# Errata for Python for Finance (2<sup>nd</sup> edition,2017)

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#### 1) The issue related Yahoo!Finance

Since Yahoo!Finance has changed its data structure, many old functions would not work, see one example below (on page 25)

```
import re
from matplotlib.finance import quotes_historical_yahoo_ochl
ticker='dell'
outfile=open("c:/temp/dell.txt","w")
begdate=(2013,1,1)
enddate=(2016,11,9)
p=quotes_historical_yahoo_ochl
(ticker,begdate,enddate,asobject=True,adjusted=True)
outfile.write(str(p))
outfile.close().
```

There are three solutions: 1) manually download the data first, then write a Python program to retrieve it, 2) use a fix\_yahoo function, 3) use the Quandl data delivery platform.

**Method I**: manually download the data first, then write a Python program to retrieve it, see the code below.

```
Import pandas as pd
inFile='http://canisius.edu/~yany/data/ibmMonthly.csv'
df = pd.read_csv(inFile, index_col=0)
print(df.head())
                         High
                                            Close Adj Close
                                                                Volume
               Open
                                    Low
Date
1962-01-01 7.713333 7.713333
                               7.003334
                                         7.226666
                                                    0.634921
                                                               8760000
1962-02-01 7.300000 7.480000 7.093333
                                        7.160000
                                                    0.629064
                                                               5737600
1962-03-01 7.186666 7.413333
                               7.070000 7.103333
                                                    0.624170
                                                               5344000
           7.100000
                     7.100000
1962-04-01
                               6.000000 6.053333
                                                    0.531907
                                                              12851200
1962-05-01
           6.053333
                     6.530000
                               4.733333
                                                              49307200
                                         5.233333
                                                    0.459853
```

**Method II:** use a Python package called fix\_yahoo\_finance, see the code below.

```
import fix_yahoo_finance as yf data = yf.download("IBM", start="2017-01-01", end="2017-04-30") print(data.head())
```

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> My email address is <u>yany@canisius.edu</u>. Location of this file: <u>http://canisius.edu/~yany/doc/errataP4F.pdf</u>, and https://github.com/sumhncku/errata-for-Python-for-Finance-2ed

```
print(data.head())
Open High Low Close Adj Close

Date
2017-01-03 225.039993 225.830002 223.880005 225.240005 219.079453
2017-01-04 225.619995 226.750000 225.610001 226.580002 220.382797
2017-01-05 226.270004 226.580002 225.479996 226.399994 220.207718
2017-01-06 226.529999 227.750000 225.899994 227.210007 220.995575
2017-01-09 226.910004 227.070007 226.419998 226.460007 220.266083
```

**Method III:** using Quandl data deliverary platform, see the code below.

```
import quandl as qd
y=qd.get("WIKI/ibm")
y.head()
```

The output is shown below.

```
In [19]: y.head()
Out[19]:
                   High
                                  Close
                                          Volume Ex-Dividend Split Ratio \
             0pen
                            Low
Date
1962-01-02 578.5
                  578.5 572.0
                                572.00
                                        19360.0
                                                          0.0
                                                                       1.0
1962-01-03
           572.0
                  577.0
                         572.0
                                 577.00
                                         14400.0
                                                          0.0
                                                                       1.0
1962-01-04
            577.0
                   577.0
                          571.0
                                 571.25
                                         12800.0
                                                          0.0
                                                                       1.0
1962-01-05
           570.5
                  570.5
                          559.0
                                 560.00
                                         18160.0
                                                          0.0
                                                                       1.0
1962-01-08
           559.5
                  559.5
                         545.0
                                 549.50
                                         27200.0
                                                          0.0
                                                                       1.0
            Adj. Open Adj. High
                                   Adj. Low Adj. Close Adj. Volume
Date
                                 15.099257
                                              15.099257
1962-01-02 15.270839
                      15.270839
                                                            387200.0
           15.099257
                       15.231243
                                              15.231243
1962-01-03
                                  15.099257
                                                            288000.0
1962-01-04
           15.231243
                       15.231243
                                  15.072860
                                              15.079459
                                                            256000.0
1962-01-05
           15.059661
                       15.059661
                                  14.756092
                                              14.782489
                                                            363200.0
1962-01-08 14.769291 14.769291
                                 14.386530
                                              14.505318
                                                            544000.0
In [20]:
```

Note: see the next comment for the instruction on how to download the Quandl package.

