57 and R58 using the diagram below (northwest corner of the board).
- () 3. R58 controls the monitor screen brightness and horizontal tearing. Adjust this with a screwdriver until the display is steady. You should see a screen full of the graphics character illustrated below (OSI Character Graphics #255); however, a random mixture of graphics characters is not necessarily incorrect. If there is no display of characters, check all connections and check IC chips for bent pins.
- () 4. R57 adjusts the cassette interface. To set this properly, turn it full clockwise and then back one quarter of a turn.
(this setting can be fixed in place with a drop of nail polish or paint)

OSI Graphics.
Character #255



Note: The complete set of graphics characters may be found in the Appendix.



If you have a logic probe capable of testing TTL circuitry, perform the following additional tests:

()5. Locate J2, U8, U30, U58 and U60 on the Superboard.

()6. Check the following pins for a high-low pulse:

J2 - pin 12

U60 - pin 14

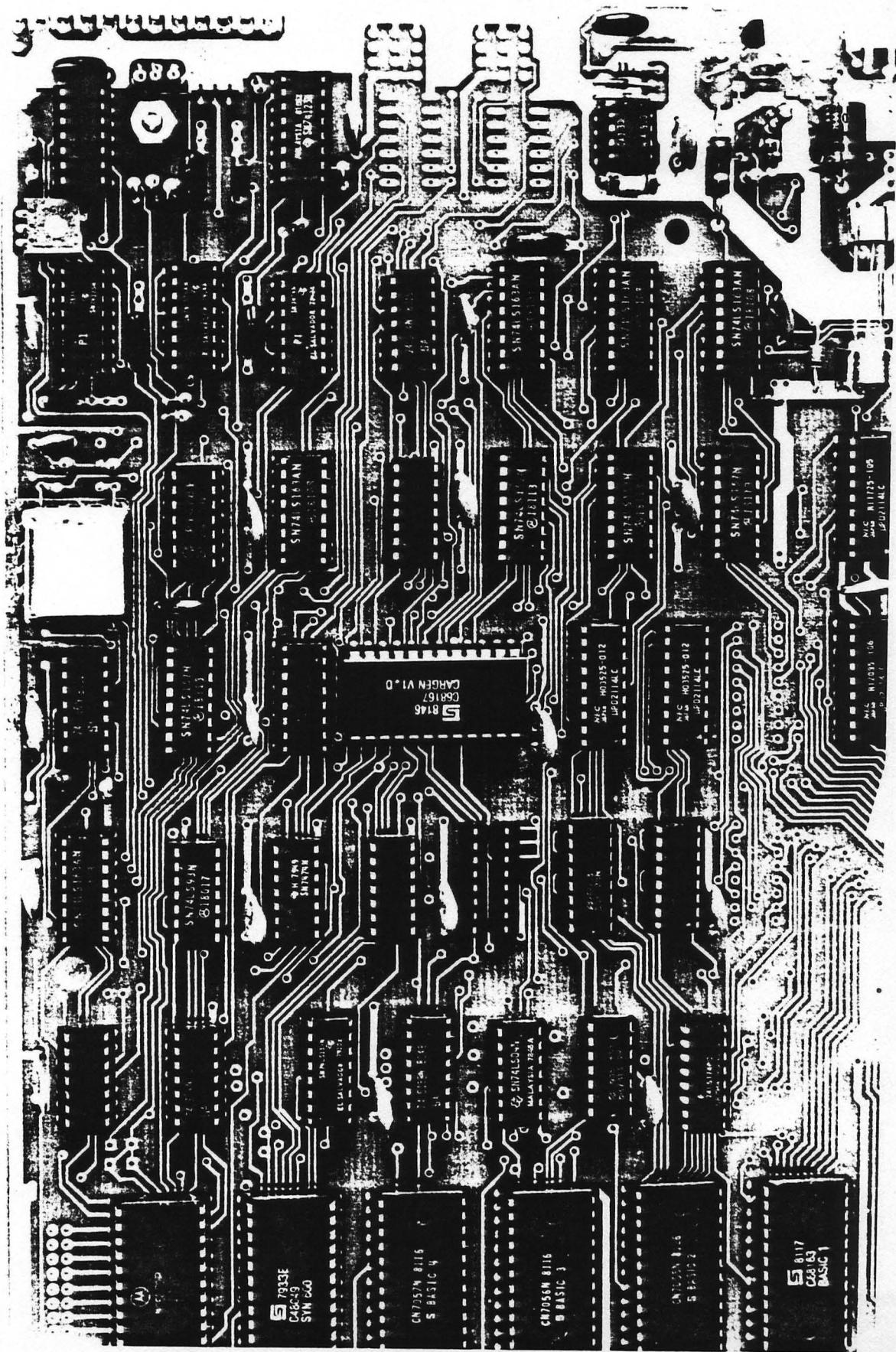
U30 - pins 11, 12, 13, 14, 15

These checks basically verify operation of circuitry that generates video and sync pulses.

()7. Check for a high-low pulse on pin 37 of U8. This will check operation of chip portions associated with the clock.

()8. Check for a high-low pulse on pin 8 of U58. This will confirm operation of the crystal and associated circuitry.

(Note: This last check may fail if your logic probe has a maximum input signal frequency of less than 3.93 MHz, the frequency of the Superboard crystal.)



STAGE IV: Final Assembly and Test

STAGE IV of your Superboard assembly will be carried out in three parts. Each part will have more than one step. Part one will be the inserting and testing of the 6502 microprocessor, the memory select, and the machine code monitor ROM chips in conjunction with 1K of RAM. Part two will be the inserting and testing of the rest of the ROM section. Also, the ACIA (Asynchronous Communications Interface Adapter) will be inserted here. The third part will be the installing of the rest of the RAM chips and the final testing of the Superboard. Figure IV-1 below shows the location of these areas.

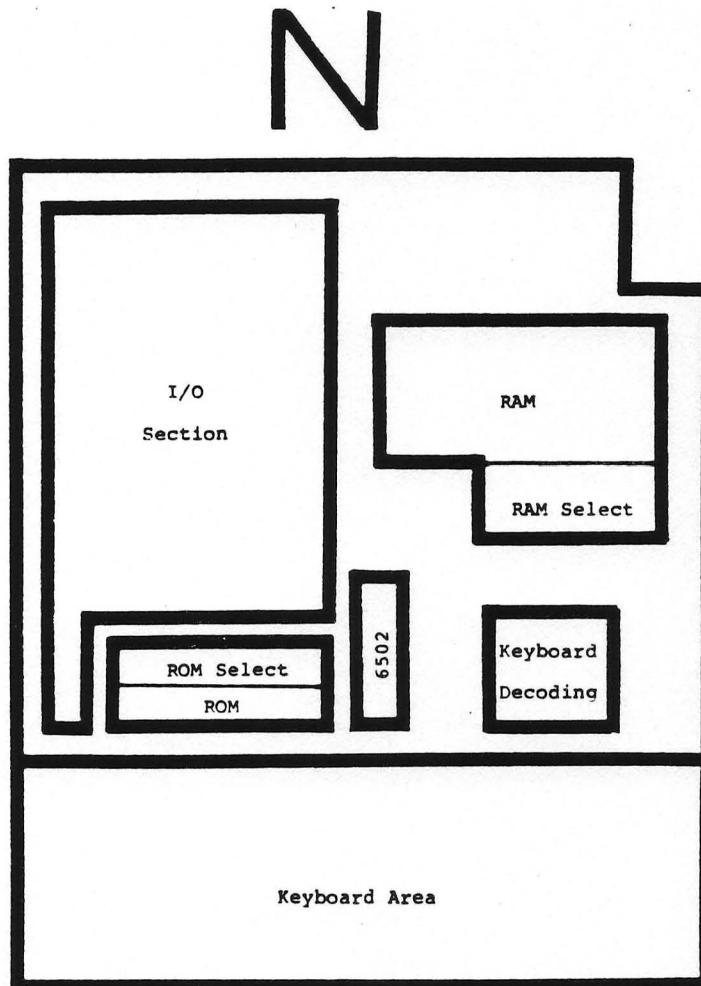


Figure IV-1

Stage IV Part 1

STAGE IV: Parts List (Bag H)

| PART NUMBER | QUANTITY | DESCRIPTION |
|---|----------|-------------|
| Check <input type="checkbox"/> IC-2114 | 16 | RAM |
| <input type="checkbox"/> IC-6502 | 1 | CPU |
| <input type="checkbox"/> IC-6850 | 1 | ACIA |
| <input type="checkbox"/> IC-74LS02 | 1 | TTL |
| <input type="checkbox"/> IC-74LS04 | 3 | TTL |
| <input type="checkbox"/> IC-74LS75 | 2 | TTL |
| <input type="checkbox"/> IC-74LS125 | 2 | TTL |
| <input type="checkbox"/> IC-74LS138 | 4 | TTL |
| <input type="checkbox"/> IC-74LS139 | 1 | TTL |
| <input type="checkbox"/> IC-74LS174 | 1 | TTL |
| <input type="checkbox"/> IC-BASIC 1 | 1 | ROM |
| <input type="checkbox"/> IC-BASIC 2 | 1 | ROM |
| <input type="checkbox"/> IC-BASIC 3 | 1 | ROM |
| <input type="checkbox"/> IC-BASIC 4 | 1 | ROM |
| <input type="checkbox"/> IC-SYN600 | 1 | ROM |

Note: As you locate each piece, check the appropriate box.

STAGE IV, Part One: Microprocessor, Memory Select, Monitor ROM and 1K RAM Installation.

NOTE: BE CERTAIN THE POWER TO YOUR SUPERBOARD IS OFF! All of the chips inserted during STAGE IV must be oriented with pin one toward the south end of the board.

Step 42 Use the procedure (observing the precautions) described at the beginning of STAGE III to insert the following IC chips.

() A. 6502 (microprocessor)

() B. 74LS125

count 2

Note: All IC's installed in this step should have pin 1 facing towards the south.

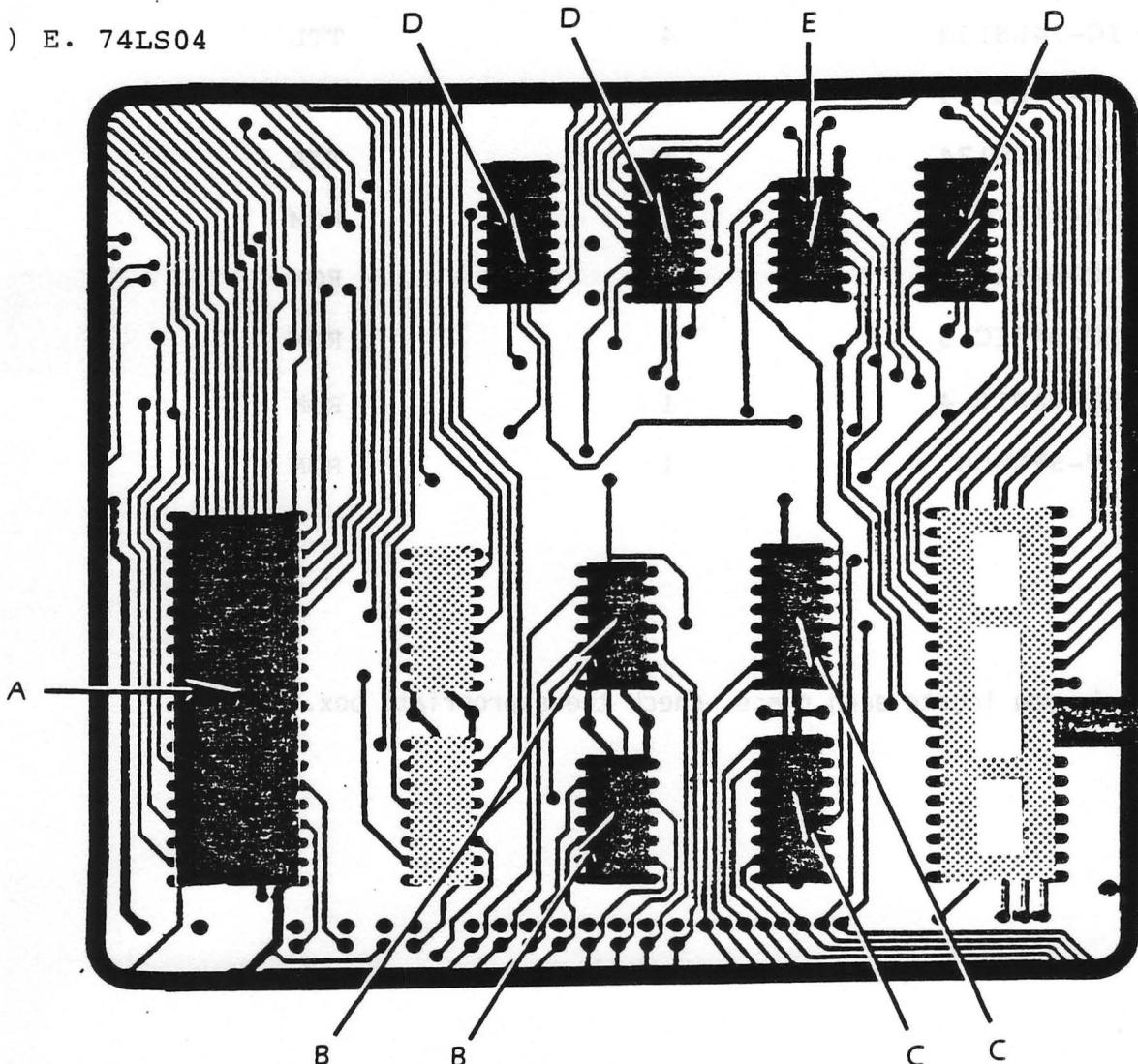
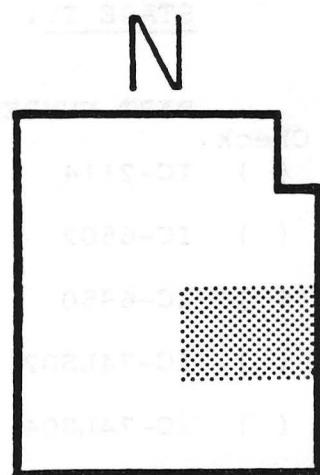
() C. 74LS75

count 2

() D. 74LS138

count 3

() E. 74LS04

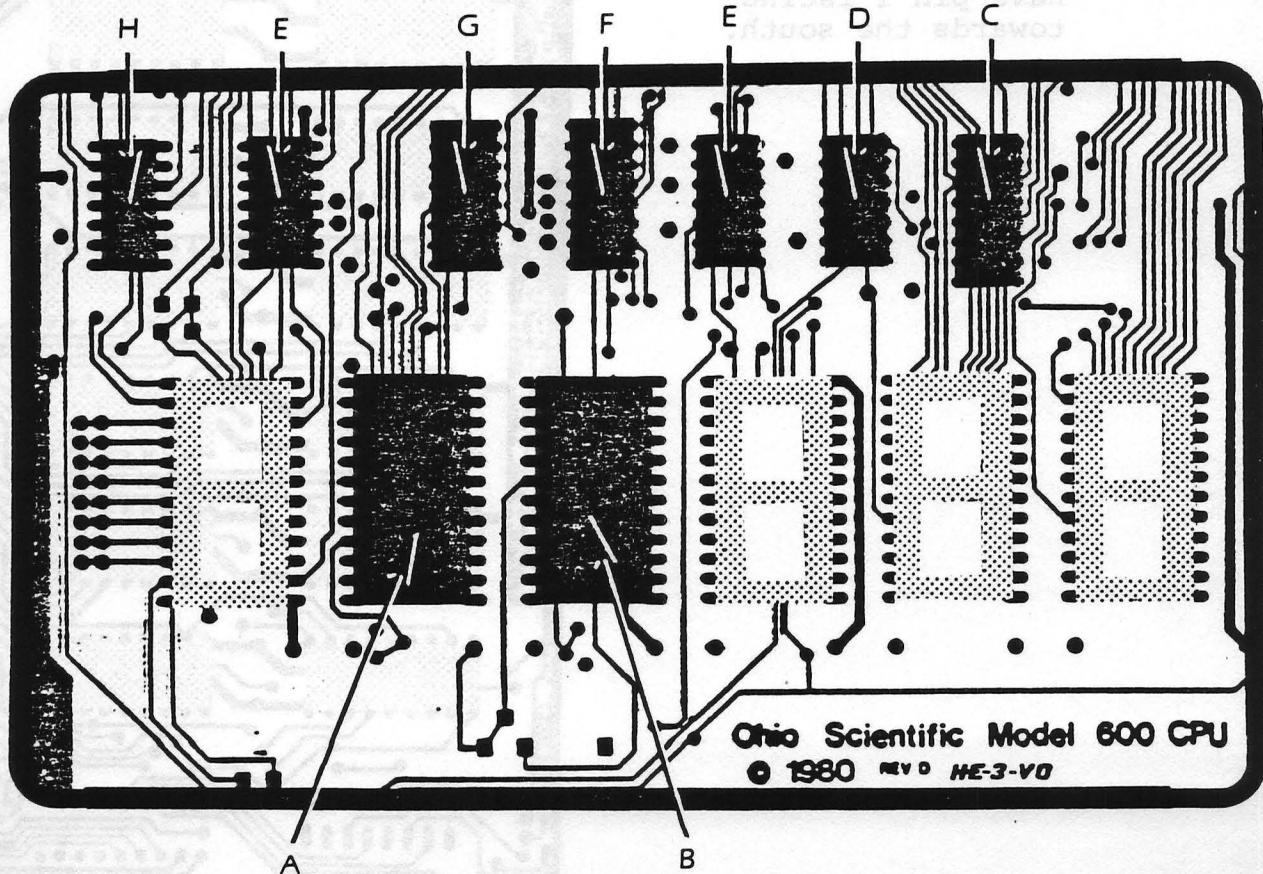
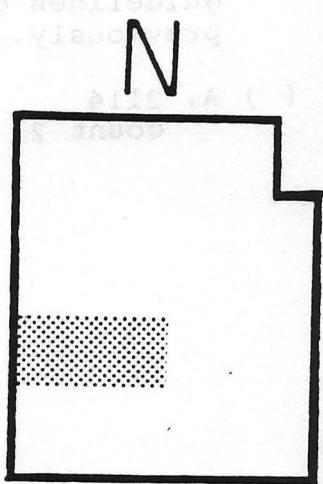


Step 43 Insert the following IC chips observing the guidelines given previously.

