

# **CENTRAL UNIVERSITY OF HARYANA**

**Department of Computer Science & Engineering under SOET**



## **Micro Processors and** **Interfacing Lab**

### **Practical 1-4**

Submitted by:-

**T.Vamsi Krishna**

Roll no :- 191944

**B.Tech(CSE, 5th Sem)**

Submitted to

**Dr.Rakesh Kumar**

Associate Professor

**Central University of Haryana (SOET)**

[illegible]

\_\_\_\_\_

				3200							
				ZF AF PF CF 0							
				0							
+-----											
CMD >											
+-----  DS:0000				00 FC F3 A4 B4 4C CD 21							
001 B44C	MO AH,4C	DS:0008		00	0	0	0	0	0	0	
001 CD21	INT21	DS:0010		00	0	0	0	0	0	0	
001 0102	AD [BP+SI],AX	DS:0018		00	0	0	0	0	0	0	
001 0304	AD AX,[SI]	DS:0020		00	0	0	0	0	0	0	
001 050607	AD AX,0706	DS:0028		00	0	0	0	0	0	0	
001 0809	OR [BX+DI],CL	DS:0030		00	0	0	0	0	0	0	
002 0A01	OR AL,[BX+DI]	DS:0038		00	0	0	0	0	0	0	
002 0203	AD AL,[BP+DI]	DS:0040		00	0	0	0	0	0	0	
002 0405	AD AL,05	DS:0048		00	0	0	0	0	0	0	
-----											
-----											

The Block Of Data Defined In The Program Is Moved From Source To Destination Without Overlap Successfully.

Output Is Verified For Different Bytes Of Data And Is Successfully Moved From Default Source Address To Destination Address Without Overlap.

The Block Of Data Defined In The Program Is Moved To Destination Without Overlap And Output Is Verified.

## Practical 1.(ii) – Write an ALP to move a block with overlap

**Aim -** To Write An Alp To Move Block Of Data With Overlap

### **Software Required:**

Masm 16 Bit

### **Algorithm:**

1. Define block of data
2. Reserve memory for block transfer as block2
3. Move block1 address to SI
4. Move block2 address to DI
5. Initialize counter
6. Point DI to block+ n
7. Move block1 data to block2
8. Repeat step 7 until counter is zero
9. End

### **Program:**

```
.MODEL SMALL
.DATA
    BLK1 DB 01,02,03,04,05,06,07,08,09,0AH BLK2 DB 10 DUP (?)           ; SET POINTER

.CODE

    MOV AX, @DATA                ; MOV THE STARTING ADDRESS
    MOV DS, AX
    MOV SI, OFFSET BLK1          ; SET POINTER REG TO BLK1
    MOV DI, OFFSET BLK2          ; SET POINTER REG TO BLK2
    MOV CX, 0AH                  ; SET COUNTER
    ADD SI, 0009H
    ADD DI, 0004H

AGAIN:
    MOV AL, [SI]
    MOV [DI], AL
    DEC SI
    DEC DI
    DEC CL                        ; DECREMENT COUNTER
    JNZ AGAIN                    ; TO END PROGRAM
    MOV AH, 4CH
    INT 21H
END
```

OUTPUT:  
BEFORE EXECUTION

```
=====
          0   1   2   3 4   5 6   7   8   9 A   B   C   D   E   F
DS:0000      B 4   C   2 0   0 0   0 4   0   0 0   0 0   0 0   0 0
DS:0010          0   0   0 0   0 0   0 0   0   0 0   0 0   0 0   0 0
DS:0020          0   0   0 0   0 0   0 0   0   0 0   0 0   0 0   0 0
```

DS:0030	0	0	00	00	00	0	00	0	0	0	0	0
DS:0040	0	0	00	00	00	0	00	0	0	0	0	0

AFTER EXECUTION =====

	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	A	B	C	D	E	F
DS:0000	B	4	C	2	0	00	04	0	00	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
DS:0010	0	0	0	00	00	00	00	0	00	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
DS:0020	0	0	0	00	00	00	00	0	00	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
DS:0030	0	0	0	00	00	00	00	0	00	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
DS:0040	0	0	0	00	00	00	00	0	00	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

## Result:

The Block Of Data Defined In The Program Is Moved From Source To Destination With Overlap Successfully.

