1.	Which of the	following p	points in the	Cartesian F	Plane is on	the v -axis?

1 / 1 puntos

- O (1,1)
- \bigcirc (-5,0)
- O (5,0)
- (0, −5)

✓ Correcto

The y-axis is defined to be all points in the Cartesian plane with zero as x-coordinate. The point (0, -5) meets that requirement.

2. Find the distance between the points A=(2,2) and C=(3,3):

1 / 1 puntos

- O 2
- \odot $\sqrt{2}$
- O 1
- 0

✓ Correcto

Recall that the distance between points (a,b) and (c,d) is $\sqrt{(c-a)^2+(d-b)^2}$.

In this case (a,b)=(2,2) and (c,d)=(3,3), so the distance is $\sqrt{(3-2)^2+(3-2)^2}=\sqrt{2}$.

3. Find the point-slope form of the equation of the line that goes between A=(1,1) and B=(5,3):

1 / 1 puntos

- y = \begin {align}\frac12 x \end {align}
- y-3 =\begin {align}\frac12(x-1)\end {align}
- y 1 =\begin {align} \frac12(x-1)\end {align}
- y -1 = \begin {align} \frac12(x-5)\end {align}

✓ Correcto

The point-slope form for the equation of a line with slope m that goes through the point (x_0,y_0) is $y-y_0=m(x-x_0)$

In this case, the slope m = \begin {align} \frac{3-1}{5-1} = \frac12\end {align}

We can choose either ${\cal A}$ or ${\cal B}$ for the point on the line, but in neither case do we get this chosen answer.

4. Which of the following points is on the line with equation:

0 / 1 puntos

$$y-1=2(x-2)$$
?

- O (2,3)
- \bigcirc (2,1)
- (3, 2)
- \bigcirc (0.0)

- ② 2
- \bigcirc -1
- \bigcirc 1
- 0