- () A. SYN 600
- () B. BASIC 4
- () C. 74LS174
- () D. 74LS02
- () E. 74LS04
count 2
- () F. 74LS138
- () G. 74LS139

Note: All IC's installed in this step should have pin 1 facing towards the south.

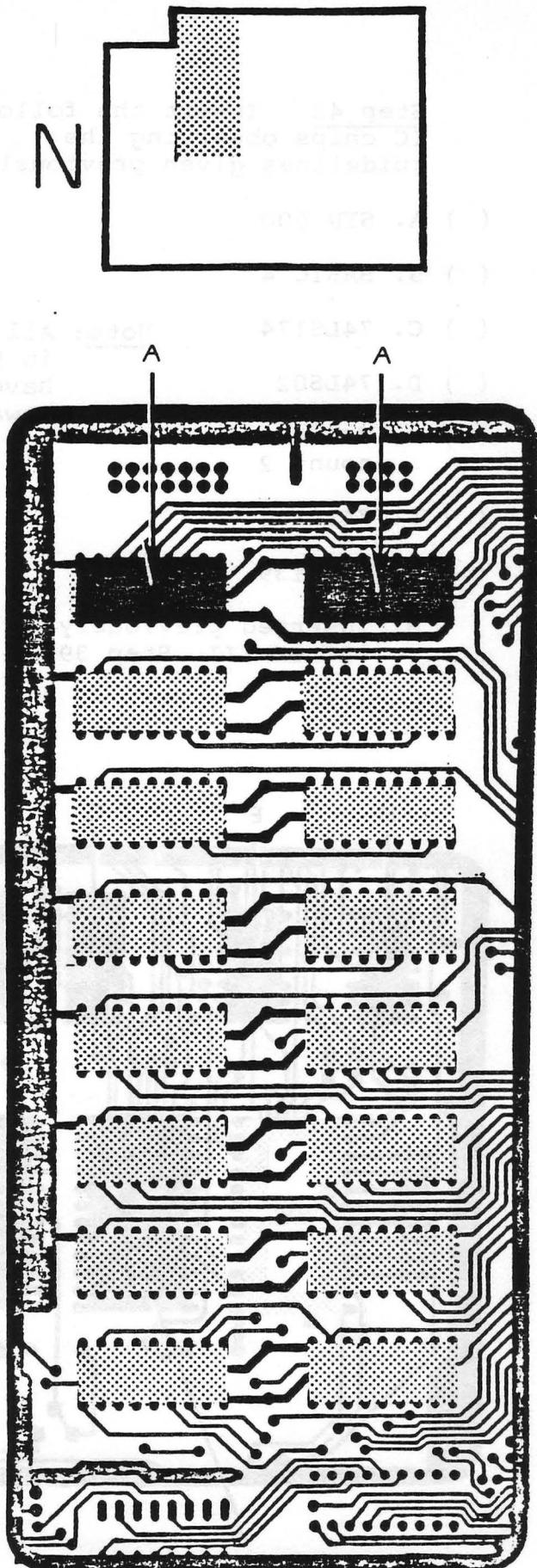
H. Inserted previously
(STAGE III, Step 39F)



Step 44 Insert the following IC chips observing the guidelines given previously.

() A. 2114
count 2

Note: All IC's installed in this step should have pin 1 facing towards the south.



() Test Procedure 6: Perform after step 44.

Purpose: Testing the function of the 6502 microprocessor, the memory select chips, and the machine code monitor ROM.

Carefully check all the IC chips you have installed to be certain no pins were bent during installation. Apply power to the board with the video monitor attached. The message

D/C/W/M ? *

should appear in the lower left of your screen. If the message does not appear, refer to the Trouble Shooting Chart at the end of the manual.

When the D/C/W/M ? message appears, check to be certain the SHIFT LOCK key is depressed. At this point, your Superboard will respond to only two keys. They are the 'M' key and the BREAK key. Press the 'M' key. The set of numbers

0000 XX *

should appear in the upper left of the screen. The XX set may be any combination of the numbers 0 - 9 and the letters A - F. If nothing happens, check that the SHIFT LOCK key is down and then press the BREAK key holding it down for about two seconds before releasing it. There should be a blink in the D/C/W/M ? message. Again press the 'M' key.

The four zeros are the address (in hexadecimal notation) for the lowest memory location. The two characters following the address value are the contents (in hexadecimal) of that memory location. The address value can be changed by simply pressing number keys or letter keys for A - F. To change the contents of a memory location, first press the '/' key (slash key) and then press number or A - F letter keys. In this mode of operation, pressing the RETURN key will increment to the next address. If a new value was entered before pressing the RETURN key, the new value will be stored in the memory location. If no change is made, the original value will remain in the location. Pressing the '.' key (period key) will allow you again to bring up any address by typing the value.

Try various combinations of address values and content values being sure to use all numbers 0 - 9 and letters A - F. You may bring up an address which corresponds to a ROM location or a non populated RAM location. In this case, the contents will be displayed, but you will be unable to change it. For example, if you bring up address F800, the contents will be A0. You can change this value on the screen, but when you again bring up F800, the contents will still be A0.

* The exact screen display is shown within a box for clarity.

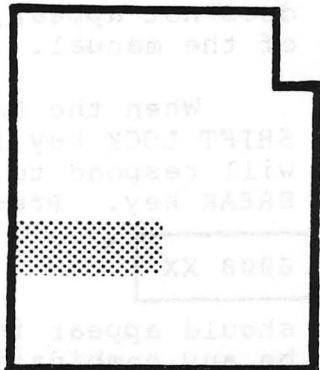
STAGE IV, Part Two: ACIA and BASIC chips installed in ROM Installation.

Step 45. DISCONNECT THE POWER FROM YOUR SUPERBOARD. Insert the following IC chips observing the guidelines given previously.

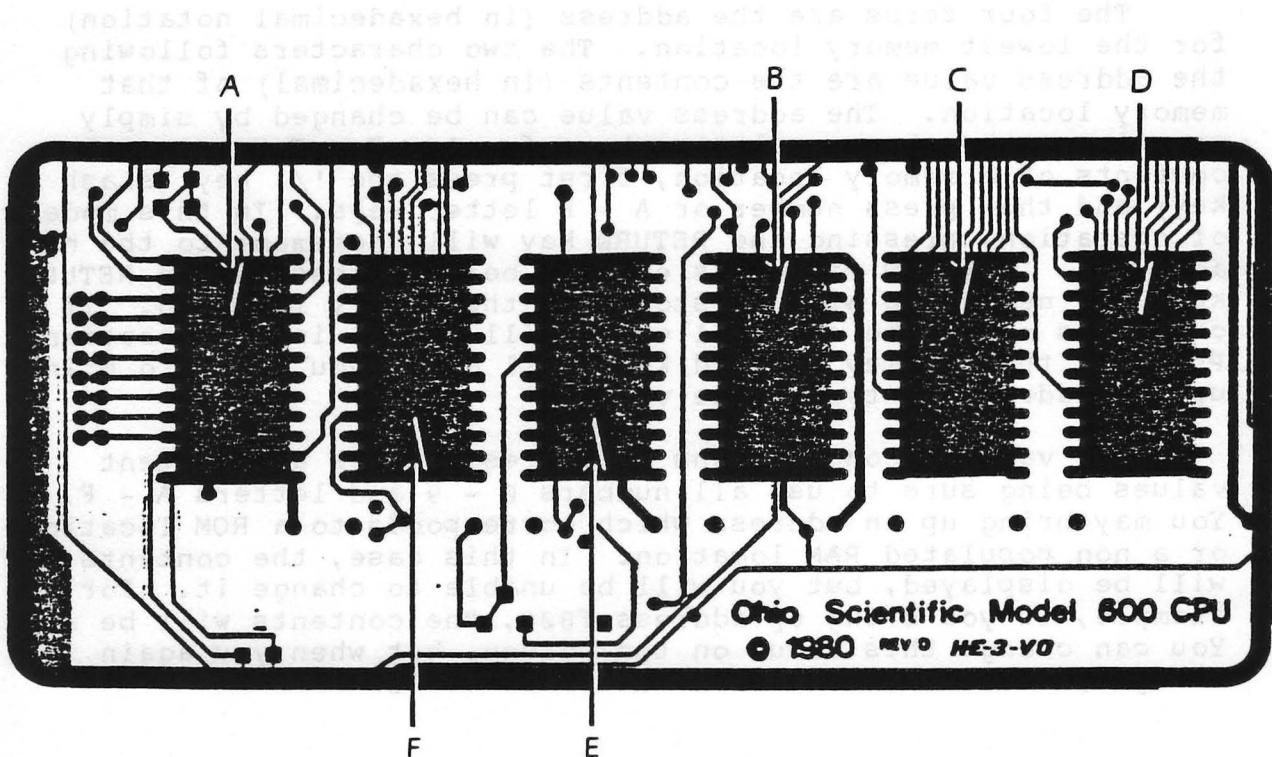
- () A. 6850 (ACIA)
- () B. BASIC 3
- () C. BASIC 2
- () D. BASIC 1
- E. Inserted previously
(STAGE IV, Step 43B)

Note: All IC's installed in this step should have pin 1 facing towards the south.

N



F. Inserted previously
(STAGE IV, Step 43A)



() Test Procedure 7: Perform after step 45.

Purpose: Testing of the BASIC-in-ROM chips.

Carefully check all the IC chips you have installed to be certain no pins have been bent. Apply power to the board with the video monitor attached. The message

D/C/W/M ?_ (The underline after the ? is the cursor.)

should appear in the lower left of your screen. Check to be certain that the SHIFT LOCK key is depressed. Press the 'C' key. The message

MEMORY SIZE?_

should appear under the D/C/W/M ? message (the first message will scroll up). Press the RETURN key to get the message

TERMINAL WIDTH?_

Again press the RETURN key. (Responses to these messages other than pressing RETURN are explained in the user's manuals available for your Superboard.) You should now see on the video display

D/C/W/M ?
MEMORY SIZE?
TERMINAL WIDTH?

255 BYTES FREE

OSI 6502 BASIC VERSION 1
.0 REV 3.2
COPYRIGHT 1977 BY MICROS
OFT CO.

OK

-

Now hold down the BREAK key until the D/C/W/M ? message appears. When you press the 'W' key, the BASIC prompt, OK, with the cursor under it, i.e.,

OK

-

should be displayed. Whenever this prompt and cursor combination is the bottom line on the video display, you can enter, list, and run programs in BASIC. At this point, however, you have only 255 bytes of memory workspace.

STAGE IV, Part Three:

RAM Installation.

Step 46 DISCONNECT THE

POWER FROM YOUR

SUPERBOARD. Insert the

following IC chips

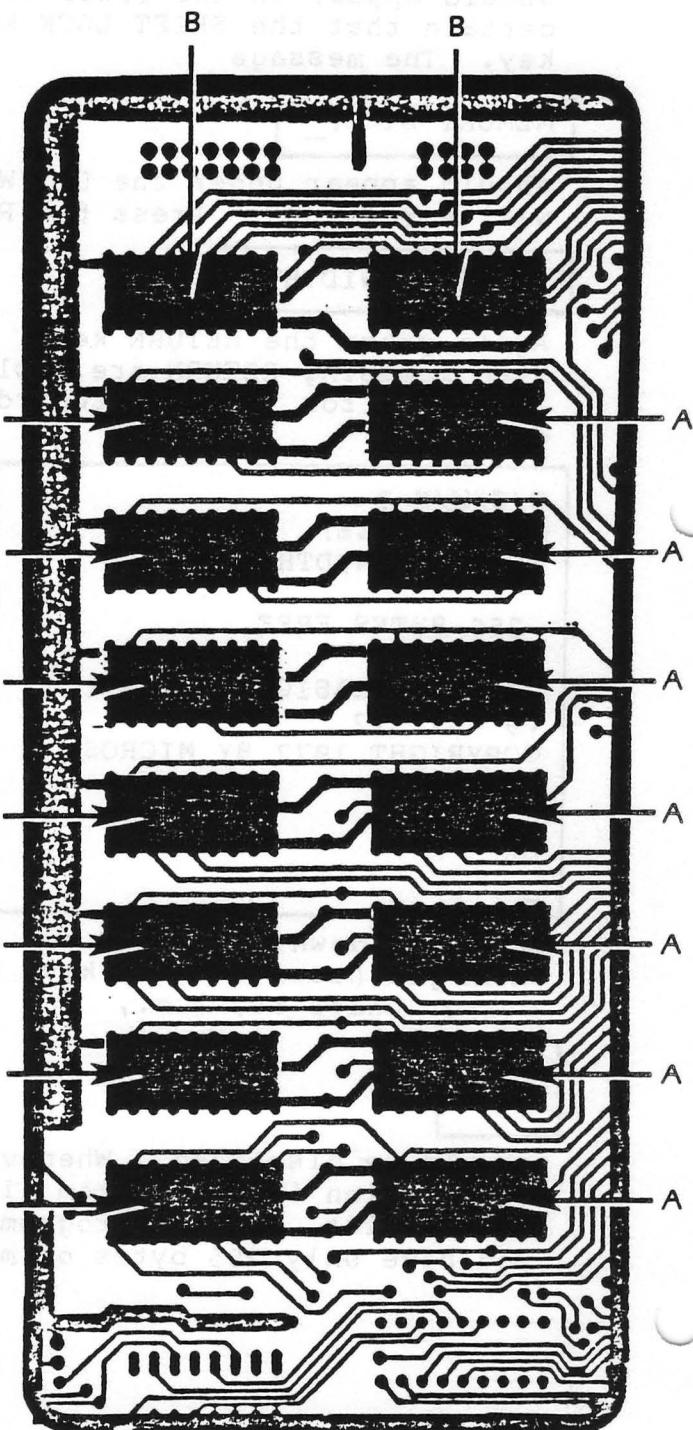
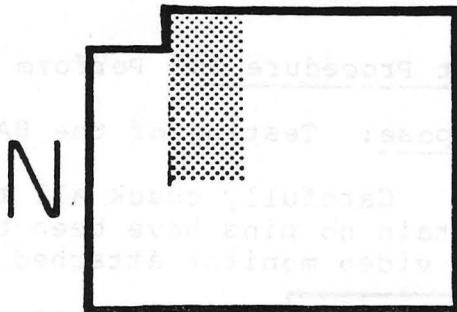
observing the guidelines

given previously.

- () A. 2114
count 14

- B. Inserted previously
(STAGE IV, Step 44A)

Note: All IC's installed
in this step should
have pin 1 facing
towards the south.