### Verification And Validation:

Output Is Verified For Different Bytes Of Data And Is Successfully Moved From Default Source Address To Destination Address With Overlap.

### Conclusion:

The Block Of Data Defined In The Program Is Moved To Destination With Overlap And Output Is Verified.



DS:0030	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	00	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
DS:0040	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	00	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

#### AFTER EXECUTION

=====

	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	A	B	C	D	E	F
DS:0000	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	30	4	5	0	0	0	0	0	0
DS:0010	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	00	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
DS:0020	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	00	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
DS:0030	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	00	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
DS:0040	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	00	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

---

#### **Result:**

Program Is Executed Without Errors And The Output Is Verified

#### **Verification And Validation:**

Output Is Verified And Is Found Correct

#### **Conclusion:**

The Blocks Of Data Defined In The Program Is Interchanged And Output Is Verified.

## Practical 2.(i) - Write an ALP to add 2 Multibyte numbers.

**Aim:** To Write An Alp To Add 2 Multibyte No.s

### **Software Required:**

Masm 16 Bit

### **Algorithm :**

1. Initialize the MSBs of sum to 0
2. Get the first number.
3. Add the second number to the first number.
4. If there is any carry, increment MSBs of sum by 1.
5. Store LSBs of sum. 6. Store MSBs of sum.

### **Program:**

```
.MODEL SMALL
.DATA
    N1 DQ 122334455667788H ; FIRST NUMBER N2 DQ
    122334455667788H ; SECOND NUMBER
    SUM DT ?                ; INITIALIZE THE DATA REGISTER

.CODE

    MOV AX, @DATA            ; POINTER TO FIRST NUMBER
    MOV DS, AX               ; POINTER TO SECOND NUMBER
    LEA SI, N1                ; COUNTER FOUR WORD
    LEA DI, N2 LEA
    BX, SUM
    MOV CL, 04H              ;MOVE FIRST WORD
    CLC

BACK:
    MOV AX, [SI]
    ADC AX, [DI]
    MOV [BX], AX
    INC SI INCSI
    INC DI
    INC
    DI

OVER:
    JNZ BACK                  ; REPEAT UNTIL COUNTER BECOMES
    JNC OVER                  ZERO
    MOV AX,
    0001H MOV
    [BX], AX

    MOV AH, 4CH
    INT 21H
    END
```

=====

OUTPUT:  
BEFORE EXECUTION

```
=====
          0   1   2   3   4   5   6   7   8   9   A   B   C   D   E   F
DS:0000   8   7   6   5   4   3   2   01   8   7   6   5   4   3   2   0
DS:0010   0   0   0   0   0   0   0   00   0   0   0   0   0   0   0   0
DS:0020   0   0   0   0   0   0   0   00   0   0   0   0   0   0   0   0
DS:0030   0   0   0   0   0   0   0   00   0   0   0   0   0   0   0   0
DS:0040   0   0   0   0   0   0   0   00   0   0   0   0   0   0   0   0
```

AFTER EXECUTION

=====



	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	A	B	C	D	E	F
DS:0000	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	01	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	0
DS:0010	1	E	C	A	8	6	4	02	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
DS:0020	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	00	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
DS:0030	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	00	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
DS:0040	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	00	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

---

### *Result:*

Program Is Executed Without Errors And The Output Is Verified

### **Verification And Validation:**

Output Is Verified And Is Found Correct

### **Conclusion:**

The Addition Of Two Multibyte Data Is Done And The Output Is Verified

## Practical 2.(ii) - Write an ALP to subtract two Multibyte numbers

### **Aim:**

To Write An Alp To Subtract Two Multibyte Numbers

**Software Required:** MASM 16 BIT

### **Algorithm :**

1. Initialize the MSBs of difference to 0
2. Get the first number
3. Subtract the second number from the first number.
4. If there is any borrow, increment MSBs of difference by 1.
5. Store LSBs of difference
6. Store MSBs of difference

