## TCGA analysis

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## Contents **TCGA Analysis** 0.1library(DT) #we will use it to visualize the results ## Warning: package 'DT' was built under R version 4.1.3 library(TCGAbiolinks) library("limma") library("edgeR") library("caret") ## Warning: package 'caret' was built under R version 4.1.3 ## Loading required package: ggplot2 ## Warning: package 'ggplot2' was built under R version 4.1.3## Loading required package: lattice library("SummarizedExperiment") ## Loading required package: MatrixGenerics ## Loading required package: matrixStats ## Warning: package 'matrixStats' was built under R version 4.1.3 ## Attaching package: 'MatrixGenerics'

```
## The following objects are masked from 'package:matrixStats':
##
##
       colAlls, colAnyNAs, colAnys, colAvgsPerRowSet, colCollapse,
##
       colCounts, colCummaxs, colCummins, colCumprods, colCumsums,
##
       colDiffs, colIQRDiffs, colIQRs, colLogSumExps, colMadDiffs,
##
       colMads, colMaxs, colMeans2, colMedians, colMins, colOrderStats,
##
       colProds, colQuantiles, colRanges, colRanks, colSdDiffs, colSds,
       colSums2, colTabulates, colVarDiffs, colVars, colWeightedMads,
##
##
       colWeightedMeans, colWeightedMedians, colWeightedSds,
##
       colWeightedVars, rowAlls, rowAnyNAs, rowAnys, rowAvgsPerColSet,
##
       rowCollapse, rowCounts, rowCummaxs, rowCummins, rowCumprods,
       rowCumsums, rowDiffs, rowIQRDiffs, rowIQRs, rowLogSumExps,
##
       rowMadDiffs, rowMads, rowMaxs, rowMeans2, rowMedians, rowMins,
##
##
       rowOrderStats, rowProds, rowQuantiles, rowRanges, rowRanks,
##
       rowSdDiffs, rowSds, rowSums2, rowTabulates, rowVarDiffs, rowVars,
##
       rowWeightedMads, rowWeightedMeans, rowWeightedMedians,
##
       rowWeightedSds, rowWeightedVars
## Loading required package: GenomicRanges
## Loading required package: stats4
## Loading required package: BiocGenerics
## Loading required package: parallel
## Attaching package: 'BiocGenerics'
## The following objects are masked from 'package:parallel':
##
##
       clusterApply, clusterApplyLB, clusterCall, clusterEvalQ,
##
       clusterExport, clusterMap, parApply, parCapply, parLapply,
##
       parLapplyLB, parRapply, parSapply, parSapplyLB
## The following object is masked from 'package:limma':
##
##
       plotMA
## The following objects are masked from 'package:stats':
##
##
       IQR, mad, sd, var, xtabs
## The following objects are masked from 'package:base':
##
##
       anyDuplicated, append, as.data.frame, basename, cbind, colnames,
       dirname, do.call, duplicated, eval, evalq, Filter, Find, get, grep,
##
##
       grepl, intersect, is.unsorted, lapply, Map, mapply, match, mget,
##
       order, paste, pmax, pmax.int, pmin, pmin.int, Position, rank,
##
       rbind, Reduce, rownames, sapply, setdiff, sort, table, tapply,
       union, unique, unsplit, which.max, which.min
##
```

```
## Loading required package: S4Vectors
##
## Attaching package: 'S4Vectors'
## The following objects are masked from 'package:base':
##
##
       expand.grid, I, unname
## Loading required package: IRanges
##
## Attaching package: 'IRanges'
## The following object is masked from 'package:grDevices':
##
##
       windows
## Loading required package: GenomeInfoDb
## Loading required package: Biobase
## Welcome to Bioconductor
##
##
       Vignettes contain introductory material; view with
       'browseVignettes()'. To cite Bioconductor, see
##
       'citation("Biobase")', and for packages 'citation("pkgname")'.
##
##
## Attaching package: 'Biobase'
## The following object is masked from 'package:MatrixGenerics':
##
##
       rowMedians
## The following objects are masked from 'package:matrixStats':
##
##
       anyMissing, rowMedians
library("gplots")
## Warning: package 'gplots' was built under R version 4.1.3
## Attaching package: 'gplots'
## The following object is masked from 'package: IRanges':
##
##
       space
```

```
## The following object is masked from 'package:S4Vectors':
##
##
       space
## The following object is masked from 'package:stats':
##
##
       lowess
library("survival")
##
## Attaching package: 'survival'
## The following object is masked from 'package:caret':
##
##
       cluster
library("survminer")
## Warning: package 'survminer' was built under R version 4.1.3
## Loading required package: ggpubr
## Warning: package 'ggpubr' was built under R version 4.1.2
library("RColorBrewer")
## Warning: package 'RColorBrewer' was built under R version 4.1.3
library("genefilter")
##
## Attaching package: 'genefilter'
## The following objects are masked from 'package:MatrixGenerics':
##
##
       rowSds, rowVars
## The following objects are masked from 'package:matrixStats':
##
##
       rowSds, rowVars
```

To download TCGA data with TCGAbiolinks, you need to follow 3 steps. First, you will query the TCGA database through R with the function GDCquery. This will allow you to investigate the data available at the TCGA database. Next, we use GDCdownload to download raw version of desired files into your computer. Finally GDCprepare will read these files and make R data structures so that we can further analyse them.