() Test Procedure 8: Perform after step 46.

Purpose: Test for proper memory size.

Carefully check all the IC chips you have installed to be certain no pins have been bent. Apply power to the board with the video monitor attached. The message

D/C/W/M ? _

should appear in the lower left of your screen. Check to be certain that the SHIFT LOCK key is depressed. Press the 'C' key. The message

MEMORY SIZE? _

should appear. Now press the RETURN key twice. You should now see on the video display

D/C/W/M ?
MEMORY SIZE?
TERMINAL WIDTH?

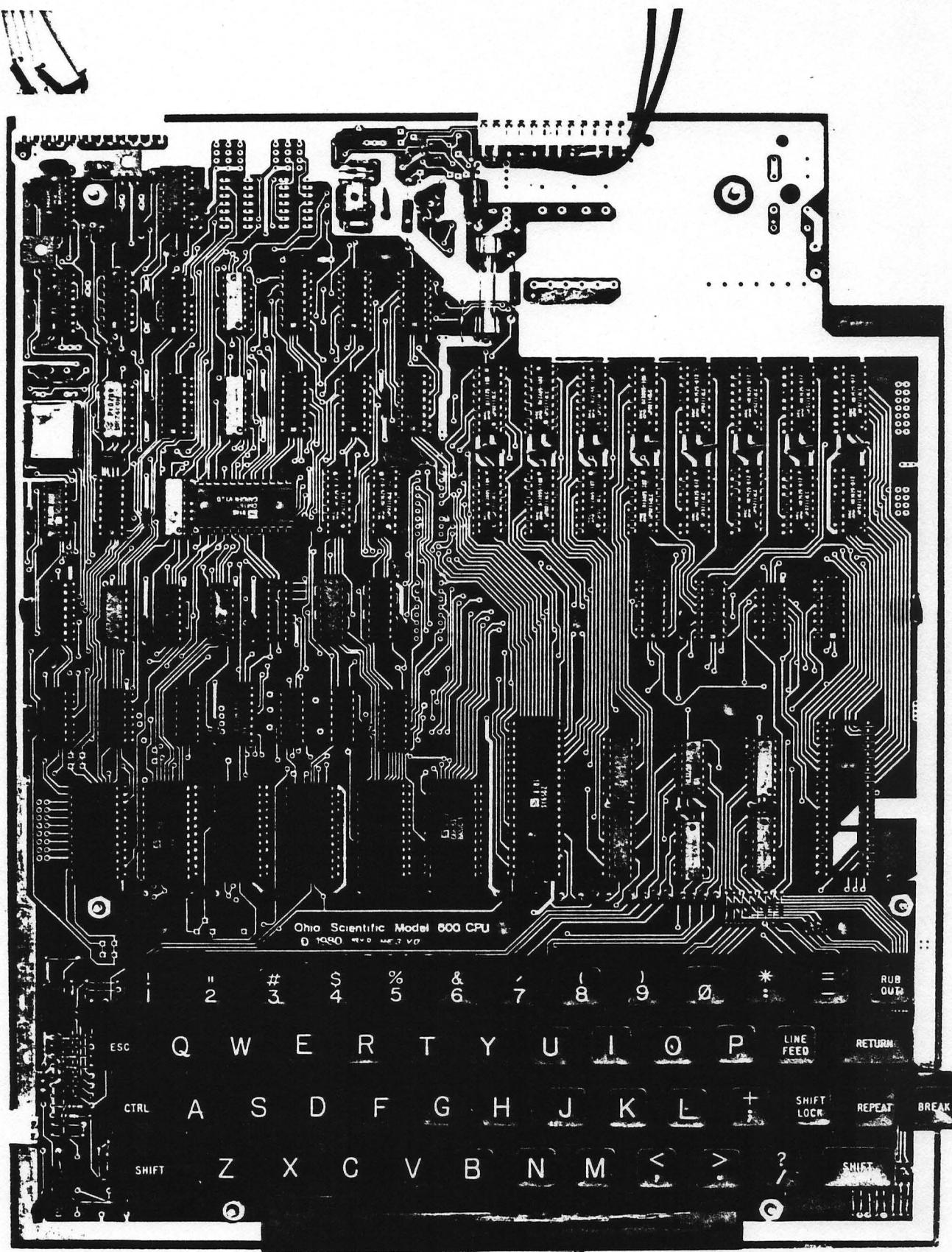
7423 BYTES FREE

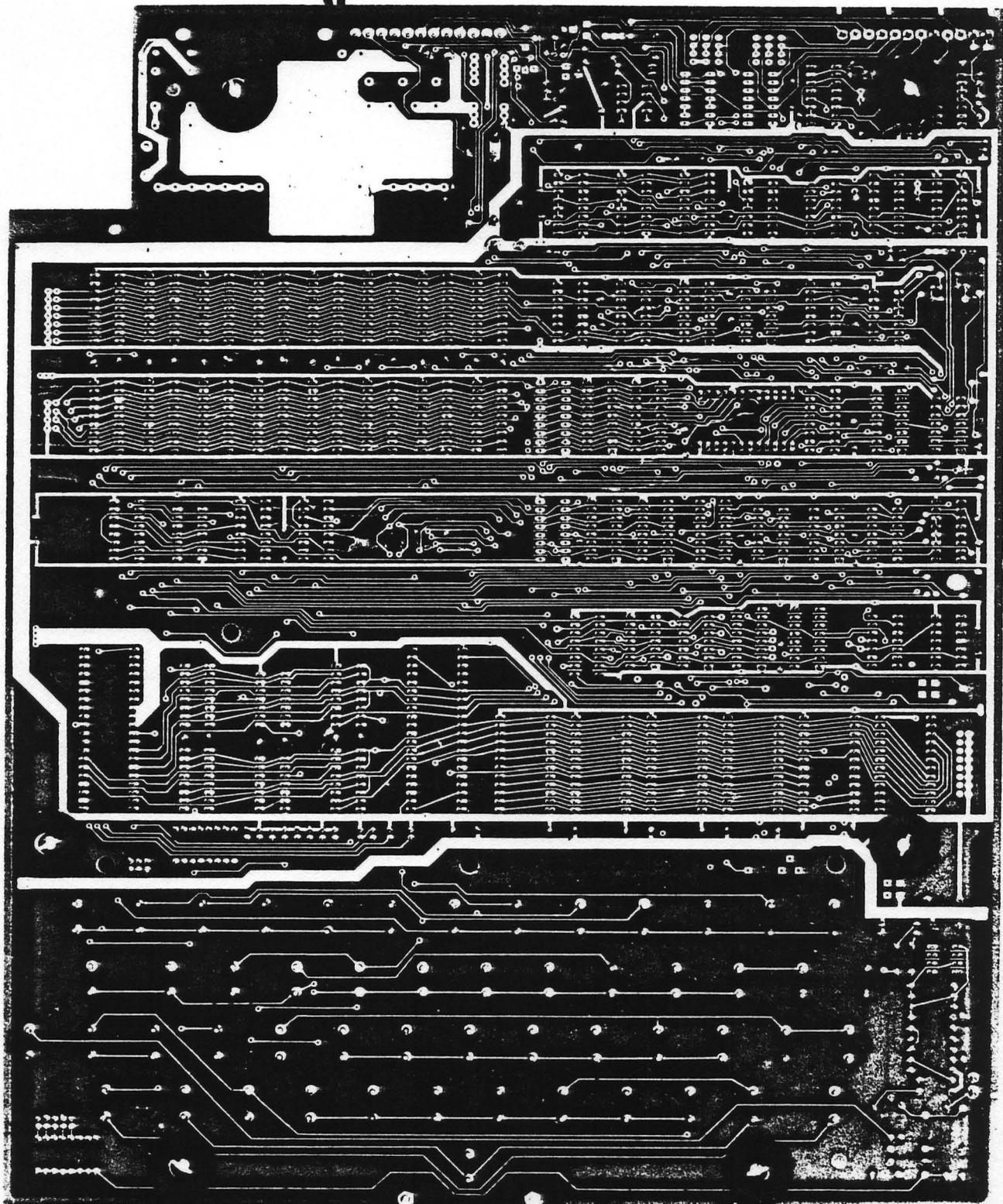
OSI 6502 BASIC VERSION 1
.0 REV 3.2
COPYRIGHT 1977 BY MICROS
OFT CO.

OK

Note particularly the number of bytes free. The number should be 7423. If it is not, there is a problem with one or more of the RAM chips or with the RAM chip select section. If the number is 7423, then your Superboard should now be completed and in proper operating condition. The functioning of the Superboard is the same as the Ohio Scientific C1P. Refer to the manuals supplied with your kit for operating instructions.

CONGRATULATIONS! You've done it.





Appendix I Superboard II and C1P Documentation

| | | |
|----|---|---------|
| 1. | C1P and C1P MF Introductory Manual | \$ 6.95 |
| 2. | The C1P User's Manual | 8.95 |
| 3. | C1P Technical Reference (Sam's schematics) | 7.95 |
| 4. | BASIC and the Personal Computer | 12.95 |
| 5. | 65V Primer (assembler introduction) | 5.95 |
| 6. | Understanding Your C1P and C4P | 7.95 |
| 7. | OSI BASIC Reference Manual | 6.95 |
| 8. | AE and EM Reference Manual (assembler editor and extended monitors) | 6.95 |
| 9. | How to Program Microcomputers (Barden) | 8.95 |

Note: All manuals written for the C1P and C1P MF (mini floppy) also apply to the Superboard II with appropriate adjustments for memory size, peripherals and so forth.

Appendix 2 Parts Bags -- Cross Reference

STAGE I

WHERE USED

| | |
|---|-----------|
| BAG A - Capacitors | I.4 |
| BAG B - IC-3130, IC-393, Diodes & Transistors | I.2 , I.5 |
| BAG C - Resistors & Pots | I.3 , I.5 |
| BAG D - Misc. Hardware, Sockets, LED | I.1 , I.5 |

STAGE II

| | |
|--|------|
| Bag E - Keys, Keyswitches & Key Hardware | II.1 |
|--|------|

STAGE III

| | |
|--|-------|
| BAG F - IC-7400, IC-7403, IC-7408, IC-74123, IC-7474, IC-74LS157, IC-74LS163, IC-74LS165, IC-74LS20, IC-74LS76, IC-74LS86, IC-74LS93, IC-8T28, (2) IC-2114-450, IC-74LS04 | III.1 |
| BAG G - Y-WA-3SB, IC-CARGEN | III.1 |

STAGE IV

| | |
|--|------|
| BAG H - IC-6502, IC-6850, IC-74LS02, IC-74LS04, IC-74LS125, IC-74LS138, IC-74LS139, IC-74LS174, IC-74LS75, IC-BASIC1, IC-BASIC2, IC-BASIC3 IC-BASIC4, IC-SYNMON | IV.1 |
|--|------|

| BAG A - Capacitors | | <u>I. PARTS</u> | |
|--------------------|----------------------|-----------------|-------------------|
| <u>PART #</u> | <u>DESCRIPTION</u> | <u>Count</u> | <u>Where Used</u> |
| C-102 | .001mf. | 4 | I.4 |
| C-103 | .01 mf. | 2 | |
| C-104 | .1 mf | 3 | |
| C-151 | 150 pf. | 3 | |
| C-270 | 27 pf. | 1 | |
| C-506 | 50 pf.* | 3 | |
| C-680 | 68 pf. | 1 | |
| CB-10410 | .1 mf bypass 10 volt | 39 | |

II. PARTS
56 pieces

* 47pf. capacitor may be substituted here.

BAG B - Diodes, Transistors, and TTL

| PART # | DESCRIPTION | QTY | REMARKS | WHERE USED |
|----------|------------------|-----------|---------|------------|
| Q-1N4001 | Diode rectifier | 1 | | I.2 |
| Q-1N914 | Diode | 26 | { | |
| Q-2N5225 | Transistor | 1 | | |
| Q-2N5226 | Transistor | 1 | | |
| IC-3130 | 8-pin chip (TTL) | 1 | | I.5 |
| IC-393 | 8-pin chip (TTL) | 1 | | |
| | | 31 pieces | | |
| 82 | | | | |

transistors and other large to moderate current diodes substituted at time (part no 82) local sources
bought and probably from local radio parts store
to accommodate with parts that may not be available
from catalog.

BAG C - Resistors & Pots

| <u>Where Used</u> | <u>PART #</u> | Ohms | 1/4w | 5% | # | <u>Color Code</u> |
|-------------------|---------------|------|------|-----|----|---------------------------|
| I.3 | R1-101 | 100 | " | " | 1 | brown-black-brown-gold |
| | R1-102 | 1K | " | " | 7 | brown-black-red-gold |
| | R1-103 | 10K | " | " | 8 | brown-black-orange-gold |
| | R1-104 | 100K | " | " | 4 | brown-black-yellow-gold |
| | R1-105 | 1M | " | " | 4 | brown-black-green-gold |
| | R1-106 | 10M | " | " | 1 | brown-black-blue-gold |
| | R1-153 | 15K | " | " | 1 | brown-green-orange-gold |
| | R1-163 | 16K | " | " | 1 | brown-blue-orange-gold |
| | R1-202 | 2K | " | " | 1 | red-black-red-gold |
| | R1-221 | 220 | " | " | 3 | red-red-brown-gold |
| | R1-333 | 33K | " | " | 1 | orange-orange-orange-gold |
| | R1-391 | 390 | " | " | 1 | orange-white-brown-gold |
| | R1-392 | 3.9K | " | " | 1 | orange-white-red-gold |
| | R1-471 | 470 | " | " | 4 | yellow-violet-brown-gold |
| | R1-472 | 4.7K | " | " | 12 | yellow-violet-red-gold |
| | R1-511 | 510 | " | " | 2 | green-brown-brown-gold |
| | R1-683 | 68K | " | " | 1 | blue-gray-orange-gold |
| | R1-822 | 8.2K | " | " | 1 | gray-red-red-gold |
| I.5 | R2-102 | 1K | 1/2 | 10% | 2 | brown-black-red-silver |
| | { RP-103 | 10K | pot | | 1 | |
| | { RP-502 | 5K | " | | 1 | |

58 pieces

Note: At times resistors of equal value but different tolerance level (5% or 10%) will be substituted. The fourth color band may, therefore, be gold or silver. This will not affect the performance of your computer.