### **Program:**

```
.MODEL SMALL
.DATA
    N1 DQ 122334455667788H    ; FIRST NUMBER
    N2 DQ 111111111111111H    ; SECOND NUMBER
    RESULT DT ?

.CODE

    MOV AX, @DATA              ; INITIALIZE THE DATA REGISTER
    MOV DS, AX
    LEA SI, N1                  ; POINTER TO FIRST NUMBER
    LEA DI, N2                  ; POINTER TO SECOND NUMBER

    LEA BX, MOV CX, RESULT 04H ; COUNTER FOUR WORD

    CLC

BACK:
    MOV AX, [SI]                ; MOVE FIRST WORD
    SBB AX, [DI]
    MOV [BX],
    AX INC SI
    INC SI                      ; MOVE SI, DI CONTENTS
    INC DI
    INC DI
    INC BX                      ; INCREMENT BX TO STORE RESULTS
    INC BX
    LOOP BACK
    MOV AH, 4CH
    INT 21H
    END
```

===== OUTPUT:  
BEFORE EXECUTION =====

	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	A	B	C	D	E	F
DS:0000		4	E	F	B		4	C	2	00	8	7	6	5	4	3
DS:0010	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
DS:0020	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
DS:0030	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
DS:0040	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

AFTER EXECUTION

	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	A	B	C	D	E	F
DS:0000	4E	FB	4C	20	08	76	54	32	0D	DS:0010	11	11	11	11	10	17
00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	DS:0020	20	00	00	00	00	00
DS:0030	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00
DS:0040	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00

### **Result:**

Program Is Executed Without Errors And The Output Is Verified

### **Verification And Validation:**

Output Is Verified And Is Found Correct

### **Conclusion:**

The Subtraction Of Two Multibyte Data Is Done And The Output Is Verified

## Practical 2.(iii)- Write An Alp To Multiply Two 16-Bit Numbers.

### Aim:

To Write An Alp To Multiply Two 16-Bit Numbers

### Software Required:

Masm 16 Bit

### Algorithm:

1. Get The Multiplier.
2. Get The Multiplicand 3. Initialize The Product To 0.
4. Product = Product + Multiplicand
5. Decrement The Multiplier By 1
6. If Multiplicand Is Not Equal To 0, Repeat From Step (D) Otherwise Store The Product.

### Program:

```
.MODEL SMALL
.STACK .DATA
```

```
    MULTIPLICAND DW 00FFH; FIRST WORD HERE
    MULTIPLIER DW 00FFH; SECOND WORD
    HERE
```

```
.CODE START: PRODUCT DW 2 DUP(0); RESULT OF MULIPLICATION HERE
```

```
    MOV AX, @DATA MOV
    DS, AX
    MOV AX, MULTIPLICAND MUL
    MULTIPLIER
    MOV PRODUCT, AX MOV
    PRODUCT+2,
    DX MOV AH, 4CH
    INT 21H END
    START
```

===== OUTPUT:  
BEFORE EXECUTION

```
=====
      0  1  2   3 4   5 6   7   8   9 A   B   C   D   E   F
DS:0000  1 0   0   B 4   C 2   00   F   0F   0   0   0   0   0
DS:0010  0 0   0   0 0   0 0   00   0   00   0   0   0   0   0
DS:0020  0 0   0   0 0   0 0   00   0   00   0   0   0   0   0
DS:0030  0 0   0   0 0   0 0   00   0   00   0   0   0   0   0
DS:0040  0 0   0   0 0   0 0   00   0   00   0   0   0   0   0
```

AFTER EXECUTION

```
=====
      0  1  2   3 4   5 6   7   8   9 A   B   C   D   E   F
DS:0000  1 0   0   B 4   C 2   00   F   0F   0   0   F   0   0
DS:0010  0 0   0   0 0   0 0   00   0   00   0   0   0   0   0
DS:0020  0 0   0   0 0   0 0   00   0   00   0   0   0   0   0
DS:0030  0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
DS:0040  0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
```