### 2) How to install the Quandl package?

Method I:

```
conda install quandl
```

Method II:

```
pip install quandel
```

If using Canopy, see the image below.



Help: https://docs.quandl.com/

# 3) Chapter 1, page 17

From

```
>>> import pandas as pd
>>>url=url='http://canisius.edu/~yany/data/ibm.csv'
```

To

```
>>> import pandas as pd
>>> url='http://canisius.edu/~yany/data/ibm.csv'
```

### 4) Chapter 2, page 47

For the old code, see below.

```
import datetime
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from matplotlib.finance import quotes_historical_yahoo_ochl
from matplotlib.dates import MonthLocator,DateFormatter
ticker='AAPL'
begdate= datetime.date( 2012, 1, 2 )
```

To

See comments 1) and 2)

### 5) Chapter 2, pages 48 and 50

For the related code, see below.

```
monthsFmt = DateFormatter("%b '%Y")
x = quotes_historical_yahoo_ochl(ticker, begdate, enddate)
```

То

See comments 1) and 2)

### 6) Chapter 2, page 52

From

The columns() function defines the names of those columns

The 'columns' input variable defines the names of those columns

## 7) Chapter 2, pages 54-55

From

```
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
np.random.seed(123) # fix the random numbers
x=np.arange(1, 10.1, .25)**2
n=np.size(x)
y = pd.Series(x + np.random.randn(n))
bad=np.array([4,13,14,15,16,20,30]) # generate a few missing values
x[bad] = np.nan # missing code is np.nan
methods = ['linear', 'quadratic', 'cubic']
df = pd.DataFrame({m: x.interpolate(method=m) for m in methods})
df.plot()
```

To

```
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
np.random.seed(123) # fix the random numbers
x=np.arange(1, 10.1, .25)**2
n=np.size(x)
y = pd.Series(x + np.random.randn(n))
bad=np.array([4,13,14,15,16,20,30]) # generate a few missing values
y[bad] = np.nan # missing code is np.nan
methods = ['linear', 'quadratic', 'cubic']
df = pd.DataFrame({m: y.interpolate(method=m) for m in methods})
df.plot()
```

#### 8) Chapter 2, page 55

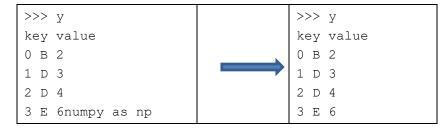
From

that is, an absolute address, we have the following code: df.to\_pickle('test.pkl')

To

that is, an absolute address, we have the following code: df.to\_pickle('c:/temp/test.pkl')

### 9) Chapter 2, page 56



### 10) Chapter 3, page 82

From

Appendix B shows how to download it

To

Appendix D shows how to download it

### 11) Chapter 3, page 83

```
with the sign
convention:
>>>import fincal
>>>
fincal.pv_f(0.1,1100)
with the sign
convention:
>>> import fincal
>>>
fincal.pv_f(0.1,1,100)
```

### 12) Chapter 3, page 84

From

see the Writing your own financial calculator written in Python section and Appendix H.

To

see the Writing your own financial calculator in Python section and Appendix G.

#### 13) Chapter 3, page 85

From

If the monthly rate is 0.25% and he plans to pay back \$200 per month

To

If the monthly rate is 1.2% and he plans to pay back \$200 per month

#### 14) Chapter 3, page 100

From

If the same cash flow happens at the same interval forever, it is called perpetuity. If the discount rate is a constant and the fi rst cash flows happens at the end of the first period, its present value has the following.

To

If the same cash flow happens at the same interval forever, it is called perpetuity. If the discount rate is a constant and the first cash flows happens at the end of the first period, its present value has the following equation.

PV(Perpetuity) = C / R

#### 15) Chapter 3, page 107

From

Richard has just finished a very difficult sophomore

(second) year, including taking several finance courses. Richard would very much like to take a long vacation.