BAG D - Miscellaneous Hardware

| <u>where used</u> | <u>Part #</u> | <u>Count</u> | <u>Description</u> | <u>Part Number</u> |
|-------------------|--|--------------------------------------|---|----------------------------|
| I.5 | { HW-FH2 SC-12FM SC-14FI SC-16FI SC-18FI Solder SC-24FI | 2 2 16 25 18 1 7 | | 0-1 2132-1 WH-K242-A-WH |
| I.1 | { SC-40FI X-395 HW-N632 HW-RBI HW-S632.50 HW-WM6 HW-WMI6 L-LED1 | 2 1 6 6 6 6 6 1 | Nut Rubber feet Screw Flat washer Lock washer | WH-K242-B(WH) |
| I.5 | { SC-2FM | 1 | | WH-K242-C(WH) |
| | { Y-WA-SBCF Y-WA-SBCM | 1 1 | Power connector asmbly - female " " " " male | WH-K242-D(WH) |

108 pieces

BAGE Keys, Keyswitches and Key Hardware
Parts List

| <u>where used</u> | <u>Part Number</u> | <u>Quantity</u> | <u>Description</u> |
|-------------------|--------------------|-----------------|---|
| | HW-KEYS 1-0 | 10 | Numerical Keyboard Caps |
| | HW-KEYS A-Z | 26 | Letter Keyboard Caps |
| | HW-KEYS (Misc) | 17 | Misc. Keyboard Caps: RETURN RUB OUT LINE FEED SHIFT LOCK SHIFT (2) REPEAT BREAK ESC CTRL *: 1804-02 =: 1804-X +; 1804-WH ?/ 1804-WH <, 1804-WH >. 1804-J Spacebar 1804-02 |
| II.1 | HW-KEYS SWITCH | 52 | Keyboard Switches |
| | HW-KEYS SW ALT. | 1 | Locking Keyboard Switch |
| | Spacebar Hardware | 8 | Hardware for Mounting Spacebar: Left bracket Right bracket Spacebar mount Spacebar metal bar Screws (2) Nuts (2) |
| | <hr/> 114 pieces | | |

Stage III IC's

BAG F -

| <u>where used</u> | <u>Part #</u> | <u>Count</u> | <u>Description</u> |
|-------------------|---------------|--------------|--------------------|
| III.1 | IC-7400 | 1 | E-AN-3 |
| | IC-7403 | 1 | RAD-21 |
| | IC-7408 | 1 | 200-3 |
| | IC-74123 | 2 | 222-3 |
| | IC-7474 | 2 | |
| | IC-74LS157 | 4 | |
| | IC-74LS163 | 5 | |
| | IC-74LS165 | 1 | |
| | IC-74LS20 | 2 | |
| | IC-74LS76 | 1 | |
| | IC-74LS86 | 1 | |
| | IC-74LS93 | 1 | |
| | IC-8T28 | 2 | |
| | IC-2114-450 | 2 | |
| | IC-74LS04 | 1 | |
| <hr/> 27 pieces | | | |

BAG G - Video/Cassette Subassembly

| <u>where used</u> | <u>Part #</u> | <u>Count</u> |
|-------------------|---------------|--------------|
| III.1 | Y-WA-3SB | 1 |
| | IC-CARGEN | 1 |
| | F-005 | 1 |
| <hr/> | | |
| 3 pieces | | |

Description

Video cassette wiring harness
24 pin chip

Fuse

base players

- 3 DAS

IC-21400
IC-21403
IC-21405
IC-21409
IC-21423
IC-21434
IC-21452
IC-21462
IC-21472
IC-21473
IC-21474
IC-21478
IC-21480
IC-21482
IC-21488
IC-21493
IC-21495
IC-21499
IC-21504
IC-21514-150
IC-21520

31 pieces

Stage IV IC's

| <u>BAG H -</u> | <u>Part #</u> | <u>Count</u> | <u>Description</u> |
|---------------------------|---------------|--------------|--------------------|
| <u>where used</u> IV.1 | IC-6502 | 1 | |
| | IC-6850 | 1 | |
| | IC-74LS02 | 1 | |
| | IC-74LS04 | 3 | |
| | IC-74LS125 | 2 | |
| | IC-74LS138 | 4 | |
| | IC-74LS139 | 1 | |
| | IC-74LS174 | 1 | |
| | IC-74LS75 | 2 | |
| | IC-BASIC1 | 1 | |
| | IC-BASIC2 | 1 | |
| | IC-BASIC3 | 1 | |
| | IC-BASIC4 | 1 | |
| | IC-SYNMON | 1 | |
| | IC-2114 | 16 | |
| | | 37 pieces | |

Appendix 3

TROUBLE SHOOTING CHART

| <u>PROBLEM</u> | <u>POSSIBLE CAUSE</u> |
|---|---|
| Blank screen on power up | Defective video cable Improper adjustment of R58 Crystal oscillator circuit failure Video timing chain malfunction Defective monitor ROM Defective BASIC 4 |
| Random graphics on power-up (or) BREAK key not functional | Auto Reset Circuit Malfunction (U80, R76-85, C60-62, C64, D25-27, D30-32) |
| Rolling screen (after monitor vertical hold adjustment) | Malfunction of Vertical sync (U65) or associated circuitry Improper video timing (U61) |
| Split screen (2 screens, 4 screens) | Improper video timing (U59) Improper video addressing (U53) |
| Wrong number of free memory bytes | Bad RAM chip Bad RAM select chip |
| No OK prompt displayed | Bad BASIC 1 |
| No lower case characters | Bad character generator |
| Goes to monitor but won't cold start | Bad BASIC chip Bad ROM select chip Bad first 1k of RAM |
| Key does not function | Bad keyboard decoding chip (U2-5, D1-8, D17-24) |

EXTERNAL STORAGE OF PROGRAMS

All models of the Challenger 1P line of computers, including the Superboard II, include an audio cassette interface. This interface allows a standard audio cassette recorder to be used for program storage and playback. Although cassette I/O is not as convenient as disk I/O, it provides an inexpensive means of building a permanent library of programs. Moreover, a large library of applications software is available on cassette from Ohio Scientific through your local Ohio Scientific dealer.

CASSETTE STORAGE

In section seven the user learned how to attach a cassette recorder to the Challenger 1P and was introduced to the procedure for loading and running prerecorded or "canned" programs. This section describes the use of both cassettes and diskettes for saving programs.

The following instructions describe how to record a program onto a cassette tape. These instructions can be used to record any BASIC program contained in the workspace whether the program was entered line-by-line through the keyboard or was itself initially loaded from cassette. Recall that the selector switch on the rear panel of the C1P must be set to the left (cassette) position in order to do SAVEs and LOADs with cassettes.

These instructions can, for example, be used to create a backup of the Sampler tape provided with your cassette based Challenger 1P by loading each program from the Sampler tape and then recording it onto a blank tape.

It is recommended that you use new or thoroughly erased cassettes of good quality for recording programs to avoid noise and other problems associated with old cassettes.

When your program is in the form you wish to save, place a cassette in the recorder and rewind the cassette so that the tape leader is visible on the right-hand spool (or to the point at which you wish to store the program if you are storing more than one program on a cassette). The following sequence of instructions will then store the program on the cassette.

1. Type **SAVE <RETURN>**.
2. Type **NUL8 <RETURN>**.
3. Type **LIST** but do not press **<RETURN>** yet.
4. Now turn on the tape recorder in the RECORD mode. When the tape (dark brown) begins to wind onto the right-hand spool, wait 5 seconds and press **<RETURN>**.

The program will begin listing on the screen and to the cassette port. When the last line of the program is listed, wait a few seconds and turn off the recorder. To reset the computer to keyboard input

5. Type in **LOAD <RETURN>**.
6. Press **<SPACE>** followed by **<RETURN>**.

Each cassette should be labeled to identify the contents. If you wish to protect the contents from accidental erasure, break out the appropriate "record protect" tab from the rear edge of the cassette. The sample programs in Section Nine and Ten can be used to practice saving and loading programs.

Programs stored on cassette using the above procedure can be loaded using the technique described in section seven. This procedure can be modified slightly to store programs on cassette in an autorun format. These programs automatically run themselves once they are loaded from cassette. The procedure described above must be modified in the following manner to make an autorun cassette:

1. The first line of the program to be saved must be

POKE 515, 0

- Follow the SAVE procedure described above only to step 5. Between steps 4 and 5 type in RUN before you turn off the tape recorder, then type LOAD <RETURN>.

Although a cassette recorder provides an inexpensive means of storing programs, the LOAD and SAVE procedures are slow, and keeping track of the location of multiple programs on a cassette can be cumbersome. A mini-floppy disk unit provides a much faster and more convenient method of saving and loading files. The Challenger 1P MF Series 2 is a mini-floppy disk based version of the C1P. In addition to all the features of the standard C1P, it incorporates a single mini-floppy disk drive and 20K of RAM. The C1P MF Series 2 comes complete with two disk operating systems—PICO DOS and OS-65D. The extra RAM memory is necessary to use these disk operating systems since these operating systems are themselves stored in RAM each time the disk is loaded.

The PICO DOS or disk operating system uses ROM BASIC. It allows the use of cassette originated programs on diskettes. PICO DOS occupies approximately 4K of RAM and operates with a fixed 8K workspace. Thus PICO DOS can actually be utilized on a C1P system with a 610 expander board and 12K of RAM. This is an intermediate growth step between the C1P Series 2 and the C1P MF Series 2.

The OS-65D operating system is a more powerful disk operating system. This disk operating system occupies somewhat over 12K of RAM and uses 9-digit BASIC by Microsoft rather than the built-in ROM BASIC. With 20K of RAM, the C1P MF Series 2 has an 8K workspace under the OS-65D disk operating system. With added memory the workspace under OS-65D can be expanded to 20K (or a total of 32K RAM).

Mini-floppy diskettes and disk drives are precision pieces of hardware and require reasonable care to insure continued satisfactory performance. Appendix 8 includes some guidelines on the handling of floppy diskettes ad disk drives.

LOADING CASSETTE PROGRAMS

The standard cassette based Challenger 1P and the Superboard II are supplied with a C1P Sampler cassette, which contains a selection of programs illustrating various capabilities of the Challenger 1P system. The following instructions describe how to load and run programs stored on cassette.

With the cassette recorder attached to the C1P as described in section five and the selector switch on the rear panel set to the left position follow the instructions given in section six to enter BASIC-in-ROM. The BASIC prompt OK should be displayed in the lower left corner of the screen. Place the cassette containing the program to be loaded in the recorder and go through the following sequence of instructions:

- Rewind the cassette until the tape leader is visible.
- Type in NEW <RETURN>. This erases any program which might currently be stored in the workspace.
- Type LOAD but do not press <RETURN> yet.
- Turn on the tape recorder to play the tape. (Remember to set the volume and tone controls at the mid to high ranges.) When the tape (dark brown) begins to wind onto the right-handed spool press <RETURN>.

Within a few moments, the program will begin listing on the screen. Loading of a program usually takes from 1 to 5 minutes depending upon the length of the program being loaded.

- When the program loading is complete, the following lines will appear on the screen

OK
?S ERROR

OK

and the cassette recorder can be turned off.

- To complete the loading of the program press <SPACE> followed by <RETURN>.

The program is now stored in the workspace and can be executed by entering the command RUN or inspected by entering the command LIST.

The above instructions assume that the program to be loaded is the first program on the cassette tape. When more than one program is stored on a cassette, the tape should be advanced to a point just preceding the program to be loaded rather than being rewound. With the Sampler cassette, load the first program and do not rewind the cassette recorder. Once you have run the first program, the tape will be in place to LOAD and RUN the next program on the cassette.

Appendix 5 -- Video Memory Maps (Screens)

| HEX | DEC. | | DEC. | HEX |
|------------|-------------|--|-------------|------------|
| \$D085 | 53381 | | 53404 | D09C |
| D0A5 | 53413 | | 53436 | D06C |
| D0C5 | 53445 | | 53468 | D0DC |
| D0E5 | 53477 | | 53500 | D0FC |
| D105 | 53509 | | 53532 | D11C |
| D125 | 53541 | | 53564 | D13C |
| D145 | 53573 | | 53596 | D15C |
| D165 | 53505 | | 53628 | D17C |
| D185 | 53637 | | 53660 | D19C |
| D1A5 | 53669 | | 53692 | D1BC |
| D1C5 | 53701 | | 53724 | D1DC |
| D1E5 | 53733 | | 53756 | D1FC |
| D205 | 53765 | | 53788 | D21C |
| D225 | 53797 | | 53820 | D23C |
| D245 | 53829 | | 53852 | D25C |
| D265 | 53861 | | 53884 | D27C |
| D285 | 53893 | | 53916 | D29C |
| D2A5 | 53925 | | 53948 | D2BC |
| D2C5 | 53957 | | 53980 | D2DC |
| D2E5 | 53989 | | 54012 | D2FC |
| D305 | 54021 | | 54044 | D31C |
| D325 | 54053 | | 54076 | D33C |
| D345 | 54085 | | 54108 | D35C |
| D365 | 54117 | | 54140 | D37C |

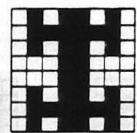
Figure 7: Video Memory Map (24 × 24 Format)

| HEX | DEC. | | DEC. | HEX |
|------------|-------------|--|-------------|------------|
| D0BB | 53387 | | 53434 | D08A |
| D0CB | 53451 | | 53498 | D0FA |
| D10B | 53515 | | 53562 | D13A |
| D14B | 53579 | | 53626 | D17A |
| D18B | 53643 | | 53690 | D1BA |
| D1CB | 53707 | | 53754 | D1FA |
| D20B | 53771 | | 53818 | D23A |
| D24B | 53835 | | 53882 | D27A |
| D28B | 53899 | | 53946 | D2BA |
| D2CB | 53963 | | 54010 | D2FA |
| D30B | 54027 | | 54074 | D33A |
| D34B | 54091 | | 54138 | D37A |

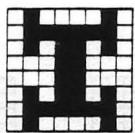
Figure 8: Video Memory Map (12 × 48 Format)

APPENDIX 6

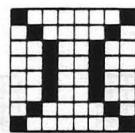
CHARACTER GRAPHICS



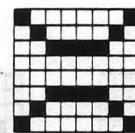
0 \$0



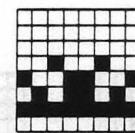
1 \$1



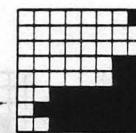
2 \$2



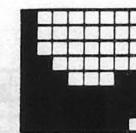
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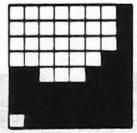
4 \$4



5 \$5



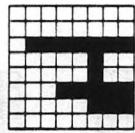
6 \$6



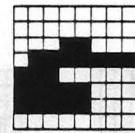
7 \$7



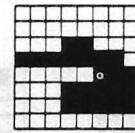
8 \$8



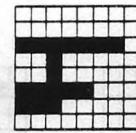
9 \$9



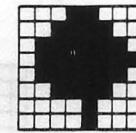
10 \$A



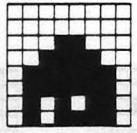
11 \$B



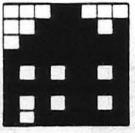
12 \$C



13 \$D



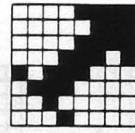
14 \$E



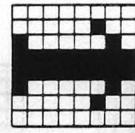
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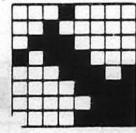
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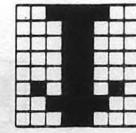
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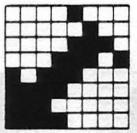
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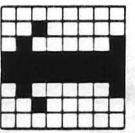
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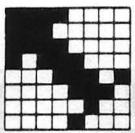
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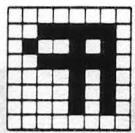
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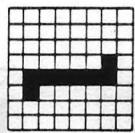
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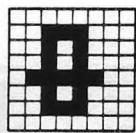
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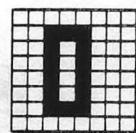
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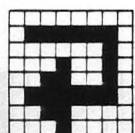
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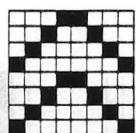
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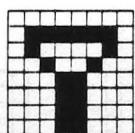
27 \$1B



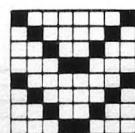
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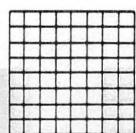
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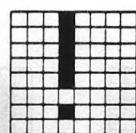
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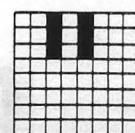
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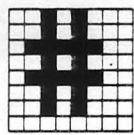
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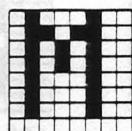
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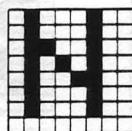
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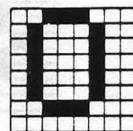
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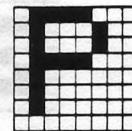
77 \$4D



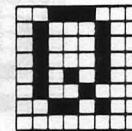
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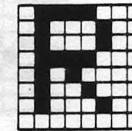
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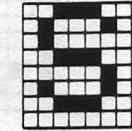
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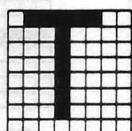
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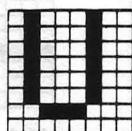
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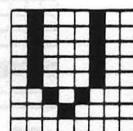
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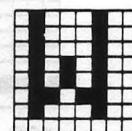
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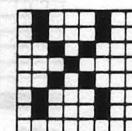
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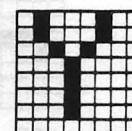
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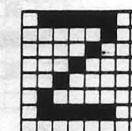
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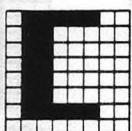
88 \$58



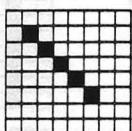
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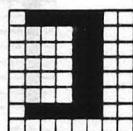
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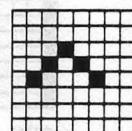
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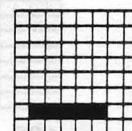
92 \$5C



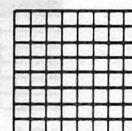
93 \$5D



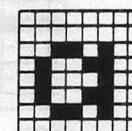
94 \$5E



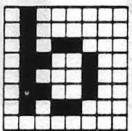
95 \$5F



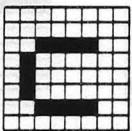
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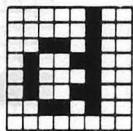
97 \$61