---

---

### **Result:**

Program Is Executed Without Errors And The Output Is Verified

### **Verification And Validation:**

Output Is Verified And Is Found Correct

### **Conclusion:**

The Multiplication Of Two 16 Bit Data Is Done And The Output Is Verified

## Practical 2.(iv) - Write an ALP to perform the conversion from BCD to binary.

AIM: TO DEVELOP AND EXECUTE AND ASSEMBLY LANGUAGE PROGRAM TO PERFORM THE CONVERSION FROM BCD TO BINARY

SOFTWARE REQUIRED: MASM 16 BIT

PROGRAM:

.MODEL SMALL

.DATA

. CODE

BCD\_INPUT DB 61H ; BCD NUMBER IN VALUE DB (?)

MOV AX, @DATA

MOV DS, AX ; INITIALIZE DATA SEGMENT MOV AL, BCD\_INPUT

MOV BL, AL ; MOVE NUMBER TO AL REGISTER AND BL, 0FH

AND AL, 0F0H MOV CL, 04H ROR AL, CL MOV BH, 0AH MUL BH

ADD AL, BL

MOV IN\_VALUE, AL ; STORE THE BINARY EQUIVALENT NUMBER MOV AH, 4CH

INT 21H

END ; END PROGRAM

OUTPUT:

BEFORE EXECUTION

	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	A	B	C	D	E	F
DS:0000	6	0	0	0	0	0	0	00	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
DS:0010	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	00	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
DS:0020	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	00	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
DS:0030	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	00	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
DS:0040	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	00	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

AFTER EXECUTION

	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	A	B	C	D	E	F
DS:0000	6	3	0	0	0	0	0	00	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
DS:0010	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	00	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
DS:0020	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	00	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
DS:0030	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	00	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
DS:0040	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	00	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

**RESULT:** PROGRAM IS EXECUTED WITHOUT ERRORS AND THE OUTPUT IS VERIFIED

**VERIFICATION AND VALIDATION:** OUTPUT IS VERIFIED AND IS FOUND CORRECT

**CONCLUSION:** THE CONVERSION OF NUMBER FROM BCD TO BINARY IS DONE AND THE OUTPUT IS VERIFIED

### **Program 3.(i) - Write an ALP to separate odd and even numbers.**

**AIM:** TO WRITE AN ALP TO SEPARATE ODD AND EVEN NUMBERS

**SOFTWARE REQUIRED:** MASM 16 BIT

**PROGRAM:**

```
.MODEL SMALL
.DATA
    ARRAY DB 12H, 98H, 45H, 83H, 28H, 67H, 92H, 54H, 63H, 76H
    ARR_EVEN DB
        10 DUP (?)
    ARR_ODD DB 10 DUP (?)
.CODE
    MOV AX, @DATA          ; INITIALIZE THE DATA SEGMENT
    MOV DS, AX

    MOV CL, 0AH            ; INITIALIZE THE COUNTER
    XOR DI, DI              ; INITIALIZE THE ODD POINTER
    XOR SI, SI              ; INITIALIZE THE EVEN POINTER

BACK    LEA BP, ARRAY
:
    MOV AL, DS:[BP]        ; GET THE NUMBER
    TEST AL, 01H           ; MASK ALL BITS EXCEPT LSB
    JZ NEXT                ; IF LSB = 0 GOT TO NEXT

    LEA BX, ARR_ODD
    MOV [BX+DI], AL
    INC DI                  ; INCREMENT THE ODD

NEXT    POINTER JMP SKIP

:
    LEA BX, ARR_EVEN
    MOV [BX+SI], AL
    INC SI                  ; INCREMENT THE EVEN POINTER

SKIP:
    INC BP                  ; INCREMENT ARRAY BASE POINTER
    LOOP BACK              ; DECREMENT THE
COUNTER MOV AH, 4CH
```

INT 21H

END ; END PROGRAM

---

---

**OUTPUT:**

**BEFORE EXECUTION**

---

---

	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	A	B	C	D	E	F
DS:0000	1		9		4		8		2		6		9		54	6
7 0	0		0		0		0		0	DS:0010		0		0		0
0 0	0		0		00		0		0		0		0		0	0
0 0																
DS:0020	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	00	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
DS:0030	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	00	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
DS:0040	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	00	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