To

Peter has just finished a very difficult sophomore

(second) year, including taking several finance courses. Peter would very much like to take a long vacation.

#### 16) Chapter 4, page 123

From

The following graph shows how IBM's returns distributed plus a normal distribution. The price moment is shown on the right and its Python program is included in Appendix A:

То

The following graph shows how IBM's returns distributed plus a normal distribution and its Python program is included in Appendix A. The price movement is shown on the right and its Python program is included in Appendix C:

### 17) Chapter 4, page 127

From

import pandas\_datareader.data as getData
vix = DataReader("VIXCLS", "fred")

To

import pandas\_datareader.data as getData
vix = getData.DataReader("VIXCLS", "fred")

# 18) Chapter 4, page 124

From

The so-called candle-stick picture could be used to vividly present a stock price or trading volume, as shown in the following screenshot. The corresponding Python program is in Appendix C:

To

The so-called candle-stick picture could be used to vividly present a stock price or trading volume, as shown in the following screenshot. The corresponding Python program is in Appendix B:

### 19) Chapter 4, page 125

From

The following screenshot shows a stock's intraday moment. The related Python program is included in Appendix C:

To

The following screenshot shows a stock's intraday movement. The related Python program is

included in Appendix D:

#### 20) Chapter 4, page 133

From

indexDaily.pkl Index file with a monthly frequency

To

indexDaily.pkl Index file with a daily frequency

### 21) Chapter 4, page 139 (candle stick image)

For the new code, see below.

```
from math import pi
import pandas as pd
from bokeh.sampledata.stocks import MSFT
from bokeh.plotting import figure, show, output_file
df = pd.DataFrame(MSFT)[:50]
df["date"] = pd.to_datetime(df["date"])
mids = (df.open + df.close)/2
spans = abs(df.close-df.open)
inc = df.close > df.open
dec = df.open > df.close
w = 12*60*60*1000  # half day in ms
output_file("c://temp/candlestick.html", title="candlestick.py example")
TOOLS = "pan,wheel_zoom,box_zoom,reset,save"
p = figure(x_axis_type="datetime", tools=TOOLS, plot_width=1000,
toolbar_location="left")
p.segment(df.date, df.high, df.date, df.low, color="black")
p.rect(df.date[inc], mids[inc], w, spans[inc], fill_color="#D5E1DD",
line_color="black")
p.rect(df.date[dec], mids[dec], w, spans[dec], fill_color="#F2583E",
line_color="black")
#p.title = "MSFT Candlestick"
p.xaxis.major_label_orientation = pi/4
p.grid.grid_line_alpha=0.3
#show(p) # open a browser
```

### 22) Chapter 5, page 152



Bank A offers an annual rate of 8% compounded semi-annually

Bank A offers an annual percentage rate of 8% compounded semi-annually

#### 23) Chapter 5, page 154



# 24) Chapter 5, page 155

#### 25) Chapter 5, page 168

$$YTM = \left(\frac{FV}{PV}\right)^{\frac{1}{n}} \qquad \qquad YTM = \left(\frac{FV}{PV}\right)^{\frac{1}{n}} - 1$$

### 26) Chapter 6, page 189

From

Now let's look at how to estimate the beta (market risk) for Microsoft

To

Now let's look at how to estimate the beta (market risk) for IBM

### 27) Chapter 6, page 189

ticker='MSFT'	<b>──</b>	ticker='IBM'
---------------	-----------	--------------

#### 28) Chapter 6, page 191

From

The output for Walmart's beta (market risk) is as follows:

To

The output for IBM's beta (market risk) is as follows:

### 29) Chapter 6, page 198

From

```
from
...
f.close()
```

To [note the data set at : http://canisius.edu/~yany/python/callsFeb2014.pkl]

```
import pandas as pd
infile="c:/temp/callsFeb2014.pkl"
outFile=open("c:/temp/callsFeb2014.csv","w")
calls=pd.read_pickle(infile)
calls.to_csv(outFile,index=False)
```

### 30) Chapter 6, page 199

From

The following program fi rst retrieves IBM price data, and then saves it as a .csv file under c:/temp:

To

The following program fi rst retrieves IBM price data, and then saves it as a .xlsx file under c:/temp:

# 31) Chapter 6, page 202

From

# lstrip() would remove spaces before and the end of string
# rstrip() would remove spaces before and the end of string

To

# lstrip() would remove leading white spaces of string # rstrip() would remove trailing white spaces of string

# 32) Chapter 6, page 204

From

download Canopy, such as winders 32-bit

To

download Canopy, such as Windows 32-bit

### 33) Chapter 6, page 206

From

After clicking the green bottom, we can run the program:

То

After clicking the green button, we can run the program:

### 34) Chapter 7,

From

https://github.com/PacktPublishing/Python-for-Finance-Second-Edition/blob/master/Chapter07/c7\_01\_3factor\_model.py

То

http://canisius.edu/~yany/python/c7\_01\_3factor\_model2.py.txt

### 35) Chapter 7, page 217



### 36) Chapter 7, page 220

#### From

Next, we show how to run a Fama-French three-factor regression using 5-year monthly data. The added twist is that the historical price data is downloaded first. Then we calculate monthly returns and convert them to monthly ones

To

Next, we show how to run a Fama-French three-factor regression using 5-year daily data. The added twist is that the historical price data is downloaded first. Then we calculate daily returns and convert them to monthly ones

### 37) Chapter 7, page 235

From

ffDaily.pkl Fama-French-Carhart daily four factors ffcDaily.pkl Fama-French daily five factors ffDaily5.pkl Fama-French monthly four factors

To

ffDaily.pkl Fama-French daily three factors ffcDaily.pkl Fama-French-Carhart daily four factors ffDaily5.pkl Fama-French daily five factors

### 38) Chapter 9, page 314

From

# function 4: for given n-1 weights, return a negative Sharpe ratio def negative\_treynor\_n\_minus\_1\_stock(w):

To

# function 4: for given n-1 weights, return a negative Treynor ratio def negative\_treynor\_n\_minus\_1\_stock(w):

#### 39) Chapter 10, page 379 (Volatility simile and skewness)

Issue: quotes\_historical\_yahoo\_ochl is no longer working. The original program:

http://canisius.edu/~yany/python/c10\_37\_volatility\_smile.txt

New program.

http://canisius.edu/~yany/python/volatility\_smile\_using\_quandl.py http://canisius.edu/~yany/python/volatility\_smile\_using\_quandl.py.txt (easy to view)

### 40) Chapter 10, page 379

Issue: how to get call options data

Method I: download yourself. Below I use IBM call options data as an example.

Step 1: go to <a href="http://finance.yahoo.com">http://finance.yahoo.com</a>

```
Step 2: enter IBM
Step 3: click "Options",

<a href="https://finance.yahoo.com/quote/IBM/options?p=IBM">https://finance.yahoo.com/quote/IBM/options?p=IBM</a>
Step 4: manually copy and paste
```

Method II: download the text file from my website.

```
http://canisius.edu/~yany/data/callsIBM3Aug2018.txt
```

Method III: download a pickle file from my website.

```
http://canisius.edu/~yany/python/callsIBM3Aug2018.pkl
```

### 99) Pages 170, 191, 211 etc.: How to call p4f module

First, you could download p4f.pyc at <a href="http://canisius.edu/~yany/python/p4f.pyc">http://canisius.edu/~yany/python/p4f.pyc</a> **Method I:** 

