### IEEE GUIDED PROJECT

# IMPLEMENTAION OF DETECTION OF COVID 19 USING PRE COVID DATA

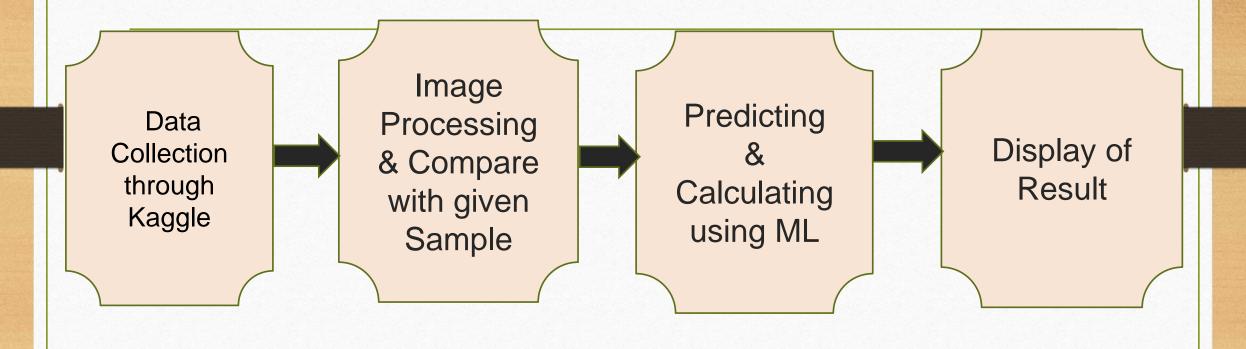
**GROUP NO:09** 

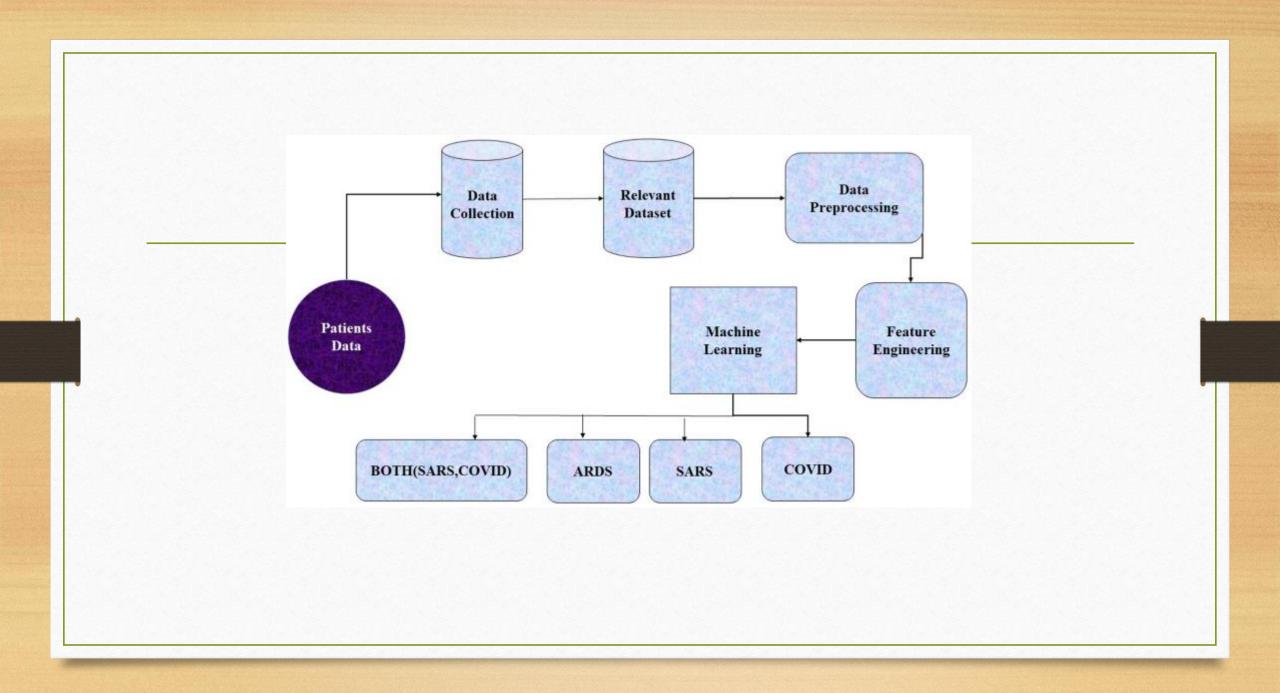
#### INTRODUCTION

- Rapid and accurate detection of COVID-19 coronavirus is necessity of time to prevent and control of this pandemic by timely quarantine and medical treatment in absence of any vaccine.
- Therefore, an alternative diagnostic tool to detect COVID-19 cases utilizing available resources such as Image Processing and advanced deep learning techniques is proposed in this work
- The proposed method is implemented in four phases, viz., data collection through Kaggle, Image Processing & Compare with given Sample, predicting and calculating using ML, display of result.