**AFTER EXECUTION**

---

---

	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	A	B	C	D	E	F
DS:0000	1	9	4	8	2	6	9	54	6	7	1	9	2	9	5	7
DS:0010	0	0	0	0	4	8	6	63	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
DS:0020	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	00	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
DS:0030	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	00	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
DS:0040	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	00	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

---

---

**RESULT:** PROGRAM IS EXECUTED WITHOUT ERRORS AND THE OUTPUT IS VERIFIED.

**VERIFICATION AND VALIDATION:** OUTPUT IS VERIFIED AND IS FOUND CORRECT

**CONCLUSION:** THE ODD AND EVEN NUMBERS ARE SEPERATED AND OUTPUT IS VERIFIED



**Program 3.(ii) - Write an ALP to separate positive and negative numbers.**

**AIM:** TO WRITE AN ALP TO SEPARATE POSITIVE AND NEGATIVE NUMBERS

**SOFTWARE REQUIRED:** MASM 16 BIT

**PROGRAM:**

## .MODEL SMALL

## .DATA

ARRAY DB 12H,-98H,-45H,83H,-28H,67H,92H,-54H,-63H,76H NEGI DB 10

DUP (?)

POSI DB 10 DUP (?)

**CODE**

```
MOV AX, @DATA ; INITIALIZE THE DATA SEGMENT
```

---

---

MOV DS, AX

```
MOV CL, 0AH ; INITIALIZE THE COUNTER
```

---

XOR DI, DI ; INITIALIZE THE POINTER FOR NEGATIVE NUMBER

---

XOR SI, SI ; INITIALIZE THE POINTER FOR POSITIVE NUMBER

LEA BP, ARRAY

**BACK:**

MOV AL, DS:[BP] ; GET THE NUMBER

TEST AL, 80H ; MASK ALL BITS EXCEPT MSB

```
JZ NEXT ; IF LSB = 0 GOT TO NEXT
```

LEA BX, NEGI

---

---

MOV [BX+DI], AL

INC DI ; INCREMENT THE NEGATIVE POINTER JMP SKIP

**NEXT:**

LEA BX, POSI MOV

[**BX+SI**], AL

INC SI ; INCREMENT THE POSITIVE POINTER

---

---

**INC BP** ; INCREMENT ARRAY BASE POINTER

SKIP:

LOOP BACK ; DECREMENT THE

COUNTER MOV AH, 4CH INT

21H

```
END ; END PROGRAM
```

**OUTPUT:**

## BEFORE EXECUTION

	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	A	B	C	D	E	F
DS:0000	1	6	B	8	D	6	9	A	9	7	0	0	0	0	0	0
DS:0010	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	00	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
DS:0020	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	00	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
DS:0030	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	00	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
DS:0040	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	00	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

### AFTER EXECUTION

=====

	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	A	B	C	D	E	F
DS:0000	1	6	B	8	D	6	9	A	9	7	B	8	D	9	A	9
DS:0010	0	0	0	0	1	6	6	76	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
DS:0020	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	00	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
DS:0030	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	00	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
DS:0040	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	00	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

=====

**RESULT:** PROGRAM IS EXECUTED WITHOUT ERRORS AND THE OUTPUT IS VERIFIED

**VERIFICATION AND VALIDATION:** OUTPUT IS VERIFIED AND IS FOUND CORRECT

**CONCLUSION:** THE POSITIVE AND NEGATIVE NUMBERS ARE SEPERATED AND OUTPUT IS VERIFIED

### Program 3.(iii) - Write an ALP to check bitwise palindrome or not.

AIM: TO WRITE AN ALP TO CHECK BITWISE PALINDROME OR NOT

SOFTWARE REQUIRED: MASM 16 BIT

PROGRAM:

.MODEL SMALL

.STACK 100

PRINTSTRING MACRO MSG

MOV AH, 09H ; MACRO TO DISPLAY THE MESSAGE

MOV DX, OFFSET MSG

INT 21H

ENDM

.DATA

NUM DB 0FFH

TABLE DB 81H, 42H, 24H, 18H

MSG1 DB 'THE NUMBER EXHIBITS BITWISE PALINDROME:\$'

MSG2 DB 'THE NUMBER DOESNOT EXHIBITS BITWISE PALINDROM:\$'

; INITIALIZE THE DATA SEGMENT

. CODE

MOV AX, @DATA

MOV DS, AX

LEA SI, TABLE ; SET COUNTER

MOV CX, 0004H ; CLEAR AX REGISTER

XOR AX, CX

L1:

MOV AL, NUM

AND AL, [SI] JPE

NEXT ; DISPLAY MESSAGE 2

PRINTSTRING MSG2

JMP SKIP

; INCREMENT POINTER

NEXT:

INC SI

DEC CX

COUNTER JNZ L1 ; DISPLAY MESSAGE 1

PRINTSTRING MSG1

SKIP:

MOV AH, 4CH

INT 21H

END ; END PROGRAM

---

OUTPUT:

:C:\8086> ENTER THE FILE NAME

: THE NUMBER EXHIBITS BITWISE PALINDROME

---

**RESULT:** PROGRAM IS EXECUTED WITHOUT ERRORS AND THE OUTPUT IS VERIFIED.

**VERIFICATION AND VALIDATION:** OUTPUT IS VERIFIED AND IS FOUND CORRECT.

**CONCLUSION:** THE GIVEN NUMBER EXHIBITS BITWISE PALINDROME

## Program 4.(i) - Write an ALP to find largest number from a given array.

**AIM:** TO WRITE AN ALP TO FIND LARGEST NO FROM THE GIVEN ARRAY.

**SOFTWARE REQUIRED:** MASM 16 BIT

**PROGRAM:**

.MODEL SMALL

.STACK 100

.DATA

NUM DB 12H, 37H, 01H, 36H, 76H ; INITIALISE DATA

SMALL DB (?) ; TO STORE LARGEST NUM

.CODE

MOV AX, @DATA ; INITIALIZE THE DATA SEGMENT

MOV DS, AX

MOV CL, 05H ; SET COUNTER

MOV AL, 00H

LEA SI, NUM ; POINTER TO NUMBER

LOOP1:

CMP AL, [SI] ; COMPARE 1ST AND 2ND NUMBER

JNC LOOP2

MOV AL, [SI]

OUTPUT:

BEFORE EXECUTION

	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	A	B	C	D	E	F
DS:0000	1	3	0	3	7	0	0	00	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
DS:0010	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	00	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
DS:0020	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	00	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
DS:0030	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	00	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
DS:0040	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	00	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

AFTER EXECUTION

	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	A	B	C	D	E	F
DS:0000	1	3	0	3	7	7	0	00	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
DS:0010	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	00	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
DS:0020	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	00	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
DS:0030	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	00	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
DS:0040	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	00	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

**RESULT:** PROGRAM IS EXECUTED WITHOUT ERRORS AND THE OUTPUT IS VERIFIED.

**VERIFICATION AND VALIDATION:** OUTPUT IS VERIFIED AND IS FOUND CORRECT

**CONCLUSION:** THE LARGEST NUMBER IN THE GIVEN ARRAY IS 76 AND OUTPUT IS VERIFIED.

## Practical 4.(ii) - WRITE AN ALP TO FIND SMALLEST NO FROM THE GIVEN ARRAY

AIM: TO WRITE AN ALP TO FIND SMALLEST NO FROM THE GIVEN ARRAY.