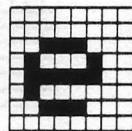
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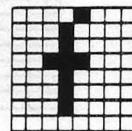
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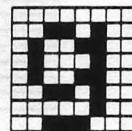
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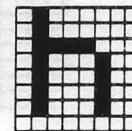
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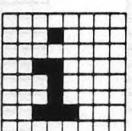
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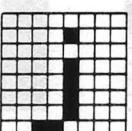
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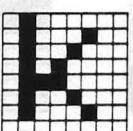
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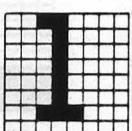
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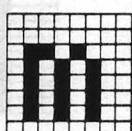
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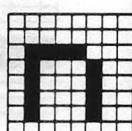
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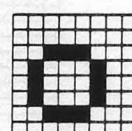
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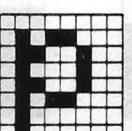
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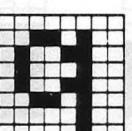
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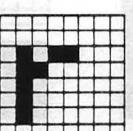
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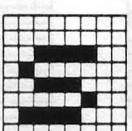
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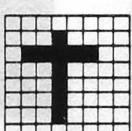
113 \$71



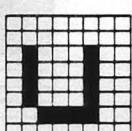
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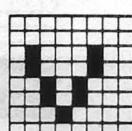
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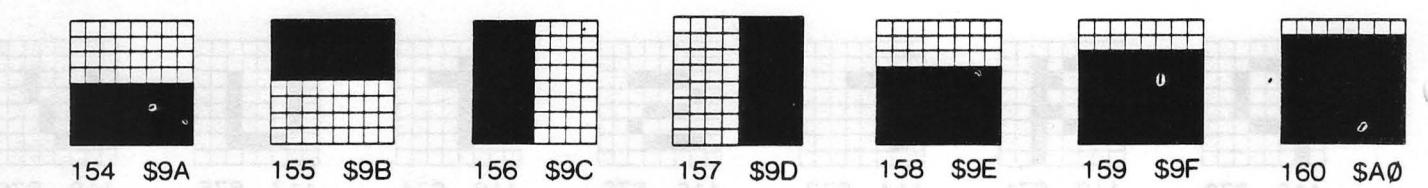
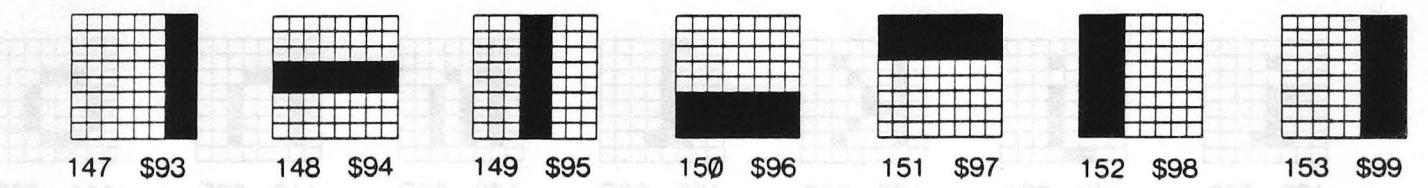
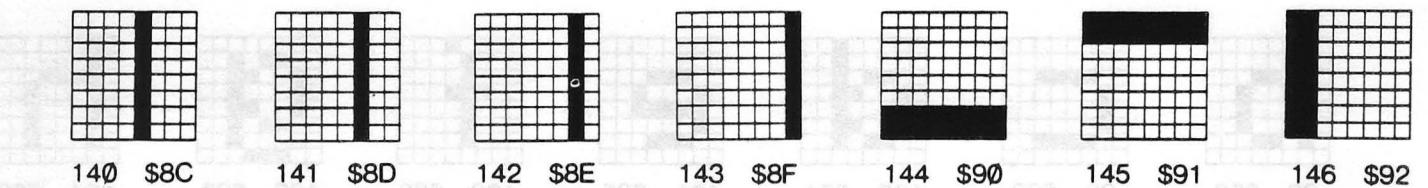
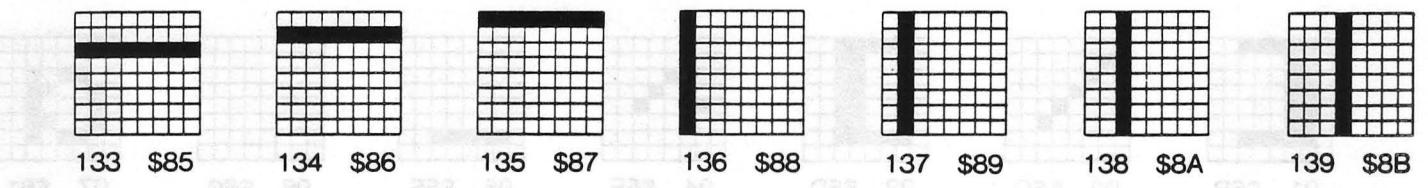
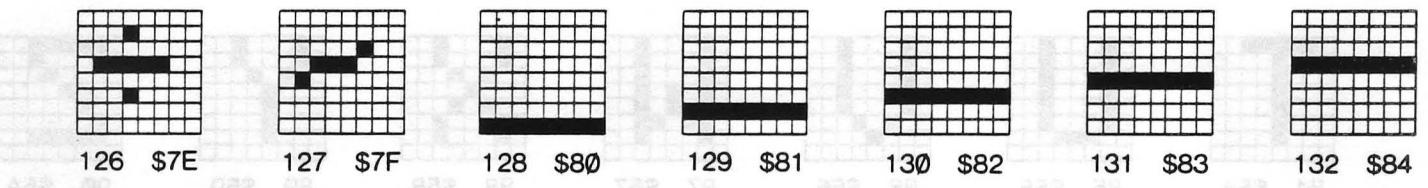
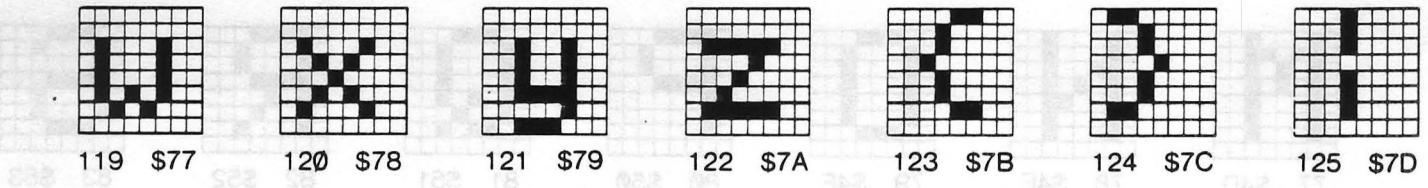
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117 \$75

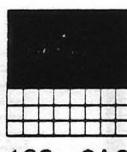


118 \$76

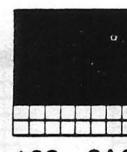




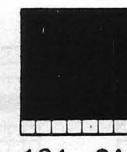
161 \$A1



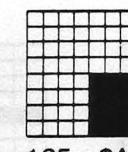
162 \$A2



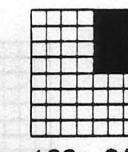
163 \$A3



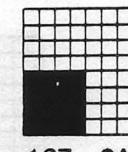
164 \$A4



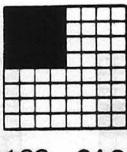
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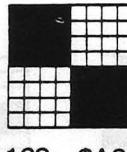
166 \$A6



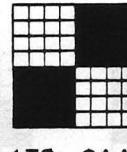
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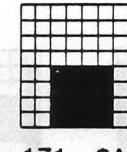
168 \$A8



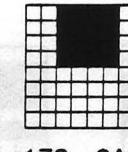
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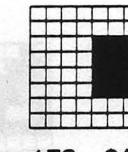
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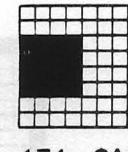
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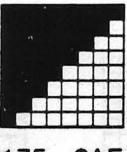
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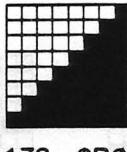
173 \$AD



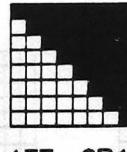
174 \$AE



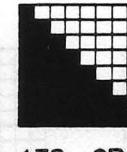
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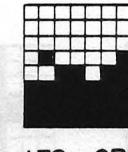
176 \$B0



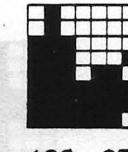
177 \$B1



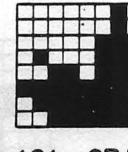
178 \$B2



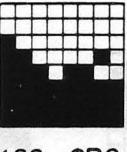
179 \$B3



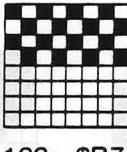
180 \$B4



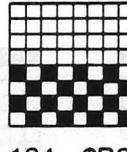
181 \$B5



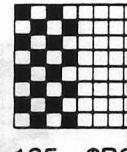
182 \$B6



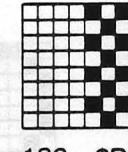
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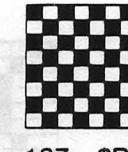
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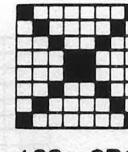
185 \$B9



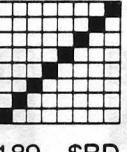
186 \$BA



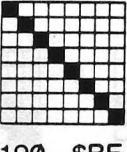
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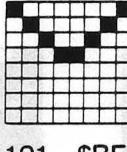
188 \$BC



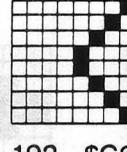
189 \$BD



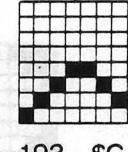
190 \$BE



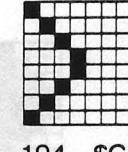
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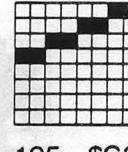
192 \$C0



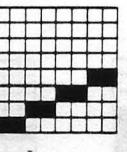
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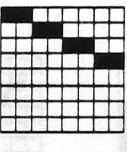
194 \$C2



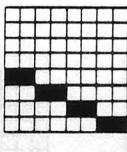
195 \$C3



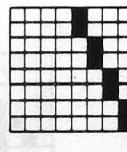
196 \$C4



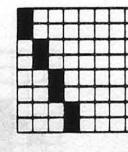
197 \$C5



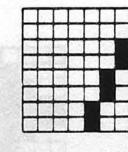
198 \$C6



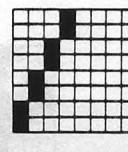
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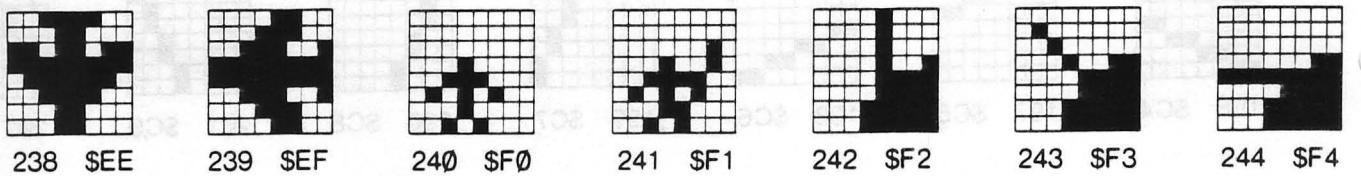
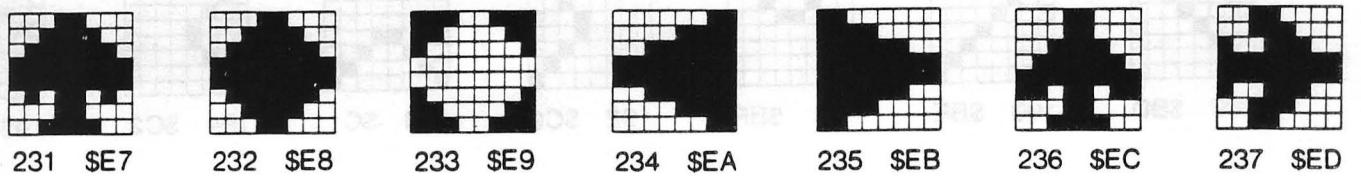
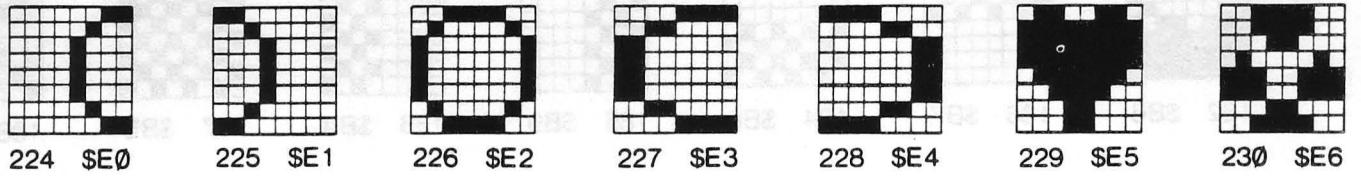
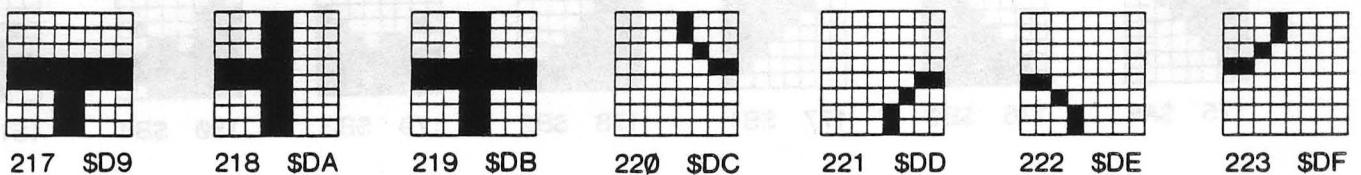
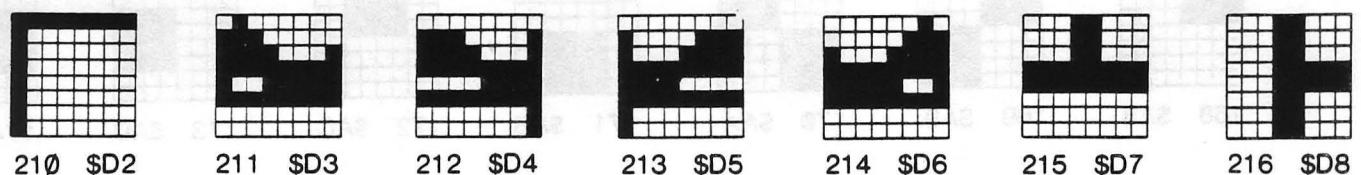
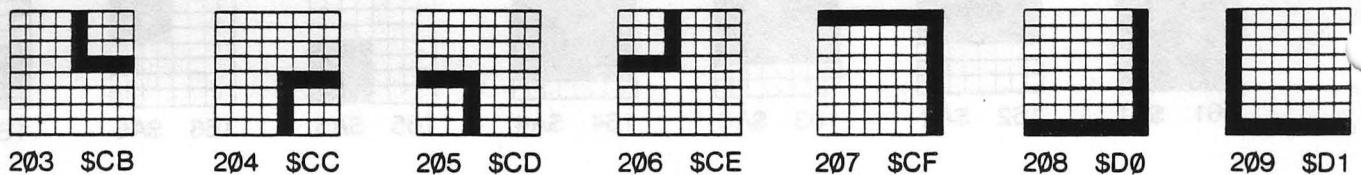
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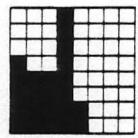


201 \$C9

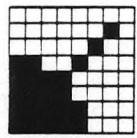


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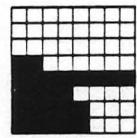




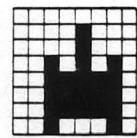
245 \$F5



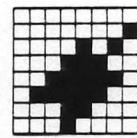
246 \$F6



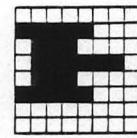
247 \$F7



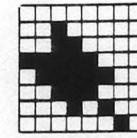
248 \$F8



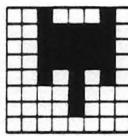
249 \$F9



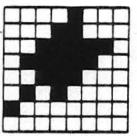
250 \$FA



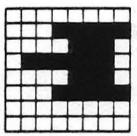
251 \$FB



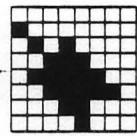
252 \$FC



253 \$FD



254 \$FE



255 \$FF

Appendix 7

| BASIC-IN-ROM ERROR CODES | | |
|--------------------------|------|---|
| | CODE | DEFINITION |
| DD | D | Double Dimension: Variable dimensioned twice. Remember subscripted variables default to dimension 10. |
| FC | F | Function Call error: Parameter passed to function out of range. |
| ID | I | Illegal Direct: Input or DEFIN statements can not be used in direct mode. |
| NF | N | NEXT without FOR: |
| OD | O | Out of Data: More reads than DATA |
| OM | O | Out of Memory: Program too big or too many GOSUBs, FOR NEXT loops or variables |
| OV | O | Overflow: Result of calculation too large for BASIC. |
| SN | S | Syntax error: Typo, etc. |
| RG | R | RETURN without GOSUB |
| US | U | Undefined Statement: Attempt to jump to non-existent line number |
| /0 | / | Division by Zero |
| CN | C | Continue errors: attempt to inappropriately continue from BREAK or STOP |
| LS | L | Long String: String longer than 255 characters |
| OS | O | Out of String Space: Same as OM |
| ST | S | String Temporaries: String expression too complex. |
| TM | T | Type Mismatch: String variable mismatched to numeric variable |
| UF | U | Undefined Function |