Step 1: find out all directories the Python software could access by using sys.path command to see a list of directories that Python software could access.

```
In [10]: sys.path
Out[10]:
  'C:\\Users\\yany\\AppData\\Local\\Enthought\\Canopy32\\User\\Scripts\\python27.zip',
 \label{locallenthought} $$ 'C:\Users\yany\AppData\Local\Enthought\Canopy32\App\appdata\Canopy-1.7.4.3348.win-x86\DLLs', $$
 C:\\Users\\yany\\AppData\\Local\\Enthought\\Canopy32\\App\\appdata\\canopy-1.7.4.3348.win-x86\\lib',
  'C:\\Users\\yany\\AppData\\Local\\Enthought\\Canopy32\\App\\appdata\\canopy-1.7.4.3348.win-x86\\lib\\plat-win',
  \label{lib-lib-tk'} $$ 'C:\Users\yany\AppData\Local\Enthought\Canopy32\App\appdata\canopy-1.7.4.3348.win-x86\lib\lib-tk', $$
  C:\\Users\\yany\\AppData\\Local\\Enthought\\Canopy32\\App\\appdata\\canopy-1.7.4.3348.win-x86',
  'C:\\Users\\yany\\AppData\\Local\\Enthought\\Canopy32\\User'
 'C:\\Users\\yany\\AppData\\Local\\Enthought\\Canopy32\\User\\lib\\site-packages',
  \label{libsite-packages} $$ 'C:\Users\\quad\AppData\Local\Enthought\Canopy32\User\lib\site-packages\win32'$
  \label{locallenthoughtlamp} $$ 'C:\Users\yany\AppData\Local\Enthought\Canopy32\User\lib\site-packages\win32\lib', $$
  'C:\\Users\\yany\\AppData\\Local\\Enthought\\Canopy32\\App\\appdata',
  \label{libs} $$ C:\Users\yany\appData\Local\Enthought\Canopy32\App\appData\columnward} ib.\Site-packages\win32', $$
  C:\\Users\\yany\\appData\\Local\\Enthought\\Canopy32\\app\\appdata\\canopy-1.7.4.3348.win-x86\\lib\\site-
packages\\win32\\lib',
  C:\\Users\\yany\\AppData\\Local\\Enthought\\Canopy32\\App\\appdata\\canopy-1.7.4.3348.win-x86\\lib\\site'
packages\\Pythonwin',
  \label{locallenthought} $$ \C:\Users\yany\AppData\Local\Enthought\Canopy32\App\appdata\canopy-1.7.4.3348.win-x86\lib\site-property appdata.
packages\\IPython\\extensions',
   'C:\\Users\\yany\\AppData\\Local\\Enthought\\Canopy32\\App\\appdata',
  C:\\Users\\yany\\AppData\\Local\\Enthought\\Canopy32\\App\\appdata\\canopy-1.7.4.3348.win-x86'
  \label{local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-local-loc
  'C:\\Users\\yany\\.ipython']
```

Step 2: copy p4f.pyc file to one of the above subdirectories. For me, I coped it to C:\Users\yany\AppData\Local\Enthought\Canopy32\User

**Method II**: assume the download file is under c:/temp/. Add the directory using sys.path.append() function, see below.

```
>>>sys.path.append("c:/temp")
```

```
In [22]: import p4f
In [22]:
In [23]: x=dir(p4f)
In [24]: print(x)
['CND', 'EAR_f', 'EBITDA_value', 'IRR_f', 'IRRs_f', 'NPER', 'PMT', 'Rc_f', 'Rm_f', '__builtins__', '__doc__', '__file__', '__name__', '__package__', '__request', 'binomial_grid', 'bond_price', 'bs_call', 'bs_call_old', 'bs_put', 'convert_B_M', 'dailyReturn', 'delta_call', 'delta_put', 'duration', 'durationBond', 'fv_annuity', 'fv_f', 'get_200day_moving_avg', 'get_50day_moving_avg', 'get_52week_high', 'get_52week_low', 'get_EBITDA', 'get_all', 'get_avg_daily_volume', 'get_book_value', 'get_change', 'get_dividend_per_share', 'get_dividend_yield', 'get_earnings_per_share', 'get_historical_prices', 'get_market_cap', 'get_price_book_ratio', 'get_price_earnings_growth_ratio', 'get_price_earnings_ratio', 'get_price_sales_ratio', 'get_short_ratio', 'get_stock_exchange', 'get_volume', 'market_cap', 'mean', 'modified_duration', 'n_annuity', 'npv_f', 'payback_', 'payback_period', 'pvValueNperiodModel', 'pv_annuity', 'pv_annuity_k_period_from_today', 'pv_ere', 'pv_f', 'pv_grow_perpetuity', 'pv_growing_annuity', 'pv_perpetuity', 'pv_perpetuity_due', 'r_continuous', 'sign', 'urllib']
```