SOFTWARE REQUIRED: MASM 16 BIT

PROGRAM:

.MODEL SMALL

.STACK 100

.DATA

NUM DB 12H, 37H, 01H, 36H, 76H ; INITIALISE DATA  
SMALL DB (?) ; TO STORE SMALLEST NUM

.CODE

MOV AX, @DATA ; INITIALIZE THE DATA SEGMENT  
MOV DS, AX ; SET COUNTER  
MOV CL, 05H  
MOV AL, 0FFH ; POINTER TO NUMBER  
LEA SI, NUM

LOOP1 ; COMPARE 1ST AND 2ND  
: CMP AL, [SI] NUMBER

JC LOOP2  
MOV AL, [SI]

LOOP2 INC SI

: DEC  
CL JNZ  
LOOP1  
MOV SMALL, AL  
MOV AH, 4CH  
INT 21H  
END ; END PROGRAM

OUTPUT:

BEFORE EXECUTION

	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	A	B	C	D	E	F
DS:0000	1	3	0	3	7	0	0	00	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
DS:0010	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	00	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
DS:0020	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	00	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
DS:0030	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	00	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
DS:0040	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	00	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

AFTER EXECUTION

	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	A	B	C	D	E	F
DS:0000	1	3	0	3	7	0	0	00	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
DS:0010	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	00	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
DS:0020	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	00	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
DS:0030	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	00	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
DS:0040	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	00	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

**RESULT:** PROGRAM IS EXECUTED WITHOUT ERRORS AND THE OUTPUT IS VERIFIED.

**VERIFICATION AND VALIDATION:** OUTPUT IS VERIFIED AND IS FOUND CORRECT.

**CONCLUSION:** THE SMALLEST IN THE GIVEN NUMBER IS 01 AND OUTPUT IS VERIFIED

## **Practical 4.(iii) - WRITE AN ALP TO SORT A GIVEN SET OF 16BIT UNSIGNED INTEGERS INTO ASCENDING ORDER USING BUBBLE SORT ALGORITHM**

**AIM:** TO WRITE AN ALP TO SORT A GIVEN SET OF 16BIT UNSIGNED INTEGERS INTO ASCENDING ORDER USING BUBBLE SORT ALGORITHM **SOFTWARE REQUIRED:** MASM 16 BIT

### **PROGRAM:**

**.MODEL SMALL**

**.DATA**

A DB 23H, 45H, 55H, 22H, 64H ; INITIALISE DATA  
SIZE1 DW (\$-A) ; CALCULATE SIZE OF NUMBERS

**.CODE** MOV AX, @DATA MOV ; INITIALIZE THE DATA SEGMENT  
DS, AX  
MOV BX, SIZE1 ; THE NO. OF DATA BYTES IS INITIALIZE IN BX

DEC BX **OUTLOOP:**

MOV CX, BX ; SAVE COUNTER IN CX REGISTER  
MOV SI, 00 ; INITIALISE POINTER

**INLOOP:**

MOV AL, A[SI] ; LOAD THE DATA INTO AL POINTED BY SI  
INC SI ; INCREMENT THE POINTER  
CMP AL, A[SI] ; IS CONTENT OF AL<SI POINTED  
JB NEXT ; YES, GO NEXT  
XCHG AL, A[SI] ; NO, EXCHANGE TWO DATA  
MOV A[SI-1], AL ; MOVE TILL END OF  
MEMORY

**NEXT LOOP INLOOP**

: DEC BX  
JNZ OUTLOOP  
MOV AH, 4CH  
INT 21H  
END ; END PROGRAM

### **OUTPUT:**

#### **BEFORE EXECUTION**

	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	A	B	C	D	E	F
DS:0000	B	4	C	2	2	4	5	22	6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
DS:0010	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	00	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
DS:0020	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	00	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
DS:0030	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	00	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
DS:0040	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	00	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

#### **AFTER EXECUTION**

	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	A	B	C	D	E	F
DS:0000	B	4	C	2	2	2	4	55	6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
DS:0010	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	00	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
DS:0020	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	00	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
DS:0030	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	00	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

DS:0040      0   0   0   0   0   0   0   00   0   0   0   0   0   0   0   0

=====

**RESULT:** PROGRAM IS EXECUTED WITHOUT ERRORS AND THE OUTPUT IS VERIFIED

**VERIFICATION AND VALIDATION:** OUTPUT IS VERIFIED AND IS FOUND CORRECT

**CONCLUSION:** THE GIVEN NUMBERS ARE ARRANGED IN ASCENDING ORDER AND THE OUTPUT IS VERIFIED



**THE END**