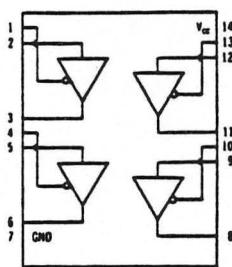
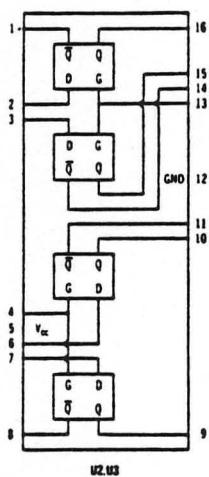
MEMORY MAP

CHALLENGER 1P MEMORY MAP (BASIC-IN-ROM CONFIGURATION)

| | |
|------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| 0000–00FF | Page Zero |
| 0100–01FF | Stack |
| * 0130 | NMI Vector |
| * 01C0 | IRQ Vector |
| 0200–0221 | BASIC Flags and Vectors |
| * 0203 | LOAD Flag |
| * 0205 | SAVE Flag |
| * 0218 | Input Vector |
| * 021A | Output Vector |
| * 021C | Control C Check Vector |
| * 021E | LOAD Vector |
| * 0220 | SAVE Vector |
| 0222–02FA | Unused |
| 0300 end of RAM | BASIC Workspace |
| A000–BFFF | BASIC-in-ROM |
| D000–D3FF | Video RAM |
| DF00 | Polled Keyboard |
| F000–F001 | ACIA Serial Cassette Port |
| F800–FBFF | ROM |
| FC00–FCFF | ROM–Floppy Bootstrap |
| FD00–FDFF | ROM–Polled Keyboard Input Routine |
| FE00–FEFF | ROM–65V Monitor |
| FF00–FFFF | ROM–BASIC Support |
| * FFFA | NMI Vector |
| * FFFC | Reset Vector |
| * FFFE | IRQ Vector |

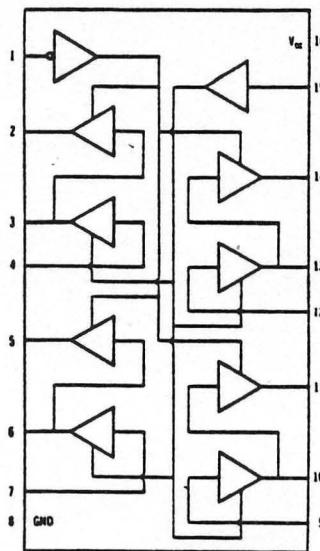
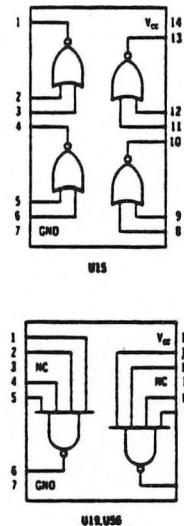
Appendix 9

SUPERBOARD II/600 BOARD PINOUTS



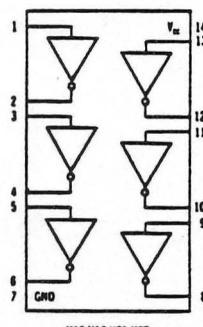
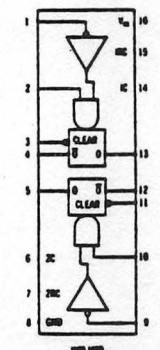
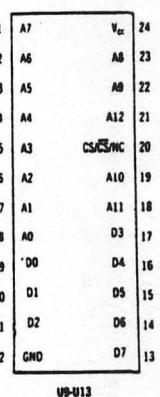
| | | | |
|----|-----------------|-----|----|
| 1 | GND | CTS | 24 |
| 2 | RxD | DCD | 23 |
| 3 | CRX | DO | 22 |
| 4 | CTX | DI | 21 |
| 5 | RTS | D2 | 20 |
| 6 | TXD | D3 | 19 |
| 7 | IRQ | D4 | 18 |
| 8 | CSD | D5 | 17 |
| 9 | CSE | D6 | 16 |
| 10 | CSI | D7 | 15 |
| 11 | RS | E | 14 |
| 12 | V _{cc} | SW | 13 |

U14



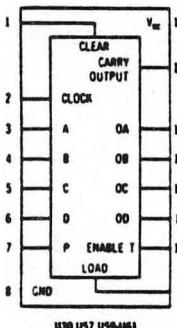
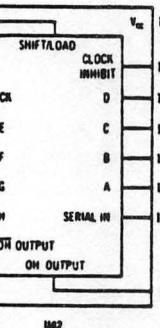
| | | | |
|----|-----------------|----------|----|
| 1 | V _{SS} | RES | 40 |
| 2 | ROY | O2 (OUT) | 39 |
| 3 | O1 (OUT) | 3.0 | 38 |
| 4 | IRQ | 00HIM | 37 |
| 5 | NC | NC | 36 |
| 6 | RBI | NC | 35 |
| 7 | SYNC | R/W | 34 |
| 8 | VCC | D80 | 33 |
| 9 | AB0 | D81 | 32 |
| 10 | AB1 | D82 | 31 |
| 11 | AB2 | D83 | 30 |
| 12 | AB3 | D84 | 29 |
| 13 | AB4 | D85 | 28 |
| 14 | AB5 | D86 | 27 |
| 15 | AB6 | D87 | 26 |
| 16 | AB7 | D815 | 25 |
| 17 | AB8 | D814 | 24 |
| 18 | AB9 | D813 | 23 |
| 19 | AB10 | D812 | 22 |
| 20 | AB11 | VSS | 21 |

U8



| | | | |
|---|-----------|-----------------|----|
| 1 | IG ENABLE | V _{cc} | 16 |
| 2 | IA | ENABLE 2G | 15 |
| 3 | IB | 2A | 14 |
| 4 | IY0 | 2B | 13 |
| 5 | IY1 | 2T0 | 12 |
| 6 | IY2 | 2T1 | 11 |
| 7 | IY3 | 2T2 | 10 |
| 8 | GND | 2T3 | 9 |

U17

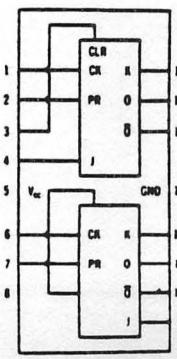
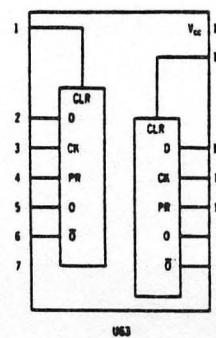
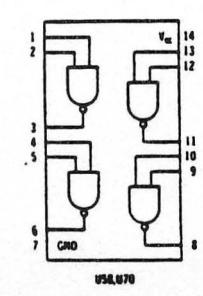
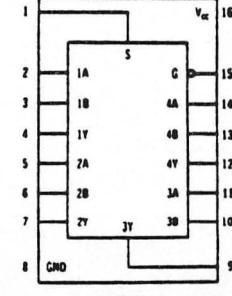
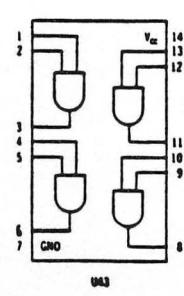
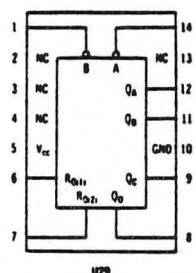


| | | | |
|---|-----------------|-----------------|----|
| 1 | A6 | V _{cc} | 18 |
| 2 | A5 | A7 | 17 |
| 3 | A4 | A8 | 16 |
| 4 | A3 | A9 | 15 |
| 5 | A0 | VO ₁ | 14 |
| 6 | A1 | VO ₂ | 13 |
| 7 | A2 | VO ₁ | 12 |
| 8 | VO ₂ | VO ₄ | 11 |
| 9 | GND | VO ₅ | 10 |

U42

| | | | |
|---|-----|-----------------|----|
| 1 | A0 | V _{cc} | 16 |
| 2 | A1 | 50 | 15 |
| 3 | A2 | 01 | 14 |
| 4 | E1 | 02 | 13 |
| 5 | E2 | 03 | 12 |
| 6 | E3 | 04 | 11 |
| 7 | 07 | 05 | 10 |
| 8 | GND | 06 | 9 |

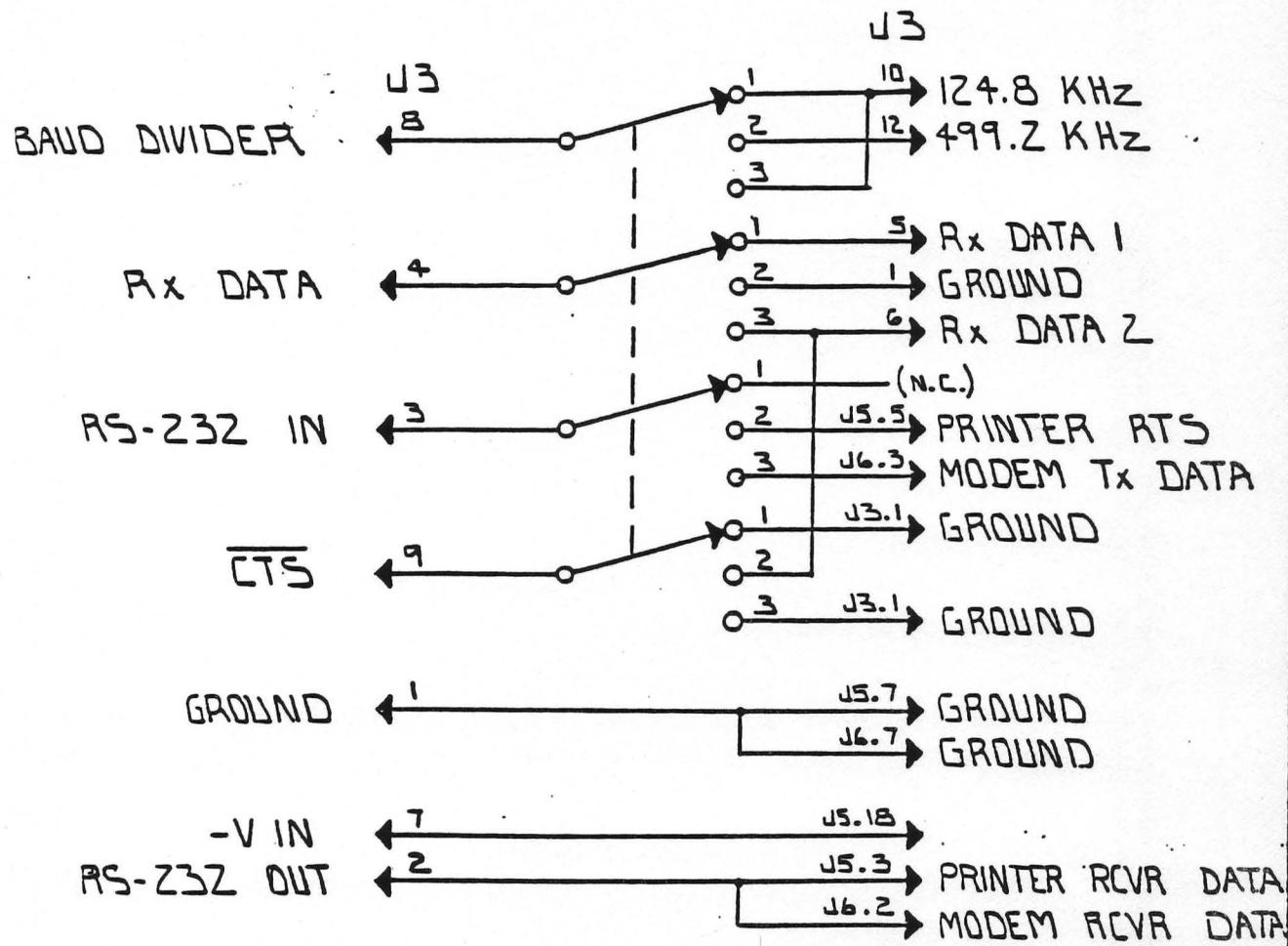
U20, U22, U23



LEGEND FOR 600 BOARD SCHEMATIC

| | |
|---------|--------------------------|
| A0-A15 | Address |
| ACS | ACIA Chip Select |
| AUX | Auxiliary for Tape |
| ADO-BD7 | Buffered Data |
| bRTS | Transmit Data |
| BS | Basic Rom Select |
| BS0-BS3 | |
| CN0-CN7 | Column |
| CO-C15 | Count |
| CLK | Clock |
| CTS | Clear to Send |
| D | Data |
| DB | Video Data Blanking |
| DD | Data Direct |
| HS | Horizontal Sync. |
| IRQ | Interrupt Request |
| MIC | Microphone for Tape |
| MCS | Monitor Chip Select |
| VRCS | Video RAM Chip Select |
| NMI | Non-maskable Chip Select |
| R | Row |
| RKB | Read Keyboard |
| RS0-RS7 | Ram Select |
| RVE | Read Video Enable |
| R/W | Read/Write |
| RX CLK | Receive Clock |
| RX DATA | Receive Data |
| T1-T4 | Time (Clock) Delays |
| TX CLK | Transmit Clock |
| TX DATA | Transmit Data |
| V | Video |
| VA | Video Address |
| VD | Video Data |
| VS | Vertical Sync. |
| WKB | Write Keyboard |
| WVE | Write Video Enable |
| Ø0 | Microprocessor Clock In |
| Ø2 | Phase Two |
| NC | No Connection |

Any Bar above any alphabetical or numerical combination indicates line active in a low (0) state.