	SR NO	TITLE	AUTHOR	PUBLICATION	DATA SET
	1	A deep learning approach to detect Covid-19 coronavirus with X-Ray images	Govardhan Jain  Deepti Mittal,  Daksh Thakur,  Madhup K. Mittal	NCIB	Open source from Cohen and Kaggle
	2	Machine learning based approaches for detecting COVID-19 using clinical text data	Akib Mohi Ud Din Khanday, Syed Tanzeel Rabani, Qamar Rayees Khan, Nusrat Rouf & Masarat Mohi Ud Din	International Journal of Information Technology	https://github.co m/ieee8023/covid -chestxray- dataset/blob/mas ter/metadata.csv

#### WORKFLOW





#### DATA SET USED

https://www.kaggle.com/paultimothymoo...

From this data set X-Ray images of covid +ve and normal patient images are to be used

Normal patient

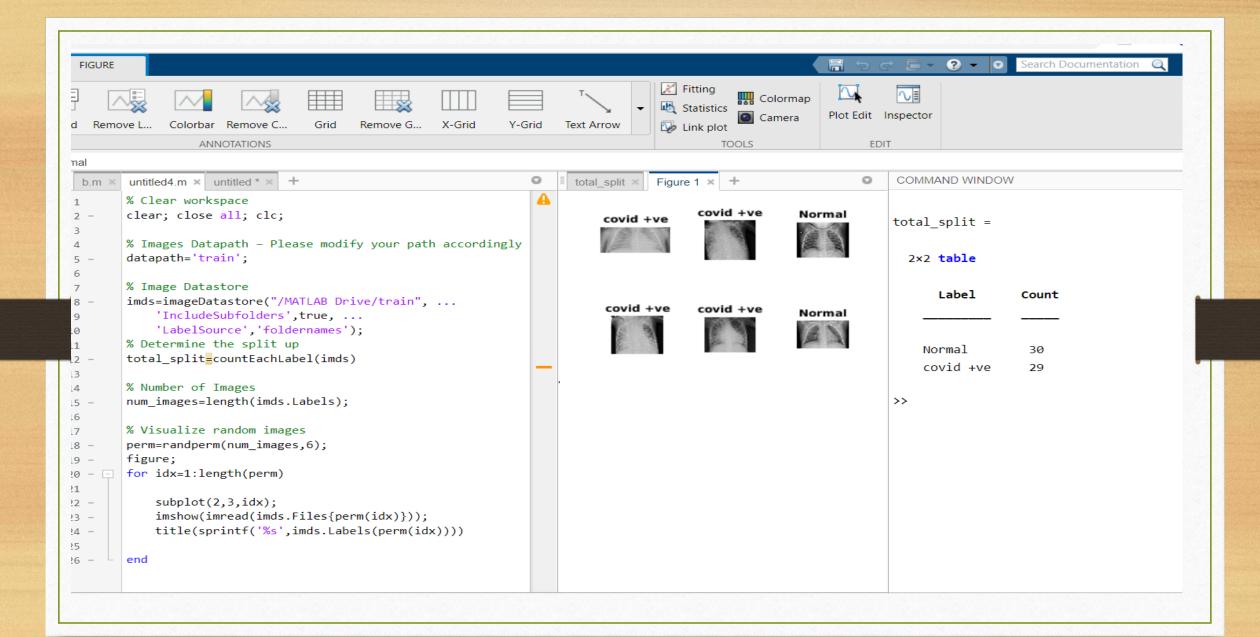
Covid +ve patient





### Code for reading and displaying data set

- Functions used for reading and displaying data
- datapath:-To give the path of required image.
- datastore:-To store image in a variable.
- total-split:-Determining the split up.
- num-images:-To count the no of images.
- subplot images:-Subplot(m,n,p) divides the current figure into m by n grid &creates axes in position specified by p.