Before we get there however we need to know what we are searching for. We can check all the available projects at TCGA with the command bellow. Since there are many lets look at the first 6 projects using the command head().

```
GDCprojects = getGDCprojects()
head(GDCprojects[c("project_id", "name")])
##
     project_id
## 1 TARGET-NBL
## 2 GENIE-GRCC
## 3 GENIE-DFCI
     GENIE-NKI
## 5 GENIE-VICC
## 6
     GENIE-UHN
##
                                                                     name
## 1
                                                            Neuroblastoma
## 2
             AACR Project GENIE - Contributed by Institut Gustave Roussy
## 3
        AACR Project GENIE - Contributed by Dana-Farber Cancer Institute
        AACR Project GENIE - Contributed by Netherlands Cancer Institute
## 5 AACR Project GENIE - Contributed by Vanderbilt-Ingram Cancer Center
## 6 AACR Project GENIE - Contributed by Princess Margaret Cancer Centre
TCGAbiolinks:::getProjectSummary("TCGA-LUSC")
```

```
## $file_count
## [1] 23893
## $data_categories
##
     file_count case_count
                                           data_category
## 1
           3146
                        504
                                   Copy Number Variation
## 2
           3350
                        504
                                        Sequencing Reads
## 3
           7791
                        497 Simple Nucleotide Variation
## 4
           1719
                        503
                                         DNA Methylation
## 5
                        504
            577
                                                 Clinical
                        504
## 6
           2148
                                 Transcriptome Profiling
## 7
           2630
                        504
                                             Biospecimen
## 8
            328
                        328
                                      Proteome Profiling
## 9
           2204
                        501
                                    Structural Variation
##
## $case_count
## [1] 504
##
## $file_size
## [1] 3.568685e+13
```

Of note, not all patients were measured for all data types. Also, some data types have more files than samples. This is the case when more experiments were performed per patient, i.e. transcriptome profiling was performed both in mRNA and miRNA, or that data have been analysed by distinct computational strategies.

Let us start by querying all RNA-seq data from LIHC project. When using GDCquery we always need to specify the id of the project, i.e. "TCGA\_LIHC", and the data category we are interested in, i.e. "Transcriptome Profiling". Here, we will focus on a particular type of data summarization for mRNA-seq data (workflow.type), which is based on raw counts estimated with HTSeq.

Note that performing this query will take a few of minutes

```
library(maftools)
library(dplyr)
## Warning: package 'dplyr' was built under R version 4.1.3
##
## Attaching package: 'dplyr'
## The following object is masked from 'package:Biobase':
##
##
       combine
## The following objects are masked from 'package:GenomicRanges':
##
       intersect, setdiff, union
##
##
  The following object is masked from 'package:GenomeInfoDb':
##
##
       intersect
## The following objects are masked from 'package: IRanges':
##
##
       collapse, desc, intersect, setdiff, slice, union
## The following objects are masked from 'package:S4Vectors':
##
##
       first, intersect, rename, setdiff, setequal, union
## The following objects are masked from 'package:BiocGenerics':
##
       combine, intersect, setdiff, union
##
## The following object is masked from 'package:matrixStats':
##
##
       count
## The following objects are masked from 'package:stats':
##
##
       filter, lag
## The following objects are masked from 'package:base':
##
##
       intersect, setdiff, setequal, union
library(TCGAWorkflowData)
# recovering data from TCGAWorkflowData package.
data(mafMutect2LGGGBM)
# To prepare for maftools we will also include clinical data
```

```
# For a mutant vs WT survival analysis
# get indexed clinical patient data for GBM samples
gbm_clin <- GDCquery_clinic(project = "TCGA-GBM", type = "Clinical")</pre>
# get indexed clinical patient data for LGG samples
lgg_clin <- GDCquery_clinic(project = "TCGA-LGG", type = "Clinical")</pre>
# Bind the results, as the columns might not be the same,
# we will will plyr rbind.fill, to have all columns from both files
clinical <- plyr::rbind.fill(gbm_clin,lgg_clin)</pre>
colnames(clinical)[1] <- "Tumor_Sample_Barcode"</pre>
# we need to create a binary variable 1 is dead 0 is not dead
plyr::count(clinical$vital_status)
##
                x freq
## 1
            Alive 489
## 2
             Dead 618
## 3 Not Reported
                    7
             <NA>
## 4
                    19
clinical$Overall_Survival_Status <- 1 # dead</pre>
clinical$Overall_Survival_Status[which(clinical$vital_status != "Dead")] <- 0</pre>
# If patient is not dead we don't have days_to_death (NA)
# we will set it as the last day we know the patient is still alive
clinical$time <- clinical$days_to_death</pre>
clinical$time[is.na(clinical$days_to_death)] <- clinical$days_to_last_follow_up[is.na(clinical$days_to_
# Create object to use in maftools
maf <- read.maf(maf = mut, clinicalData = clinical, isTCGA = TRUE)</pre>
## -Validating
## -Silent variants: 38433
## -Summarizing
## --Possible FLAGS among top ten genes:
##
    TTN
   MUC16
##
## -Processing clinical data
## -Finished in 13.8s elapsed (12.2s cpu)
plotmafSummary(
 maf = maf,
 rmOutlier = TRUE,
 addStat = 'median',
  dashboard = TRUE
```