J3 IS 12 PIN MOLEX ON 600 BOARD

J5 IS RS-232 DELTA FOR PRINTER

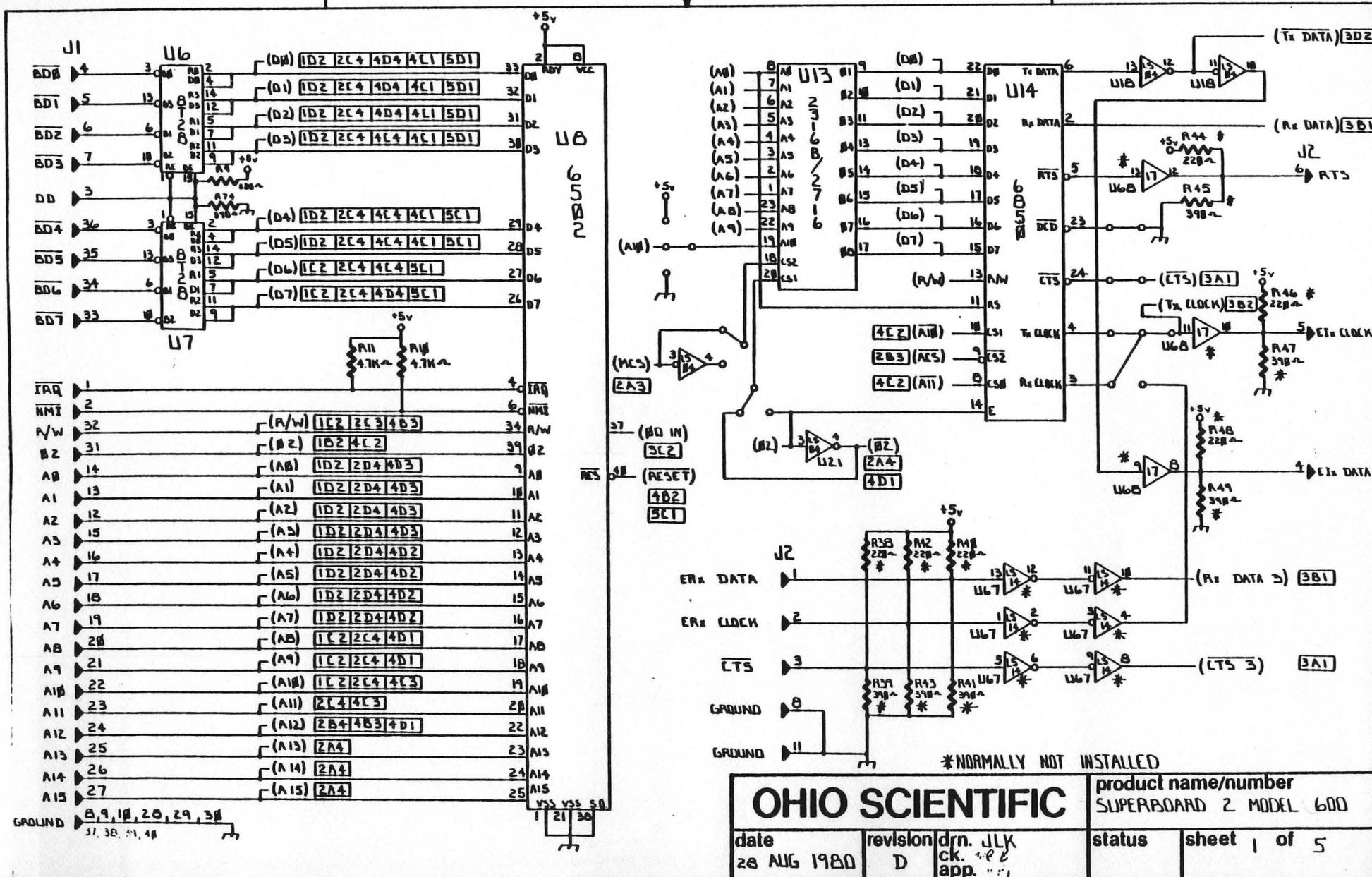
J6 IS RS-232 DELTA FOR MODEM

SWITCH WIRING FOR PRINTER, MODEM, OR CASSETTE OPERATION
OF 600 BOARD

OHIO SCIENTIFIC

product name/number
C1P SERIES II

| | | | | |
|---------------------|----------|------|--------|--------------|
| date 21 OCT 1980 | revision | page | status | sheet 1 of 1 |
|---------------------|----------|------|--------|--------------|

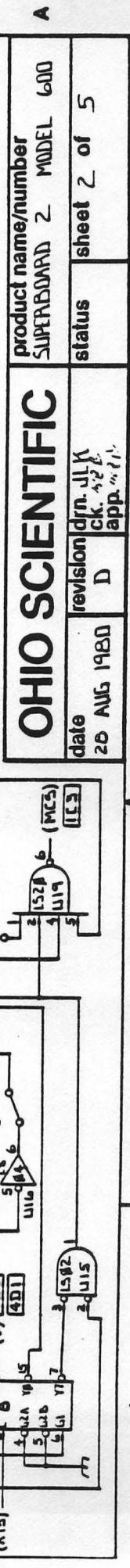


OHIO SCIENTIFIC

date 28 AUG 1980 revision D drn. JLK
ck. app. "1

product name/number
SUPERBOARD 2 MODEL 600

status sheet 1 of 5



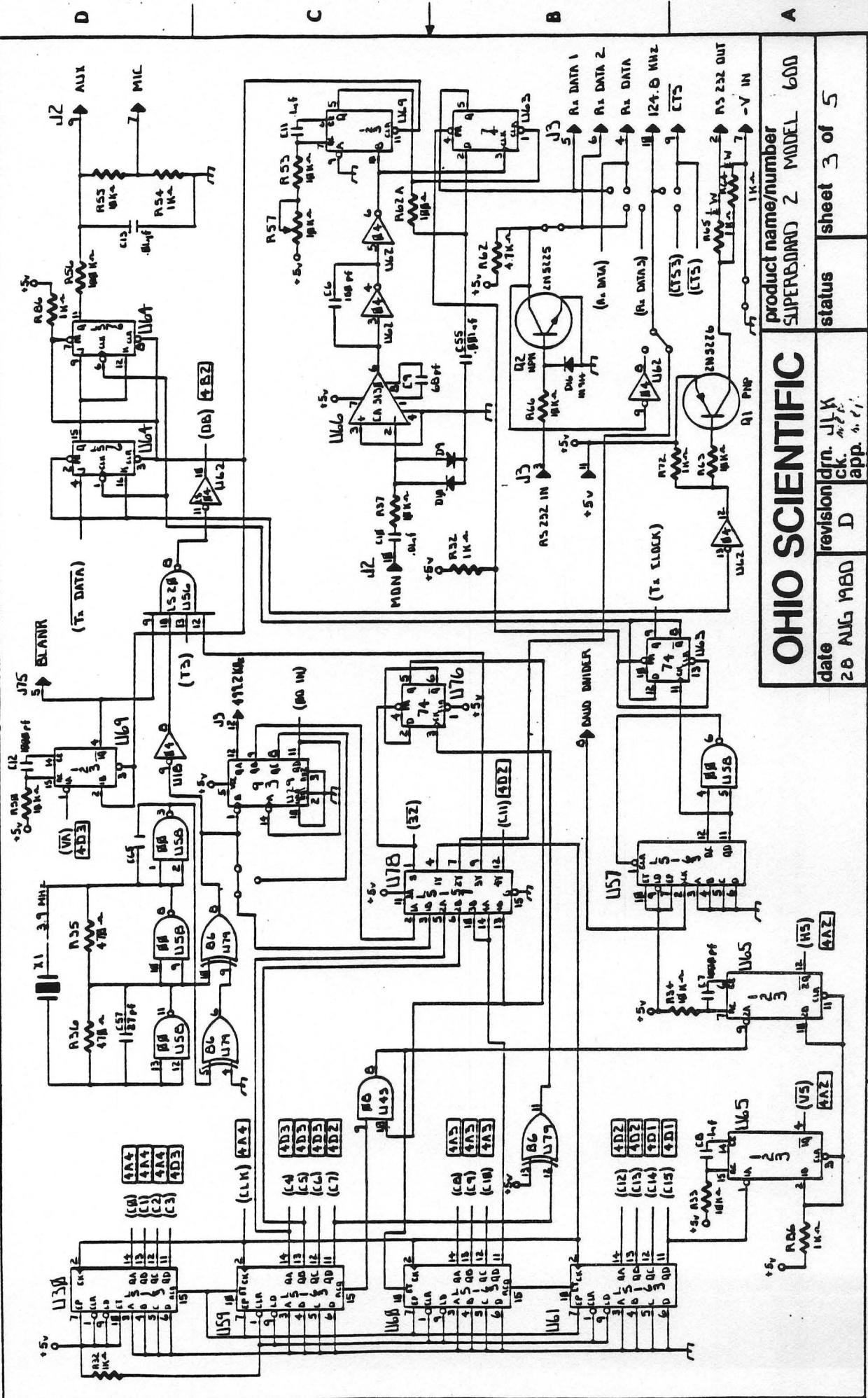
OHIO SCIENTIFIC

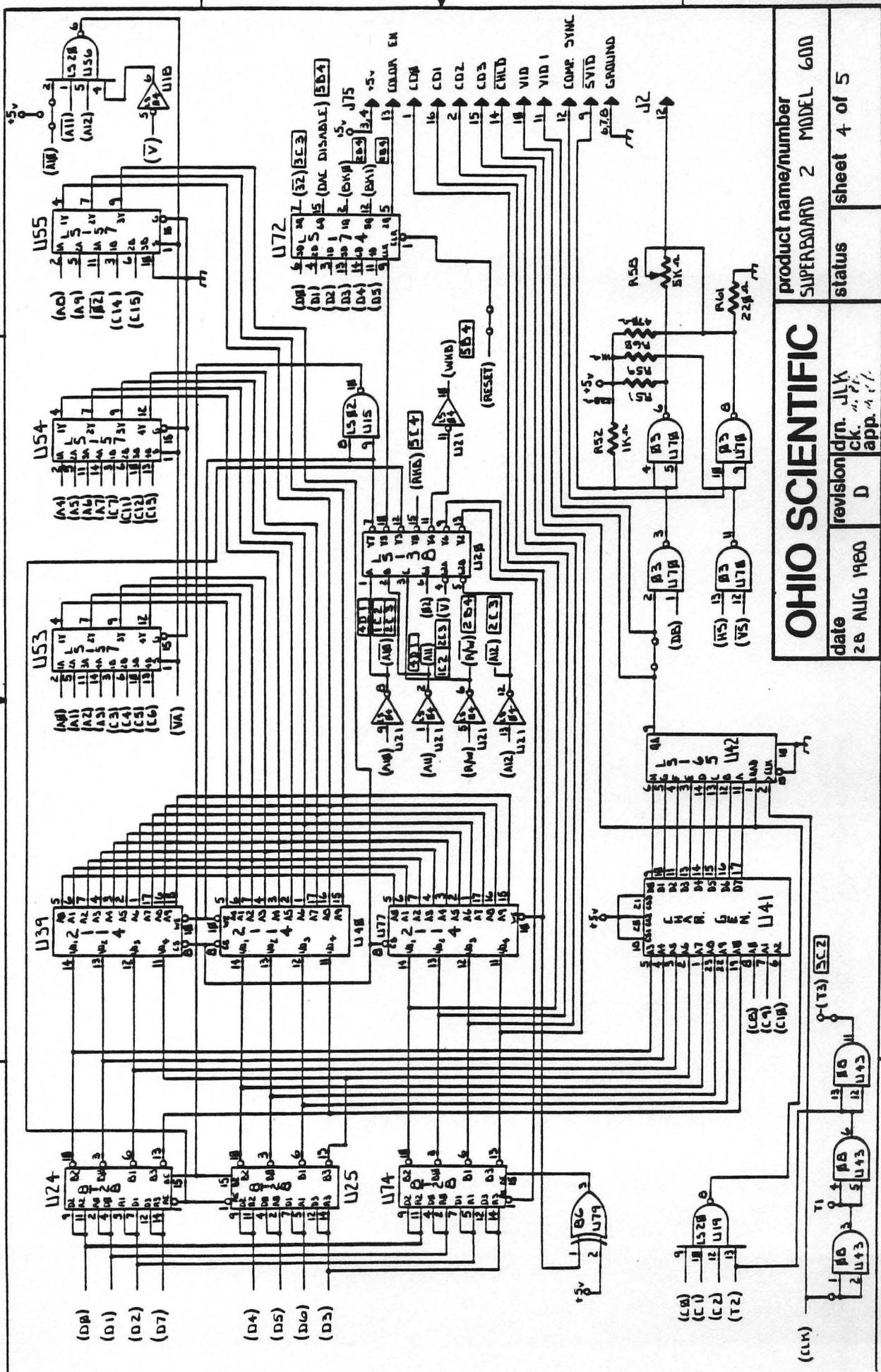
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revision D

model 6000

status sheet 3 of 5

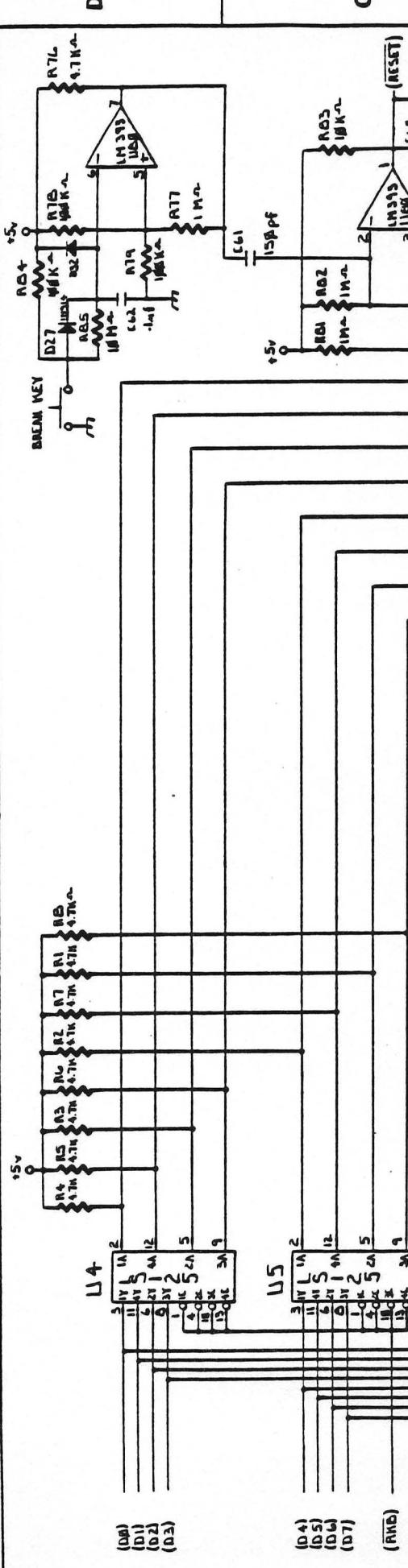
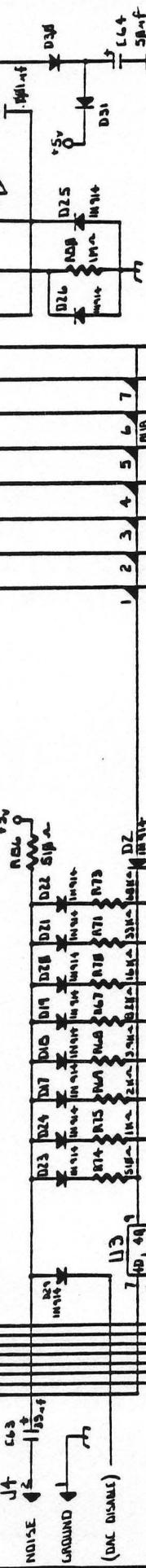
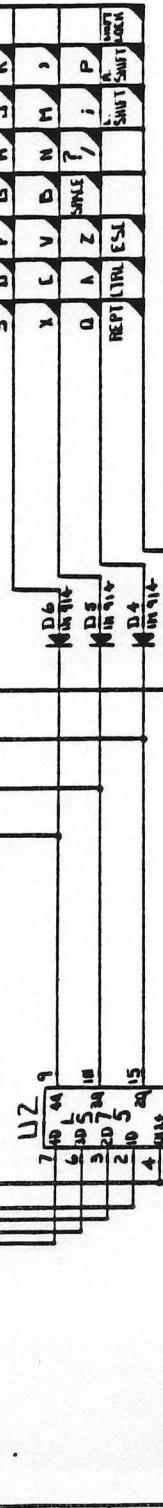
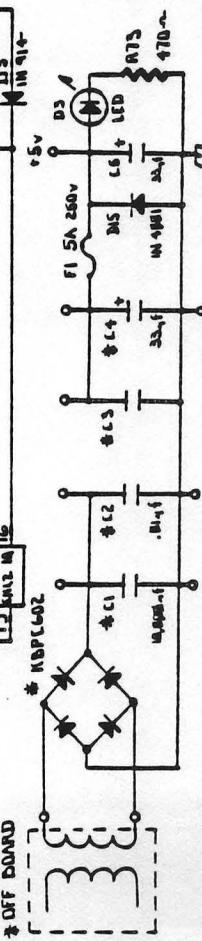




OHIO SCIENTIFIC

| | | |
|---------------------|--------------|-----------|
| product name/number | SUPERBOARD 2 | Model 600 |
| status | sheet 5 of 5 | |
| revision d. | D | app. |

* normally not installed



1

2

3

4

D

C

B

A

Appendix 12 -- Parts list and description
600 BOARD PARTS LIST AND DESCRIPTION (CONTINUED)

(When ordering parts, state Model, Part Number, and Description.)