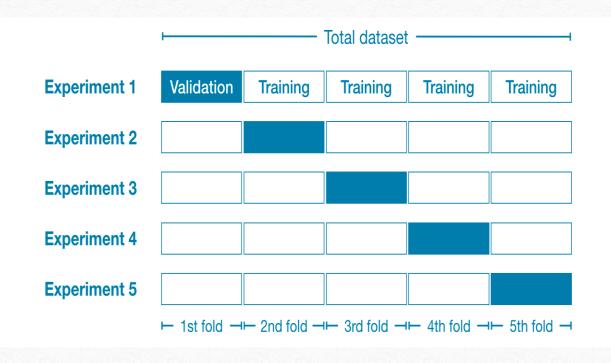


# **Image Preprocessing**

- Converting Image (COVID +) to Grayscale
- Applying Filter

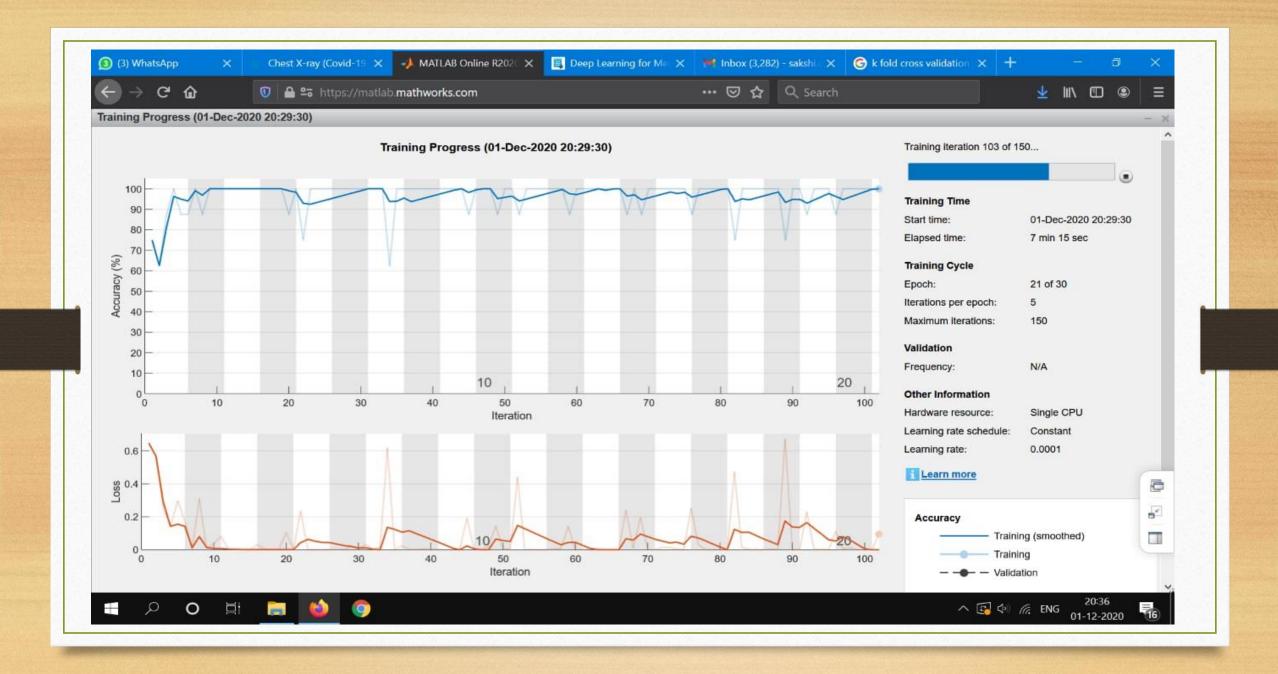
## ML Algorithm to be used

- K-fold Cross-validation is a statistical method used to estimate the skill of machine learning models.
- It is commonly used in applied machine learning to compare and select a model for a given predictive modeling problem.
- ➤ Because it is easy to understand, easy to implement, and results in skill estimates that generally have a lower bias than other methods.



# How the algorithm works?

- The procedure has a single parameter called k that refers to the number of groups that a given data sample is to be split into and hence the procedure is often called k-fold cross-validation.
- The general procedure is as follows:
- 1. Shuffle the dataset randomly.
- 2. Split the dataset into k groups
- 3. For each unique group:
  - a) Take the group as a hold out or test data set
  - b) Take the remaining groups as a training data set
  - c)Fit a model on the training set and evaluate it on the test set
  - d)Retain the evaluation score and discard the model
- 4. Summarize the skill of the model using the sample of model evaluation scores



# Display of Result

Final display of result i.e positive or negative

 Resources https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pmc/articles/PMC7476608/ https://link.springer.com/article/