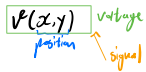


Signal

A function of one or more independent variable that represents some physical quantity.

The independent variable could be time, position, or something else.

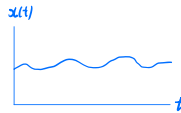


system

take in one or more signal to produce a new signal to produce some desired behaviour.

Continuous time signal

- When the independent variable is continuous
- independent variable enclosed in $()$



Discrete time signal

- When the independent variable is discrete
- independent variable enclosed in $[]$.



quantity most of the signal using power or energy.

For example the power and energy dissipated in a resistor.

$$\text{signal} \rightarrow P(t) = V(t) i(t) = \frac{V^2(t)}{R}$$

$$\text{signal} \rightarrow E(t) = \int_{t_1}^{t_2} P(t) dt$$

Signal can also have independent variable that takes on complex number.
Signal can be complex number.