CAPACITORS

| ITEM No. | RATING | MFGR. PART No. | REPLACEMENT DATA | | | |
|----------|---------------|----------------|---------------------------|------------------|------------------|------------|
| | | | CORNELL-DUBILIER PART No. | MALLORY PART No. | SPRAGUE PART No. | |
| | | | | | | |
| C6 | .150pF 5% | C-151 | CD15FD151J03 | SX315 | QC1-31 | MMA-151 |
| C7 | .001 100V 10% | C-102 | CD19FD102J03 | SX210 | QC1-51 | MMC-102 |
| C8 | .1 50V 10% | C-104 | WMF05P1 | EWF05010 | QC1-23 | 431P1049R5 |
| C9 | .68pF 5% | C-680 | CD15ED680J03 | SX468 | QC1-91 | MMA-680 |
| C10 | .01 100V 10% | C-103 | WMF1S1 | EWF1A10 | QC1-23 | IPB-S10 |
| C11 | .1 50V 10% | C-104 | WMF05P1 | EWF05010 | QC1-91 | 431P1049R5 |
| C12 | .001 100V 10% | C-102 | CD19FD102J03 | SX210 | QC1-51 | MMC-102 |
| C13 | .01 100V 10% | C-103 | WMF1S1 | EWF1A10 | QC1-91 | IPB-S10 |
| C21 | .1 10V | CB-10410 | MGP1 | MAG1201 | QC1-223 | HY-360 |
| C22 | .1 10V | CB-10410 | MGP1 | MAG1201 | QC1-223 | HY-360 |
| C24 | .1 10V | CB-10410 | MGP1 | MAG1201 | QC1-223 | HY-360 |
| C25 | .1 10V | CB-10410 | MGP1 | MAG1201 | QC1-223 | HY-360 |
| C26 | .1 10V | CB-10410 | MGP1 | MAG1201 | QC1-223 | HY-360 |
| C27 | .1 10V | CB-10410 | MGP1 | MAG1201 | QC1-223 | HY-360 |
| C28 | .1 10V | CB-10410 | MGP1 | MAG1201 | QC1-223 | HY-360 |
| C29 | .1 10V | CB-10410 | MGP1 | MAG1201 | QC1-223 | HY-360 |
| C30 | .1 10V | CB-10410 | MGP1 | MAG1201 | QC1-223 | HY-360 |
| C32 | .1 10V | CB-10410 | MGP1 | MAG1201 | QC1-223 | HY-360 |
| C33 | .1 10V | CB-10410 | MGP1 | MAG1201 | QC1-223 | HY-360 |
| C35 | .1 10V | CB-10410 | MGP1 | MAG1201 | QC1-223 | HY-360 |
| C36 | .1 10V | CB-10410 | MGP1 | MAG1201 | QC1-223 | HY-360 |
| C37 | .1 10V | CB-10410 | MGP1 | MAG1201 | QC1-223 | HY-360 |
| C38 | .1 10V | CB-10410 | MGP1 | MAG1201 | QC1-223 | HY-360 |
| C39 | .1 10V | CB-10410 | MGP1 | MAG1201 | QC1-223 | HY-360 |
| C40 | .1 10V | CB-10410 | MGP1 | MAG1201 | QC1-223 | HY-360 |
| C41 | .1 10V | CB-10410 | MGP1 | MAG1201 | QC1-223 | HY-360 |
| C42 | .1 10V | CB-10410 | MGP1 | MAG1201 | QC1-223 | HY-360 |
| C43 | .1 10V | CB-10410 | MGP1 | MAG1201 | QC1-223 | HY-360 |
| C44 | .1 10V | CB-10410 | MGP1 | MAG1201 | QC1-223 | HY-360 |
| C45 | .1 10V | CB-10410 | MGP1 | MAG1201 | QC1-223 | HY-360 |
| C46 | .1 10V | CB-10410 | MGP1 | MAG1201 | QC1-223 | HY-360 |
| C47 | .1 10V | CB-10410 | MGP1 | MAG1201 | QC1-223 | HY-360 |
| C48 | .1 10V | CB-10410 | MGP1 | MAG1201 | QC1-223 | HY-360 |
| C49 | .1 10V | CB-10410 | MGP1 | MAG1201 | QC1-223 | HY-360 |
| C50 | .1 10V | CB-10410 | MGP1 | MAG1201 | QC1-223 | HY-360 |
| C51 | .1 10V | CB-10410 | MGP1 | MAG1201 | QC1-223 | HY-360 |
| C52 | .1 10V | CB-10410 | MGP1 | MAG1201 | QC1-223 | HY-360 |
| C53 | .1 10V | CB-10410 | MGP1 | MAG1201 | QC1-223 | HY-360 |
| C54 | .1 10V | CB-10410 | MGP1 | MAG1201 | QC1-223 | HY-360 |
| C55 | .001 100V 10% | C-102 | MGP1 | MAG1201 | QC1-223 | HY-360 |
| C56 | .1 10V | | | MAG1201 | QC1-223 | HY-360 |
| C57 | 27pF 1KV 10% | C-270 | MGP1 | MAG1201 | QC1-223 | HY-360 |
| C58 | .1 10V | CB-10410 | MGP1 | MAG1201 | QC1-223 | HY-360 |
| C59 | .1 10V | CB-10410 | MGP1 | MAG1201 | QC1-223 | HY-360 |

RESISTORS

| ITEM No. | RATING | REPLACEMENT DATA | | ITEM No. | RATING | REPLACEMENT DATA | |
|----------|--------------|------------------|------------------|----------|--------------|------------------|------------------|
| | | MFGR. PART No. | WORKMAN PART No. | | | MFGR. PART No. | WORKMAN PART No. |
| R1 | 4700 1/4W 5% | R1-472 | 22-1112 | R47 | 390 1/4W 5% | R1-391 | 22-1086 |
| R2 | 4700 1/4W 5% | R1-472 | 22-1112 | R48 | 220 1/4W 5% | R1-221 | 22-1080 |
| R3 | 4700 1/4W 5% | R1-472 | 22-1112 | R49 | 390 1/4W 5% | R1-391 | 22-1086 |
| R4 | 4700 1/4W 5% | R1-472 | 22-1112 | R50 | 15K 1/4W 5% | R1-153 | 22-1124 |
| R5 | 4700 1/4W 5% | R1-472 | 22-1112 | R51 | 10K 1/4W 5% | R1-103 | 22-1120 |
| R6 | 4700 1/4W 5% | R1-472 | 22-1112 | R52 | 220 1/4W 5% | R1-221 | 22-1080 |
| R7 | 4700 1/4W 5% | R1-472 | 22-1112 | R53 | 1000 1/4W 5% | R1-102 | 22-1096 |
| R8 | 4700 1/4W 5% | R1-472 | 22-1112 | R54 | 1000 1/4W 5% | R1-102 | 22-1120 |
| R9 | 220 1/4W 5% | R1-221 | 22-1080 | R55 | 10K 1/4W 5% | R1-103 | 22-1120 |
| R10 | 4700 1/4W 5% | R1-472 | 22-1112 | R56 | 100K 1/4W 5% | R1-104 | 22-1144 |
| R11 | 4700 1/4W 5% | R1-472 | 22-1112 | R59 | 1000 1/4W 5% | R1-102 | 22-1096 |
| R12 | 4700 1/4W 5% | R1-472 | 22-1112 | R60 | 470 1/4W 5% | R1-471 | 22-1088 |
| R32 | 1000 1/4W 5% | R1-102 | 22-1096 | R61 | 220 1/4W 5% | R1-221 | 22-1080 |
| R33 | 10K 1/4W 5% | R1-103 | 22-1120 | R62 | 4700 1/4W 5% | R1-472 | 22-1112 |
| R34 | 10K 1/4W 5% | R1-103 | 22-1120 | R62A | 100 1/4W 5% | R1-101 | 22-1072 |
| R35 | 470 1/4W 5% | R1-471 | 22-1088 | R63 | 10K 1/4W 5% | R1-103 | 22-1120 |
| R36 | 470 1/4W 5% | R1-471 | 22-1088 | R64 | 10K 1/4W 5% | R1-103 | 22-1120 |
| R37 | 10K 1/4W 5% | R1-103 | 22-1120 | R65 | 470 1/4W 5% | R1-471 | 22-1088 |
| R38 | 220 1/4W 5% | R1-221 | 22-1080 | R66 | 10K 1/4W 5% | R1-103 | 22-1120 |
| R39 | 390 1/4W 5% | R1-391 | 22-1086 | R67 | | | |
| R40 | 220 1/4W 5% | R1-221 | 22-1080 | R68 | | | |
| R41 | 390 1/4W 5% | R1-391 | 22-1086 | R69 | | | |
| R42 | 220 1/4W 5% | R1-221 | 22-1080 | R70 | | | |
| R43 | 390 1/4W 5% | R1-391 | 22-1086 | R71 | | | |
| R44 | 220 1/4W 5% | R1-221 | 22-1080 | R72 | 1000 1/4W 5% | R1-102 | 22-1096 |
| R45 | 390 1/4W 5% | R1-391 | 22-1086 | R73 | 220 1/4W 5% | R1-221 | 22-1080 |
| R46 | 220 1/4W 5% | R1-221 | 22-1080 | R74 | 390 1/4W 5% | R1-391 | 22-1086 |

CONTROLS (All wattages 1/2 watt, or less, unless listed)

| ITEM No. | FUNCTION | RESISTANCE | REPLACEMENT DATA | | |
|----------|-----------------------|------------|------------------|------------------|--------------|
| | | | MFGR. PART No. | MALLORY PART No. | TRW PART No. |
| R57 | Duration (Tape Pulse) | 10K | RP-103 | | |
| R58 | Video | 5000 | RP-502 | | |

600 BOARD PARTS LIST AND DESCRIPTION

(When ordering parts, state Model, Part Number, and Description.)

SEMICONDUCTORS (Select replacement transistor for best results)

| ITEM No. | TYPE No. | MFGR. PART No. | REPLACEMENT DATA | | | | | | | | |
|----------|------------|----------------|---------------------------|------------------|-------------------|--------------|-------------------|---------------------|------------------|-----------------|--|
| | | | GENERAL ELECTRIC PART No. | MALLORY PART No. | RAYTHEON PART No. | RCA PART No. | SYLVANIA PART No. | THORDARSON PART No. | WORKMAN PART No. | ZENITH PART No. | |
| D1-010 | IN914 | Q-IN914 | GE-514 | PTC214 | REN 177 | SK3100/519 | ECG519 | TM519 | WEP925/519 | 103-131 | |
| D15 | IN4001 | Q-IN4001 | GE-504A | IN4001 | REN 116 | SK3312 | ECG116 | TM116 | WEP156 | 212-76-02 | |
| D16 | IN914 | | GE-514 | PTC214 | REN 177 | SK3100/519 | ECG519 | TM519 | WEP925/519 | 103-131 | |
| D17-020 | IN914 | | GE-514 | PTC214 | REN 177 | SK3100/519 | ECG519 | TM519 | WEP925/519 | 103-131 | |
| Q1 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Q2 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| U2-U3 | SN74LS75N | IC-74LS75 | | | | SK74LS75 | ECG74LS75 | TM74LS75 | | | |
| U4-U5 | 74125N | | | | | | ECG74125 | TM74125 | | | |
| U6-U7 | 74LS125 | IC-74LS125 | | | | | ECG74125 | TM74125 | | | |
| U8 | MC8T28P | IC-8T28 | | | | | | | | | |
| U9 | BASIC 1 | IC-BASIC 1 | | | | | | | | | |
| U10 | BASIC 2 | IC-BASIC 2 | | | | | | | | | |
| U11 | BASIC 3 | IC-BASIC 3 | | | | | | | | | |
| U12 | BASIC 4 | IC-BASIC 4 | | | | | | | | | |
| U13 | SYN600 | IC-SYN600 | | | | | | | | | |
| | 2316B | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 2716(1) | | | | | | | | | | |
| U14 | S6850P | IC-6850 | | | | | | | | | |
| U15 | 74LS02N | IC-74LS02 | | | | SK74LS02 | ECG74LS02 | TM74LS02 | WEP7402/7402 | 221-Z9076 | |
| U16 | 74LS04P | IC-74LS04 | | | | SK74LS04 | ECG74LS04 | TM74LS04 | | | |
| U17 | SN74LS139N | IC-74LS139 | | | | SK74LS04 | ECG74LS04 | TM74LS04 | | | |
| U18 | 74LS04PC | IC-74LS04 | GE-7404 | | | | | | | 221-Z9076 | |
| U19 | SN74LS20J | IC-74LS20 | | | | SK74LS20 | ECG74LS20 | TM74LS20 | | | |
| U20 | 747LS138N | IC-74LS138 | | | | SK74LS138 | ECG74LS138 | TM74LS138 | | | |
| U21 | 74LS04PC | IC-74LS04 | | | | SK74LS138 | ECG74LS138 | TM74LS138 | | | |
| U22-U23 | 74LS138N | IC-74LS138 | | | | | | | | | |
| U24-U25 | MC8T28P | IC-8T28 | | | | | | | | | |
| U29 | 7492 | | GE-7492 | | | SK7492 | ECG7492 | TM7492 | | | |
| | 74L592 | | | | | | | | | | |
| U30 | 74163H | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 74LS163 | IC-74LS163 | | | | SK74LS163 | ECG74LS163 | TM74LS163 | | | |
| U31-U40 | L2114-550 | IC-L2114-550 | | | | | | | | | |
| U41 | CARGENV1.0 | IC-CARGEN | | | | | | | | | |
| U42 | SN74LS165N | IC-74LS165 | | | | | | | | | |
| U43 | 7408N | IC-7408 | GE-7408 | | | SK7408 | ECG74165 | TM74165 | WEP7408/7408 | | |
| U44 | | PROTO | | | | | | | | | |
| U45-U52 | L2114-550 | IC-L2114-550 | | | | | | | | | |
| U53-U55 | 74LS157N | IC-74LS157 | | | | | | | | | |
| U56 | SN74LS20J | IC-74LS20 | | | | SK74LS157 | ECG74LS157 | TM74LS157 | | | |
| U57 | 74LS163N | IC-74LS163 | | | | SK74LS20 | ECG74LS20 | TM74LS20 | | | |
| U58 | DM7400N | IC-7400 | GE-7400 | | REN 7400 | SK74LS163 | ECG74LS163A | TM74LS163A | WEP7400/7400 | 221-Z9075 | |
| | 74LS00 | | | | | SK74LS20 | ECG74LS20 | TM74LS163 | | | |
| U59-U61 | 74163N | IC-74LS163 | | | | SK74LS20 | ECG74LS20 | TM74LS163 | WEP7400/7400 | | |
| U62 | 74LS163 | | | | | SK74LS20 | ECG74LS20 | TM74LS163A | | | |
| | F54040M | | | | | SK74LS163 | ECG74LS163A | TM74LS163A | | | |
| | 7404 | | | | | SK7404 | ECG7404 | TM7404 | | 221-Z9076 | |
| U63 | SN7474N | IC-74LS74 | GE-7474 | | REN 7474 | SK7474 | ECG7474 | TM7474 | WEP7474/7474 | | |
| U64 | SNC5476J | | | | | SK74LS74 | ECG74LS74A | TM74LS74A | | | |
| | 7476 | | | | | | | | | | |
| U65 | 74LS76 | | GE-7476 | | | SK7476 | ECG7476 | TM7476 | WEP7476/7476 | | |
| U66 | SN74123N | IC-74123 | GE-74123 | | REN 74123 | SK74123 | ECG74123 | TM74123 | | 221-Z9086 | |
| U67 | 74LS123 | | | | | SK74123 | ECG74123 | TM74123 | | | |
| U68 | CA3130S | IC-3130 | | | | SK74123 | ECG74123 | TM74123 | | | |
| U69 | SN74123N | IC-74123 | GE-74123 | | REN 74123 | SK74123 | ECG74123 | TM74123 | | 221-Z9086 | |
| U70 | 7403N | IC-7403 | GE-7403 | | | SK74123 | ECG74123 | TM74123 | | | |
| | 74LS03 | | | | | SK74LS03 | ECG74LS03 | TM74LS03 | | | |

ELECTROLYtic CAPACITORS

| ITEM No. | RATING | REPLACEMENT DATA | | | | | |
|----------|--------------|------------------|---------------------------|----------------------|--------------------|------------------------|--|
| | | MFGR. PART No. | CORNELL-DUBILIER PART No. | MALLORY PART No. | SPRAGUE PART No. | | |
| | | | | | Q-LINE | GENERAL LINE | |
| C5 | 47 16V 33 | C-506 | WBR50-25 WBR35-50 | TT25X50A TT15X30A | QE1-353 QE1-309 | TVA-1206 TVA-1205.1 | |

FUSE DEVICES

| ITEM No. | DESCRIPTION | REPLACEMENT DATA | | | | | |
|----------|-------------------------|------------------|--------|---------------|-----------|---------------------|--------|
| | | PART No. | | BUSS PART No. | | LITTELFUSE PART No. | |
| | | DEVICE | HOLDER | DEVICE | HOLDER | DEVICE | HOLDER |
| F1 | SA 250V Quick-acting | F-005 | HW-FH2 | MTH-5 | TA1907-02 | 312005 | 102068 |
| | | | | | | | FG5-2 |